Annexure-III

Microcontrollers & Embedded Systems		Semester	6
Course Code	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3
Examination nature (SEE) Theory/practical			

Course objectives:

- Understand the architectural features and instruction set of 32 bit ARM microcontrollers.
- Apply instructions of assembly language for programming ARM.
- Interpret the basic hardware components and their selection method based on the characteristics and attributes of an embedded system.
- Explain the need of real time operating system for embedded system applications.
- Develop/test/Conduct the experiments on an ARM7TDMI/LPC2148 evaluation board using

Embedded 'C' and Keil Vision tool/Compiler

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer methods(L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software.
- 5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different approaches and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.

MODULE-1

Microprocessors versus Microcontrollers, ARM Embedded Systems: The RISC design philosophy, The ARM Design Philosophy, Embedded System Hardware, Embedded System Software, ARM Processor Fundamentals: Registers, Current Program Status Register, Pipeline, Exceptions, Interrupts, and the Vector Table, Core Extensions.

Text book 1: Chapter 1 - 1.1 to 1.4, Chapter 2 - 2.1 to 2.5 RBT: L1, L2

MODULE-2

Introduction to the ARM Instruction Set : Data Processing Instructions , Programme Instructions, Software Interrupt Instructions, Program Status Register Instructions, Coprocessor Instructions, Loading Constants

ARM programming using Assembly language: Writing Assembly code, Profiling and cycle counting, instruction scheduling, Register Allocation, Conditional Execution, Looping Constructs.

Text book 1: Chapter 3:Sections 3.1 to 3.6 (Excluding 3.5.2), Chapter 6(Sections 6.1 to 6.6) RBT: L1, L2

MODULE-3

Embedded System Components:

Embedded Vs General computing system, History of embedded systems, Classification of Embedded systems, Major applications areas of embedded systems, purpose of embedded systems

Core of an Embedded System including all types of processor/controller, Memory, Sensors, Actuators, LED, 7 segment LED display, stepper motor, Keyboard, Push button switch.

Text book 2:Chapter 1(Sections 1.2 to 1.6), Chapter 2(Sections 2.1 to 2.3) RBT: L1, L2

MODULE-4

Embedded System Design Concepts:

Characteristics and Quality Attributes of Embedded Systems, Operational quality attributes, nonoperational quality attributes, Embedded Systems-Application and Domain specific, Hardware Software Co-Design and Program Modelling.

Text book 2: Chapter-3, Chapter-4, Chapter-7 (Sections 7.1, 7.2 only), RBT: L1, L2

MODULE-5

RTOS and IDE for Embedded System Design:

Operating System basics, Types of operating systems, Task, process and threads (Only POSIX Threads with an example program), Thread preemption, Multiprocessing and Multitasking, Task Communication (without any program), Task synchronization issues – Racing and Deadlock, Concept of Binary and counting semaphores (Mutex example without any program), How to choose an RTOS, Integration and testing of Embedded hardware and firmware.

Text book 2: Chapter-10 (Sections 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4, 10.7, 10.8.1.1, 10.8.1.2, 10.8.2.2, 10.10 only), Chapter 12, RBT: L1, L2 08

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC

Conduct the following experiments by writing programs using ARM7TDMI/LPC2148 using an evaluation board/simulator/evaluation version of Embedded 'C' & Keil Uvision-4 tool/compiler. and the required software tool.

	1
Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Develop a program to multiply two 16 bit binary numbers.
2	Write a program to find the sum of first 10 integer numbers.
3	Write a program to find factorial of a number.
4	Write a program to add an array of 16 bit numbers and store the 32 bit result in internal RAM
5	Write a program to find the square of a number (1 to 10) using look-up table.
6	Write a program to find the largest/smallest number in an array of 32 numbers .
7	Display "Hello World" message using Internal UART.
8	Interface a Stepper motor and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction
9	Display the Hex digits 0 to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between
10	Interface a 4x4 keyboard and display the key code on an LCD.
Course	e outcomes (Course Skill Set):
At the e	end of the course, the student will be able to:
• Exp	lain the architectural features and instructions of ARM microcontroller
• App	ly the knowledge gained for Programming ARM for different applications.

- Demonstrate Interfacing of external devices and I/O with ARM microcontroller.
- Interpret the basic hardware components and their selection method based on the characteristics and attributes of an embedded system.
- Develop the hardware /software co-design and firmware design approaches.

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

• IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.

• CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.

• 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 220B4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.

• Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks)**.

• The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC. **CIE for the practical component of the IPCC**

• **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.

• On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.

• The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.

• The laboratory test **(duration 02/03 hours)** after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.

• Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.

• The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

4. Marks scoredby the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

1. Andrew N Sloss, Dominic Symes and Chris Wright, ARM system developers guide, Elsevier, Morgan Kaufman publishers, 2008.

2. Shibu K V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", Tata McGraw Hill Education, Private Limited, 2 nd Edition.

Reference Books:

1. Raghunandan..G.H, Microcontroller (ARM) and Embedded System, Cengage learning Publication,2019

2. The Insider's Guide to the ARM7 Based Microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd., 1st edition, 2005.

3. Steve Furber, ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, Second Edition, Pearson, 2015.

4. Raj Kamal, Embedded System, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2008.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105193/L01.html http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105159/L01.html http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105036/L01.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based Learning

• Develop and test program using ARM7TDMI/LPC2148 [5 marks]

• Demonstration of ARM7TDMI/LPC2148 evaluation board (with an experiment) using the evaluation version of Embedded 'C' & Keil Uvision-4 tool/compiler. [5 marks]

	CRYPTOGRAPHY	& NETWORK SECURITY	Semester	7	
	Course Code	BCY602	CIE Marks	50	
	Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	4:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
	Total Hours of Pedagogy	50	Total Marks	100	
	Credits	04	Exam Hours	3	
	Examination type (SEE)	Theory			
	 Course objectives: Understand the basics of Cryptography concepts, Security and its principle To analyse different Cryptographic Algorithms To illustrate public and private key cryptography To understand the key distribution scenario and certification To understand approaches and techniques to build protection mechanism in order to secure computer networks 				
	Teaching-Learning Process These are sample Strategies,	which teachers can use to accelerate t	the attainment o	fthe	
	Various course outcomes.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 1		
	1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative				
	effective teaching methods col	and be adopted to attain the outcomes.			
	2. Use of video/Animation to $\frac{1}{2}$	explain functioning of various concepts.			
	3. Encourage collaborative (Gr	oup Learning) Learning in the class.	1.1		
	4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes				
	critical thinking.				
	5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop				
	design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze				
	information rather than simply recall it.				
	6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.				
	7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and				
	encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.				
	8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it				
	helps improve the students' und	derstanding			
	9. Use any of these methods: Chalk and board, Active Learning, Case Studies				
\vdash		Module-1 10 hours			
	A model for Network Securit	y, Classical encryption techniques: System	mmetric cipher r	nodel,	
	Substitution ciphers-Caesar C	ipher, Monoalphabetic Cipher, Playfai	r Cipher, Hill C	ipher,	
	Polyalphabetic Ciphers, One time pad, Steganography.				
	Block Ciphers and Data Enc Encryption Standard (DES), A principles.	ryption Standards: Traditional Block (A DES Example, The strength of DES	Cipher structures 5, Block cipher o	, data design	
	Chapter 1: 1.8 Chapter 3: 3.1	, 3.2, 3.5 Chapter 4: 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4,	, 4.5		
		Module-2 10 hours			

Pseudorandom number Generators: Linear Congruential Generators, Blum Blum Shub Generator.

Public key cryptography and RSA: Principles of public key cryptosystems-Public key cryptosystems, Applications for public key cryptosystems, Requirements for public key cryptography, Public key Cryptanalysis, The RSA algorithm: Description of the Algorithm, Computational aspects, The Security of RSA.

Diffie-Hellman key exchange: The Algorithm, Key exchange Protocols, Man-in-the-middle Attack, Elliptic Curve Cryptography: Analog of Diffie-Hellman key Exchange, Elliptic Curve Encryption/Decryption, Security of Elliptic Curve Cryptography.

Chapter 8: 8.2 Chapter 9: 9.1, 9.2 Chapter 10: 10.1, 10.4

Module-3 10 hours

Applications of Cryptographic Hash functions, Two simple Hash functions, Key management and distribution: Symmetric key distribution using symmetric encryption, Symmetric key distribution using asymmetric encryption, Distribution of public keys, X.509 Certificates, Public Key Infrastructures.

Chapter 11: 11.1, 11.2 Chapter 14: 14.1, 14.2, 14.3, 14.4, 14.5

User Authentication: Remote user authentication principles, Kerberos, Remote user authentication using asymmetric encryption.

Web security consideration, Transport layer security.

Email Threats and comprehensive email security, S/MIME, Pretty Good Privacy.

Chapter 15: 15.1, 15.3, 15.4 Chapter 17: 17.1, 17.2 Chapter 19: 19.3, 19.4, 19.5

Module-5 10 hours

Domainkeys Identified Mail.

IP Security: IP Security overview, IP Security Policy, Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining security associations, Internet key exchange.

Chapter 19: 19.9 Chapter 20: 20.1, 20.2, 20.3, 20.4, 20.5

Course outcome

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of Cryptography and Security aspects

CO2: Apply different Cryptographic Algorithms for different applications

CO3: Analyze different methods for authentication and access control.

CO4: Explain key management, key distribution and Certificates.

CO5: Explain Electronic mail and IP Security.

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Books

Text Books:

William stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security", Pearson Publication, Seventh Edition.

References:

- 1. Keith M Martin, "Everyday Cryptography", Oxford University Press.
- 2. V.K Pachghare, "Cryptography and Network Security", PHI, 2nd Edition.

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Group (2 students] programming assignment to implement Cryptographic Algorithms [25 marks]

DIC DATA ANALYTICS Semester 6				
DIG DA	DIG DATA ANALI TICS		0	
Course Code	BCB613D	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3	
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory			

Course objectives:

- 1. To implement MapReduce programs for processing big data.
- 2. To realize storage and processing of big data using MongoDB, Pig, Hive and Spark.
- 3. To analyze big data using machine learning techniques.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.
- 6. Use any of these methods: Chalk and board, Active Learning, Case Studies.

MODULE-1

Classification of data, Characteristics, Evolution and definition of Big data, What is Big data, Why Big data, Traditional Business Intelligence Vs Big Data, Typical data warehouse and Hadoop environment.

Big Data Analytics: What is Big data Analytics, Classification of Analytics, Importance of Big Data Analytics, Technologies used in Big data Environments, Few Top Analytical Tools, NoSQL, Hadoop.

TB1: Ch 1: 1.1, Ch2: 2.1-2.5,2.7,2.9-2.11, Ch3: 3.2,3.5,3.8,3.12, Ch4: 4.1,4.2

MODULE-2

Introduction to Hadoop: Introducing hadoop, Why hadoop, Why not RDBMS, RDBMS Vs Hadoop, History of Hadoop, Hadoop overview, Use case of Hadoop, HDFS (Hadoop Distributed File System), Processing data with Hadoop, Managing resources and applications with Hadoop YARN(Yet Another Resource Negotiator). **Introduction to Map Reduce Programming:** Introduction, Mapper, Reducer, Combiner, Partitioner, Searching, Sorting, Compression.

TB1: Ch 5: 5.1-,5.8, 5.10-5.12, Ch 8: 8.1 - 8.8

MODULE-3

Introduction to MongoDB: What is MongoDB, Why MongoDB, Terms used in RDBMS and MongoDB, Data Types in MongoDB, MongoDB Query Language.

TB1: Ch 6: 6.1-6.5

MODULE-4

Introduction to Hive: What is Hive, Hive Architecture, Hive data types, Hive file formats, Hive Query Language (HQL), RC File implementation, User Defined Function (UDF).

Introduction to Pig: What is Pig, Anatomy of Pig, Pig on Hadoop, Pig Philosophy, Use case for Pig, Pig Latin Overview, Data types in Pig, Running Pig, Execution Modes of Pig, HDFS Commands, Relational Operators, Eval Function, Complex Data Types, Piggy Bank, User Defined Function, Pig Vs Hive.

TB1: Ch 9: 9.1-9.6,9.8, Ch 10: 10.1 - 10.15, 10.22

MODULE-5

Spark and Big Data Analytics: Spark, Introduction to Data Analysis with Spark.

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Text, Web Content and Link Analytics: Introduction, Text Mining, Web Mining, Web Content and Web Usage Analytics, Page Rank, Structure of Web and Analyzing a Web Graph.

TB2: Ch5: 5.2,5.3, Ch 9: 9.1-9.4

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Identify and list various Big Data concepts, tools and applications.
- 2. Develop programs using HADOOP framework.
- 3. Make Use of Hadoop Cluster to deploy Map Reduce jobs, PIG, HIVE and Spark programs.
- 4. Analyze the given data set and identify deep insights from the data set.
- 5. Demonstrate Text, Web content and link analytics.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.

The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered

Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.

For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

- Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).
- The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.
- The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books:

- Seema Acharya and Subhashini Chellappan "Big data and Analytics" Wiley India Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2019.
- 2. Rajkamal and Preeti Saxena, "Big Data Analytics, Introduction to Hadoop, Spark and Machine Learning", McGraw Hill Publication, 2019.

Reference Books:

- 1. Adam Shook and Donald Mine, "MapReduce Design Patterns: Building Effective Algorithms and Analytics for Hadoop and Other Systems" O'Reilly 2012
- 2. Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide" 4th Edition, O'reilly Media, 2015.
- 3. Thomas Erl, Wajid Khattak, and Paul Buhler, Big Data Fundamentals: Concepts, Drivers & Techniques, Pearson India Education Service Pvt. Ltd., 1st Edition, 2016
- 4. John D. Kelleher, Brian Mac Namee, Aoife D'Arcy -Fundamentals of Machine Learning for Predictive Data Analytics: Algorithms, Worked Examples, MIT Press 2020, 2nd Edition

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bAyrObl7TYE&list=PLEiEAq2VkUUJqp1k-g5W1mo37urJQOdCZ
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VmO0QgPCbZY&list=PLEiEAq2VkUUJqp1kg5W1mo37urJQOdCZ&in dex=4
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GG-VRm6XnNk https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Jgl02Nv_92A

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- 1. Implement MongoDB based application to store big data for data processing and analyzing the results [15 marks]
- 2. Install Hadoop and Implement the following file management such as Adding files and directories, Retrieving files, Deleting files and directories and execute Map- Reduce based programs.[10 marks]

Cloud Com	puting & Security	Semester	VI	
Course Code	BIS613D	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	(L: T:P: S) 3:0:0:0 SEE Marks			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 Total Marks			
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3	
Examination type (SEE)	Theory	7		
 Course objectives: Introduce the rationale Understand various mo Understand the design tradeoffs. Realize the importance 	behind the cloud computing revolu dels, types and challenges of cloud of cloud native applications, the ne of Cloud Virtualization, Abstractio	tion and the business of computing cessary tools and the on`s, Enabling Techno	drivers design ologies	
and cloud security			C	
 These are sample Strategies; we course outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) ne effective teaching meth 2. Use of Video/Animatic 3. Encourage collaborativ 4. Ask at least three HOT critical thinking. 5. Discuss how every con it helps improve the stude 6. Use any of these method 	hich teachers can use to accelerate te eds not to be only a traditional lect ods could be adopted to attain the or on to explain functioning of various e (Group Learning) Learning in the (Higher order Thinking) questions cept can be applied to the real worl ents' understanding. ds: Chalk and board, Active Learning	the attainment of the v ure method, but altern outcomes. concepts. e class. in the class, which pro d - and when that's po ing, Case Studies.	ative omotes ssible,	
	Module-1			
Distributed System Models Internet, Technologies for N Cloud Computing, Softwar Performance, Security and En Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.1	and Enabling Technologies: Sca etwork Based Systems, System M re Environments for Distributed ergy Efficiency. to 1.5	lable Computing Ove lodels for Distributed d Systems and Cl	er the l and ouds,	
	Module-2			
Virtual Machines and Virtual of Virtualization, Virtualiza CPU/Memory and I/O devices Data Center Automation. Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 to	lization of Clusters and Data Cen tion Structure/Tools and Mech Virtual Clusters and Resource Ma o 3.5	ters: Implementation aanisms, Virtualization nagement, Virtualization	Levels on of ion for	
	Module-3			
Cloud Platform Architectu Service Models, Data Center I	re over Virtualized Datacenter Design and Interconnection Networ	s: Cloud Computing ks, Architectural Desi	g and gn of	

Compute and Storage Clouds, Public Cloud Platforms: GAE, AWS and Azure, Inter-Cloud Resource Management.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 to 4.5

Module-4

Cloud Security: Top concern for cloud users, Risks, Privacy Impact Assessment, Cloud Data Encryption, Security of Database Services, OS security, VM Security, Security Risks Posed by Shared Images and Management OS, XOAR, A Trusted Hypervisor, Mobile Devices and Cloud Security.

Cloud Security and Trust Management: Cloud Security Defense Strategies, Distributed Intrusion/Anomaly Detection, Data and Software Protection Techniques, Reputation-Guided Protection of Data Centers.

Textbook 2: Chapter 11: 11.1 to 11.3, 11.5 to 11.8, 11.10 to 11.14

Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.6

Module-5

Cloud Programming and Software Environments:

Features of Cloud and Grid Platforms, Parallel and Distributed Computing Paradigms, Programming Support for Google App Engine, Programming on Amazon AWS and Microsoft, Emerging Cloud Software Environments.

Textbook 1: Chapter 6: 6.1 to 6.5

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Describe various cloud computing platforms and service providers.
- 2. Illustrate the significance of various types of virtualization.
- 3. Identify the architecture, delivery models and industrial platforms for cloud computing based applications.
- 4. Analyze the role of security aspects in cloud computing.
- 5. Demonstrate cloud applications in various fields using suitable cloud platforms.

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books:

- 1. Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C Fox, and Jack J Dongarra, Distributed and Cloud Computing, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier 2012
- 2. Dan C. Marinescu, Cloud Computing Theory and Practice, Morgan Kaufmann, 2nd Edition, Elsevier 2018

Reference Books:

- 1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and Thamrai Selvi, Mastering Cloud Computing McGrawHill Education, 1st Edition, 2017
- 2. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach, McGraw-Hill Education, 2017.
- 3. George Reese, Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud, O'Reilly Publication, 1st Edition, 2009
- 4. John Rhoton, Cloud Computing Explained: Implementation Handbook for Enterprises, Recursive Press, 2nd Edition, 2009.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://freevideolectures.com/course/4639/nptel-cloud-computing/1.
- https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLShJJCRzJWxhz7SfG4hpaBD5bKOloWx9J
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EN4fEbcFZ_E
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RWgW-CgdIk0
- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/virtualization-cloud-computing-types/
- https://www.javatpoint.com/cloud-service-provider-companies

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Installation of virtualization software (Virtual box, Xen etc..) and run applications with different OS.
 10 Marks
- Implement cloud applications using GAE, AWS, Azure/simulate cloud applications using Cloudsim/ Greencloud/ Cloud Analyst etc... - 15 Marks

Blockch	ain Technology	Semester	6		
Course Code BCS613A		CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		
Examination type (SEE)	Theory	1			
Course objectives: To Understand Blockcha To learn working princi To gain knowledge on E To learn blockchain Bas Contract Lifecycle	 Course objectives: To Understand Blockchain terminologies with its applications. design To learn working principles of Blockchain and methodologies used in Bitcoin To gain knowledge on Ethereum Network, Wallets, Nodes, Smart contract & DApps To learn blockchain Based Application Architecture using Hyperledger and the Smart Contract Lifecycle 				
 Teaching-Learning Process (Gen These are sample Strategies, which outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) needs teaching methods could be 2. Use of Video/Animation/E 3. Encourage collaborative (C 4. Ask at least three HOT (Hig thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Lean thinking skills such as the than simply recall it. 6. Use animations/videos to 	eral Instructions) teachers can use to accelerate the atta on to be only a traditional lecture me adopted to attain the outcomes. emonstration to explain functioning of Group Learning) Learning in the class. gher order Thinking) questions in the c rning (PBL), which fosters students' An ability to design, evaluate, generalize, a help the students to understand the con	inment of the various co thod, but alternative effo `various concepts. lass, which promotes cr alytical skills, develop d nd analyze information ncepts.	ourse ective itical esign rather		
	Module-1				
Distributed systems, CAP theorem Introduction to blockchain, Vari blockchain, Features of a blockc technology, Consensus in blockc blockchain. Chapter 1	, Byzantine Generals problem, Consens ous technical definitions of blockch hain, Applications of blockchain tecl chain, CAP theorem and blockchain,	us. The history of block ains, Generic elements nology, Tiers of block Benefits and limitatio	chain, of a cchain ns of		
	Module-2				
Decentralization using blockchain, Methods of decentralization, Blockchain and full ecosystem decentralization, Smart contract, Decentralized organizations, Decentralized autonomous organizations, Decentralized autonomous corporations, Decentralized autonomous societies Decentralized applications, Platforms for decentralization. Cryptographic primitives: Symmetric cryptography, Asymmetric cryptography, Public and private keys, Hash functions: Compression of arbitrary messages into fixed length digest, Easy to compute, Pre-image resistance, Second pre-image resistance, Collision resistance, Message Digest (MD),Secure Hash Algorithms (SHAs), Merkle trees, Patricia trees, Distributed hash tables (DHTs), Digital signatures, Elliptic Curve Digital signature algorithm (ECDSA).					
Chapter 2, Chapter 5: pg:50-10	JJ				

Module-3

Bitcoin, Bitcoin definition, Transactions, The transaction life cycle, The transaction structure, Types of transaction, The structure of a block , The structure of a block header, The genesis block, The bitcoin network, Wallets, Smart Contracts-History, Definition, Ricardian contracts, Smart contract templates, Oracles, Smart Oracles, Deploying smart contracts on a blockchain, The DAO.

Chapter 4:pg:111-148, Chapter 6

Module-4

Ethereum 101, Introduction, Ethereum clients and releases, The Ethereum stack, Ethereum blockchain, Currency (ETH and ETC), Forks, Gas, The consensus mechanism, The world state, Transactions, Contract creation transaction, Message call transaction, Elements of the Ethereum blockchain , Ethereum virtual machine (EVM), Accounts, Block, Ether, Messages, Mining, The Ethereum network. Hands-on: Clients and wallets –Geth.

Chapter 7: pg: 210-227, 235-269

Module-5

Hyperledger, Hyperledger as a protocol, Fabric, Hyperledger Fabric, Sawtooth lake, Corda.

Chapter 9

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- 1. Explain the Blockchain terminologies with its applications. design
- 2. Illustrate the working principles of Blockchain and the Smart Contract Lifecycle
- 3. Demonstrate the principles and methodologies used in Bitcoin
- 4. Develop Ethereum Network, Wallets, Nodes, Smart contract and DApps.
- 5. Make use of Hyperledger in Blockchain Based Application Architecture.

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. Imran Bashir. "Mastring BlockChain", Third Edition, Packt – 2020.

Reference Book

1. Andreas M., Mastering Bitcoin: Programming the Open Blockchain – O'rielly – 2017.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106104220
- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/blockchain/
- https://www.tutorialspoint.com/blockchain/index.htm

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Course Project: Covers the implementation of the major concepts outlined in the syllabus – 25 Marks

Wireless and Mobile De	vice Security	Semester	VI
Course Code	BCY613D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)		Theory	
 Course objectives: Understand the evolution of wie economic impacts. Learn about mobile communication. Analyse WLAN fundamentals, Explore security measures for Value of the economic in the economic of the econ	ared and wireless network ation technologies and a vulnerabilities, and thre WLANs and mobile dev	ks and their societal ssociated security ch at scenarios. ices.	and allenges.
 Teaching-Learning Process (Gene These are sample strategies; which teac course outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) does not r types of teaching methods may 2. Utilize video/animation films to 3. Promote collaborative learning 4. Pose at least three HOT (High critical thinking. 5. Incorporate Problem-Based Led develop their ability to evalua merely recalling it. 6. Introduce topics through multip 7. Demonstrate various ways to devise their own creative soluti 8. Discuss the real-world applic comprehension. 9. Use any of these methods: Cha 	Tral Instructions) chers can use to accelerate mean only the traditional be adopted to achieve the o illustrate the functioning (Group Learning) in the er Order Thinking) quest earning (PBL) to foster ate, generalize, and ana ple representations. solve the same problem ions. lications of every con- ilk and board, Active Lear	e the attainment of the lecture method, but he outcomes. Ing of various concepted class. tions in the class to students' analytical st lyze information ration m and encourage st ncept to enhance arning, Case Studies	e various different ts. stimulate skills and ther than udents to students'
Ma	odule-1 8 Hours		
Evolution of Data and Wired Netwo The Evolution of Data Networks: The Networks; The Internet Revolution; Ad Computers Go Mobile; Convergence of Addressed by Wireless Networking; IF Considerations and Cybercrime Evolut The Evolution of Wired Networking Reference Model; Layers of the OSI M Networking; Economic Impact of Wire Warehousing, Retail, and Knowledge T Introduction	rking ne Dawn of Data Commu dvances in Personal Com of Mobile and Data Netw P Mobility and BYOD Ir tion; to Wireless Networkin Model; Transition from W eless Networking; Appli Work; WiFi Impact on I	inication; Early Data puters and Mobile I orks; Business Chal npact; Security ag: Networking and 0 /ired to Wireless cations in Health Ca Developing Nations a	n Phones; lenges OSI re, and IoT
 	odule-2 8 Hours		

The Mobile Revolution and Security Threats

The Mobile Revolution: Cellular Communication and Coverage; Frequency Sharing and Handoff; Evolution of Mobile Networks (1G to 4G/LTE); BYOD and Economic Impact of Mobility; Business Use Cases for Mobile Networking;

Security Threats Overview: Threat Categories: Confidentiality, Integrity, Availability; Wireless and Mobile Device Threats: Data Theft, System Access; Risk Mitigation and BYOD for SMBs; Security Standards and Regulatory Compliance (ISO, NIST, PCI DSS);

Module-3 8 Hours

WLAN Fundamentals and Threat Analysis:

How Do WLANs Work? WLAN Topologies, Service Sets, and Standards; Wireless Access Points (WAPs) and Antennas; Coverage Area Determination and Site Surveys; Spectrum and Protocol Analysis;

WLAN and IP Networking Threat and Vulnerability Analysis: Types of Attackers: Insiders vs. Outsiders; Physical Security, Social Engineering, and Wardriving; Rogue Access Points and Bluetooth Vulnerabilities; Malicious Data Insertion, Denial of Service, and Peer to Peer Hacking;

Module-4 Hours

WLAN Security Measures

Basic WLAN Security Measures: Design and Implementation for Security; Authentication, MAC Filters, VPN, and VLANs; Wired Equivalent Privacy, WPA, WPA2; Ongoing Management Considerations (Firmware, Physical Security);

Advanced WLAN Security Measures: Comprehensive Security Policies; Authentication and Access Control (EAP, RADIUS); Intrusion Detection/Prevention Systems and Protocol Filtering; Advanced Data Protection: WPA2 Modes, VPN, IPsec; User Segmentation, VLANs, DMZ Segmentation; Device and Network Management;

Module-5 8 Hours

Advanced Mobile Security and Risk Management

WLAN Auditing Tools: Discovery Tools (NetStumbler, Kismet); Penetration Testing Tools (Metasploit, Aircrackng); Network Enumerators, Protocol Analyzers, and Attack Tools;

WLAN and IP Network Risk Assessment: Risk Assessment Methodologies and Stages; Security Risk Analysis and Audits; Legal Requirements and IT Security Management;

Mobile Communication Security Challenges: Mobile Phone Threats: Exploits, Tools, and Techniques; Security Architectures: Android, iOS, Windows Phone; BYOD and Enterprise Mobility Management;

Mobile Device Security Models: Security Models: Android, iOS, Windows Phone; Device Management, Encryption, and Handoff Challenges;

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to: 1. Explain the evolution and impact of wired and wireless networks.

- 2. Identify and categorize security threats to wireless and mobile networks.
- 3. Design and implement security measures for WLANs and mobile devices.
- 4. Utilize security tools for auditing and penetration testing.
- 5. Develop strategies to manage risks in mobile and wireless communication systems.

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

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- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
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- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text book

 J. Doherty, Wireless and Mobile Device Security. Jones & Bartlett Learning, 2nd edition Dec. 2021.

Reference Books:

Reference book

- 1. M. S. Obaidat, A. Anpalagan, I. Woungang, and S. Misra, *Security and Privacy in Wireless and Mobile Networks*. MDPI, 2021.
- 2. M. Zinkus, T. M. Jois, and M. Green, "Data Security on Mobile Devices: Current State of the Art, Open Problems, and Proposed Solutions," *arXiv*, 2021. [Online]. Available: https://arxiv.org/abs/2105.12613
- 3. J. Stevenson, Mobile Offensive Security Pocket Guide: A Quick Reference Guide for Android and iOS. Independently Published, 2022.

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- 1. Use any WLAN simulator tools to demonstrate the working of RADIUS protocol (10 marks)
- 2. Students in a group of TWO or THREE are expected to prepare report on different Intrusion Detection and Prevention techniques. (15)

INTRODUCTION TO DATA	STRUCTURES	Semester	6	
Course Code	BCS654A	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03	
Examination type (SEE)]	'heory		
Course Objectives: Introduce primitive and non- Understand the various types Study various searching and s Assess appropriate data strusolving Teaching-Learning Process (General Structure)	primitive data structure of data structure along sorting algorithms uctures during prograr ral Instructions)	es their operations n development / p	oroblem	
 These are sample strategies; which teac course outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) does not methods may 2. Utilize video/animation films to a promote collaborative learning 4. Pose at least three HOT (Higher critical thinking. 5. Incorporate Problem-Based Lead develop their ability to evaluate merely recalling it. 6. Introduce topics through multip 7. Demonstrate various ways to devise their own creative soluti 8. Discuss the real-world applic comprehension. 9. Use any of these methods: Chain 	hers can use to accelerate nean only the traditional be adopted to achieve th o illustrate the functionin (Group Learning) in the er Order Thinking) quest arning (PBL) to foster s ate, generalize, and anal ole representations. solve the same problem ons. ications of every con lk and board, Active Lear	the attainment of the lecture method, but of e outcomes. g of various concepts class. ions in the class to st tudents' analytical sk yze information rath and encourage stud cept to enhance st rning, Case Studies.	various different s. timulate cills and her than dents to students'	
	Module-1			
Arrays: Introduction, One-Dimensional Dimensional Arrays, Multidimensional	al Arrays, Two-Dimensic l arrays.	nal Arrays, Initializir	ng Two-	
Pointers: Introduction, Pointer Concepts, Accessing Variables through Pointers, Pointer Applications, Dynamic Memory Allocation Functions.				
Structures and Unions: Introduction, Declaring Structures, Giving Values to Members, Structure Initialization, Comparison of Structure Variables, Arrays of Structures, Arrays within Structures, Nested Structures, Unions, Size of Structures.				
Textbook 1: Ch. 8.1 to 8.5, Ch. 12.1 to 12.8, 12.10, 12.11. Textbook 2: Ch. 2.1 to 2.3, 2.5, 2.9.				
	Module-2			

Stacks: Introduction, Stack Operations, Stack Implementation using Arrays, Applications of Stacks.

Queues: Introduction, Queue Operations, Queue Implementation using Arrays, Different Types of Queues: Circular Queues, Double-Ended Queues, Priority Queues, Applications of Queues.

Textbook 2: Ch. 6.1 to 6.3, Ch. 8.1 to 8.2.

Module-3

Linked Lists: Introduction, Singly Linked List, Self-Referential Structures, Operations on Singly Linked Lists: Insert-Delete-Display, Implementation of Stacks and Queues using Linked List, Concatenate two Lists, Reverse a List without Creating a New Node, Static Allocation Vs Linked Allocation.

Circular Singly Linked List: Introduction, Operations: Insert-Delete-Display.

Textbook 2: Ch. 9.1 to 9.2, 9.3 (Only 9.3.1 to 9.3.5, 9.3.11 to 9.3.12), 9.4 to 9.5.

Module-4

Trees: Introduction, Basic Concepts, Representation of Binary Trees, Operations on Binary Trees: Insertion-Traversals-Searching-Copying a Tree, Binary Search Trees, Operations on Binary Search Trees: Insertion-Searching-Find Maximum and Minimum Value-Count Nodes, Expression Trees.

Textbook 2: Ch. 10.1 to 10.4, 10.5 (Only 10.5.1, 10.5.2, 10.5.3.1, 10.5.3.2, 10.5.3.4), 10.6.3.

Module-5

Sorting: Introduction, Bubble Sort, Selection Sort, Insertion Sort.

Searching: Introduction, Linear Search, Binary Search.

Textbook 1: Ch. 17.1, 17.2.6, 17.3.2. **Textbook 2:** Ch. 11.1 to 11.3, 11.10.1.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Develop C programs utilizing fundamental concepts such as arrays, pointers and structures.
- 2. Apply data structures like stacks and queues to solve problems.
- 3. Develop C programs using linked lists and their various types.
- 4. Explain the fundamental concepts of trees and their practical applications.
- 5. Demonstrate different sorting and searching algorithms and determine their algorithmic complexities.

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- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

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- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books:

- 1. E Balagurusamy, "C Programming and Data Structures", 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2007.
- 2. A M Padma Reddy, "Systematic Approach to Data Structures using C", 9th Revised Edition, Sri Nandi Publications, 2009.

Reference Books:

- 1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, "Fundamentals of Data Structures in C", 2nd Edition, Universities Press, 2014.
- 2. Seymour Lipschutz, "Data Structures Schaum's Outlines", Revised 1st Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2014.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DFpWCl_49i0
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x7t_-ULoAZM
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I37kGX-nZEI
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XuCbpw6Bj1U
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R9PTBwOzceo

- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qH6yxkw0u78</u>
- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105085/
- <u>https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec19_cs04/preview</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Develop C programs that focus on Data Structure concepts such as arrays, pointers, structures, stacks, queues, linked lists, trees as well as, sorting and searching algorithms (25 Marks).

FUNDAMENTALS OF OPER	ATING SYSTEMS	Semester	6
Course Code	BCS654B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)		Theory	
 Course objectives: To demonstrate the need and of To discuss suitable techniques To analyse different memory, Teaching-Learning Process (Generation of the series are sample strategies; which teaching evidences and the series of the	different types of OS s for management of different storage, and file system eral Instructions) achers can use to accelera	erent resources management strategi te the attainment of th	es. ne various
 types of teaching methods may Utilize video/animation films Promote collaborative learning Pose at least three HOT (High critical thinking. Incorporate Problem-Based L develop their ability to evalu merely recalling it. Introduce topics through multi Demonstrate various ways to devise their own creative solur Discuss the real-world app comprehension. Use any of these methods: Ch 	y be adopted to achieve to to illustrate the functioning (Group Learning) in the her Order Thinking) que cearning (PBL) to foster uate, generalize, and an iple representations. to solve the same problections. plications of every co alk and board, Active Le	he outcomes. ng of various concep e class. stions in the class to students' analytical alyze information ra m and encourage st oncept to enhance earning, Case Studies	ts. stimulate skills and ther than udents to students'
	Module-1		
Introduction: What operating syst System Organization, Computer Syste Management	ems do; Computer System architecture; Operatin	stem organization; g System operations;	Computer Resource
Operating System Structures: Op interface; System calls, Application P	perating System Servies Program Interface, Types	, User and Operatin of system calls;	g System
Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3 2.3.3)	3,1.4, 1.5 Chapter 2: 2.1	1, 2.2 (2.2.1, 2.2.2), 2	2.3 (2.3.2,
	Module-2		
Process Management : Process cor Interprocess Communication	ncept; Process schedulin	ng; Operations on p	processes;
Multi-threaded Programming: Ove	rview; Multithreading m	odels, Thread Librar	ies
Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1-3.4, Cha	apter 4: 4.1, 4.3 5, 4.4		
	Module-3		

CPU Scheduling: Basic Concepts, Scheduling criteria, Scheduling algorithms, Thread Scheduling,

Process Synchronization: Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization;

Textbook 1: Chapter 5: 5.1, 5.2, 5.3.1, 5.3.2, 5.3.3, 5.3.4, 5.4 Chapter 6: 6.1, 6.2., 6.3, 6.6

Module-4

Deadlocks: System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock.

Memory Management: Background; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table

Textbook 1: Chapter 8: 8.1-8.8 Textbook 1: Chapter 9: 9.1-9.4 (9.4.1, 9.4.2)

Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement;

File System Interface: File concept; Access methods; Directory Structure, Protection, File System Implementation: File System Structure, File System Operations,

File System Internals: File Systems, File System Mounting; Partition and Mounting, File sharing;

Textbook 1: Chapter 10: 10.1-10.3, 10.4 (10.4.1, 10.4.2, 10.4.4.) Chapter 13: 13.1, 13.2, 13.3 (13.3.1, 13.3.2, 13.3.3), 13.4 (13.4.1, 13.4.2) Chapter 15: 15.1-15.4

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain the fundamentals of operating systems.
- 2. Apply appropriate CPU scheduling algorithm for the given scenarios.
- 3. Analyse the various techniques for process synchronization and deadlock handling.
- 4. Apply the various techniques for memory management
- 5. Analyse the importance of File System Mounting and File Sharing

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Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

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- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 10th edition, Wiley-India, 2015

Reference Books

- 2. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition, 2010
- **3.** D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw-Hill, 2013, P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.
- 4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson, 2008

Reference Books:

- 1. Akshay Kulkarni, Adarsha Shivananda, "Natural Language Processing Recipes -Unlocking Text Data with Machine Learning and Deep Learning using Python", Apress, 2019.
- 2. T V Geetha, "Understanding Natural Language Processing Machine Learning and Deep Learning Perspectives", Pearson, 2024.

3. Gerald J. Kowalski and Mark.T. Maybury, "Information Storage and Retrieval systems", Kluwer Academic Publishers.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1.https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105214/ 2.https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102132/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Students are expected to prepare animated PPT to illustrate the different types of Process Scheduling and Paging. (10 Marks)
- Students are required to prepare detailed case study report on Deadlocks **OR** Students can illustrate deadlock using any programming language (15 Marks)

MOBILE APP	LICATION DEVELOPMENT	Semester	6
Course Code	BIS654C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
Course objectives:			
Create, test and debug And	oid application by setting up Android	l development	
environment.			
Implement adaptive, respon	sive user interfaces that work across	a wide range of	
devices.			
Infer long running tasks and	l background work in Android applic	ations	
Demonstrate methods in sto	oring, sharing and retrieving data in A	ndroid	
applications			
Analyze performance of and	droid applications		
Describe the steps involved	in publishing Android application to	share with the	
world.	in paciforning i marcia approarion to		
 Chalk and board, power po Chalk and board, power po Online material (Tutorials) Demonstration of setup An programing examples. Illustrate user interfaces for 	int presentations and video lectures. droid application development enviro r interacting with apps and triggering	onment & actions	
	Module-1	A 1 1	
Introduction to Android OS: Andro Ecosystem – Android versions – A Architecture Stack Linux Kernel. System – Java JDK Android SDK – A Devices (AVDs) – Emulators Dalvi DVM – Steps to Install and Configur	Android Activity – Open Handset Allia Android Activity – Features of And Configuration of Android Environr Android Development Tools (ADT) – k Virtual Machine – Differences be re Eclipse and SDK.	ance – Android Iroid – Android nent: Operating Android Virtua tween JVM and	1. d g 1 d
(Chapters 1 & 2)			
	Module-2		
Create the first android application	on: Directory Structure. Android	User Interface	:
Understanding the Components of a	screen-Linear Layout - Absolute I	Layout – Frame	
Layout Relative Layout – Table Lay	out.		
(Chapters 3 & 4)			

Module-3

TEMPLATE for AEC (if the course is a theory) Annexure-IV

Designing User Interface with View – Text View – Button – Image Button – Edit Text Check Box – Toggle Button – Radio Button and Radio Group – Progress Bar – Auto complete Text View – Spinner – List View – Grid View – Image View - Scroll View – Custom Toast – Alert – Time and Date Picker.

(Chapter 5)

Module-4

Activity: Introduction – Intent – Intent filter – Activity life cycle – Broadcast life cycle Service. Multimedia: Android System Architecture – Play Audio and Video – Text to Speech.

(Chapters 6 & 7)

Module-5

SQLite Database in Android: SQLite Database – Creation and Connection of the database – Transactions. Case Study: SMS Telephony and Location Based Services.

(Chapters 8, 9, & 10)

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain Mobile Application Ecosystem like concepts, architecture, and lifecycle of mobile applications on Android
- 2. Identify the key components of mobile application frameworks and development tools.
- 3. Apply design principles to create intuitive and responsive user interfaces using appropriate UI/UX tools.
- 4. Develop Functional Mobile Applications -Integrate core functionalities such as layouts, event handling, navigation, and multimedia support into applications.
- 5. Implement local data storage mechanisms (SQLite, Shared Preferences) and external databases (Firebase, APIs) for mobile applications.

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous internal Examination (CIE)

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is projectbased then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examinations (SEE)

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour.** The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

OR

MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) are preferred for 01 credit courses, however, if course content demands the general question paper pattern that followed for 03 credit course, then

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 10 marks.
- There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module may or may not have the sub-questions (with maximum sub-questions of 02, with marks distributions 5+5, 4+6, 3+7).
- **3.** The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Suggested Learning Resources:

- Books
- 1. TEXT BOOK 1. Prasanna Kumar Dixit, "Android", Vikas Publishing House Private Ltd., Noida, 2014.
- 2. REFERENCE BOOKS

 Reto Meier and Wrox Wiley, "Professional Android 4 Application Development", 2012.
 ZiguradMednieks, LaridDornin, G.BlakeMeike, Masumi Nakamura, "Programming Andriod", O'Reilly, 2013.

3. Robert Green, Mario Zechner, "Beginning Android 4 Games Development", Apress Media LLC, New York, 2011

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

TEMPLATE for AEC (if the course is a theory) Annexure-IV

- .<u>https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/android-tutorial/</u>
- https://developer.android.com/
- <u>https://www.tutorialspoint.com/android</u>
- https://www.w3schools.blog/android-tutorial

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning:

1. Programming exercises, fostering the practical application of theoretical concepts. [25 marks]

INTRODUCTION TO ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE		Semester	6
Course Code	BAI654D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course objectives:

- To understand the primitives of AI
- To familiarize Knowledge Representation Issues

• To understand fundamentals of Statistical Reasoning, Natural Language Processing.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample strategies; which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods may be adopted to achieve the outcomes.
- 2. Utilize video/animation films to illustrate the functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Promote collaborative learning (Group Learning) in the class.
- 4. Pose at least three HOT (Higher Order Thinking) questions in the class to stimulate critical thinking.
- 5. Incorporate Problem-Based Learning (PBL) to foster students' analytical skills and develop their ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than merely recalling it.
- 6. Introduce topics through multiple representations.
- 7. Demonstrate various ways to solve the same problem and encourage students to devise their own creative solutions.
- 8. Discuss the real-world applications of every concept to enhance students' comprehension.
- 9. Use any of these methods: Chalk and board, Active Learning, Case Studies

Module-1

What is artificial intelligence? Problems, Problem Spaces, and search **Text Book 1: Ch 1, 2**

Module-2

Knowledge Representation Issues, Using Predicate Logic, representing knowledge using Rules.

Text Book 1: Ch 4, 5 and 6.

Module-3

Symbolic Reasoning under Uncertainty, Statistical reasoning Text Book 1: Ch 7, 8

Module-4

Game Playing, Natural Language Processing

Text Book 1: Ch 12 and 15

Module-5

Learning, Expert Systems.

Text Book 1: Ch 17 and 20

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Identify the problems where the adaptation of AI has significant impact.
- 2. Analyse the different approaches of Knowledge Representation.
- 3. Explain Symbolic Reasoning under Uncertainty and Statistical reasoning.
- 4. Derive the importance of different types of Learning Techniques.
- 5. Explain Natural Language Processing and Expert System.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is projectbased then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books:

1. E. Rich, K. Knight & S. B. Nair, Artificial Intelligence, 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill.,2009

Reference Books

2. Stuart Rusell, Peter Norving, Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education

- **3.** Dan W. Patterson, Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems, 1st Edition,Prentice Hal of India, 2015
- **4.** G. Luger, Artificial Intelligence: Structures and Strategies for complex problem Solving, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.
- 5. N.P. Padhy "Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems", Oxford University Press, 2015

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106102220
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105077
- 3. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105158/
- 4. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106140/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Apply NLP steps for any given real time scenario. Students are expected to document different NLP steps and their output for the given scenario. Students can use python or any programming language of their choice. (10 Marks)
- Students are expected to identify different case studies/scenarios where expert systems can be adopted. Students need to prepare a report on any one case study. (15 marks)

Network Security Lab Semester				VI
Course Code		BCYL606	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits 01			Exam Hours	100
Examinat	tion type (SEE)	Practica	al	
Course o	bjectives:			
•]	To get Practical exposure of Substitution Techniques			
•]	Го get Practical exposure on Syr	nmetric Cryptographic Algorithms		
•]	Го get Practical exposure on Asy	mmetric Cryptographic Algorithms		
• SI.NO	• Experiments (Implement using C/C++/Java Programming Languages)			
1	Implement Caesar Cipher substitution method			
2	Implement Mono alphabetic cipher with the given key and input			
3	Implement Poly alphabetic Cipher			
4	Encrypt the given text using Play fair Cipher with the given key. Also perform the decryption operation			
5	Implement Encryption and Decryption techniques in Hill Cipher			
6	Demonstrate Single and Double Transposition techniques			
7	Implement Simple DES/DES Algorithm			
8	Generate Pseudo random numbers using Linear Congruential method			
9	Generate Pseudo random numbers using Blum Blum Shub Generator			
10	Implement RSA Algorithm			
11	Demonstrate Diffie Hellman Key exchange Algorithm			
12	Implement Fermat's and E	uler's Theorem (Course Instructor n	eed to explain the the	eorem
	before execution as the topic not covered in Theory part)			
Course o At the en	Course outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:			

- Implement Substitution Ciphers
- Design the various Transposition Techniques
- Demonstrate the working of various Symmetric Cipher algorithms
- Demonstrate the working of various aymmetric Cipher algorithms

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.

• Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

- <u>https://www.bugcrowd.com/glossary/symmetric-encryption-algorithms/</u>
- <u>https://www.ibm.com/think/topics/symmetric-encryption</u>
- https://www.wikihow.com/Create-Substitution-Ciphers

	Industrial	Cyber Security	Semester	6
Course Code		BCYL657A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits		01	Exam Hours	100
Examin	ation type (SEE)	Practical		
Course	objectives:			
•	To demonstrate network traffic	analysis and intrusion detection.		
•	To understand security for ICS	and PLC environments.		
•	• To gain knowledge on configuration files for firewalls and Web systems.			
•	To conduct experiments for Inc	ident Response Simulation and risk assessm	ent.	
SI.NO		Experiments		
NOTE:	the experiments are to be carried	out in a team of size 2 or 3.		
1	Network Traffic Analysis in IC	S/SCADA Systems		
	 Scenario: A manufacturing plant experiences intermittent communication issues between its SCADA system and field devices. IT suspects abnormal traffic patterns are overwhelming the network. Objective: Use Wireshark to capture and analyze network traffic to detect anomalies such as unauthorized Modbus commands or excessive network scanning. Tools : Wireshark 			
	Deliverables : A detailed report of the traffic analysis, highlighting malicious or unusual traffic patterns and recommendations for mitigation.			
2	Configuring and Testing an Intrusion Detection System (IDS)			
	 Scenario: An oil refinery has deployed an IDS in its control room but has not tested its effectiveness. Simulated attacks are needed to evaluate the IDS's detection capability. Objective: Configure Snort with custom rules to detect unauthorized login attempts, PLC command injections, or DoS attacks on the refinery's network. Tools: Snort Deliverables: A configured IDS, attack simulation results, and a performance evaluation report. 			
3	Vulnerability Assessment of a Simulated ICS Network			
	 Scenario: A power plant is transitioning to a new ICS network. The cybersecurity team must perform a vulnerability assessment before the network goes live. Objective: Scan the simulated ICS network for open ports, outdated software, and misconfigurations. Tools: Nmap, OpenVAS 			
	Deliverables : A vulnerability assessment report listing critical issues, potential exploitation risks, and suggested fixes.			s, and
4	Securing a PLC Environment			
	 Scenario: A water treatment facility reports unauthorized access to its PLCs, leading to erroneous water treatment settings. Students are tasked to secure the PLC environment. Objective: Simulate unauthorized PLC access, implement secure configurations, and monitor PLC traffic for anomalies. Tools: OpenPLC, Wireshark 			ıs water C traffic
	Deliverables : A secured PLC co	nfiguration and a log of identified unauthori:	zed commands.	
5	Simulating Cyber Attacks on I	CS and Designing Defenses		

	 Scenario: An attacker compromises an engineering workstation and uses it to issue malicious commands to ICS devices. Students must simulate this attack and propose defenses. Objective: Perform simulated attacks such as PLC logic manipulation and denial-of-service, then implement measures like firewall rules or intrusion prevention systems. Tools: Metasploit Framework, Security Onion 		
	Deliverables : A report describing the attack, its impact, and the defense mechanisms implemented.		
6	Web Application Security for Industrial Systems		
	 Scenario: The web-based interface of a chemical plant's ICS is suspected to have vulnerabilities that attackers could exploit to alter chemical mix ratios. Objective: Conduct a security assessment of the web interface for vulnerabilities like SQL injection, crosssite scripting, and improper authentication mechanisms. Tools: OWASP ZAP 		
	Deliverables : A vulnerability scan report with remediation recommendations for the ICS web application.		
7	Securing ICS Protocols and Communication Channels		
	 Scenario: A logistics company faces unauthorized Modbus/TCP communication between its control system and conveyor belt motors, disrupting operations. Objective: Configure secure communication using encryption and analyze normal vs. malicious protocol traffic. Tools: OpenSSL, Wireshark 		
	Deliverables: Secured Modbus/TCP communication setup and a comparative analysis of traffic logs.		
8	Incident Response Simulation in an ICS Environment		
	 Scenario: A simulated ransomware attack encrypts critical ICS files at a gas distribution station. Students act as the incident response team. Objective: Detect the ransomware, isolate affected systems, and recover operations using backup and monitoring tools. Tools: Security Onion, GRR 		
	Deliverables: An incident response report, including root cause analysis and recovery steps.		
9	 Firewall and Access Control Configuration for ICS Scenario: An unauthorized laptop connects to the ICS network at a steel factory and issues shutdown commands to operational systems. Objective: Implement access control policies and configure firewalls to block unauthorized devices and restrict communication to trusted sources. Tools: pfSense, ModSecurity Deliverables: Firewall and access control configuration files, along with a report on unauthorized device mitigation. 		
10	Risk Assessment and Mitigation Planning for ICS		
	 Scenario: A renewable energy plant wants to evaluate cybersecurity risks before connecting its wind turbines to the grid. Objective: Conduct a risk assessment considering hardware vulnerabilities, communication protocols, and environmental factors. Propose a mitigation plan. 		
	Tools: Custom scripts, risk assessment frameworks		
	Deliverables: A comprehensive risk assessment report and a prioritized mitigation strategy.		

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Experiment with network traffic analysis and intrusion detection.
- Demonstrate ICS and PLC environment security.
- Develop configuration files for firewall and Web systems.
- Experiment with risk assessment and incident response in ICS environment.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

- 1. P. Ackerman, Industrial Cybersecurity: Efficiently Secure Critical Infrastructure Systems. Packt Publishing, 2021.
- 2. T. Macaulay and B. Singer, Cybersecurity for Industrial Control Systems: SCADA, DCS, PLC, HMI, and SIS. CRC Press, 2012.

Reference Books:

- 1. C. Bodungen, B. Singer, A. Shbeeb, K. Wilhoit, and S. Hilt, Hacking Exposed Industrial Control Systems: ICS and SCADA Security Secrets & Solutions. McGraw-Hill, 2017.
- 2. P. A. Craig Jr., Practical Industrial Cybersecurity: IT and OT Convergence. Wiley, 2021.
- 3. Ginter, SCADA Security: What's Broken and How to Fix It. Waterfall Security Solutions, 2016.

Generative AI		Semester	6	
Course Code		BAIL657C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		0:0:1:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits		01	Exam Hours	100
Examination type (SEE) Practical				
Course • •	 Course objectives: Understand the principles and concepts behind generative AI models Explain the knowledge gained to implement generative models using Prompt design frameworks. Apply various Generative AI applications for increasing productivity. Develop Large Language Model-based Apps. 			
SI.NO		Experiments		
1.	Explore pre-trained word vectors. Explore word relationships using vector arithmetic. Perform arithmetic operations and analyze results.			arithmetic
2.	. Use dimensionality reduction (e.g., PCA or t-SNE) to visualize word embeddings for Q 1. Select 10 words from a specific domain (e.g., sports, technology) and visualize their embeddings. Analyze clusters and relationships. Generate contextually rich outputs using embeddings. Write a program to generate 5 semantically similar words for a given input.			
3.	Train a custom Word2Vec model on a small dataset. Train embeddings on a domain-specific corpus (e.g., legal, medical) and analyze how embeddings capture domain-specific semantics.			
4.	. Use word embeddings to improve prompts for Generative AI model. Retrieve similar words using word embeddings. Use the similar words to enrich a GenAI prompt. Use the AI model to generate responses for the original and enriched prompts. Compare the outputs in terms of detail and relevance.			
5.	Use word embeddings to create meaningful sentences for creative tasks. Retrieve similar words for a seed word. Create a sentence or story using these words as a starting point. Write a program that: Takes a seed word. Generates similar words. Constructs a short paragraph using these words.			
6.	Use a pre-trained Hugging Face model to analyze sentiment in text. Assume a real-world application, Load the sentiment analysis pipeline. Analyze the sentiment by giving sentences to input.			
7.	Summarize long texts using a pre-trained summarization model using Hugging face model. Load the summarization pipeline. Take a passage as input and obtain the summarized text.			Load the
8.	Install langchain, cohere (for key), langchain-community. Get the api key(By logging into Cohere and obtaining the cohere key). Load a text document from your google drive . Create a prompt template to display the output in a particular manner.			l obtaining e output in
9.	Take the Institution name as input. Use Pydantic to define the schema for the desired output and create a customoutput parser. Invoke the Chain and Fetch Results. Extract the below Institution related details from Wikipedia:The founder of the Institution. When it was founded. The current branches in the institution . How manyemployees are working in it. A brief 4-line summary of the institution.			e a custom Wikipedia: Iow many
10	Build a chatbot for the Indian Per and then we'll create a chatbot tha Code and have a conversation with	hal Code. We'll start by downloading the off t can interact with it. Users will be able to as h it.	icial Indian Penal Code sk questions about the In	document, Idian Penal

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Develop the ability to explore and analyze word embeddings, perform vector arithmetic to investigate word relationships, visualize embeddings using dimensionality reduction techniques
- Apply prompt engineering skills to real-world scenarios, such as information retrieval, text generation.
- Utilize pre-trained Hugging Face models for real-world applications, including sentiment analysis and text summarization.
- Apply different architectures used in large language models, such as transformers, and understand their advantages and limitations.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.

- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books:

- 1. Modern Generative AI with ChatGPT and OpenAI Models: Leverage the Capabilities of OpenAI's LLM for Productivity and Innovation with GPT3 and GPT4, by Valentina Alto, Packt Publishing Ltd, 2023.
- 2. Generative AI for Cloud Solutions: Architect modern AI LLMs in secure, scalable, and ethical cloud environments, by Paul Singh, Anurag Karuparti ,Packt Publishing Ltd, 2024.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.w3schools.com/gen_ai/index.php
- <u>https://youtu.be/eTPiL3DF27U</u>
- <u>https://youtu.be/je6AlVeGOV0</u>
- <u>https://youtu.be/RLVqsA8ns6k</u>
- <u>https://youtu.be/0SAKM7wiC-A</u>
- <u>https://youtu.be/28_9xMyrdjg</u>
- <u>https://youtu.be/8iuiz-c-EBw</u>
- <u>https://youtu.be/7oQ8VtEKcgE</u>
- https://youtu.be/seXp0VWWZV0

DEVOPS			Semester	6
Course	Code	BCSL657D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S) 0:0:2:0 SEE Marks				50
Credits	;	01	Exam Hours	100
Examir	nation type (SEE)	Practical		
Course	e objectives:			
•	To introduce DevOps terminolo	egy, definition & concepts		
•	To understand the different Ver	rsion control tools like Git, Mercurial		
•	To understand the concepts of	Continuous Integration/ Continuous Testin	ıg/ Continuous Deploy	ment)
•	To understand Configuration m	anagement using Ansible		
•	Illustrate the benefits and drive	the adoption of cloud-based Devops tools	to solve real world pro	oblems
Sl.NO		Experiments		
1	Introduction to Maven and	Gradle: Overview of Build Automation	ı Tools, Key	
	Differences Between Maven	and Gradle, Installation and Setup		
2	Working with Maven: Creat	ing a Maven Project, Understanding th	e POM File,	
	Dependency Management an	d Plugins		
3	Working with Gradle: Settin	ng Un a Gradle Project, Understanding	Build Scripts	
_	(Groovy and Kotlin DSL). Det	pendency Management and Task Auton	nation	
4	Practical Exercise: Build an	d Run a Java Annlication with Mayen M	ligrate the	
1	Same Application to Gradle			
5	Introduction to Jenkins: W	hat is Jenkins?, Installing Jenkins on Lo	cal or Cloud	
	Environment, Configuring Jenkins for First Use			
6	Continuous Integration with Jenkins: Setting Up a CI Pipeline. Integrating			
	Jenkins with Maven/Gradle, Running Automated Builds and Tests			
7	7 Configuration Management with Ansible: Basics of Ansible: Inventory,			
	Playbooks, and Modules, Automating Server Configurations with Playbooks, Hands-On: Writing			
	and Running a Basic Playboo	k		
8	Practical Exercise: Set Up a	Jenkins CI Pipeline for a Maven Project	-,	
	Use Ansible to Deploy Artifac	ts Generated by Jenkins		
9	Introduction to Azure Devo	Dps: Overview of Azure DevOps Service	es, Setting Up an Azu	ire
	DevOps Account and Project	-	0	
10	Creating Build Pipelines: B	uilding a Mayen/Gradle Project with A	zure Pipelines.	
	Integrating Code Repositorie	s (e.g., GitHub, Azure Repos), Running	Unit Tests and Gene	rating
	Reports			
11	11 Creating Delega Dipoling: Deploying Applications to Aguna App Convises Managing Correts			
	and Configuration with Azu	re Key Vault Hands-On	Services, Managing	
	and configuration with Azure Key Vault, Hallus-Off: Continuous Deployment with Azure Pinelines			
12	Continuous Deployment with Azure Fipennes Practical Evergica and Wran-Hni Ruild and Danloy a Complete DevOne			
	Pineline Discussion on Best Practices and $\Omega \& A$			
Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):				
At the end of the course the student will be able to:				
 Demonstrate different actions performed through Version control tools like Git. 				
 Perform Continuous Integration and Continuous Testing and Continuous Deployment using Jenkins by 				cins by
building and automating test cases using Maven & Gradle.				
• Experiment with configuration management using Ansible.				
• Demonstrate Cloud-based DevOps tools using Azure DevOps.				

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/devops-tutorial/
- https://www.javatpoint.com/devops
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2N-59wUIPVI
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=87ZqwoFeO88