## Course Objectives:

This course will enable students to:

- Formulate, solve and analyze engineering problems.
- Apply numerical methods to solve ordinary differential equations.
- Apply finite difference method to solve partial differential equations.
- Perform complex analysis.
- Interpret use of sampling theory.
- Apply joint probability distribution and stochastic process.

### Module 1: Numerical Methods


### Module 2: Numerical Methods

- Special Functions: Bessel’s functions- basic properties, recurrence relations, orthogonality and generating functions. Legendre’s functions - Legendre’s polynomial, Rodrigue’s formula, problems.

### Module 3: Complex Variables

- Function of a complex variable, limits, continuity, differentiability.
- Transformations: Conformal transformations, discussion of transformations: \( w = z^2, w = e^z, w = z + (a^2/z) \) and bilinear transformations.

### Module 4: Probability Distributions

- Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability functions. Poisson distributions, geometric distribution, uniform distribution, exponential and normal distributions, Problems. 
- Joint probability distribution: Joint Probability distribution for two variables, expectation, covariance, correlation coefficient.

### Module 5: Sampling Theory

- Sampling, Sampling distributions, standard error, test of hypothesis for means and proportions, confidence limits for means, student’s t-distribution, Chi-square distribution as a test of goodness of fit. 
- Stochastic process: Stochastic process, probability vector, stochastic matrices, fixed points, regular stochastic matrices, Markov chains, higher transition probability.
### Course Outcomes:
After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Use appropriate numerical methods to solve first and second order ordinary differential equations.
- Use Bessel's and Legendre's function which often arises when a problem possesses axial and spherical symmetry, such as in quantum mechanics, electromagnetic theory, hydrodynamics and heat conduction.
- State and prove Cauchy’s theorem and its consequences including Cauchy's integral formula.
- Compute residues and apply the residue theorem to evaluate integrals.
- Analyze, interpret, and evaluate scientific hypotheses and theories using rigorous statistical methods.

### Graduate Attributes
- Engineering Knowledge
- Problem Analysis
- Life-Long Learning
- Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems

### Question paper pattern:
The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

### Text Books:

### Reference Books:
SOFTWARE ENGINEERING
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

SEMESTER – IV

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject Code</th>
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</table>

CREDITS – 04

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Outline software engineering principles and activities involved in building large software programs.
- Identify ethical and professional issues and explain why they are of concern to software engineers.
- Describe the process of requirements gathering, requirements classification, requirements specification and requirements validation.
- Differentiate system models, use UML diagrams and apply design patterns.
- Discuss the distinctions between validation testing and defect testing.
- Recognize the importance of software maintenance and describe the intricacies involved in software evolution.
- Apply estimation techniques, schedule project activities and compute pricing.
- Identify software quality parameters and quantify software using measurements and metrics.
- List software quality standards and outline the practices involved.
- Recognize the need for agile software development, describe agile methods, apply agile practices and plan for agility.

Module 1


Software Processes: Models: Waterfall Model (Sec 2.1.1), Incremental Model (Sec 2.1.2) and Spiral Model (Sec 2.1.3). Process activities.

Requirements Engineering: Requirements Engineering Processes (Chap 4), Requirements Elicitation and Analysis (Sec 4.5), Functional and non-functional requirements (Sec 4.1), The software Requirements Document (Sec 4.2), Requirements Specification (Sec 4.3), Requirements validation (Sec 4.6), Requirements Management (Sec 4.7).

Module 2

System Models: Context models (Sec 5.1), Interaction models (Sec 5.2), Structural models (Sec 5.3), Behavioral models (Sec 5.4), Model-driven engineering (Sec 5.5).

Design and Implementation: Introduction to RUP (Sec 2.4), Design Principles (Chap 17), Object-oriented design using the UML (Sec 7.1), Design patterns (Sec 7.2), Implementation issues (Sec 7.3), Open source development (Sec 7.4).

Module 3

Software Testing: Development testing (Sec 8.1), Test-driven development (Sec 8.2), Release testing (Sec 8.3), User testing (Sec 8.4), Test Automation (Page no 42, 70,212, 231, 444, 695).

Software Evolution: Evolution processes (Sec 9.1), Program evolution dynamics (Sec
9.2. Software maintenance (Sec 9.3). Legacy system management (Sec 9.4).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module 4</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Project Planning:</strong> Software pricing (Sec 23.1). Plan-driven development (Sec 23.2). Project scheduling (Sec 23.3): Estimation techniques (Sec 23.5). Quality management: Software quality (Sec 24.1). Reviews and inspections (Sec 24.3). Software measurement and metrics (Sec 24.4). Software standards (Sec 24.2)</td>
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<tr>
<th>Module 5</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Agile Software Development:</strong> Coping with Change (Sec 2.3), The Agile Manifesto: Values and Principles. Agile methods: SCRUM (Ref “The SCRUM Primer, Ver 2.0”) and Extreme Programming (Sec 3.3). Plan-driven and agile development (Sec 3.2). Agile project management (Sec 3.4), Scaling agile methods (Sec 3.5):</td>
<td>8 Hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Design a software system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints.
- Assess professional and ethical responsibility
- Function on multi-disciplinary teams
- Use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice
- Analyze, design, implement, verify, validate, implement, apply, and maintain software systems or parts of software systems.

**Graduate Attributes**

- Project Management and Finance
- Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems
- Modern Tool Usage
- Ethics

**Question paper pattern:**

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- There will be 2 questions from each module.
- Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

**Text Books:**

1. Ian Sommerville: Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012. (Listed topics only from Chapters 1,2,3,4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 23, and 24)

**Reference Books:**

2. Pankaj Jalote: An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, Wiley India

**Web Reference for eBooks on Agile:**

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

SEMESTER – IV

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Subject Code</th>
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</table>

CREDITS – 04

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Explain various computational problem solving techniques.
- Apply appropriate method to solve a given problem.
- Describe various methods of algorithm analysis.

Module 1

**Introduction:** What is an Algorithm? (T2:1.1), Algorithm Specification (T2:1.2), Analysis Framework (T1:2.1), Performance Analysis: Space complexity, Time complexity (T2:1.3). Asymptotic Notations: Big-Oh notation (O), Omega notation (Ω), Theta notation (Θ), and Little-oh notation (o), Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive and recursive Algorithms with Examples (T1:2.2, 2.3, 2.4). Important Problem Types: Sorting, Searching, String processing, Graph Problems, Combinatorial Problems.

**Fundamental Data Structures:** Stacks, Queues, Graphs, Trees, Sets and Dictionaries.

Module 2

**Divide and Conquer:** General method, Binary search, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, Finding the maximum and minimum (T2:3.1, 3.3, 3.4), Merge sort, Quick sort (T1:4.1, 4.2), Strassen’s matrix multiplication (T2:3.8), Advantages and Disadvantages of divide and conquer. Decrease and Conquer Approach: Topological Sort. (T1:5.3)

Module 3


Module 4

**Dynamic Programming:** General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). Transitive Closure: Warshall’s Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person problem (T2:5.9), Reliability design (T2:5.8).

Module 5

**Backtracking:** General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Branch and Bound: Assignment Problem, Travelling Sales Person problem (T1:12.2), 0/1 Knapsack problem (T2:8.2, T1:12.2): LC Branch and Bound solution (T2:8.2), FIFO Branch and Bound solution (T2:8.2). NP-Complete and NP-Hard problems: Basic
concepts, non-deterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP-Complete, and NP-Hard classes (T2:11.1).

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to

- Describe computational solution to well known problems like searching, sorting etc.
- Estimate the computational complexity of different algorithms.
- Devise an algorithm using appropriate design strategies for problem solving.

Graduate Attributes

- Engineering Knowledge
- Problem Analysis
- Design/Development of Solutions
- Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems
- Life-Long Learning

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- There will be 2 questions from each module.
- Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:


Reference Books:

# MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLERS

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

(Effective from the academic year 2016-2017)

**SEMESTER – IV**

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<table>
<thead>
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<th>Course objectives:</th>
<th>This course will enable students to</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>•</td>
<td>Make familiar with importance and applications of microprocessors and microcontrollers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>•</td>
<td>Expose architecture of 8086 microprocessor and ARM processor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>•</td>
<td>Familiarize instruction set of ARM processor</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Module 1

**The x86 microprocessor:** Brief history of the x86 family, Inside the 8088/86, Introduction to assembly programming, Introduction to Program Segments, The Stack, Flag register, x86 Addressing Modes. **Assembly language programming:** Directives & a Sample Program, Assemble, Link & Run a program, More Sample programs, Control Transfer Instructions, Data Types and Data Definition, Full Segment Definition, Flowcharts and Pseudo code.  

**Text book 1:** Ch 1: 1.1 to 1.7, Ch 2: 2.1 to 2.7

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Teaching Hours</th>
<th>10 Hours</th>
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</table>

## Module 2

**x86:** Instructions sets description, **Arithmetic and logic instructions and programs:** Unsigned Addition and Subtraction, Unsigned Multiplication and Division, Logic Instructions, BCD and ASCII conversion, Rotate Instructions. **INT 21H and INT 10H Programming** : Bios INT 10H Programming, DOS Interrupt 21H. 8088/86 Interrupts, x86 PC and Interrupt Assignment.  

**Text book 1:** Ch 3: 3.1 to 3.5, Ch 4: 4.1, 4.2 Chapter 14: 14.1 and 14.2

## Module 3

**Signed Numbers and Strings:** Signed number Arithmetic Operations, String operations. **Memory and Memory interfacing:** Memory address decoding, data integrity in RAM and ROM, 16-bit memory interfacing. **8255 I/O programming:** I/O addresses MAP of x86 PC’s, programming and interfacing the 8255.  

**Text book 1:** Ch 6: 6.1, 6.2. Ch 10: 10.2, 10.4, 10.5. Ch 11: 11.1 to 11.4

## Module 4

Microprocessors versus Microcontrollers, **ARM Embedded Systems** : The RISC design philosophy, The ARM Design Philosophy, Embedded System Hardware, Embedded System Software, **ARM Processor Fundamentals** : Registers, Current Program Status Register, Pipeline, Exceptions, Interrupts, and the Vector Table, Core Extensions  

**Text book 2:** Ch 1:1.1 to 1.4, Ch 2: 2.1 to 2.5

## Module 5

**Introduction to the ARM Instruction Set:** Data Processing Instructions, Branch Instructions, Software Interrupt Instructions, Program Status Register Instructions, Coprocessor Instructions, Loading Constants, Simple programming exercises.  

**Text book 2:** Ch 3:3.1 to 3.6 (Excluding 3.5.2)

## Course Outcomes:

After studying this course, students will be able to
- Differentiate between microprocessors and microcontrollers
- Design and develop assembly language code to solve problems
- Gain the knowledge for interfacing various devices to x86 family and ARM processor
- Demonstrate design of interrupt routines for interfacing devices

**Graduate Attributes**

- Engineering Knowledge
- Problem Analysis
- Design/Development of Solutions

**Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

**Text Books:**


**Reference Books:**

5. The Insider’s Guide to the ARM7 based microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd., 1st edition, 2005
## OBJECT ORIENTED CONCEPTS

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2016-2017)

### SEMESTER – IV

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<tr>
<td>50</td>
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**CREDITS – 04**

**Course objectives:** This course will enable students to

- Learn fundamental features of object oriented language and JAVA
- Set up Java JDK environment to create, debug and run simple Java programs.
- Create multi-threaded programs and event handling mechanisms.
- Introduce event driven Graphical User Interface (GUI) programming using applets and swings.

### Module 1

#### Introduction to Object Oriented Concepts:
A Review of structures, Procedure-Oriented Programming system, Object Oriented Programming System, Comparison of Object Oriented Language with C, Console I/O, variables and reference variables, Function Prototyping, Function Overloading. **Class and Objects:** Introduction, member functions and data, objects and functions, objects and arrays, Namespaces, Nested classes, Constructors, Destructors.

**Text book 1:** Ch 1: 1.1 to 1.9 Ch 2: 2.1 to 2.6 Ch 4: 4.1 to 4.2

### Module 2

#### Introduction to Java:
Java’s magic: the Byte code; Java Development Kit (JDK); the Java Buzzwords, Object-oriented programming; Simple Java programs. Data types, variables and arrays, Operators, Control Statements.

**Text book 2:** Ch 1: Ch: 2: Ch:3 Ch:4 Ch:5

### Module 3

#### Classes, Inheritance, Exceptions, Packages and Interfaces:
Classes: Classes fundamentals; Declaring objects; Constructors, this keyword, garbage collection. **Inheritance:** inheritance basics, using super, creating multi level hierarchy, method overriding. **Exception handling:** Exception handling in Java. Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces.

**Text book 2:** Ch:6 Ch:8 Ch:9 Ch:10

### Module 4

#### Multi Threaded Programming, Event Handling:
Multi Threaded Programming: What are threads? How to make the classes threadable; Extending threads; Implementing runnable; Synchronization; Changing state of the thread; Bounded buffer problems, read-write problem, producer consumer problems. **Event Handling:** Two event handling mechanisms; The delegation event model; Event classes; Sources of events; Event listener interfaces; Using the delegation event model; Adapter classes; Inner classes.

**Text book 2:** Ch 11: Ch 22

### Module 5

#### The Applet Class:
Introduction, Two types of Applets; Applet basics; Applet Architecture; An Applet skeleton; Simple Applet display methods; Requesting repainting.

**Teaching Hours**

| Module 1 | 10 Hours |
| Module 2 | 10 Hours |
| Module 3 | 10 Hours |
| Module 4 | 10 Hours |
| Module 5 | 10 Hours |
Using the Status Window; The HTML APPLET tag; Passing parameters to Applets; getDocumentbase() and getCodebase(); ApletContext and showDocument(); The AudioClip Interface; The AppletStub Interface; Output to the Console. **Swings:** Swings: The origins of Swing; Two key Swing features; Components and Containers; The Swing Packages; A simple Swing Application; Create a Swing Applet; JLabel and ImageIcon; JTextField; The Swing Buttons; JTabbedPane; JScrollPane; JList; JComboBox; JTable.

**Text book 2: Ch 21: Ch: 29 Ch: 30**

**Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to

- Explain the object-oriented concepts and JAVA.
- Develop computer programs to solve real world problems in Java.
- Develop simple GUI interfaces for a computer program to interact with users, and to understand the event-based GUI handling principles using Applets and swings.

**Graduate Attributes**

- Programming Knowledge
- Design/Development of Solutions
- Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems
- Life-Long Learning

**Question paper pattern:**

The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

**Text Books:**

1. Sourav Sahay, Object Oriented Programming with C++ , Oxford University Press, 2006 (Chapters 1, 2, 4)
2. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 21, 22, 29, 30)

**Reference Book:**


**Note:** Every institute shall organize a bridge organize on C++ either in the vacation or in the beginning of even semester.
**DATA COMMUNICATION**  
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]  
(Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

**SEMESTER – IV**

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<td>Total Number of Lecture Hours</td>
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<td>Exam Hours</td>
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<tr>
<td>CREDITS – 04</td>
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**Course objectives:** This course will enable students to

- Comprehend the transmission technique of digital data between two or more computers and a computer network that allows computers to exchange data.
- Explain with the basics of data communication and various types of computer networks;
- Illustrate TCP/IP protocol suite and switching criteria.
- Demonstrate Medium Access Control protocols for reliable and noisy channels.
- Expose wireless and wired LANs along with IP version.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>Teaching Hours</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Module 1</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction: Data Communications, Networks, Network Types, Internet History, Standards and Administration, <strong>Networks Models:</strong> Protocol Layering, TCP/IP Protocol suite, The OSI model, <strong>Introduction to Physical Layer-1:</strong> Data and Signals, Digital Signals, Transmission Impairment, Data Rate limits, Performance, <strong>Digital Transmission:</strong> Digital to digital conversion (Only Line coding: Polar, Bipolar and Manchester coding).</td>
<td>10 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Module 2</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical Layer-2: Analog to digital conversion (only PCM), Transmission Modes, <strong>Analog Transmission:</strong> Digital to analog conversion, <strong>Bandwidth Utilization:</strong> Multiplexing and Spread Spectrum, <strong>Switching:</strong> Introduction, Circuit Switched Networks and Packet switching.</td>
<td>10 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Module 3</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Detection and Correction: Introduction, Block coding, Cyclic codes, Checksum, Forward error correction, <strong>Data link control:</strong> DLC services, Data link layer protocols, HDLC, and Point to Point protocol (Framing, Transition phases only).</td>
<td>10 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Module 4</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Media Access control: Random Access, Controlled Access and Channelization, Wired LANs Ethernet: Ethernet Protocol, Standard Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet and 10 Gigabit Ethernet, <strong>Wireless LANs:</strong> Introduction, IEEE 802.11 Project and Bluetooth.</td>
<td>10 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Module 5</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other wireless Networks: WIMAX, Cellular Telephony, Satellite networks, <strong>Network layer Protocols:</strong> Internet Protocol, ICMPv4, Mobile IP, <strong>Next generation IP:</strong> IPv6 addressing, The IPv6 Protocol, The ICMPv6 Protocol and Transition from IPv4 to IPv6.</td>
<td>10 Hours</td>
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</table>

**Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to

- Illustrate basic computer network technology.
- Identify the different types of network topologies and protocols.
- Enumerate the layers of the OSI model and TCP/IP functions of each layer.
- Make out the different types of network devices and their functions within a network.
- Demonstrate the skills of subnetting and routing mechanisms.

### Graduate Attributes

1. Engineering Knowledge
2. Design Development of solution (Partly)
3. Modern Tool Usage
4. Problem Analysis

### Question paper pattern:

The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

### Text Book:

Behrouz A. Forouzan, Data Communications and Networking 5E, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2013. (Chapters 1.1 to 1.5, 2.1 to 2.3, 3.1, 3.3 to 3.6, 4.1 to 4.3, 5.1, 6.1, 6.2, 8.1 to 8.3, 10.1 to 10.5, 11.1 to 11.4, 12.1 to 12.3, 13.1 to 13.5, 15.1 to 15.3, 16.1 to 16.3, 19.1 to 19.3, 22.1 to 22.4)

### Reference Books:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course objectives: This course will enable students to</th>
<th></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Design and implement various algorithms in JAVA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employ various design strategies for problem solving.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Measure and compare the performance of different algorithms.</td>
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</table>

**Description**

Design, develop, and implement the specified algorithms for the following problems using Java language under LINUX /Windows environment.Netbeans/Eclipse IDE tool can be used for development and demonstration.

**Experiments**

### 1 A

Create a Java class called `Student` with the following details as variables within it.

- USN
- Name
- Branch
- Phone

Write a Java program to create `n` `Student` objects and print the USN, Name, Branch, and Phone of these objects with suitable headings.

B Write a Java program to implement the Stack using arrays. Write `Push()`, `Pop()`, and `Display()` methods to demonstrate its working.

### 2 A

Design a superclass called `Staff` with details as `StaffId`, `Name`, `Phone`, `Salary`. Extend this class by writing three subclasses namely `Teaching` (domain, publications), `Technical` (skills), and `Contract` (period). Write a Java program to read and display at least 3 `Staff` objects of all three categories.

B Write a Java class called `Customer` to store their name and date_of_birth. The date_of_birth format should be dd/mm/yyyy. Write methods to read customer data as <name, dd/mm/yyyy> and display as <name, dd, mm, yyyy> using `StringTokenizer` class considering the delimiter character as “/”.

### 3 A

Write a Java program to read two integers `a` and `b`. Compute `a/b` and print, when `b` is not zero. Raise an exception when `b` is equal to zero.

B Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer for every 1 second; second thread computes the square of the number and prints; third thread will print the value of cube of the number.

### 4

Sort a given set of `n` integer elements using `Quick Sort` method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of `n > 5000` and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus `non graph sheet`. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.
5. Sort a given set of $n$ integer elements using **Merge Sort** method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of $n > 5000$, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus $n$ on graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

6. Implement in Java, the **0/1 Knapsack** problem using (a) Dynamic Programming method (b) Greedy method.

7. From a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, find shortest paths to other vertices using **Dijkstra's algorithm**. Write the program in Java.

8. Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using **Kruskal's algorithm**. Use Union-Find algorithms in your program.

9. Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using **Prim's algorithm**.

10. Write Java programs to
    (a) Implement All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using **Floyd's algorithm**.
    (b) Implement **Travelling Sales Person problem** using Dynamic programming.

11. Design and implement in Java to find a **subset** of a given set $S = \{S_1, S_2, \ldots, S_n\}$ of $n$ positive integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer $d$. For example, if $S = \{1, 2, 5, 6, 8\}$ and $d = 9$, there are two solutions $\{1, 2, 6\}$ and $\{1, 8\}$. Display a suitable message, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.

12. Design and implement in Java to find all **Hamiltonian Cycles** in a connected undirected Graph $G$ of $n$ vertices using backtracking principle.

**Course Outcomes:** The students should be able to:
- Design algorithms using appropriate design techniques (brute-force, greedy, dynamic programming, etc.)
- Implement a variety of algorithms such assorting, graph related, combinatorial, etc., in a high level language.
- Analyze and compare the performance of algorithms using language features.
- Apply and implement learned algorithm design techniques and data structures to solve real-world problems.

**Graduate Attributes**
- Engineering Knowledge
- Problem Analysis
- Modern Tool Usage
- Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems
- Design/Development of Solutions

**Conduction of Practical Examination:**
All laboratory experiments (Twelve problems) are to be included for practical examination. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot. To generate the data set use random number generator function. Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script for breakup of marks.

**Marks distribution:** Procedure + Conduction + Viva: $20 + 50 + 10 = 80$. Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure.
MICROPROCESSOR AND MICROCONTROLLER LABORATORY

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)

SEMESTER – IV

<table>
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<th>Subject Code</th>
<th>IA Marks</th>
<th>Number of Lecture Hours/Week</th>
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<td>20</td>
<td>01 I + 02 P</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>03</td>
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CREDITS – 02

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- To provide practical exposure to the students on microprocessors, design and coding knowledge on 80x86 family/ARM. To give the knowledge and practical exposure on connectivity and execute of interfacing devices with 8086/ARM kit like LED displays, Keyboards, DAC/ADC, and various other devices.

Description

Demonstration and Explanation hardware components and Faculty in-charge should explain 8086 architecture, pin diagram in one slot. The second slot, the Faculty in-charge should explain instruction set types/category etc. Students have to prepare a write-up on the same and include it in the Lab record and to be evaluated.

Laboratory Session-1: Write-up on Microprocessors, 8086 Functional block diagram, Pin diagram and description. The same information is also taught in theory class; this helps the students to understand better.

Laboratory Session-2: Write-up on Instruction group, Timing diagrams, etc. The same information is also taught in theory class; this helps the students to understand better.

Note: These TWO Laboratory sessions are used to fill the gap between theory classes and practical sessions. Both sessions are evaluated as lab experiments for 20 marks.

Experiments

- Develop and execute the following programs using 8086 Assembly Language. Any suitable assembler like MASM/TASM/8086 kit or any equivalent software may be used.
- Program should have suitable comments.
- The board layout and the circuit diagram of the interface are to be provided to the student during the examination.
- Software Required: Open source ARM Development platform, KEIL IDE and Proteus for simulation

SOFTWARE PROGRAMS: PART A

1. Design and develop an assembly language program to search a key element “X” in a list of ‘n’ 16-bit numbers. Adopt Binary search algorithm in your program for searching.
2. Design and develop an assembly program to sort a given set of ‘n’ 16-bit numbers in ascending order. Adopt Bubble Sort algorithm to sort given elements.
3. Develop an assembly language program to reverse a given string and verify whether it is a palindrome or not. Display the appropriate message.
4. Develop an assembly language program to compute nCr using recursive procedure. Assume that ‘n’ and ‘r’ are non-negative integers.
5. Design and develop an assembly language program to read the current time and Date from the system and display it in the standard format on the screen.

6. To write and simulate ARM assembly language programs for data transfer, arithmetic and logical operations (Demonstrate with the help of a suitable program).

7. To write and simulate C Programs for ARM microprocessor using KEIL (Demonstrate with the help of a suitable program)

   Note: To use KEIL one may refer the book: Insider’s Guide to the ARM7 based microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd., 1st edition, 2005

**HARDWARE PROGRAMS: PART B**

8. a. Design and develop an assembly program to demonstrate BCD Up-Down Counter (00-99) on the Logic Controller Interface.
   b. Design and develop an assembly program to read the status of two 8-bit inputs (X & Y) from the Logic Controller Interface and display X*Y.

9. Design and develop an assembly program to display messages “FIRE” and “HELP” alternately with flickering effects on a 7-segment display interface for a suitable period of time. Ensure a flashing rate that makes it easy to read both the messages ( Examiner does not specify these delay values nor is it necessary for the student to compute these values).

10. Design and develop an assembly program to drive a Stepper Motor interface and rotate the motor in specified direction (clockwise or counter-clockwise) by N steps (Direction and N are specified by the examiner). Introduce suitable delay between successive steps. (Any arbitrary value for the delay may be assumed by the student).

11. Design and develop an assembly language program to
   a. Generate the Sine Wave using DAC interface (The output of the DAC is to be displayed on the CRO).
   b. Generate a Half Rectified Sine waveform using the DAC interface. (The output of the DAC is to be displayed on the CRO).

12. To interface LCD with ARM processor-- ARM7TDMI/LPC2148. Write and execute programs in C language for displaying text messages and numbers on LCD

13. To interface Stepper motor with ARM processor-- ARM7TDMI/LPC2148. Write a program to rotate stepper motor

**Study Experiments:**

1. Interfacing of temperature sensor with ARM freedom board (or any other ARM microprocessor board) and display temperature on LCD

2. To design ARM cortex based automatic number plate recognition system

3. To design ARM based power saving system

**Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to

- Learn 80x86 instruction sets and gains the knowledge of how assembly language works.
- Design and implement programs written in 80x86 assembly language
- Know functioning of hardware devices and interfacing them to x86 family
- Choose processors for various kinds of applications.

**Graduate Attributes**

- Engineering Knowledge
- Problem Analysis
- Modern Tool Usage
- Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems
- Design/Development of Solutions
**Conduction of Practical Examination:**

- All laboratory experiments (all 7 + 6 nos) are to be included for practical examination.
- Students are allowed to pick one experiment from each of the lot.
- Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script for breakup of marks.
- PART -A: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 10 + 25 +05 (40)
- PART -B: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 10 + 25 +05 (40)
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.