# Annexure-II 1

Construction Manage	ement and Entrepreneurship	Semester	5
Course Code	BCV501	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0;0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

## **Course objectives:**

- To understand the concept of Scheduling and cost management in construction project
- To go through the Statutory and regulatory requirements in construction
- To explain the concept of procurement and contract management
- To understand Quality and Safety during construction.
- To identify the risks and its management.

## **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Chalk and talk
- 2. PPT
- 3. YouTube video lectures
- **4.** Open book test to understand the concepts..

## Module-1

## **Planning and Scheduling**

Construction project formulation – construction management, define scope – scope management, types of project planning and its management, Statutory and regulatory requirements- layout and building plan approval, contract, Fire and Safety, Quality, Environmental, commencement certificate, legal and public policies.

Schedule management – WBS, Bar Charts, Sequencing and Dependency, Network Diagram, Activity Duration, Critical Path Method, PERT, Case study.

Cost Management - Creating schedules, Assigning Resources, Cost, Evaluation, Optimization and Tracking.

## Module-2

## **Resource management**

Resource Management - Basic concepts of resource management, class of labour, Wages & statutory requirement, Labor Production rate or Productivity, Factors affecting labour output or

Module-3

## **Contract and Procurement management**

Procurement – procurement types, planning, stages – procurement execution – sustainable procurement management

Construction contract –formation, types, essential elements, contract law – tendering processcontract award – Documentation – contractor and sub-contractor management –claims – disputescompensation – breach of contract – project completion and project closure

#### **Module-4**

## Quality, Safety and Risk Management

Quality Management - Occupational Health, Safety and Environment, Barriers, Quality Management System – Chart and tools.

Safety management - safety requirements, Safety and Health codes.

Risk management - Process, Terminology, Identification, Analysis and Response Strategy Completion certificate, occupancy certificate, Facilities management

#### Module-5

## Introduction to Entrepreneurship -

Characteristics of a Successful Entrepreneur, Understand the entrepreneurial journey, different entrepreneurial styles, personality traits, strengths, and weaknesses. 5M Model, Communication skills: communication breakdown- miscommunication and poor listening, rectification.

1

**Business Planning Process:** Business planning process, marketing plan, financial plan, project report and feasibility study, guidelines for preparation of model project report for starting a new venture. Introduction to international entrepreneurship opportunities, entry into international business, exporting, direct foreign investment, venture capital.

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- 1. Develop WBS and estimate the resource requirements
- 2. Analyse the cost control monitoring and accounting methods for a project
- 3. Understand the Statutory and legal requirements for a construction
- 4. Prepare the plan for procurement management and Risk mitigation.
- 5. Understand the concept of entrepreneurship and business planning.

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

# Suggested Learning Resources:

## Books

- 1. Chitkara, K.K, "Construction Project Management: Planning Scheduling and Control", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- 2. Dr. U.K. Shrivastava "Construction Planning and Management", Galgotia Publications Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 3. Engineering Economics, R Panneerselvam, Eastern Economy Edition 2001, PHI, ISBN 81- 203-1743-2.
- 4. Cost Accounting, Khan M Y, 2nd Edition, 2000, Tata McGraw-Hill, ISBN 0070402248
- 5. Mechanical Estimating & Costing, T.R.Banga, S.C.Sharma, 16th Edition, 2011, Khanna Publishers, ISBN 8174091009

6. Poornima M. Charantimath, "Entrepreneurship Development and Small Business Enterprise", Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., Licensees of Pearson education.

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• NPTEL VIDEOS.

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Seminars/Quizz(To assist in GATE Preparations
- • Self Study on simple topics
- • Case Study Presentation

Geotechnical Engineering		Semester	5
Course Code	BCV502	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory		

# **Course objectives:**

- Appreciate basic concepts of soil mechanics as an integral part in civil engineering.
- Comprehend basic engineering and mechanical properties of different types of soil.
- Become broadly familiar with geotechnical engineering requirements, such as, flow of water through soil medium and compaction characteristics.
- Model and measure strength & settlement characteristics and bearing capacity of soils.

# **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

- 1. Use of Black Board, PPT and modern learning tools for teaching
- 2. Performing laboratory experiments to assess the desired properties of soil

# MODULE-1

# INDEX PROPERTIES AND IS CLASSIFICATION

**Index Properties:** Phase Diagram, definitions, and their interrelationships. Determination of Index properties, Types of soil structures and Clay Minerals, IS soil classification of Soil.

# MODULE-2

# SOIL WATER-EFFECTIVE STRESS ANALYSIS

**Soil Water**: Permeability, Darcy's law-assumption and validity, coefficient of permeability and its determination (only laboratory method), permeability of stratified soils. Capillary phenomenon, Flow net characteristics and applications

Effective Stress Analysis: Effective stress concept-total stress, effective stress and Neutral stress.

# **MODULE-3**

# COMPACTION AND CONSOLIDATION

**Compaction:** Principle of compaction, Standard and Modified proctor's compaction tests, factors affecting compaction, effect of compaction on soil properties, Field compaction control

Mass-spring analogy, Terzaghi's one dimensional consolidation theory (No derivation). Consolidation characteristics of soil (Cc, av, mv and Cv). Laboratory one dimensional consolidation test, Pre-consolidation pressure and its determination by Casagrande's method.

# MODULE-4

# SHEAR STRENGTH

Concept of shear strength, Mohr–Coulomb Failure Criterion, Modified Mohr–Coulomb Criterion Total and effective shear strength parameters, Measurement of shear strength parameters - Direct shear test, unconfined compression test, triaxial compression test and field Vane shear test, Factors affecting shear strength of soils.

# **MODULE-5**

# **BEARING CAPACITY AND SETTLEMENT**

**Bearing Capacity:** Types of foundations, Determination of bearing capacity by Terzaghi's and BIS methods (IS: 6403), Modes of shear failure, Factors affecting Bearing capacity of soil. Effect of water table and load eccentricity on bearing capacity of soil, Field methods of determining bearing capacity of soil (SPT and plate load test).

**Settlement:** Types of settlements and importance, Computation of immediate and consolidation settlement, permissible differential and total settlements (IS 8009 Part 1).

## PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC

SI. No	Experiments
1	Water content determination by oven drying, Rapid moisture meter method
2	Grain size analysis (Sieve analysis of soil)
3	In-situ density tests i) Core-cutter method ii) Sand replacement method
4	Consistency limits i) Liquid limit test (by Casagrande's and cone penetration method) & ii) Plastic limit test
5	Co-efficient of permeability test i) Constant head test ii). Variable head test
6	Standard compaction test (light compaction only)
7	Direct shear test
8	Unconfined compression test & Laboratory vane shear test
9	Triaxial test (unconsolidated undrained test only)
10	Demonstration of Standard penetration test & Boring equipment
11	Demonstration of Proctors Needle
12	Demonstration of Vane shear test
Course	outcomes (Course Skill Set):
At the	end of the course, the student will be able to:
•	Comprehend the fundamentals of Soil mechanics and identify and classify the soil
•	Apply the knowledge to determine MDD and OMC and compute consolidation properties and
	shear parameters of soil and compute the settlement and bearing capacity of soil
•	Apply the knowledge to determine shear parameters of soil and compute the settlement and bearing capacity of soil
•	Carry out experiments to assess the index properties of soil and determine Compaction, Permeability and Shear Strength characteristics of soil

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and

for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into 15 marks for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and 10 marks for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks)**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

# CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (duration 02/03 hours) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 10 marks.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

# SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

# The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will

have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

# Suggested Learning Resources:

# **Text Books**

- 1. Gopal Ranjan and Rao A.S.R., Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics, New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi. 2016
- 2. Murthy V.N.S., Principles of Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, UBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi. 2018
- 3. Braja, M. Das, Geotechnical Engineering; Thomson Business Information India (P) Ltd., India. 2015
- 4. Punmia B C, Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, Laxmi Publications co., New Delhi. 2017
- 5. Soil Testing for Engineers by S. Mittal and J.P. Shukla 2020

# **Reference Books**

- 1. T.W. Lambe and R.V. Whitman, Soil Mechanics-, John Wiley & Sons. 1991
- 2. Donald P Coduto, Geotechnical Engineering- Phi Learning Private Limited, New Delhi. 2010
- Shashi K. Gulathi & Manoj Datta, Geotechnical Engineering-Tata McGraw Hill Publications. 2010
- 4. Bowles J E, Foundation analysis and design, McGraw- Hill Publications 5th edition 2001
- 5. Malcolm D Bolton, "A Guide to soil mechanics", Universities Press., 2003
- 6. Manual of Soil Laboratory Testing- Head K.H., (1986)- Vol. I, II, III, Princeton Press, London 2006

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Students may be teamed in to teams of four and given the task of determining the SBC of soil at any site shown. They will be required to conduct all relevant tests and use the knowledge gained to assess SBC of soil. This will address PO6, PO9, PO10 and PO12. If EXCEL is used for calculation of bearing capacity, PO5 also will be addressed.

Concrete Technology		Semester	5
Course Code	BCV503	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3hrs
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory/practical/Viva-Voce /Term-work/Others		

## **Course objectives:**

- To recognize material characterization of ingredients of concrete and its influence on properties of concrete
- To study the properties of fresh concrete and hardened concrete
- Proportion ingredients of Concrete to arrive at most desirable mechanical properties of Concrete.
- Ascertain various types of special concrete with their properties.

# **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Blackboard teaching
- 2. Power point Presentation
- 3. Videos, NPTEL materials
- 4. Quiz/Assignments/Open book test to develop skills.
- 5. Adopt problem-based learning (PBL) to develop analytical and thinking skills.
- **6.** Encourage collaborative learning, site visits related to subject and impart practical knowledge.

## **MODULE-1**

## **Concrete Ingredients**

Cement manufacturing process, chemical composition and their importance, hydration of cement, types of cement. Testing of cement, steps to reduce carbon footprint.

Fine aggregate: Functions, requirement, Alternatives to River sand, M-sand introduction, and manufacturing. Coarse aggregate: Importance of size, shape and texture. Grading and blending of aggregate. Testing on aggregate, requirement. Recycled aggregates Water – qualities of water.

Chemical admixtures – plasticizers, accelerators, retarders, and air entraining agents. Mineral admixtures – Pozzolanic and cementitious materials, Fly ash, GGBS, silica fumes, Metakaolin and rice husk ash.

## **MODULE-2**

## **Fresh Concrete**

Factors affecting workability. Measurement of workability–slump, Compaction factor and Vee-Bee Consistometer tests, flow tests. Segregation and bleeding. Process of manufacturing of concrete- Batching, Mixing, Transporting, Placing and Compaction. Curing – Methods of curing – Water curing, membrane curing, steam curing, accelerated curing, self- curing. Good and Bad practices of making and using fresh concrete and Effect of heat of hydration during mass concreting at project sites.

## MODULE-3

# **Hardened Concrete**

Factors influencing strength, W/C ratio, gel/space ratio, Maturity concept, testing of hardened concrete, Creep – factors affecting creep. Shrinkage of concrete – plastic shrinking and drying shrinkage, Factors affecting shrinkage. Definition and significance of durability. Internal and external factors influencing durability, Mechanisms- Sulphate attack – chloride attack, carbonation, freezing and thawing. Corrosion, Durability requirements as per IS-456, In situ testing of concrete- Penetration and pull-out test, rebound hammer test, ultrasonic pulse velocity, core extraction – Principal, applications and limitations.

## **MODULE-4**

#### **Concrete Mix Design**

Principles of concrete mix design, Parameters and factors influencing mix design, Concept of Mix Design with and without admixtures, variables in proportioning and Exposure conditions, Selection criteria of ingredients used for mix design, Procedure of mix proportioning. Numerical Examples of Mix Proportioning using IS-10262:2019.

#### MODULE-5

# **Special Concretes**

RMC-manufacture and requirement as per QCI-RMCPCS, properties, advantages, and disadvantages. Self-Compacting concrete- concept, materials, tests, properties, application and typical mix Fiber reinforced concrete - types of fibres, properties, application of FRC. Light weight concrete-material properties and types. Typical light weight concrete mix proportion and applications, materials, requirements, mix proportion and properties of Geo polymer Concrete, High Strength Concrete and High-Performance Concrete.

SI.NO	Experiments
1	Testing of cement: Consistency, fineness, setting time,
2	Specific Gravity, Soundness and strength of cement
3	Testing of fine aggregate: Specific Gravity, sieve analysis and zoning, bulking of fine
4	aggregate, bulk density, silt content.
5	Testing of coarse aggregate: Specific Gravity, sieve analysis, bulk density, flakiness index,
6	elongation index, water absorption & moisture content, soundness of aggregate.
7	Concrete Mix design by IS code method as per 10262- 2019 & 456-2000, DOE method.
8	Demonstration of Testing of concrete cube of specified strength
9	Demonstration of Testing of concrete beam for pure bending
Course	outcomes (Course Skill Set):
At the e	end of the course, the student will be able to:
	Relate material characteristics and their influence on microstructure of concrete.
	Distinguish concrete behaviour based on its fresh and hardened properties.
	illustrate proportioning of different types of concrete mixes for required fresh and hardened properties
	Select a suitable type of concrete based on specific application
Δεερεε	ment Details (both CIF and SFF)
The wa	pightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Evam (SEE) is 50%
The m	inimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the
SEE m	inimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be
deeme	d to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
course	if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE

# CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

• IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.

• CIE marks for the theory component are 25 marks and that for the practical component is 25

(Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### marks.

- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 220B4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks)**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

# CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (duration 02/03 hours) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 10 marks.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

# SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scoredby the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

Neville A.M. "Properties of Concrete"-4th Ed., Longman.

M.S. Shetty, Concrete Technology - Theory and Practice Published by S. Chand and Company, New Delhi.

Kumar Mehta. P and Paulo J.M. Monteiro "Concrete-Microstructure, Property and Materials", 4th Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2014

A.R. Santha Kumar, "Concrete Technology", Oxford Un iversity Press, New Delhi (NewEdition).

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Cement https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105102012/1

Aggregates https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105102012/6

Mineral admixtureshttps://nptel.ac.in/courses/105102012/11

Chemical admixtures https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105102012/9

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105102012/10

Concrete mix design https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105102012/14

Concrete production & fresh concrete https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105102012/19 Engineering properties of concretehttps://nptel.ac.in/courses/105102012/23 Dimensional stability & durability https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105102012/27 Durability of concrete https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105102012/31 Special concretes https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105102012/36

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Seminars/Quizz(To assist in GATE Preparations
- Demonstrations in Lab
- Self Study on simple topics
- Simple problems solving using Excel
- Virtual Lab Experiments

# Template for Practical Course and if AEC is a practical Course Annexure-V

	Environment	al Engineering Lab	Semester	5
Course	Code	BCV504	CIE Marks	50
Teachir	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits		01	Exam Hours	2
Examin	ation type (SEE)	Practical		1
Course	objectives:			
• T	o learn different methods of v	vater & waste water quality		
• T	o conduct experiments to dete	ermine the concentrations of water and w	aste water	
• T	o determine the degree and ty	pe of treatment		
• T	o understand the environment	al significance and application in enviro	nmental engineer	ing
DI	actice.		C	C
SI.NO		Experiments		
1	Preparation chemical solution	ons required for analysis and sampling m	ethodologies	
	rieparation enemiear solution	sils required for unarysis and sampling in	eurodologies	
2				
	Determination of pH, Condu	ictivity, TDS and Turbidity.		
3		1 . 11 . 1.		
	Determination of Acidity and	d Alkalinity		
4				
	Determination of Calcium, I	Magnesium and Total Hardness.		
5	Determinedien of Directory	0		
	Determination of Dissolved	Oxygen		
6	Determination of POD			
	Determination of BOD.			
7	Determination of Chloridae			
	Determination of Chlorides			
8	Determination of percenta	ge of % of available chlorine in bl	eaching powder	sample,
	Determination of Residual (	Chlorine and chlorine demand.		-
9	Determination of Solids in S	Sewage: i) Total Solids, ii) Suspended So	lids, iii) Dissolve	d Solids.
	iv) Volatile Solids Fixed So	olids v) Settleable Solids		,
10		inds v) Settledole Solids.		
10	Determination of optimum of	coagulant dosage using Jar test apparatus		
11				
	Determination Nitrates and	Iron by spectrophotometer		
		Demonstration Experiments (For CIE)		
12	Determination of COD (De	monstration)		
13	Air Quality Monitoring (De	monstration)		
_				
14	Determination of Sound by	Sound level meter at different locations (	(Demonstration)	
			(	

# Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Acquire capability to conduct experiments and estimate the concentration of different parameters.
- Compare the result with standards and discuss based on the purpose of analysis.
- Determine type of treatment, degree of treatment for water and waste water.
- Identify the parameter to be analysed for the student project work in environmental stream.

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

# Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before

the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

# Suggested Learning Resources:

- IS codes-3025 series
- Standard method for examination of water and waste water, APHA, 20th edition
- Clair Sawyer and Perry McCarty and Gene Parkin, "Chemistry for Environmental Engineering and Science", McGraw-Hill Series in Civil and Environmental Engineering.

Numerical meth	ods in civil engineering	Semester	5
Course Code	BCV515A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3;0;0;0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40Hrs	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

## **Course objectives:**

- To learn various numerical techniques.
- To solve Numerical differentiation and integration problems.
- Apply numerical techniques to solve civil engineering problems.

## **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Blackboard teaching
- 2. Power point Presentation
- 3. Videos, NPTEL materials
- 4. Quiz/Assignments/Open book test to develop skills.
- 5. Adopt problem-based learning (PBL) to develop analytical and thinking skills.

# Module-1

Historical development of Numerical techniques, role in investigations, research and design in the field of civil engineering development of algorithm/ flow charts for following methods for the solution of linear simultaneous equation- Gaussian elimination method, Gauss-Jordan matrix inversion method, Gauss-Siedel method and Factorization method.

#### Module-2

Development of algorithm for Bisection method.

Newton-Raphson method and its applications for solution of nonlinear algebraic and transcendental equations from problems in hydraulics, irrigation engineering, structural engineering and environmental engineering.

## Module-3

## Numerical differentiation and integration

Approximation of derivatives using interpolation polynomials – Numerical integration using Trapezoidal, Simpson's 1/3 rule – Romberg's Method – Two-point and three-point Gaussian quadrature formulae – Evaluation of double integrals by Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rules. Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's onethird and their application for computation of area of BMD drawn for statically determinate beams.

# Module-4

New Marks method for computation of slopes and deflections in statically determinate beams. Development of algorithm and application of solution of ordinary differential equation to civil engineering problems by Euler's method, Runge Kutta 4<sup>th</sup> order method

## Module-5

Introduction, expression of derivatives by finite difference: backward differences, forward differences, and central differences. Application of finite difference method for analysis of statically determinate beams, statically indeterminate beams, Buckling of columns, Beams on elastic foundation.

# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- 1. To learn various numerical techniques.
- 2. To solve Numerical differentiation and integration problems.
- 3. Apply numerical techniques to solve civil engineering problems.

# **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

# Suggested Learning Resources:

# Books

- 1. Grewal. B.S. and Grewal. J.S., "Numerical methods in Engineering and Science", Khanna Publishers, 9th Edition, New Delhi
- 2. Gerald. C. F., and Wheatley. P. O., "Applied Numerical Analysis", Pearson Education, Asia, 6th Edition, New Delhi.
- 3. Chapra. S.C. and Canale. R. P., "Numerical Methods for Engineers, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 4. Brian Bradie. "A friendly introduction to Numerical analysis", Pearson Education, Asia, New Delhi.
- 5. Sankara Rao. K., "Numerical methods for Scientists and Engineers", Prentice Hall of India Private, New Delhi.

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111107105
- https://www.coursera.org/learn/numerical-methods-engineers
- https://cosmolearning.org/courses/numerical-methods-and-programing/video-lectures/.

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• solving civil engineering problems

OCCUPATIONAL SAFE	FY AND HEALTH MONITORING	Semester	5
Course Code	BC515B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3;0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40Hrs	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

## **Course objectives:**

- To Identify hazards in the workplace that pose a danger or threat to their safety or health.
- To Control unsafe or unhealthy hazards and propose methods to eliminate the hazard.
- To analysis a potential safety or health hazard
- To Discuss role of health and safety in the workplace pertaining to the responsibilities of workers, managers, supervisors.
- To Identify decisions required to maintain protection of the environment, workplace as well as personal health and safety.

## **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. various types of innovative teaching techniques through videos, animation films may be adopted so that the delivered lesson can progress the students in theoretical, applied and practical skills.
- 2. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 3. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 4. Seminars and Quizzes may be arranged for students in respective subjects to develop skills.

#### Module-1

# **Occupational Hazard and Control Principles:**

Safety, History and development, National Safety Policy. Occupational safety and Health Act (OSHA), Occupational Health and Safety administration - Laws governing OSHA and right to know. Accident – causation, investigation, investigation plan, Methods of acquiring accident facts, Supervisory role in accident investigation.

#### Module-2

## **Ergonomics at Work Place:**

Ergonomics Task analysis, Preventing Ergonomic Hazards, Work space Envelops, Visual Ergonomics, Ergonomic Standards, Ergonomic Programs. Hazard cognition and Analysis, Human Error Analysis – Fault Tree Analysis – Emergency Response - Decision for action – purpose and considerations.

## Module-3

## **Fire Prevention and Protection:**

Fire Triangle, Fire Development and its severity, Effect of Enclosures, early detection of Fire, Classification of fire and Fire Extinguishers.

Electrical Safety, Product Safety: Technical Requirements of Product safety.

## Module-4

## Health Considerations at Work Place:

Types of diseases and their spread, Health Emergency. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) – types and advantages, effects of exposure and treatment for engineering industries, municipal solid waste. Environment management plans (EMP) for safety and sustainability.

#### Module-5

# **Occupational Health and Safety Considerations:**

Water and wastewater treatment plants, Handling of chemical and safety measures in water and wastewater treatment plants and labs, Construction material manufacturing industries like cement plants, RMC Plants, precast plants, and construction sites. Policies, roles and responsibilities of workers, managers and supervisors.

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## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- 1. Identify hazards in the workplace that pose a danger or threat to their safety or health.
- 2. Control unsafe or unhealthy hazards and propose methods to eliminate the hazard.
- 3. Present a coherent analysis of a potential safety or health hazard
- 4. Discuss the role of health and safety in the workplace pertaining to the responsibilities of workers, managers, supervisors.
- 5. Identify the decisions required to maintain protection of the environment, workplace as well as personal health and safety.

# **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation**:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

# Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

# Suggested Learning Resources:

# Books

- 1. Goetsch D. L.,(1999), "Occupational Safety and Health for Technologists, Engineers and Managers", Prentice Hall.
- 2. Heinrich H.W.,(2007), "Industrial Accident Prevention-A Scientific Approach", McGraw-Hill Book Company National Safety Council and Associate (Data) Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (1991),
- 3. "Industrial Safety and Pollution Control Handbook.
- 4. Colling D.A., (1990), "Industrial Safety Management and Technology", Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 5. Della D.E., and Giustina, (1996), "Safety and Environmental Management", Van Nostrand Reinhold International Thomson Publishing Inc.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <u>https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/index.htm</u>
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/114106017
- https://youtu.be/8nb0I-0U9Co
- https://youtu.be/Be9inw8xlw8
- https://youtu.be/n7oUOUCIblg
- https://youtu.be/gzgNLvHTrfY
- https://www.slideshare.net/engkhanmsh/introduction-to-osha-50289682

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- http://nptel.ac.in
- https://swayam.gov.in

SOLID WAS	TE MANAGEMENT	Semester	5
Course Code	BCV515C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 Hrs	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
Examination type (SEE)       Theory         Course objectives: <ul> <li>To facilitate the learners to understand fundamentals of key elements in solid waste management and governance.</li> <li>To impart knowledge to arrive strategies for waste management and selection of technologies for processing, treatment, and disposal.</li> <li>To examine and plan designs for material recovery facility, micro composting units, incinerators, biodigesters, and landfills</li> </ul> <li> <ul> <li>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</li> <li>These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</li> <li>Various types of innovative teaching techniques through videos, animation films may be adopted so that the delivered lesson can progress the students in theoretical, applied and practical skills.</li> <li>Arrange visits to nearby solid waste disposal sites</li> <li>Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.</li> <li>Ask at least three HOTS (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking</li> </ul> </li>			
<ol> <li>Adopt Problem Based Learn such as the ability to evalua</li> <li>Seminars and Quizzes may</li> </ol>	ning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytica te, generalize, and analyze information rath be arranged for students in respective subje	al skills, develop thin er than simply recall ects to develop skills.	king skills it.
	Module-1		
Introduction to Solid waste mana Definition, Classification, need and frameworks, Government initiative concept of 3R's, Role of stakeholder	agement Global perspective of solid waste manager es on Solid waste management. Integrated s rs. Module-2	ment. Policies and le solid waste managen	gislative nent and
Waste generation and characteri	zation		
Factors affecting waste generation chemical, and biological methods o	n and methods to estimate the quantity of fwaste characterization.	f waste generated. I	Physical,
	Module-3		
<b>Storage, collection, and Trans</b> Methods of storage, Storage collection and collection vehic systems with case studies. Tran	portation of waste container types and materials, onsite cles, Analysis, and design of Hauled sfer stations – feasibility and economic a	e processing. Meth and Stationary co analysis.	nods of ntainer
Wasta processing and Disposal	mouule-4		
Waste processing facilities- MRFs I Composting, Waste to Energy conce	andfills – Selection of liners, Design, Closu pts – Incineration, Biogas recovery and Refu	re and Leachate mar ise derived fuels RDF	nagement, s.
	Module-5		
<b>Special Waste and Smart Solid Wa</b> Definition, Classification, Effects, t Construction and demolition waste	<b>iste Management</b> reatment, disposal, Legislation and case , Electronic waste, Plastic, Biomedical wast	studies of Hazardou te and Radioactive w	us waste, raste. Life

cycle assessment of solid waste management, Automation and IOT in storage, collection and treatment of

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solid waste. Case studies.

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- 1. Articulate the elements of solid waste management and categorize the waste based on physical, chemical, and biological characteristics.
- 2. Design a waste collection system for onsite collection, storage and demonstrate waste transfer and transport operations.
- 3. Evaluate and develop waste processing and treatment methods for solid and hazardous waste with sustainable practices.
- 4. Select appropriate disposal methods such as landfills, waste to energy plants and its handling in an efficient way.
- 5. Develop reduce, reuse, and recycling methods for special waste and prepare smart solutions for solid waste management.

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## **Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- 1. Handbook of Solid Waste Management by Frank Kreith, George Tchobanoglous 1994
- 2. Management of Municipal Solid waste by T.V. Ramachandra 2009
- 3. Hazardous Waste management by Michael D LaGrega, Philip. L. Buckingham, Jeffery C. Evans 2001
- 4. Manuals and best practices in solid waste management by Swachh Bharat Mission

(https://swachhbharatmission.gov.in/sbmcms/technical-notes.htm)
Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
<ul> <li>Introduction to solid waste https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=k0ktJRoRcOA</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Solid waste management https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sMeUGwpvLtk</li> </ul>
Municipal Solid Waste Management (Civil Engineering)
https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/105103205/L01.html
Primary collection SWM
https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/105103205/L09.html
<ul> <li>Solid waste types, methods, challenges and solutions</li> </ul>
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T_pIJiZ8JYI
Types and sources of SWM
https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/105103205/L03.html.
Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning
http://nptel.ac.in
<ul> <li>https://swayam.gov.in</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>https://www.vlab.co.in/participating-institute-amrita-vishwa-vidyapeetham</li> </ul>

# Annexure-II 1

REMOTE S	ENSING AND GIS	Semester	5
Course Code	BCV515D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0;0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40Hrs	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

## **Course objectives:**

- Understand concept of using photographic data to determine relative positions of points.
- Study the methods of collection of land data using Terrestrial and Aerial camera.
- Analyse the data gathered from various sensors and interpret for various applications.
- Apply the principles of RS, GIS and GPS in various scopes of Civil Engineering

## **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. NPTEL courses on remote sensing and GIS has to be referred to students
- 2. online resources for remote sensing data to be made available in the lab
- 3. Open source software QGIS should be made available in the lab
- 4. YouTube videos
- **5.** PowerPoint presentations.

#### Module-1

#### **Remote Sensing-**

Definition, types of remote sensing, components of remote sensing, electromagnetic spectrum, Black body, Atmospheric windows, energy interaction with earth surface features. Spectral reflectance curve. Platforms and sensors. Sensor resolutions. Types of satellites Indian and other remote sensing satellites (IRS, IKONS and Landsat). Principle of visual interpretation - key elements.

Module-2

## **Photogrammetry:**

Introduction types of Photogrammetry, Advantages Photogrammetry, Introduction to digital Photogrammetry. Aerial Photogrammetry: Advantages over ground survey methods- geometry of vertical photographs, scales of vertical photograph. Ground coordination relief displacement, scale ground coordinates – flight planning.

#### Module-3

## **Geographic Information System-**

Introduction, Functions and advantages, sources of data for GIS. Database – Types, advantages and disadvantages. Data Analysis.-overlay operations, network analysis, spatial analysis. Outputs and map generation. GPS- components and working principles.

## Module-4

## Applications of GIS, Remote Sensing and GPS: (1)

Water Resources engineering and management- prioritization of river basins, water perspective zones and its mapping, Highway and transportation -highway alignment, Optimization of routes, accident analysis, Environmental Engineering- Geostatistical analysis of water quality, rainfall.

## Module-5

## Applications of GIS, Remote Sensing and GPS: (2)

Urban Planning & Management, urban sprawl, Change detection studies, forests and urban area, agriculture, Disaster Management. Layouts: Dead end, Radial, Grid iron, Circular system.

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- 1. Understand and remember the principle of Remote Sensing (RS) and Geographical Information Systems (GIS) data acquisition and its applications.
- 2. Apply RS and GIS technologies in various fields of engineering and social needs
- 3. Analyse and evaluate the information obtained by applying RS and GIS technologies.
- 4. Create a feasible solution in the different fields of application of RS and GIS

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

# Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

# Suggested Learning Resources:

## Books

- 1. Geographic Information System-An Introduction, Tor Bernharadsen, 2009, 3rd Edition, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, ISBN 9788126511389.
- 2. Principles of Remote sensing and Image Interpretation, Lillesand and Kiefer, 2011, 6th Edition,
- 3. John Wiley Publishers, New Delhi, ISBN 8126532238.
- 4. Higher Surveying, Chandra A.M, 2015, 3rd Edition, New age international (P) Ltd, ISBN: 8122438121
- 5. Remote Sensing, Robert A. Schowengerdt, 2009, 3rd Edition, Elsevier India Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.
- 6. Remote Sensing and GIS, Bhatta B, 2011, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, ISBN 0198072392

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• NPTEL lecture videos.

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Delineating the boundary for a watershed using SOI topomap as reference in GIS software
- Delineating the national highway and study the different components
- Delineating different features on land surface and create land use/land cover map using topomap and google earth image of specific region

Design	of RCC Structures	Semester	6		
Course Code	BCV601	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	eory + 8-10 Lab slots Total Marks 10			
Credits	04 Exam Hours				
Examination nature (SEE)	E) Theory/practical				
<ul> <li>Identify, formulate and of loading.</li> <li>Follow a procedural known Impart the usage of cod</li> <li>Acquire knowledge in a</li> </ul> <b>Teaching-Learning Process (Ger</b> These are sample Strategies; that to 1. Blackboard teaching 2. Power point Presentation 3. Videos , NPTEL materials 4. Quiz/Assignments/Open 1 5. Adopt problem based lease 6. Encourage collaborative lease	solve engineering problems of RC element owledge in designing various structural RC es for strength, serviceability and durabili nalysis and design of RC elements. neral Instructions) eachers can use to accelerate the attainment of pook test to develop skills rning (PBL) to develop analytical and thinking earning, site visits related to subject and impar	ts subjected to differ C elements. ty. f the various course o skills t practical knowledge	rent kinds utcomes.		
	MODULE-1				
Introduction to working stress	and limit State Design: Introduction to wo	rking stress method,	Difference		
between Working stress and Lim	it State Method of design. Philosophy and pr	inciple of limit state of	design with		
assumptions. Partial Safety fact	ors, Characteristic load and strength. Stress	s block parameters,	concept of		
balanced section, under reinforce	ed and over reinforced section. Limiting defle	ction, short term defle	ection, long		
term deflection, Calculation of def	lection of singly reinforced beam only.				
	MODULE-2				
Limit State Analysis of Beams:	Analysis of singly reinforced, doubly reinforce	ed and flanged beams	for flexure		

**Limit State Analysis of Beams:** Analysis of singly reinforced, doubly reinforced and flanged beams for flexure and shear.

# MODULE-3

# Limit State Design of Beams:

Design of singly reinforced beams with check for shear, check for development length and other checks. Design of doubly reinforced beams and flanged sections without checks.

## **MODULE-4**

Limit State Design of Slabs and Stairs: Introduction to one way and two way slabs, Design of Cantilever, simply supported and one way continuous slab. Design of two way slabs for different boundary conditions. Design of dog legged and open well staircases

# **MODULE-5**

Limit State Deign of Columns and Footings: Analysis and design of short axially loaded RC column. Design of columns with uniaxial and biaxial moments, Design concepts of the footings. Design of Rectangular and square column footings with axial load.

PRACTICAL CON	<b>IPONENT OF</b>	IPCC (	Mav (	cover all	/ mai	or module	25)
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Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Calculation of deflection of singly reinforced beam using Excel
2	Design of a simply supported RCC singly reinforced beam using Excel and draw the reinforcement details
3	Design of a simply supported RCC doubly reinforced beam using Excel and draw the reinforcement details
4	Design of singly reinforced beams with check for shear, check for development length and other checks using Excel.
5	Design of a cantilever beam using Excel and draw the reinforcement
6	Design a simply supported RCC one way slab with intermediate support and draw the reinforcement details
7	Design a two-way slab for the given data and prepare Bar bending schedule
8	Design a short axially loaded RC column using Excel
9	Design the reinforcement for RCC square column with isolated square footing
10	Design the reinforcement for RCC circular column with isolated square footing
11	Creation of models related to RC Structural elements. (Demonstration)
12	

# Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Understand the design philosophy and principles.
- Solve problems of RC elements subjected to flexure, shear and torsion.
- Demonstrate the procedure in designs of RC structural elements such as slabs, columns and footings.
- Owns professional and ethical responsibility.

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 220B4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the

theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks)**.

• The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

# CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (duration 02/03 hours) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 10 marks.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

# **SEE for IPCC**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scoredby the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

# Suggested Learning Resources:

# Books

- 1. Unnikrishnan Pillai and Devdas Menon, "Reinforced Concrete Design", McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 2. N Subramanian, " Design of Concrete Structures", Oxford university Press
- 3. H J Shah, "Reinforced Concrete Vol. 1 (Elementary Reinforced Concrete)", Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

**Reference Books:** 

- 1. P C Varghese, "Limit State design of reinforced concrete", PHI, New Delhi.
- 2. W H Mosley, R Husle, J H Bungey, "Reinforced Concrete Design", MacMillan Education, Palgrave publishers.
- 3. Kong and Evans, "Reinforced and Pre-Stressed Concrete", Springer Publications.
- 4. A W Beeby and Narayan R S, "Introduction to Design for Civil Engineers", CRC Press.
- 5. Robert Park and Thomas Paulay, "Reinforced Concrete Structures", John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources): https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105105105

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Students to prepare the models showing the reinforcement details in singly reinforced, doubly reinforced beams, Columns, Staircases and footings.

Annexure-III

Irrigation Engineeri	Semester	VI	
Course Code	BCV602	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	50	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

# **Course objectives:**

- Analyse and design gravity dams.
- Find the cross-section of earth dam and estimate the seepage loss.
- Design spillways and aprons for diversion works.
- Design CD works and chose appropriate canal regulation works.

# **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Blackboard teaching
- 2. Power point Presentation
- 3. Videos, NPTEL materials
- 4. Quiz/Assignments/Open book test to develop skills.
- 5. Adopt problem-based learning (PBL) to develop analytical and thinking skills.

# Module-1

Irrigation: Definition. Benefits and ill effects of irrigation. System of irrigation: surface and ground water, flow irrigation, lift irrigation, Bandhara irrigation. Water Requirements of Crops: Duty, delta and base period, relationship between them, factors affecting duty of water crops and crop seasons in India, irrigation efficiency, frequency of irrigation.

## Module-2

Canals: Types of canals. Alignment of canals. Definition of gross command area, cultural command area, intensity of irrigation, time factor, crop factor. Unlined and lined canals. Standard sections. Design of canals by Lacey's and Kennedy's method. Reservoirs: Definition, investigation for reservoir site, storage zones determination of storage capacity using mass curves, economical height of dam.

## Module-3

## Gravity dams:

Forces acting on a gravity dam, causes of failure of a gravity dam, elementary profile, and practical profile of a gravity dam, limiting height of a low gravity dam, Factors of Safety – Stability Analysis, Foundation for a Gravity Dam, drainage and inspection galleries.

## **Module-4**

## Earth dams:

Types of Earth dams, causes of failure of earth dam, criteria for safe design of earth dam, seepage through earth dam-graphical method, measures for control of seepage. Spillways: types of spillways, Design principles of Ogee spillways – Spillway gates. Energy Dissipaters and Stilling Basins Significance of Jump Height Curve and Tail Water Rating Curve – USBR and Indian types of Stilling Basins.

#### Module-5

## **Diversion Head works:**

Types of Diversion head works- weirs and barrages, layout of diversion head work – components. Causes and failure of Weirs and Barrages on permeable foundations, -Silt Ejectors and Silt Excluders, Weirs on Permeable Foundations – Creep Theories – Bligh's, Lane's and Khosla's theories, Determination of uplift pressure-Various Correction Factors – Design principles of weirs on permeable foundations using Creep theories – exit gradient, U/s and D/s Sheet Piles – Launching Apron.

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- 1. Know types of water retaining structures for multiple purposes and its key parameters considered for planning and designing
- 2. Understand details in any Irrigation System and its requirements
- 3. Analyse and Design of a irrigation system components

# **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- 1. Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic structures by Santhosh kumar Garg, Khanna Publishers.
- 2. Irrigation engineering by K. R. Arora Standard Publishers.
- 3. Irrigation and water power engineering by Punmia & Lal, Laxmi publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 4. Theory and Design of Hydraulic structures by Varshney, Gupta & Gupta
- 5. Irrigation Engineering by R.K. Sharma and T.K. Sharma, S. Chand Publishers 2015.
- 6. Irrigation Theory and Practice by A. M. Micheal Vikas Publishing House 2015.
- 7. Irrigation and water resources engineering by G.L. Asawa, New Age International Publishers.

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• NPTEL Videos.

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Site visit to a dam site and observe all the facility

# Annexure-II 1

DESIG	Semester	6	
Course Code	BCV613A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0;0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40Hrs	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

## **Course objectives:**

- Introduce students to various aspects of Bridge structures, its components.
- Understand the hydraulic design concepts of Bridges, various IRC loading standards.
- Design small span bridges like culverts, slab decks, and T-beam decks and post tensioned
- slabs.
- Understand various types of bearings, analysis of substructures, and foundations.
- Understand super structure construction methods and practices.

## **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Chalk and Talk teaching.
- 2. Use of ICT (Video) material to show real world pictures of bridges and their construction.

# Module-1

# Introduction and Conceptual Design of Bridges

Introduction, components of a bridge and their functions, Site investigations prior to bridge construction, classification of bridges, IRC loading standards, IRC A, AA, and 70 R. Hydraulic design of bridges, natural and artificial water ways, afflux, Economical span, problems.

## Module-2

Pipe culverts. Hydraulic design and structural design, IRC standards. Design problems.

Design of Box culverts, general procedure of design for all the conditions of culvert , reinforcement details, Design example ( students should be given to design the culvert for any one condition of loading)

## Module-3

Design of Deck slab (Limit state method):

Introduction, Design of deck slab. Effective dispersion of wheel load along the span and effective width concept, Arrangement of wheel loads of IRC A for obtaining maximum bending moment and shear force. Design example, Arrangement of IRC class AA obtaining maximum bending moment and shear force. Design example. Arrangement of IRC 70R loading for obtaining maximum bending moment and shear force. Design example.

# Module-4

## Introduction to T-beam bridges:

Code provisions, typical arrangement of longitudinal and cross girders, Pigeaud's method, design of interior panel (for IRC class AA & amp; 70R), methods for finding load distribution among longitudinal girders (Courbon's, Hednry Jaguer's method), general steps of design (only design concepts).

# Module-5

# Bridge substructures, abutments and Piers:

Types of abutments and piers, stability analysis of piers and abutments, base pressure distribution. Bridge bearings, types and their suitability.

# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- 1. Select the type of the bridge based on the site investigation inputs and be able to compute design discharge, linear water way, economic span and depth of scour (L2 & L3)
- 2. Design pipe culverts.
- 3. Design deck slabs for critical loads (L3 & L4)
- 4. Analyse the stability of bridge piers and abutments. (L3 & L4)
- 5. Recommend suitable bearings for the given type of bridge and support condition

# **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

# Suggested Learning Resources:

# Books

- 1. D. Johmson Victor, Essentials of Bridge Engineering, 6 th edition, Oxford IBH publications, New Delhi, 2019, JSBN:978-81-204-1717-5
- 2. T.R.Jagadeesh & amp; M A Jayaram, Design of Bridge Structures, 3 rd edition, PHI, New Delhi, 2020, ISBN:978-81-203-3385-29
- 3. Krishna Raju N, Design of Bridges, Oxford-IBH publishing, 5 th edition, New Delhi
- 4. Rajagopalan, Bridge Super Structures, Narosa Publishing House, 2013, ISBN :817-31-964-78
- 5. IRC : 112- 2020: Code of Practice for Concrete Bridges, July 2020, New Delhi

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hc9Vj\_wuQlg
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XFRqwmpR7JE
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2Dw4vbpPx54
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hfq9cqZF0kc
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hfq9cqZF0kc
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=unys9j1qxw4.

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Students in groups (not more than two)need to garner data pertaining to a short span bridge/ box culvert and perform the redesign of the bridge and submit the report.

<b>DESIGN OF FORMWORK AND SCAFFOLDING</b> Semester 6					
Course Code BCV613B CIE Marks					
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Credits	40	Total Marks	100		
Examination type (SEE)	Theory	Examinouis	5		
	Псоту				
Course objectives:					
I o select the appropriate	e formwork system				
• To design the formwork	system				
To compute the bill of qu	antity for the formwork system				
To incorporate safer desi	gn and construction aspects including as	sembling and dism	nantling		
to prevent formwork fail	ures				
• To comprehend plan, lay	out and detailed drawing for formwork s	vstems			
F,		,			
Teaching-Learning Process (Gene	eral Instructions)				
These are sample Strategies, which	teachers can use to accelerate the attainment	of the various cours	se		
outcomes.					
1. Blackboard teaching					
2. Power point Presentation					
3. Videos, NPTEL materials					
4. Quiz/Assignments/Open bo	ook test to develop skills.				
5. Adopt problem-based learn	ing (PBL) to develop analytical and thinking s	skills.			
	Module-1				
Introduction to Formwork	Alounic 1				
Classification, benefits, objectives,	areas of competitiveness, selection of Form	work, formwork m	aterials,		
accessories and consumables, app	lication of Tools. Formwork for Foundation	n, Wall, Columns, S	slab and		
Beam. Conventional drawings. Ve	ertical Application of Conventional Foundat	tion Formwork, Fo	rmwork		
components,					
Components, assembly and de-shu	uttering of formwork System, Flex System, I	Heavy Duty Tower	System,		
safety of work, Formwork for stairs	s, Load Bearing Tower.	5			
	Module-2				
Planning and Design of formwor	k				
Formwork planning and monitorin	 ng, basics of formwork design, design assumi	ptions and design n	nethods.		
Design of wall formwork slab f	formwork and checks Formwork drawing	Concept and Prei	naration		
Guidelines BOO Calculation and Ch	ecklist	doncept and fre	Jui ación		
	Modulo-3				
Formwork cost estimation an	d ontimization				
Schedule of formwork Mobilization	a distribution BOO Quantity Calculation Cost	tontimization			
Schedule of formwork, woomzation	i distribution, DOQ, Quantity Calculation, Cos	t optimization			
Madula A					
Module-4					
Modular and Special formwork, S	dvantages and Limitations. Shuttering and	do chuttoring onr	alications		
Aluminium formutarly Drawings 8	Componenta Activitica Ilian rico constructio	n Table lifting quate	mations,		
Auminium formork - Drawings & Components, Activities, High rise construction, Table lifting system.					
Scanolung: Modular scanola installation sequence, the and material specification, Ladder safety, Loading					
Lassification, application, components of L&1 Modular Scatfolding system, Access scatfold Do's and Don'ts.					
Innovation and Global practices.					
Formwork building and erection Fo	prmwork Failures				
Formwork assembly for Wall & Co	olumn Panels Equinment and Lavout Plant	and Machinery F	ormwork		
erection and safety, Inspection and Corrections, Plant and Machinery, Code and Contractual Requirements.					

Formwork Failures: Causes, design deficiency, safety in formwork, prevention of formwork failures.

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# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- 1. Analyse the project, and decide appropriate formwork materials and suitable formwork system
- 2. Design formwork systems as per Industrial requirement
- 3. Estimate the bill of quantity and optimize the formwork cost
- 4. Prepare the layout and detailed drawing for the formwork system

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation**:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## **Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Books

- 1. Jha, K.N., Formwork for Concrete Structures, First Edition, McGraw Hill. 2012
- 2. Robert L. Peurifoy and Garold D. Oberiender, Formwork for Concrete Structures, McGraw-Hill, 1996.
- 3. IS 14687 -Guidelines for falsework for concrete structures
- 4. Concrete pressure on formwork (R108D) CIRIA
- 5. IS 456: Plain and Reinforced Concrete Code of Practice

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

NPTEL and YouTube Videos.

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Visit to construction sites to understand form work

APPLIED GEOTE	CHNICAL ENGINEERING	Semester	6		
Course Code	BCV613C	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0;0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40Hrs	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3		
Examination type (SEE)	Theory				
Examination type (SEE)       Theory         Course objectives:       • Appreciate basic concepts of soil mechanics applied in the design of foundations         • Learn concepts of Geotechnical investigations required for civil engineering projects emphasizing in situ investigations       • Conceptually learn various theories related to bearing capacity of soil and their application in the design of shallow foundations and estimation of load carrying capacity of pile foundation         • Estimate internal stresses in the soil mass and application of this knowledge in proportioning of shallow and deep foundation fulfilling settlement criteria         • Study about assessing stability of slopes and earth pressure on rigid retaining structures.         Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)         These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.         1       Chalk and talk					
<ol> <li>PP1</li> <li>You Tube video lectures</li> <li>Open book test to understa</li> </ol>	nd the concepts.				
	Module-1				
Soil Exploration: Introduction, Objectives and In stabilization of boreholes, San samples, sample disturbance an	<b>Soil Exploration:</b> Introduction, Objectives and Importance, Stages and Methods of exploration- Test pits, Borings, stabilization of boreholes, Sampling techniques, Undisturbed, disturbed and representative samples sample disturbance and Bore hole log				
	Module-2				
<b>Drainage and Dewatering:</b> Drainage and Dewatering metho Flownets: Importance, propertie and without	ds, estimation of depth of GWT (Hvorsle es and applications, Phreatic Lines, See	v's method) page in earth dam	s (with		
	Module-3				
<b>Lateral Earth Pressure:</b> Active, Passive and earth pressure at rest, Rankine's theory for cohesionless and cohesive soils, Factors influencing lateral earth pressure, Geotechnical design of gravity and cantilever retaining walls.					
Module-4					
Stability of Slopes: Assumptions, infinite and finite slopes, factor of safety, Swedish slip circle method for C and C-ø (Method of slices) soils, Fellineous method for critical slip circle, use of Taylor's stability charts. Causes for slope instability, Methods of stabilisation of slopes					
Stresses in Soil	moune-3				
Geodesic stress and Stress due load, line load and uniformly dist Types of settlements and impo	to structures, Boussinesq's Stress distri tributed loads, Newmark's Chart, Contact rtance, Computation of immediate and	bution in ground f t Pressure, Pressur consolidation set	or point e bulbs. tlement,		

permissible differential and total settlements (IS 8009 part 1).

# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- 1. Ability to plan and execute geotechnical site investigation program for different civil engineering projects
- 2. Understanding of stress distribution and resulting settlement beneath the loaded footings on sand and clayey soils
- 3. Ability to estimate factor of safety against failure of slopes and to compute lateral pressure distribution behind earth retaining structures
- 4. Ability to determine settlement in footing.

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

# Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- 1. Murthy V.N.S., Principles of Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, UBS PublishersandDistribu tors, NewDelhi.
- 2. K.R.Arora, Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, Standard Publisher Distributors, NewDelhi.
- 3. PC Varghese, Foundation Engineering, PHI India Learning Private Limited, NewDelhi.
- 4. Punmia BC, Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering (2017), 16<sup>th</sup> edition, LaxmiPublicationsco., New Delhi.

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- Online study material
- NPTEL video lectures..

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Site visit to understand the practical difficulty in construction of earth retaining strucures
- Assignment to students on design of an earth retaining structures

DESIGN AND CONSTRUC	TION OF HIGHWAY PAVEMENTS	Semester	6		
Course Code	BCV613D	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3;0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40Hrs	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3		
Examination type (SEE)	Theory				
<ul> <li>Course objectives:</li> <li>To impart a fundamental</li> <li>To introduce the evaluat for construction</li> </ul>	understanding to the basics of highway g ion of pavement material characteristics t	geometric design fo to identify their su	eatures itability		
<ul> <li>To study the principles a specifications</li> <li>To skill up for executing with Plants and Machine</li> </ul>	nd design of flexible and rigid pavements pavement construction with quality contr ry selection	according to IRC	along		
<ul> <li>Teaching-Learning Process (Generation of the search sample Strategies, which outcomes.</li> <li>1. Blackboard teaching</li> <li>2. Power point Presentation</li> <li>3. Videos, NPTEL materials</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</li> <li>These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</li> <li>1. Blackboard teaching</li> <li>2. Power point Presentation</li> <li>3. Videos NPTEL materials</li> </ul>				
4. Quiz/Assignments/Open be	ook test to develop skills.				
5. Adopt problem-based learn	ing (PBL) to develop analytical and thinking s	skills.			
	Module-1				
Introduction and Subgrade Materials: Overview of highway - Classification of roads, Pavement Layers – Components and Functions, Highway alignment and Survey, road development in India, Components and Geometric Standards of Highway Design <b>Pavement subgrade material:</b> Soils, Soil Characteristic Evaluation, desirable properties, tests (Virtual) - Liquid Limit, Plastic limit, Shrinkage Limit, Grain size analysis - Wet sieve and Hydrometer analysis, Water Content, Specific gravity, Free swell index, Relative density, Heavy					
compaction, California Bearing	Katio.				
	Module-2				
<ul> <li>Pavement Materials</li> <li>Stone aggregates: Desirable properties, tests (Virtual) - Sieve analysis, Specific gravity, Water absorption, Bulk density, Wet Sieve analysis, Aggregate crushing value, Aggregate impact value, Combined Flakiness and Elongation index, Aggregate abrasion value, Soundness of aggregate, Characteristic evaluation</li> <li>Bituminous binders: Desirable properties, tests (Virtual) - Specific gravity, Penetration, Softening Point, Ductility, Elastic recovery, Flash point, Separation, Loss on heating, Matter soluble in trichloro ethylene, Absolute, Kinematic and Rotational Viscosity, Aging of Bitumen, Characteristic evaluation.</li> <li>Bituminous paving mix: Desirable properties, tests (Virtual) - Stripping value of coarse aggregate, Stone polishing value of coarse aggregate, Maximum specific gravity of bituminous mix, Marshall stability &amp; flow, Binder content, Bulk specific gravity and density, Indirect tensile strength, Resilient Modulus (indirect tension test), Resistance of compacted asphalt mixtures to moisture-induced damage, Characteristic evaluation</li> </ul>					
<b>Cement:</b> Desirable properties, test Cube compressive strength, Fine Characteristic evaluation <b>Concrete:</b> Desirable properties, re strength, Characteristic evaluation	rs (Virtual) - Consistency, Initial Setting Time, eness of cement, Specific gravity of ceme quirements, tests (Virtual) - Workability, Com	, Final Setting Time, nt, Soundness of npressive Strength, I	, Mortar cement, Flexural		

#### Module-3

# **Principles and Design of Pavements**

**Flexible Pavement:** Introduction, composition, factors governing design, design of flexible pavements as per IRC; Bituminous mix design (Marshall method), IIT Pave Software; Case study - Design Problem

**Rigid pavement:** Introduction, composition, factors governing design, DLC and PQC mix design; design of concrete pavements as per IRC; Joints; Case study – Design Problem

# Module-4

**Plants and Machinery:** Introduction; Asphalt Hot Mix Plant, Concrete Batching Plant, Wet Mix Macadam Plant, Earthmoving and Excavation Equipment, Paving Equipment, Slipform Paver, Paver Milling and Road Marking Equipment; Factors affecting output of Plant & Equipment; Initiatives to improve quality

**Construction Planning:** Concept of Highways, Planning; Schedules in Planning; Monitoring; Software in Planning

## Module-5

**Subgrade and Base Layer:** Construction Practices and Quality Control; Granular Sub-base Construction Activities; Cement Treated Sub-base Construction Activities

**Flexible Layers**: Wet Mix Macadam; Construction Practices of Wet Mix Macadam; Hot Mix Asphalt; Construction Practices of Hot Mix Asphalt Layer, Quality Control of Flexible Layers

**Rigid Layers:** Dry Lean Concrete; Construction Practices of Dry Lean Concrete; Pavement Quality Concrete; Construction Practices of Pavement Quality Concrete, Quality Control of Rigid Layers

**Pavement Evaluation:** Introduction, Pavement Condition Survey, Pavement Evaluation Functional and Structural, Distresses - Flexible and Rigid Pavement, Overlay Design of Flexible Pavement.

# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- 1. Develop an understanding of the fundamentals of pavement layer behaviour.
- 2. Comprehend the material specifications by interpreting the relationship between material properties and pavement behaviour.
- 3. Conduct different tests on road construction materials to evaluate their characteristics
- 4. Carry out the design of flexible and rigid pavements
- 5. Acquire skilful knowledge of pavement construction practices, plant and machinery selection and quality control

# **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

## Suggested Learning Resources: Books

- 1. Khanna, S.K., Justo, C.E.G and Veeraragavan, A, 'Highway Engineering', Revised 10th Edition, Nem Chand & Bros, 2017
- 2. Partha Chakraborty, "Principles of Transportation Engineering", PHI Learning,
- 3. Principles and Practices of Highway Engineering by Kadiyali L.R and Dr.Lal N.B., Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2003
- 4. Relevant IRC and IS Codes of Practices, MoRTH Specification

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• NPTEL and YouTube Videos.

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Visit to road construction site

WATER CONSERVATION	AND RAIN WATER HARVESTING	Semester	6		
Course Code	BCV654A	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0;0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40Hrs	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3		
Examination type (SEE)	Theory				
<ul> <li>Course objectives:</li> <li>Appreciate basic concept</li> <li>Learn elementary knowle</li> <li>Conceptually learn variourecharge</li> <li>Study about Subsurface in</li> </ul> Teaching-Learning Process (Generation of the series are sample Strategies, teacheration of the series of	s of Water and its importance. edge of ground water. us theories related to Groundwater rechannes investigation of Ground water. <b>Fral Instructions)</b> rs can use to accelerate the attainment of the end the concepts.	arge and Groundw various course outc	ater omes.		
Monsoon– types and behavior in In effective rains, dry spells and wet factors, hydrological cycle, Import sources, geographical distribution, water cycle, Surface water resource	ndia, rainfall – characteristics and distributi spells, critical dry spells, water loss from ance and issues relating water status Scen quality. Water (hydrological) cycle, influen es.	on, onset and withd the soil, measurem ario of water in Ka ce of human activit	rawal of ent and rnataka: y on the		
	Module-2				
<b>Elementary knowledge of ground water:</b> general aquifer. Water quality and its impact on human beings. Water harvesting: need, principles of water harvesting, general water harvesting methods - rain water harvesting - methods, classes, benefits, approach, rooftop rainwater harvesting , subsurface barrier/dykes, farm ponding, etc mostly used in rural areas					
	Module-3				
<b>Groundwater recharge.</b> Factors affecting groundwater recharge, Revival of traditional techniques for water harvesting. Calculation of available rain water for harvesting. Preparation of suitable technical drawing and design of rain water harvesting structure					
Module-4					
Elementary conservation of water: importance, knowledge regarding conservation/saving of water in daily use, in agriculture, in industries. Water Conservation strategies- Limiting the consumption, Reuse and recycling, Elimination of losses, Pollution prevention					
Subaunfage investigation of Course	Module-5				
general, geophysical methods and it. Water footprints- Blue water fo	nu water: s importance. Present law regarding water n otprint, green water footprint, grey wa	nanagement ter footprint. Sust	ainability		

assessment

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- 1. Learn Water and its importance
- 2. Analyze and Design of RCC composite Girder
- 3. Design of Substructure and Auxiliary components
- 4. Design of different types of foundations for bridges.
- 5. Concept of different types of execution methods of Bridges and Inspection, Monitoring & Maintenance of Bridges

## **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- 1. Relevant Indian Road Congress (IRC) codes and Ministry of Road Transport & Highway (MORT) Specifications
- 2. Concrete Bridge practice by V.K. Raina
- 3. Essentials of Bridge Engineering by D. Johnson Victor

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

NPTEL and YouTube Videos.

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Visit to water conservation and harvesting site

GEOGRAPHIC I	Semester	6	
Course Code	BCV654B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0;0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

## **Course objectives:**

- To introduce the fundamentals and components of Geographic Information System
- To provide details of spatial data structures and input, management and output processes.

## **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Chalk and talk
- 2. PPT
- 3. You Tube video lectures
- **4.** Open book test to understand the concepts..

## Module-1

Fundamentals of GIS: Introduction to GIS - Basic spatial concepts - Coordinate Systems - GIS and Information Systems -

Definitions– History of GIS - Components of a GIS – Hardware, Software, Data, People, Methods – Proprietary and open source Software - Types of data – Spatial, Attribute data- types of attributes – scales/ levels of measurements.

#### Module-2

# Spatial Data Models;

Database Structures – Relational, Object Oriented – Entities – ER diagram - data models - conceptual, logical and physical models - spatial data models – Raster Data Structures – Raster Data Compression - Vector Data Structures - Raster vs Vector Models- TIN and GRID data models.

## Module-3

## Data Input and Topology:

Scanner - Raster Data Input – Raster Data File Formats – Georeferencing – Vector Data Input –Digitiser – Datum Projection and reprojection -Coordinate Transformation – Topology - Adjacency, connectivity and containment – Topological Consistency – Non topological file formats - Attribute Data linking – Linking External Databases – GPS Data Integration

**Module-4** 

# Data Quality and Standards:

Data quality - Basic aspects - completeness, logical consistency, positional accuracy, temporal accuracy, thematic accuracy and lineage – Metadata – GIS Standards –Interoperability - OGC - Spatial Data Infrastructure.

Module-5

# Data Management and Output:

Import/Export – Data Management functions- Raster to Vector and Vector to Raster Conversion -Data Output - Map Compilation – Chart/Graphs – Multimedia – Enterprise Vs. Desktop GISdistributed GIS.

# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- 1. Have basic idea about the fundamentals of GIS.
- 2. Understand the types of data models.
- 3. Get knowledge about data input and topology.
- 4. Gain knowledge on data quality and standards.
- 5. Understand data management functions and data output

1

# **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4 Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- 1. Kang Tsung Chang, Introduction to Geographic Information Systems, McGraw Hill Publishing, 2nd Edition, 2011.
- 2. Ian Heywood, Sarah Cornelius, Steve Carver, Srinivasa Raju, "An Introduction Geographical Information Systems, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition,2007.
- 3. Lo.C.P., Albert K.W. Yeung, Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems, Prentice-Hall India Publishers, 2006

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• NPTEL VIDEOS.

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Visit to KSRSAC and ISRO

Integrated Waste M	anagement for a Smart City	Semester	6
Course Code	BCV654C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0;0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Lredits	U3 Theory	Exam Hours	6
Examination type (SEE)	Пеоту		
<ul><li>Course objectives:</li><li>To introduce the fundamental</li></ul>	ientals of Solid Waste Management		
<ul> <li>To provide details of Sus</li> </ul>	tainable Cities		
Understand the Sustaina	ble Development Goals.		
<ul> <li>Teaching-Learning Process (Generative Strategies, teacher 1. Chalk and talk</li> <li>2. PPT</li> <li>3. You Tube video lectures</li> <li>4. Open book test to understation</li> </ul>	eral Instructions) ars can use to accelerate the attainment of t and the concepts	he various course outo	comes.
	Module-1		
Introduction to Solid Waste Mana	agement		
Municipal Solid Waste Characterist	tics and Quantities generation rates and	waste composition: In	tegrated
waste management issues, collectio	n, recovery, reuse, recycling, energy-from-	waste, and landfilling:	8
	Module-2		
Biological treatment of the organ	ic waste fraction ;		
Direct land application, composting	, and anaerobic digestion.		
MSW Rules 2016, Swachh Bharat M	ission and Smart Cities Program		
	Module-3		
<b>Biochemical Processes and Comp</b>	oosting		
Energy Recovery from Municipal So	lid Waste.		
Current Issues in Solid Waste Mana	gement and Review of MSW Management	Status in First List of 2	20 Smart
Cities in the Country			
	Module-4		
Construction and Demolition (C&	D) Waste		
Management - Overview			
C&D Waste – Regulation, Beneficial	Reuse of C&D Waste Materials		
	Module-5		
Electronic Waste (E-Waste)			
Management – Issues and Status ir	n India and Globally, E-Waste Managemer	nt Rules 2016 and Mar	nagement
Challenges.			
Course outcome (Course Skill Set	)		
At the end of the course, the student	t will be able to :		
1. Understand basic idea abou	it Sustainable Development.		
2. Get knowledge about Susta	inable Cities.		
3. Gain knowledge on Saving I	Biodiversity.		
4. Understand Sustainable De	velopment Goals.		

# **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- 1. William A Worrell and P. Aarne Veslind Solid Waste Engineering, 2nd Edition (SI Edition) Cengage Learning, 2012 (ISBN-13: 978-1-4390-6217-3)
- 2. George Tchobanoglous, Hilary Theisen and Samuel A Vigil, Integrated Solid Waste management, Tata McGraw Hill
- 3. Manual on Solid Waste Management, prepared by The Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization(CPHEEO), India
- 4. MSW Management Rules 2016, Govt. of India, available online at CPCB website.
- 5. Electronic Waste Management Rules 2016, Govt. of India, CPCB website.

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• NPTEL VIDEOS.

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Visit to landfill and waste management site

# Annexure-II 1

SUSTAINABLE	DEVELOPMENT GOALS	Semester	6			
Course Code BCV654D CIE Marks						
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0;0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100			
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3			
Examination type (SEE)	Theory					
<ul> <li>Course objectives:</li> <li>To introduce the fundamentals and components of Sustainable Development</li> <li>To provide details of Sustainable Cities</li> <li>Understand the Sustainable Development Goals.</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Teaching-Learning Process (Generative Strategies, teacherative Strategies, teacherative</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</li> <li>These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</li> <li>1. Chalk and talk</li> <li>2. PPT</li> <li>3. You Tube video lectures</li> <li>4. Open book test to understand the concepts</li> </ul>					
	Module-1					
Introduction to Sustainable Develop Economic Growth and Progress, C Sustainable Development	oment Continuing Poverty, Environmental Threats, Module-2	Business as Usual	Versus			
Sustainable Cities						
The Patterns of Urbanization Arou Urban Resilience, Planning for Susta	and the World, development of Sustainable ninable Development.	city, Smart Infrast	ructure,			
Module-3						
Curbing Climate Change						
The Basic Science of Climate Change	e, Consequences, Mitigation, Adaptation, Mitiga	ation Policies:				
	Module-4					
Saving Biodiversity: Concept of Biodiversity, Biodiver Dynamics.	sity Under Threat, Oceans and Fisheries,	Deforestation Inte	rnational			
Module-5						
Sustainable Development Goals Introduction to Sustainable Development Goals, Goal-Based Development, Financing for Sustainable Development, Principles of Good Governance, Feasibility of Sustainable Development.						
Course outcome (Course Skill Set)						
<ul> <li>At the end of the course, the student</li> <li>1. Understand basic idea about</li> <li>2. Get knowledge about Sustai</li> <li>3. Gain knowledge on Saving F</li> <li>4. Understand Sustainable Devi</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>At the end of the course, the student will be able to :</li> <li>1. Understand basic idea about Sustainable Development.</li> <li>2. Get knowledge about Sustainable Cities.</li> <li>3. Gain knowledge on Saving Biodiversity.</li> <li>4. Understand Sustainable Development Goals.</li> </ul>					

# **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

## Suggested Learning Resources: Books

- 1. Ram Kumar Mishra, Ch Lakshmi Kumari, Sandeep Chachra, P.S. Janaki Krishna "Smart Cities for Sustainable Development" Springer, 2022 Edition
- 2. The Sustainable Development Goals Report 2020 Kindle Edition, Department of Economic and Social Affairs
- 3. 'The Sustainable Development Goals" Hardcover December 4, 2018 United Nations.

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• NPTEL VIDEOS.

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Visit to Industry to understand sustainability goals adopted

# Template for Practical Course and if AEC is a practical Course Annexure-V

Software Application Lab			Semester	6	
Course Code BCVL606		CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50	
Credits		01	Exam Hours	100	
Examin	nation type (SEE)	Practi	cal		
Course	objectives:				
•	Use industry standard software	in a professional set up.			
•	Understand the elements of fini	te element modelling, specification of los	ads and boundary condit	lon,	
	Develop sustemized automation	retation of results for final design.			
•	Develop customized automation	11 10015			
SI.NO		Experiments			
1	Analysis of plane trusses, cor	itinuous beams using software			
2	Analysis of portal frames usin	ng software			
	Understanding basic features	s of Project management software. C	onstructing Project: cr	eate	
3	WBS, Activities, and tasks and	d Computation Time using Excel spre	ead sheet and transfer	ring the	
	same to Project management	software.			
4	Identification of Predecessor	and Successor activities with constra	ain. Constructing Netw	vork	
	diagram (AUN Diagram) and	analyzing for Critical path,			
5	Critical activities and Other n options available	on-Critical paths, Project duration, F	loats. Study on variou	s View	
	Basic understanding about R	esource Creation and allocation g. Ur	derstanding about Spl	litting the	
6	activity, Linking multiple acti Baseline Project	vity, assigning Constrains, Merging N	Aultiple projects, Creat	ting	
7	GIS applications using open s	ource software: To create shape file	s for point, line and po	lygon	
	Computation of carthwork D	logign of horizontal surve by offect m	othod Docign of super		
8	elevation Using Excel	esign of norizontal curve by onset in	letilou, Desigli of super		
	Demonstration Experiments	For CIE )			
0					
9	Creating structural model an	d analysis of high rise structures			
10	Creating a model of building	and the effect of earth quake			
11	Create a model of large span roof and analyse				
12	12 Crate a plan and set of structural drawings for a multi-storied building				
Course	e outcomes (Course Skill Set):				
At the e	end of the course the student will	be able to:			
•	Use software for analysis and design of structural elements.				
•	Design using excel spread sheet				
•	modelling of structural elements	s of buildings			

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

## Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.

• Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners. General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners) Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

# Suggested Learning Resources:

• Training manuals and User manuals and Relevant course reference books

Building Information Modelling - Advanced		Semester	6
Course Code	BCV657A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	15	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	2
Examination type (SEE)	Practical		

# **Course objectives:**

- Understand the concept of Building Information Modelling
- Create the workflow followed in industry during creation of BIM 3D model which includes
- Building the discipline-based model and create the federated models

# **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Blackboard teaching
- 2. Power point Presentation
- 3. Videos, NPTEL materials
- 4. Quiz/Assignments/Open book test to develop skills.

## Exercise

- 1. 3-D modelling and its applications
- 2. Field BIM & Its Applications: Introduction to 4D / Field BIM: Concept of 4D, Introduction to construction sequence and project schedule, Project scheduling using Gantt Chart and its limitation, 4D BIM Modelling Project demo and workflow, Synchronization of 4D BIM
- 3. Model with project schedule, Reviewing project progress w.r.t planned dates and actual dates, Generation of Reports Application of Field BIM/ 4D BIM: Understanding concept and usage of BIM in field for coordination- 3D Coordination and Visual Communication, Site utilization planning and Construction analysis, Application of wearable's in coordination.
- 4. 3D Control and planning Other Applications of Field BIM/ 4D BIM: Concept and usages of BIM in field for safety, disaster and risk analysis, digital fabrication and scan to BIM, Existing Condition Modelling, Phase Planning, As-built/ Record Models

5. 5D BIM, AIM & Beyond BIM - Emerging Trends: 5D BIM: Introduction concepts of 5D BIM, Quantity take off with UoM, Concept of QTO with UoM, 5D BIM with UoM with cost, Quantity take off exercise, Demo of Quantity take off: Understanding QTO for Wall, Plaster & Tile, BIM Maturity LOD and General Practice of QTO, Cost Breakup structures,

- 6. 5D BIM and cost control AIM: Introduction to Asset Information Model (AIM), COBie structures and Asset Information Deliverables, Space Attributes and Asset Attributes-Examples with data, Asset requirement Discipline wise Infrastructure System, Classification code and Information Exchange, Information Exchange with Facility Management Beyond
- 7. BIM: Emerging Trends- Concepts of Industrialisation, IoT, Big Data, Data Analytics and their applications in BIM: Industrialisation of Construction through BIM- DfMA,
- 8. IoT in BIM, BIM and Big data, Data Analytics using AI & ML Future scope of BIM Applications: Smart Infrastructure and the need for connected infrastructure, Digital twins-Concepts and benefits,
- 9. National Digital Twin or a City level Digital Twin in a Smart City, Fundamental

requirements for the success of a Digital Twin and its uses, Digital Twin applications in diverse industries.

# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Prepare, read and interpret the drawings in a professional set up.
- 2. Know the procedures of submission of drawings and Develop working and submission drawings for building.
- 3. Plan of residential or public building as per the given requirements with details

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is

# Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be

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conducted between the schedules mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

1. The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

## Suggested Learning Resources: Books

- 1. ISO 19650 Building Information Modelling (BIM)
- 2. BIM Handbook Chuck Eastman, Paul Teicholz, Rafael Sacks, Kathleen Liston

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• E-learning content on L&T EduTech Platform.

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Create a plan of residential building and practice BIM tools

# TEMPLATE for AEC (if the course is a theory) Annexure-IV

Structural Health Monitoring Using Sensors		Semester	6
Course Code	BCV657A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	15	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	1
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

# **Course objectives:**

- To provide an understanding of the principles of SHM and its importance in the field of civil engineering.
- To familiarize students with different types of sensors used in SHM and their principles of operation
- To teach students how to design and implement a sensor-based monitoring system for a civil engineering structure.
- To provide students with the knowledge of data acquisition, processing, and analysis techniques for SHM.
- To demonstrate the application of SHM in the assessment of civil engineering structures

# **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- Blackboard teaching
- Power point Presentation
- Videos, NPTEL materials
- Quiz/Assignments/Open book test to develop skills.

# Module-1

**Introduction on SHM:** Introduction to Structural Health Monitoring, Definition and importance of SHM in civil engineering, History and evolution of SHM,SHM system components and their functions.

# Module-2

**Types of Sensors for Structural Health Monitoring:** Overview of different types of sensors, Principles of operation and selection of sensors for different structures, Advantages and disadvantages of different sensors, SHM using Optical Fibres and other sensors

## Module-3

**Structural Health Monitoring and Smart Materials:** Structural Health Monitoring versus Non Destructive Evaluation, Health Monitoring and Demolition Techniques, Long term health monitoring techniques, Understanding Piezoelectric materials

# Module-4

**Design of Sensor-based Monitoring System:** System design considerations, Sensor placement and installation, System calibration and validation

# Module-5

**Applications of Structural Health Monitoring:** Monitoring of buildings, bridges, and dams, Case studies of SHM applications in civil engineering, Future trends and challenges in SHM.

# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the concept of structural health monitoring and various methods applied for monitoring of structures and structural safety
- 2. Analyze the sensor systems in structural health monitoring.
- 3. Design and implement a sensor-based monitoring system for a civil engineering structure.
- 4. Apply the application of SHM in the assessment of engineering structures

# **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous internal Examination (CIE)**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

# Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examinations (SEE)

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is 01 hour. The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

OR

MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) are preferred for 01 credit courses, however, if course content demands the general question paper pattern that followed for 03 credit course, then

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 10 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module may or may not have the sub-questions (with maximum sub-questions of 02, with marks distributions 5+5, 4+6, 3+7).
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- 1. Daniel Balageas, Claus-Peter Fritzen, Alfredo Güemes, "Structural Health Monitoring", John Wiley and Sons, 2006
- 2. Douglas E Adams, "Health Monitoring of Structural Materials and Components", John Wiley and Sons, 2000
- 3. E-resources 1. E-learning content on L&T EduTech Platform

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• L&T EduTech Lecture Videos.

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Site visit to understand the structural health monitoring systems

# TEMPLATE for AEC (if the course is a theory) Annexure-IV

DATA ANALYTICS FOR CIVIL ENGINEERS		Semester	6
Course Code	BCV657C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	1;0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	20Hrs	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	1
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

## **Course objectives:**

- Get an overall view of data analysis based on CRISP-DM process model.
- Study data quality assessment and visualization techniques for data involving two attributes and for higher dimensional data.
- Understand principles of modelling by going through various data modelling techniques.
- Get a detailed account of data preparation phase.
- Study statistical concepts related to data analysis.
- Enable students to independently perform data analytic procedures on data pertaining to civil engineering using Excel and R.

## **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Chalk and Talk teaching.
- 2. Collection of data from allied fields of civil engineering and selecting appropriate data analytic method.
- 3. Use of ICT material to show graphical simulations related to dimension reduction, scattering, parallel plots , star diagrams, Radar plots etc....

#### Module-1

**Introduction to Data Analytics:** Data and knowledge, criteria to assess the knowledge, descriptive statistics of the data, inferential statistics, exploratory data analysis, knowledge discovery in data bases, data analysis processes, SEMMA, CRISP-DM, methods, tasks and tools.

## Module-2

**Understanding the Data** : Attribute understanding, kinds of attributes (nominal, interval, ratio types). Characteristics of one dimensional data, location measures, dispersion measures, and shape measures. Characteristic measures of multidimensional data, data quality, visual analytics of one dimensional data, density plots, box plots, scatter plots. Correlation and covariance. Methods for multidimensional data ( just briefing). *Analysis of data pertaining to civil engineering.* 

#### Module-3

**Principles of Data Modelling** : The four steps of modeling, model classes, black-box models, fitting criteria and score functions, error functions for classification problems, measure of interestingness, closed form algorithm for model fitting. Types of errors. Model validation (briefing on methods). *Modelling on the data specific to civil engineering*.

#### Module-4

**Data Preparation** : Selection of data, feature selection, selecting top ranked subset of data, cross product, wrapper approach, and correlation based filter. Cleaning data, improving data quality, dealing with missing values, construct data, providing operability, assuring impartiality and maximize efficiency. Complex data types. Implementation of methods on data specific to civil engineering.

#### Module-5

**Finding patterns in data**: Clustering – methods. Hierarchical clustering. Dissimilarity measures, Minkowisci, Euclidian, Manhattan, Chebyshev, and cosine. Deviation measures. Association rules. Brief introduction to self organizing maps. Implementation of methods on data specific to civil engineering.

# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate a sophisticated understanding of the concepts and methods; know the exact scopes and possible limitations of each methods and tasks involved. Apply CRISP-DM data analysis processes to civil engineering related data in decision making.
- 2. Apply appropriate data visualization techniques and perform correlation analysis on the real world data pertaining to allied areas of civil engineering.
- 3. Develop appropriate model for the data using the suitable algorithm and validate the so developed model using appropriate validation technique.
- 4. Decide on appropriate method/ technique for data preparation and provide operability by assuring impartiality and integrity to the given real world data drawn from various sub domains of civil engineering.
- 5. Perform similarity analysis using similarity metrics and to implement simple clustering techniques of the given data set in one and multiple dimensions.

# **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

# **Continuous internal Examination (CIE)**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester End Examinations (SEE)

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour.** The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

OR

MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) are preferred for 01 credit courses, however, if course content demands the general question paper pattern that followed for 03 credit course, then

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 10 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module may or may not have the sub-questions (with maximum sub-questions of 02, with marks distributions 5+5, 4+6, 3+7).
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. The duration of the examinations shall be defined by the concerned board of studies

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. Michel R. Berthold, Christian Borgelt, Frank Hoopner, Guide to Intelligent Data Analysis, Springer- Verlag

# TEMPLATE for AEC (if the course is a theory) Annexure-IV

Publications, ISBN 978-1-84882-259-7, DOI 10.1007/978-1-84882-260-3, London, 2010

- 2. Charles M.Zudd, Garry H.Mcchelland, Carry S.Ryan, Data Analysis: A Model Comparison Approach, Routledge Publication, NY, 2009.
- 3. Allan Agresty, An Introduction to Categorical Data Analysis, 2nd Edition, Wiley Publication.

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.kdnuggets.com
- www.kaggle.com
- www.datameer.com.

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Students in groups (not more than two)need to garner data pertaining to civil engineering from resources (Internet, standard Journal papers, experimental data....) apply all the methods learnt during the course, implement the methods using Excel and prepare a small report.

# TEMPLATE for AEC (if the course is a theory) Annexure-IV

Quality Control and Quality Assurance		Semester	6
Course Code	BCV657B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	15	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	1
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

# **Course objectives:**

- Appreciate the concept of Quality
- Articulate the Implication of Quality in construction
- Implement QA & QC Programs
- Realise the importance of QMS in Civil Engineering.

# **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Chalk and talk
- 2. Power point Presentation, video
- 3. Site Visit
- **4.** Industry interaction.

# Module-1

**Overview of Quality:** Quality History, Quality Definition, Quality Inspection, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Quality Engineering, Quality Management, Quality Gurus: Philip B. Crosby, W. Edwards Deming etc, PDCA Cycle, Costs associated with Quality, Reasons for Poor Quality

# Module-2

Quality Management: Management Practices: TQM, Vision and Quality policy, Quality Function Deployment, Bench marking and performance evaluation, ISO 9000 Quality Management System, ISO 14000 Environmental Management System

## Module-3

**Statistical Quality Control:** Importance of SQC in construction, Statistical parameters: sampling, population and sampling, measure of variability, measure of central tendency, Recommendations of IS 456:2000 on sampling, testing and acceptance criteria for concrete.

# Module-4

**QA and QC in Construction:** Errors in concrete construction; Frequency of material testing and reporting of basic construction materials (cement, sand, coarse aggregate, bricks, steel), Norms for accepting and rejecting criteria of basic construction materials as per relevant IS codes.

## Module-5

**On-Site Quality:** Achieving quality at different stages of construction: Conceptual Design, Preliminary Design, Detailed Design, Construction, Testing, Commissioning, and Handover. Quality assessment of concrete through NDT: rebound hammer and USPV tests and guidelines for accepting and rejecting.

# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Realize the importance of quality in construction
- 2. Apply SQC techniques in different aspects of construction
- 3. Implement QMS programs at different levels of construction

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous internal Examination (CIE)**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

# Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examinations (SEE)

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour.** The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

OR

MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) are preferred for 01 credit courses, however, if course content demands the general question paper pattern that followed for 03 credit course, then

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 10 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module may or may not have the sub-questions (with maximum sub-questions of 02, with marks distributions 5+5, 4+6, 3+7).
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

# Suggested Learning Resources:

# Books

- 1. Juran J M and Gryna F M, Quality Planning and Analysis
- 2. Hutchins G, John L Ashford, The Management of Quality in Construction
- 3. Mohamed A. El-Reedy, "Concrete and Steel Construction, Quality Control and Assurance", CRC Press, Taylor and Francis Group
- 4. M. S. Shetty, Concrete Technology, S Chand Publications
- 5. Relevant IS Codes

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- Online study material
- You Tube videos.

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Demonstrations of Videos
- Industrial visit preparation of checklists for different activities in construction
- Collection of typical reports on testing of basic construction materials