FULL STAC	FULL STACK DEVELOPMENT		6
Course Code	BIS601	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
Course objectives: • To understand the essential javascript concepts for web development.			

- To style Web applications using bootstrap.
- To utilize React JS to build front end User Interface.
- To understand the usage of API's to create web applications using Express JS.
- To store and model data in a no sql database.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Basic JavaScript Instructions, Statements, Comments, Variables, Data Types, Arrays, Strings, Functions, Methods & Objects, Decisions & Loops.

Text Book 1: Chapter 2, 3, 4

Module-2

Document Object Model: DOM Manipulation, Selecting Elements, Working with DOM Nodes, Updating Element Content & Attributes, Events, Different Types of Events, How to Bind an Event to an Element, Event Delegation, Event Listeners.

Text Book 1: Chapter: 5, 6, 13

Module-3

Form enhancement and validation. Introduction to MERN: MERN components, Server less Hello world.

React Components: Issue Tracker, React Classes, Composing Components, Passing Data Using Properties, Passing Data Using Children, Dynamic Composition.

Text Book 2: Chapter 1, 2, 3

Module-4

React State: Initial State, Async State Initialization, Updating State, Lifting State Up, Event Handling, Stateless Components, Designing Components, State vs. Props, Component Hierarchy, Communication, Stateless Components.

Express, REST API, GraphQL, Field Specification, Graph Based, Single Endpoint, Strongly Typed, Introspection, Libraries, The About API GraphQL Schema File, The List API, List API Integration, Custom Scalar types, The Create API, Create API Integration, Query Variables, Input Validations, Displaying Errors.

Text Book 2: Chapter 4, 5

Module-5

MongoDB: Basics, Documents, Collections, Databases, Query Language, Installation, The Mongo Shell, MongoDB CRUD Operations, Create, Read, Projection, Update, Delete, Aggregate, MongoDB Node.js Driver, Schema Initialization, Reading from MongoDB, Writing to MongoDB.

Modularization and Webpack, Back-End Modules Front-End Modules and Webpack Transform and Bundle, Libraries Bundle, Hot Module Replacement, Debugging DefinePlugin: Build Configuration, Production Optimization.

Text Book 2: Chapter 6, 7

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC

Sl.NO	Experiments				
1.	a. Write a script that Logs "Hello, World!" to the console. Create a script that calculates the sum of two				
	numbers and displays the result in an alert box.				
	b. Create an array of 5 cities and perform the following operations:				
	Log the total number of cities. Add a new city at the end. Remove the first city. Find and log the index				
	of a specific city.				
2.	a. Read a string from the user, Find its length. Extract the word "JavaScript" using substring() or				
	slice(). Replace one word with another word and log the new string. Write a function				
	isPalindrome(str) that checks if a given string is a palindrome (reads the same backward).				
3.	Create an object student with properties: name (string), grade (number), subjects (array),				
	displayInfo() (method to log the student's details)				
	Write a script to dynamically add a passed property to the student object, with a value of true or false				
	based on their grade. Create a loop to log all keys and values of the student object.				
4.	Create a button in your HTML with the text "Click Me". Add an event listener to log "Button clicked!"				
	to the console when the button is clicked. Select an image and add a mouseover event listener to				
	change its border color. Add an event listener to the document that logs the key pressed by the user.				
5. Build a React application to track issues. Display a list of issues (use static data). Each issue static data issues.					
	have a title, description, and status (e.g., Open/Closed). Render the list using a functional component.				
6.	Create a component Counter with A state variable count initialized to 0. Create Buttons to increment				
	and decrement the count. Simulate fetching initial data for the Counter component using useEffect				
	(functional component) or componentDidMount (class component). Extend the Counter component				
	to Double the count value when a button is clicked. Reset the count to 0 using another button.				
7.	Install Express (npm install express).				
	Set up a basic server that responds with "Hello, Express!" at the root endpoint (GET /).				
	Create a REST API. Implement endpoints for a Product resource: GET: Returns a list of products. POST				
	: Adds a new product. GET /:id: Returns details of a specific product. PUT /:id: Updates an existing				
	product. DELETE /:id: Deletes a product. Add middleware to log requests to the console. Use				
	express.json() to parse incoming JSON payloads.				

Install the MongoDB driver for Node.js. Create a Node.js script to connect to the shop database. Implement insert, find, update, and delete operations using the Node.js MongoDB driver. Define a product schema using Mongoose. Insert data into the products collection using Mongoose. Create an Express API with a /products endpoint to fetch all products. Use fetch in React to call the /products endpoint and display the list of products. Add a POST /products endpoint in Express to insert a new product. Update the Product List, After adding a product, update the list of products displayed in React.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply Javascript to build dynamic and interactive Web projects .
- 2. Implement user interface components for JavaScript-based Web using React.JS
- 3. Apply Express/Node to build web applications on the server side.
- 4. Develop data model in an open source nosql database.
- 5. Demonstrate modularization and packing of the front-end modules .

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- 1. Jon Duckett, "JavaScript & jQuery: Interactive Front-End Web Development", Wiley, 2014.
- 2. Vasan Subramanian, Pro MERN Stack: Full Stack Web App Development with Mongo, Express, React, and Node. Apress, 2019.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://github.com/vasansr/pro-mern-stack
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106156
- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105084/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Course Project: Build Web applications using MERN stack. Students (group of 2) can choose any real-world problem from domains such as finance, marketing, medical, or enterprise projects (25 marks).

MACHINE LEARNING		Semester	6
Course Code	BCS602	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	4:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	50	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

- To introduce the fundamental concepts and techniques of machine learning.
- To understanding of various types of machine learning and the challenges faced in realworld applications.
- To familiarize the machine learning algorithms such as regression, decision trees, Bayesian models, clustering, and neural networks.
- To explore advanced concept like reinforcement learning and provide practical insight into its applications.
- To enable students to model and evaluate machine learning solutions for different types of problems.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation/Demonstration to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem/Practical Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills, and practical skill such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Use animations/videos to help the students to understand the concepts.
- 7. Demonstrate the concepts using PYTHON and its libraries wherever possible

Module-1

Introduction: Need for Machine Learning, Machine Learning Explained, Machine Learning in Relation to other Fields, Types of Machine Learning, Challenges of Machine Learning, Machine Learning Process, Machine Learning Applications.

Understanding Data – 1: Introduction, Big Data Analysis Framework, Descriptive Statistics, Univariate Data Analysis and Visualization.

Chapter-1, 2 (2.1-2.5)

Module-2

Understanding Data - 2: Bivariate Data and Multivariate Data, Multivariate Statistics, Essential Mathematics for Multivariate Data, Feature Engineering and Dimensionality Reduction Techniques.

Basic Learning Theory: Design of Learning System, Introduction to Concept of Learning, Modelling in Machine Learning.

Chapter-2 (2.6-2.8, 2.10), Chapter-3 (3.3, 3.4, 3.6)

Module-3

Similarity-based Learning: Nearest-Neighbor Learning, Weighted K-Nearest-Neighbor Algorithm, Nearest Centroid Classifier, Locally Weighted Regression (LWR).

Regression Analysis: Introduction to Regression, Introduction to Linear Regression, Multiple Linear Regression, Polynomial Regression, Logistic Regression.

Decision Tree Learning: Introduction to Decision Tree Learning Model, Decision Tree Induction Algorithms.

Chapter-4 (4.2-4.5), Chapter-5 (5.1-5.3, 5.5-5.7), Chapter-6 (6.1, 6.2)

Module-4

Bayesian Learning: Introduction to Probability-based Learning, Fundamentals of Bayes Theorem, Classification Using Bayes Model, Naïve Bayes Algorithm for Continuous Attributes.

Artificial Neural Networks: Introduction, Biological Neurons, Artificial Neurons, Perceptron and Learning Theory, Types of Artificial Neural Networks, Popular Applications of Artificial Neural Networks, Advantages and Disadvantages of ANN, Challenges of ANN.

Chapter-8 (8.1-8.4), Chapter-10 (10.1-10.5, 10.9-10.11)

Module-5

Clustering Algorithms: Introduction to Clustering Approaches, Proximity Measures, Hierarchical Clustering Algorithms, Partitional Clustering Algorithm, Density-based Methods, Grid-based Approach.

Reinforcement Learning: Overview of Reinforcement Learning, Scope of Reinforcement Learning, Reinforcement Learning as Machine Learning, Components of Reinforcement Learning, Markov Decision Process, Multi-Arm Bandit Problem and Reinforcement Problem Types, Model-based Learning, Model Free Methods, Q-Learning, SARSA Learning.

Chapter -13 (13.1-13.6), Chapter-14 (14-1-14.10)

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Describe the machine learning techniques, their types and data analysis framework.
- 2. Apply mathematical concepts for feature engineering and perform dimensionality reduction to enhance model performance.
- 3. Develop similarity-based learning models and regression models for solving classification and prediction tasks.
- 4. Build probabilistic learning models and design neural network models using perceptrons and multilayer architectures
- 5. Utilize clustering algorithms to identify patterns in data and implement reinforcement learning techniques

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Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. S Sridhar, M Vijayalakshmi, "Machine Learning", OXFORD University Press 2021, First Edition.

Reference Books

- 1. Murty, M. N., and V. S. Ananthanarayana. Machine Learning: Theory and Practice, Universities Press, 2024
- 2. T. M. Mitchell, "Machine Learning", McGraw Hill, 1997.
- 3. Burkov, Andriy. *The hundred-page machine learning book*. Vol. 1. Quebec City, QC, Canada: Andriy Burkov, 2019.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.universitiespress.com/resources?id=9789393330697
- https://www.drssridhar.com/?page_id=1053
- Machine Learning Tutorials: https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/machine-learning/
- Machine Learning Tutorials: https://www.tutorialspoint.com/machine learning/index.htm
- Python for Machine Learning: https://www.w3schools.com/python/python ml getting started.asp
- Introduction to Machine Learning: https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22 cs29/preview

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Practical Assignment: Implementation of Practical Exercises Chapter 2: Q1-Q4, Chapter 3: Q1, Chapter-4: Q1, Chapter-7: Q1, Chapter-8: Q1 10 Marks.
 - (Note: Refer to *Reference book 1* for programming assignments https://www.universitiespress.com/resources?id=9789393330697)
- Course project: By considering suitable machine learning-based real-world application problem [15 Marks]

Blockch	Blockchain Technology		6
Course Code	BCS613A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

- To Understand Blockchain terminologies with its applications. design
- To learn working principles of Blockchain and methodologies used in Bitcoin
- To gain knowledge on Ethereum Network, Wallets, Nodes, Smart contract & DApps
- To learn blockchain Based Application Architecture using Hyperledger and the Smart Contract Lifecycle

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation/Demonstration to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Use animations/videos to help the students to understand the concepts.

Module-1

Distributed systems, CAP theorem, Byzantine Generals problem, Consensus. The history of blockchain, Introduction to blockchain, Various technical definitions of blockchains, Generic elements of a blockchain, Features of a blockchain, Applications of blockchain technology, Tiers of blockchain technology, Consensus in blockchain, CAP theorem and blockchain, Benefits and limitations of blockchain.

Chapter 1

Module-2

Decentralization using blockchain, Methods of decentralization, Blockchain and full ecosystem decentralization, Smart contract, Decentralized organizations, Decentralized autonomous organizations, Decentralized autonomous corporations, Decentralized autonomous societies Decentralized applications, Platforms for decentralization.

Cryptographic primitives: Symmetric cryptography, Asymmetric cryptography, Public and private keys, Hash functions: Compression of arbitrary messages into fixed length digest, Easy to compute, Pre-image resistance, Second pre-image resistance, Collision resistance, Message Digest (MD), Secure Hash Algorithms (SHAs), Merkle trees, Patricia trees, Distributed hash tables (DHTs), Digital signatures, Elliptic Curve Digital signature algorithm (ECDSA).

Chapter 2, Chapter 3: pg:56-105

Module-3

Bitcoin, Bitcoin definition, Transactions, The transaction life cycle, The transaction structure, Types of transaction, The structure of a block , The structure of a block header, The genesis block, The bitcoin network, Wallets, Smart Contracts-History, Definition, Ricardian contracts, Smart contract templates, Oracles, Smart Oracles, Deploying smart contracts on a blockchain, The DAO.

Chapter 4:pg:111-148, Chapter 6

Module-4

Ethereum 101, Introduction, Ethereum clients and releases, The Ethereum stack, Ethereum blockchain, Currency (ETH and ETC), Forks, Gas, The consensus mechanism, The world state, Transactions, Contract creation transaction, Message call transaction, Elements of the Ethereum blockchain, Ethereum virtual machine (EVM), Accounts, Block, Ether, Messages, Mining, The Ethereum network. Hands-on: Clients and wallets –Geth.

Chapter 7: pg: 210-227, 235-269

Module-5

Hyperledger, Hyperledger as a protocol, Fabric, Hyperledger Fabric, Sawtooth lake, Corda.

Chapter 9

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain the Blockchain terminologies with its applications. design
- 2. Illustrate the working principles of Blockchain and the Smart Contract Lifecycle
- 3. Demonstrate the principles and methodologies used in Bitcoin
- 4. Develop Ethereum Network, Wallets, Nodes, Smart contract and DApps.
- 5. Make use of Hyperledger in Blockchain Based Application Architecture.

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. Imran Bashir. "Mastring BlockChain", Third Edition, Packt – 2020.

Reference Book

1. Andreas M., Mastering Bitcoin: Programming the Open Blockchain – O'rielly – 2017.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106104220
- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/blockchain/
- https://www.tutorialspoint.com/blockchain/index.htm

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Course Project: Covers the implementation of the major concepts outlined in the syllabus – 25
 Marks

Interr	Internet of Things		6
Course Code	BIS613B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		•

- To understand the fundamentals of IoT with a strong knowledge of its architecture.
- To acquire solid fundamentals of IEEE 802.15.4 along with few comparative standards.
- Understand the network layer in the view of IoT along with the application protocol.
- To learn the data and analytics concepts in terms for IoT and Security concerns.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods may be adopted to achieve the outcomes.
- **2.** Utilize video/animation films to illustrate the functioning of various concepts.
- **3.** Promote collaborative learning (Group Learning) in the class.
- **4.** Pose at least three HOT (Higher Order Thinking) questions in the class to stimulate critical thinking.
- **5.** Incorporate Problem-Based Learning (PBL) to foster students' analytical skills and develop their ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than merely recalling it.
- **6.** Introduce topics through multiple representations.
- **7.** Demonstrate various ways to solve the same problem and encourage students to devise their own creative solutions.
- **8.** Discuss the real-world applications of every concept to enhance students' comprehension.

Module-1

Introduction to IoT: Genesis of IoT, IoT digitization, IoT impact, Converge IT and OT, IoT challenges.

IoT Network architecture and design: Drivers behind new architecture, comparing IoT architectures, A simplified IoT architecture, Core IoT Functional stack, IoT data management and compute stack.

[Chapter-1, Chapter-2]

Module-2

Connecting smart things: Communications criteria, IoT access technologies (IEEE 802.15.4, IEEE 802.15.4g and IEEE 802.15.4e, IEEE 1901.2a, IEEE 802.11ah, LoRaWAN, NB-IoT)

[Chapter-4]

Module-3

IP as IoT network layer: The business case for IP, need for optimization, optimizing IP for IoT, profiles and compliances.

[Chapter-5]

Module-4

Application Protocols for IoT: The Transport Layer, IoT Application Transport Methods.

Data Analytic for IoT: Introduction to data analytics for IoT, Machine learning, Big data analytics tools and technology, Edge streaming analytics, network analytics.

[Chapter-6, Chapter-7]

Module-5

Security for IoT: Common challenges in OT security, How IT and OT security practices and systems vary, formal risk analysis structures: OTAVE and FAIR, The phased application of security in an operational environment.

Case study: Public safety

[Chapter-8, Chapter-15]

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain the fundamentals of IoT and its architecture.
- 2. Compare IoT access technology IEEE 802.15.4 with few other related standards.
- 3. Summarize network layer and application protocols in the view of IoT.
- 4. Explain the data analytics concepts for IoT and Security concerns.
- 5. Apply IoT concepts on an opensource IoT platform for the given real-world problem/scenario.

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols, and Use Cases for the Internet of Things, David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetete, Robert Barton and Jerome Henry, Cisco Press, 2017 Cisco Systems.

Reference book

- 1. Internet of Things (Second Edition), Raj Kamal, McGraw Hill India, 2022.
- 2. Internet of Things: A Hands-On Approach, Aarshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti, Universities Press, 2015.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/sensors-in-internet-of-thingsiot/
- https://www.edx.org/learn/iot-internet-of-things
- https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_cs53/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- A. Demonstration of different IOT sensors and Raspberry Pi [5 Marks]
- B. Conduct the following experiments: [20 Marks]
 - 1. Develop a C program for controlling the Light Emitting Diode (LED) with a push button interfacing Arduino.
 - 2. Develop a C program to demonstrate the interfacing of the Active Buzzer with Arduino.
 - 3. Develop a C program to control the LED blink rate with the potentiometer interfacing with Arduino.
 - 4. Develop a C program to display the temperature by Interfacing of temperature sensor LM35 with Arduino.
 - 5. Develop a C program to demonstrate the interfacing of the Relay with Arduino.
 - 6. Develop a C program to demonstrate the Directional Control of the Stepper motor using Arduino.

COMPILER DESIGN		Semester	6
Course Code	BCS613C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

- Understand the working of language processors
- Apply different phases of designing a compiler
- Illustrate lexical analysis
- Explain the need of real time operating system for embedded system applications.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer methods(L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software.
- 5. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different approaches and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.

Module-1

Introduction: Language Processors, The structure of Compiler, The evolution of Programming Languages, The science of Building a Compiler, Applications of Compiler Technology, Programming Language Basics

A Simple Syntax Directed Translator: Introduction, Syntax Definition, Syntax Directed Translation, Parsing

Chapter 1: 1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.5,1.6,1.7

Chapter 2: 2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4

Module-2

Lexical Analysis: The Role of Lexical Analyzer, Input buffering, Specification of Tokens, Recognition of Tokens, The lexical Analyzer Generator Lex

Syntax Analysis: Introduction, Context Free Grammars, Writing a Grammar

Chapter 3: 3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4,3.5

Chapter 4: 4.1 4.2 4.3

Module-3

Top-Down Parsing: Recursive Descent Parsing, First and Follow, LL(1) Grammars

Bottom Up Parsing: Reductions, Handle Pruning, Shift Reduce Parsing Chapter 4: 4.4, 4.5

Module-4

Introduction to LR Parsing: Simple LR, LR Parsing Algorithm, Construction of SLR parsing Tables, Viable Prefixes

Syntax Directed Definitions, Evaluation Orders for SDD Chapter 5: 5.1,5.2

Module-5

Variants of Syntax Trees, Three Address Code, Types and Declarations. Control Flow Code generation: Issues in the Design of a Code Generator, The target language Chapter 6: 6.1,6.2,6.3,6.6

Chapter 8:8.1,8.2

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the different phases of compiler design techniques
- 2. Analyse the working of lexical analyser in design of compilers
- 3. Design syntax analyser using top down and bottom up approaches
- 4. Illustrate syntax-directed translation for a given grammar.
- 5. Explain intermediate code representation and code generation of compilers

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous internal Examination (CIE)

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examinations (SEE)

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour.** The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

OR

MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) are preferred for 01 credit courses, however, if course content demands the general question paper pattern that followed for 03 credit course, then

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 10 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module may or may not have the sub-questions (with maximum sub-questions of 02, with marks distributions 5+5, 4+6, 3+7).
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. Compilers: Principles, Techniques, and Tools, <u>A. Aho</u>, <u>M. Lam</u>, <u>R. Sethi</u>, and <u>J. Ullman</u>.,2nd Edition, Pearson.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106104123/L01.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Students are expected (in group of 2) to develop scanner and parser for simple programming syntax (C/Java) - 25 Marks

Cloud Computing & Security		Semester	VI
Course Code	BIS613D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

- Introduce the rationale behind the cloud computing revolution and the business drivers
- Understand various models, types and challenges of cloud computing
- Understand the design of cloud native applications, the necessary tools and the design tradeoffs.
- Realize the importance of Cloud Virtualization, Abstraction's, Enabling Technologies and cloud security

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies; which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it
 - helps improve the students' understanding.
- 6. Use any of these methods: Chalk and board, Active Learning, Case Studies.

Module-1

Distributed System Models and Enabling Technologies: Scalable Computing Over the Internet, Technologies for Network Based Systems, System Models for Distributed and Cloud Computing, Software Environments for Distributed Systems and Clouds, Performance, Security and Energy Efficiency.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.5

Module-2

Virtual Machines and Virtualization of Clusters and Data Centers: Implementation Levels of Virtualization, Virtualization Structure/Tools and Mechanisms, Virtualization of CPU/Memory and I/O devices, Virtual Clusters and Resource Management, Virtualization for Data Center Automation.

Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.5

Module-3

Cloud Platform Architecture over Virtualized Datacenters: Cloud Computing and Service Models, Data Center Design and Interconnection Networks, Architectural Design of

Compute and Storage Clouds, Public Cloud Platforms: GAE, AWS and Azure, Inter-Cloud Resource Management.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 to 4.5

Module-4

Cloud Security: Top concern for cloud users, Risks, Privacy Impact Assessment, Cloud Data Encryption, Security of Database Services, OS security, VM Security, Security Risks Posed by Shared Images and Management OS, XOAR, A Trusted Hypervisor, Mobile Devices and Cloud Security.

Cloud Security and Trust Management: Cloud Security Defense Strategies, Distributed Intrusion/Anomaly Detection, Data and Software Protection Techniques, Reputation-Guided Protection of Data Centers.

Textbook 2: Chapter 11: 11.1 to 11.3, 11.5 to 11.8, 11.10 to 11.14

Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.6

Module-5

Cloud Programming and Software Environments:

Features of Cloud and Grid Platforms, Parallel and Distributed Computing Paradigms, Programming Support for Google App Engine, Programming on Amazon AWS and Microsoft, Emerging Cloud Software Environments.

Textbook 1: Chapter 6: 6.1 to 6.5

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Describe various cloud computing platforms and service providers.
- 2. Illustrate the significance of various types of virtualization.
- 3. Identify the architecture, delivery models and industrial platforms for cloud computing based applications.
- 4. Analyze the role of security aspects in cloud computing.
- 5. Demonstrate cloud applications in various fields using suitable cloud platforms.

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Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books:

- 1. Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C Fox, and Jack J Dongarra, Distributed and Cloud Computing, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier 2012
- 2. Dan C. Marinescu, Cloud Computing Theory and Practice, Morgan Kaufmann, 2nd Edition, Elsevier 2018

Reference Books:

- 1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and Thamrai Selvi, Mastering Cloud Computing McGrawHill Education, 1st Edition, 2017
- 2. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach, McGraw-Hill Education, 2017.
- 3. George Reese, Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud, O'Reilly Publication, 1st Edition, 2009
- 4. John Rhoton, Cloud Computing Explained: Implementation Handbook for Enterprises, Recursive Press, 2nd Edition, 2009.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://freevideolectures.com/course/4639/nptel-cloud-computing/1.
- https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLShJJCRzJWxhz7SfG4hpaBD5bK0loWx9J
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EN4fEbcFZ_E
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RWgW-CgdIk0
- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/virtualization-cloud-computing-types/
- https://www.javatpoint.com/cloud-service-provider-companies

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Installation of virtualization software (Virtual box, Xen etc..) and run applications with different OS.
 10 Marks
- Implement cloud applications using GAE, AWS, Azure/simulate cloud applications using Cloudsim/ Greencloud/ Cloud Analyst etc... 15 Marks

INTRODUCTION TO DATA STRUCTURES		Semester	6
Course Code	BCS654A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

- Introduce primitive and non-primitive data structures
- Understand the various types of data structure along their operations
- Study various searching and sorting algorithms
- Assess appropriate data structures during program development / problem solving

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample strategies; which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods may be adopted to achieve the outcomes.
- 2. Utilize video/animation films to illustrate the functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Promote collaborative learning (Group Learning) in the class.
- 4. Pose at least three HOT (Higher Order Thinking) questions in the class to stimulate critical thinking.
- 5. Incorporate Problem-Based Learning (PBL) to foster students' analytical skills and develop their ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than merely recalling it.
- 6. Introduce topics through multiple representations.
- 7. Demonstrate various ways to solve the same problem and encourage students to devise their own creative solutions.
- 8. Discuss the real-world applications of every concept to enhance students' comprehension.
- 9. Use any of these methods: Chalk and board, Active Learning, Case Studies.

Module-1

Arrays: Introduction, One-Dimensional Arrays, Two-Dimensional Arrays, Initializing Two-Dimensional Arrays, Multidimensional arrays.

Pointers: Introduction, Pointer Concepts, Accessing Variables through Pointers, Pointer Applications, Dynamic Memory Allocation Functions.

Structures and Unions: Introduction, Declaring Structures, Giving Values to Members, Structure Initialization, Comparison of Structure Variables, Arrays of Structures, Arrays within Structures, Nested Structures, Unions, Size of Structures.

Textbook 1: Ch. 8.1 to 8.5, Ch. 12.1 to 12.8, 12.10, 12.11.

Textbook 2: Ch. 2.1 to 2.3, 2.5, 2.9.

Module-2

Stacks: Introduction, Stack Operations, Stack Implementation using Arrays, Applications of Stacks.

Queues: Introduction, Queue Operations, Queue Implementation using Arrays, Different Types of Queues: Circular Queues, Double-Ended Queues, Priority Queues, Applications of Queues.

Textbook 2: Ch. 6.1 to 6.3, Ch. 8.1 to 8.2.

Module-3

Linked Lists: Introduction, Singly Linked List, Self-Referential Structures, Operations on Singly Linked Lists: Insert-Delete-Display, Implementation of Stacks and Queues using Linked List, Concatenate two Lists, Reverse a List without Creating a New Node, Static Allocation Vs Linked Allocation.

Circular Singly Linked List: Introduction, Operations: Insert-Delete-Display.

Textbook 2: Ch. 9.1 to 9.2, 9.3 (Only 9.3.1 to 9.3.5, 9.3.11 to 9.3.12), 9.4 to 9.5.

Module-4

Trees: Introduction, Basic Concepts, Representation of Binary Trees, Operations on Binary Trees: Insertion-Traversals-Searching-Copying a Tree, Binary Search Trees, Operations on Binary Search Trees: Insertion-Searching-Find Maximum and Minimum Value-Count Nodes, Expression Trees.

Textbook 2: Ch. 10.1 to 10.4, 10.5 (Only 10.5.1, 10.5.2, 10.5.3.1, 10.5.3.2, 10.5.3.4), 10.6.3.

Module-5

Sorting: Introduction, Bubble Sort, Selection Sort, Insertion Sort.

Searching: Introduction, Linear Search, Binary Search.

Textbook 1: Ch. 17.1, 17.2.6, 17.3.2. **Textbook 2:** Ch. 11.1 to 11.3, 11.10.1.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Develop C programs utilizing fundamental concepts such as arrays, pointers and structures.
- 2. Apply data structures like stacks and queues to solve problems.
- 3. Develop C programs using linked lists and their various types.
- 4. Explain the fundamental concepts of trees and their practical applications.
- 5. Demonstrate different sorting and searching algorithms and determine their algorithmic complexities.

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
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- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books:

- **1.** E Balagurusamy, "C Programming and Data Structures", 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2007.
- **2.** A M Padma Reddy, "Systematic Approach to Data Structures using C", 9th Revised Edition, Sri Nandi Publications, 2009.

Reference Books:

- 1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, "Fundamentals of Data Structures in C", 2nd Edition, Universities Press, 2014.
- 2. Seymour Lipschutz, "Data Structures Schaum's Outlines", Revised 1st Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2014.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DFpWCl 49i0
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x7t -ULoAZM
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I37kGX-nZEI
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XuCbpw6Bj1U
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R9PTBwOzceo

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qH6yxkw0u78
- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105085/
- https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec19_cs04/preview

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Develop C programs that focus on Data Structure concepts such as arrays, pointers, structures, stacks, queues, linked lists, trees as well as, sorting and searching algorithms (25 Marks).

FUNDAMENTALS OF OPERATING SYSTEMS		Semester	6
Course Code	BCS654B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		•

- To demonstrate the need and different types of OS
- To discuss suitable techniques for management of different resources
- To analyse different memory, storage, and file system management strategies.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample strategies; which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods may be adopted to achieve the outcomes.
- 2. Utilize video/animation films to illustrate the functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Promote collaborative learning (Group Learning) in the class.
- 4. Pose at least three HOT (Higher Order Thinking) questions in the class to stimulate critical thinking.
- 5. Incorporate Problem-Based Learning (PBL) to foster students' analytical skills and develop their ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than merely recalling it.
- 6. Introduce topics through multiple representations.
- 7. Demonstrate various ways to solve the same problem and encourage students to devise their own creative solutions.
- 8. Discuss the real-world applications of every concept to enhance students' comprehension.
- 9. Use any of these methods: Chalk and board, Active Learning, Case Studies.

Module-1

Introduction: What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System Organization, Computer System architecture; Operating System operations; Resource Management

Operating System Structures: Operating System Servies, User and Operating System interface; System calls, Application Program Interface, Types of system calls;

Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3,1.4, 1.5 Chapter 2: 2.1, 2.2 (2.2.1, 2.2.2), 2.3 (2.3.2, 2.3.3)

Module-2

Process Management: Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Interprocess Communication

Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models, Thread Libraries

Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1-3.4, Chapter 4: 4.1, 4.3 5, 4.4

Module-3

1

CPU Scheduling: Basic Concepts, Scheduling criteria, Scheduling algorithms, Thread Scheduling,

Process Synchronization: Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization;

Textbook 1: Chapter 5: 5.1, 5.2,5.3.1, 5.3.2, 5.3.3, 5.3.4, 5.4 Chapter 6: 6.1, 6.2.,6.3, 6.6

Module-4

Deadlocks: System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock.

Memory Management: Background; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table

Textbook 1: Chapter 8: 8.1-8.8 Textbook 1: Chapter 9: 9.1-9.4 (9.4.1, 9.4.2)

Module-5

Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement;

File System Interface: File concept; Access methods; Directory Structure, Protection, File System Implementation: File System Structure, File System Operations,

File System Internals: File Systems, File System Mounting; Partition and Mounting, File sharing;

Textbook 1: Chapter 10: 10.1-10.3, 10.4 (10.4.1, 10.4.2, 10.4.4.) Chapter 13: 13.1, 13.2, 13.3 (13.3.1, 13.3.2, 13.3.3), 13.4 (13.4.1, 13.4.2) Chapter 15: 15.1-15.4

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain the fundamentals of operating systems.
- 2. Apply appropriate CPU scheduling algorithm for the given scenarios.
- 3. Analyse the various techniques for process synchronization and deadlock handling.
- 4. Apply the various techniques for memory management
- 5. Analyse the importance of File System Mounting and File Sharing

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- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

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Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 10th edition, Wiley-India, 2015

Reference Books

- **2.** Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition, 2010
- **3.** D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw-Hill, 2013, P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.
- **4.** William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson, 2008

Reference Books:

- 1. Akshay Kulkarni, Adarsha Shivananda, "Natural Language Processing Recipes Unlocking Text Data with Machine Learning and Deep Learning using Python", Apress, 2019.
- **2.** T V Geetha, "Understanding Natural Language Processing Machine Learning and Deep Learning Perspectives", Pearson, 2024.

3. Gerald J. Kowalski and Mark.T. Maybury, "Information Storage and Retrieval systems", Kluwer Academic Publishers.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1.https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105214/

2.https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102132/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Students are expected to prepare animated PPT to illustrate the different types of Process Scheduling and Paging. (10 Marks)
- Students are required to prepare detailed case study report on Deadlocks **OR** Students can illustrate deadlock using any programming language (15 Marks)

MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT		Semester	6
Course Code	BIS654C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Create, test and debug Android application by setting up Android development environment.

Implement adaptive, responsive user interfaces that work across a wide range of devices.

Infer long running tasks and background work in Android applications

Demonstrate methods in storing, sharing and retrieving data in Android applications

Analyze performance of android applications

Describe the steps involved in publishing Android application to share with the world.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Chalk and board, power point presentations
- 2. Online material (Tutorials) and video lectures.
- 3. Demonstration of setup Android application development environment & programing examples.
- 4. Illustrate user interfaces for interacting with apps and triggering actions

Module-1

Introduction to Android OS: Android Description – Open Handset Alliance – Android. Ecosystem – Android versions – Android Activity – Features of Android – Android Architecture Stack Linux Kernel. Configuration of Android Environment: Operating System – Java JDK Android SDK – Android Development Tools (ADT) – Android Virtual Devices (AVDs) – Emulators Dalvik Virtual Machine – Differences between JVM and DVM – Steps to Install and Configure Eclipse and SDK.

(Chapters 1 & 2)

Module-2

Create the first android application: Directory Structure. Android User Interface: Understanding the Components of a screen—Linear Layout — Absolute Layout — Frame. Layout Relative Layout — Table Layout.

(Chapters 3 & 4)

Module-3

TEMPLATE for AEC (if the course is a theory) Annexure-IV

Designing User Interface with View – Text View – Button – Image Button – Edit Text Check Box – Toggle Button – Radio Button and Radio Group – Progress Bar – Auto complete Text View – Spinner – List View – Grid View – Image View - Scroll View – Custom Toast – Alert – Time and Date Picker.

(Chapter 5)

Module-4

Activity: Introduction – Intent – Intent filter – Activity life cycle – Broadcast life cycle Service. Multimedia: Android System Architecture – Play Audio and Video – Text to Speech.

(Chapters 6 & 7)

Module-5

SQLite Database in Android: SQLite Database – Creation and Connection of the database – Transactions. Case Study: SMS Telephony and Location Based Services.

(Chapters 8, 9, & 10)

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain Mobile Application Ecosystem like concepts, architecture, and lifecycle of mobile applications on Android
- 2. Identify the key components of mobile application frameworks and development tools.
- 3. Apply design principles to create intuitive and responsive user interfaces using appropriate UI/UX tools.
- 4. Develop Functional Mobile Applications -Integrate core functionalities such as layouts, event handling, navigation, and multimedia support into applications.
- 5. Implement local data storage mechanisms (SQLite, Shared Preferences) and external databases (Firebase, APIs) for mobile applications.

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Continuous internal Examination (CIE)

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is projectbased then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examinations (SEE)

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour.** The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

OR

MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) are preferred for 01 credit courses, however, if course content demands the general question paper pattern that followed for 03 credit course, then

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 10 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module may or may not have the sub-questions (with maximum sub-questions of 02, with marks distributions 5+5, 4+6, 3+7).
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- 1. TEXT BOOK 1. Prasanna Kumar Dixit, "Android", Vikas Publishing House Private Ltd., Noida, 2014.
- 2. REFERENCE BOOKS
 - 1. Reto Meier and Wrox Wiley, "Professional Android 4 Application Development", 2012.
 - 2. ZiguradMednieks, LaridDornin, G.BlakeMeike, Masumi Nakamura, "Programming Andriod", O'Reilly,2013.
 - 3. Robert Green, Mario Zechner, "Beginning Android 4 Games Development", Apress Media LLC, New York, 2011

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

TEMPLATE for AEC (if the course is a theory) Annexure-IV

- .https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/android-tutorial/
- https://developer.android.com/
- https://www.tutorialspoint.com/android
- https://www.w3schools.blog/android-tutorial

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning:

1. Programming exercises, fostering the practical application of theoretical concepts. [25 marks]

INTRODUCTION TO ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE		Semester	6
Course Code	BAI654D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

- To understand the primitives of AI
- To familiarize Knowledge Representation Issues
- To understand fundamentals of Statistical Reasoning, Natural Language Processing.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample strategies; which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods may be adopted to achieve the outcomes.
- 2. Utilize video/animation films to illustrate the functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Promote collaborative learning (Group Learning) in the class.
- 4. Pose at least three HOT (Higher Order Thinking) questions in the class to stimulate critical thinking.
- 5. Incorporate Problem-Based Learning (PBL) to foster students' analytical skills and develop their ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than merely recalling it.
- 6. Introduce topics through multiple representations.
- 7. Demonstrate various ways to solve the same problem and encourage students to devise their own creative solutions.
- 8. Discuss the real-world applications of every concept to enhance students' comprehension.
- 9. Use any of these methods: Chalk and board, Active Learning, Case Studies

Module-1

What is artificial intelligence? Problems, Problem Spaces, and search

Text Book 1: Ch 1, 2

Module-2

Knowledge Representation Issues, Using Predicate Logic, representing knowledge using Rules.

Text Book 1: Ch 4, 5 and 6.

Module-3

Symbolic Reasoning under Uncertainty, Statistical reasoning

Text Book 1: Ch 7, 8

Module-4

Game Playing, Natural Language Processing

Text Book 1: Ch 12 and 15

Module-5

Learning, Expert Systems.

Text Book 1: Ch 17 and 20

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Identify the problems where the adaptation of AI has significant impact.
- 2. Analyse the different approaches of Knowledge Representation.
- 3. Explain Symbolic Reasoning under Uncertainty and Statistical reasoning.
- 4. Derive the importance of different types of Learning Techniques.
- 5. Explain Natural Language Processing and Expert System.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books:

1. E. Rich, K. Knight & S. B. Nair, Artificial Intelligence, 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill.,2009

Reference Books

2. Stuart Rusell, Peter Norving, Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education

- **3.** Dan W. Patterson, Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems, 1st Edition, Prentice Hal of India, 2015
- **4.** G. Luger, Artificial Intelligence: Structures and Strategies for complex problem Solving, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.
- **5.** N.P. Padhy "Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems", Oxford University Press, 2015

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106102220
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105077
- 3. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105158/
- **4.** https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106140/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Apply NLP steps for any given real time scenario. Students are expected to document different NLP steps and their output for the given scenario. Students can use python or any programming language of their choice. (10 Marks)
- Students are expected to identify different case studies/scenarios where expert systems can be adopted. Students need to prepare a report on any one case study. (15 marks)

Machine Learning lab		Semester	6
Course Code	BCSL606	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits	01	Exam Hours	100
Examination type (SEE)	Practi	ical	

Course objectives:

- To become familiar with data and visualize univariate, bivariate, and multivariate data using statistical techniques and dimensionality reduction.
- To understand various machine learning algorithms such as similarity-based learning, regression, decision trees, and clustering.
- 3. To familiarize with learning theories, probability-based models and developing the skills required for decision-making in dynamic environments.

CLNO	P
Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Develop a program to create histograms for all numerical features and analyze the distribution of each feature.
	Generate box plots for all numerical features and identify any outliers. Use California Housing dataset.
	Book 1: Chapter 2
2	Develop a program to Compute the correlation matrix to understand the relationships between pairs of
	features. Visualize the correlation matrix using a heatmap to know which variables have strong
	positive/negative correlations. Create a pair plot to visualize pairwise relationships between features. Use
	California Housing dataset.
	Book 1: Chapter 2
3	Develop a program to implement Principal Component Analysis (PCA) for reducing the dimensionality of the
	Iris dataset from 4 features to 2.
	Book 1: Chapter 2
4	For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the Find-S
	algorithm to output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples.
	Book 1: Chapter 3
5	Develop a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the randomly generated 100 values
	of x in the range of [0,1]. Perform the following based on dataset generated.
	1 Label the first 50 naints (v) or fellows: if (vi < 0.5) then v. 5 Class place v. 5 Class
	1. Label the first 50 points $\{x_1,,x_{50}\}$ as follows: if $(xi \le 0.5)$, then $x_i \in Class_1$, else $x_i \in Class_1$ 2. Classify the remaining points, $x_{51},,x_{100}$ using KNN. Perform this for $k=1,2,3,4,5,20,30$
	2. Classify the remaining points, x_{51} ,, x_{100} using KNN. Perform this for $k=1,2,3,4,5,20,30$
	Book 2: Chapter - 2
6	Implement the non-parametric Locally Weighted Regression algorithm in order to fit data points. Select
	appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs
	Book 1: Chapter - 4
7	Develop a program to demonstrate the working of Linear Regression and Polynomial Regression. Use Boston
	Housing Dataset for Linear Regression and Auto MPG Dataset (for vehicle fuel efficiency prediction) for
	Polynomial Regression.
	Book 1: Chapter - 5
8	Develop a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree algorithm. Use Breast Cancer Data set for
	building the decision tree and apply this knowledge to classify a new sample.
	Book 2: Chapter - 3

Template for Practical Course and if AEC is a practical Course Annexure-V

9	Develop a program to implement the Naive Bayesian classifier considering Olivetti Face Data set for training.
	Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering a few test data sets.
	Book 2: Chapter - 4
10	Develop a program to implement k-means clustering using Wisconsin Breast Cancer data set and visualize the
	clustering result.
	Rook 2: Chanter - 4

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Illustrate the principles of multivariate data and apply dimensionality reduction techniques.
- 2. Demonstrate similarity-based learning methods and perform regression analysis.
- 3. Develop decision trees for classification and regression problems, and Bayesian models for probabilistic learning.
- 1. Implement the clustering algorithms to share computing resources.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.

Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.

Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).

Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.

Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.

In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.

The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.

The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

- 1. SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- 2. SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- 3. The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- **4.** All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.

- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. OR based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- **6.** Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- 7. Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books:

- 1. S Sridhar and M Vijayalakshmi, "Machine Learning", Oxford University Press, 2021.
- M N Murty and Ananthanarayana V S, "Machine Learning: Theory and Practice", Universities Press (India) Pvt. Limited, 2024.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.drssridhar.com/?page_id=1053
- 2. https://www.universitiespress.com/resources?id=9789393330697
- 3. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23_cs18/preview

TOSCA – Automated Software testing		Semester	VI
Subject Code	BIS657A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week(L:T:P:S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits	01	Exam Hours	100
Examination type (SEE)	Pr	actical	

Course Objectives:

- To introduce the features, components, and benefits of the Tosca platform
- To understand the Test case design, Test execution and Test data management
- To learn the concepts of Test automation
- To understand the Test scenario development

Sl. No.	Experiments
1	Installation of Tosca: Installation and Setup, Tosca Commander, Tosca Executor, Tosca XScan (Tosca Wizard) and Test Repository
2	Functional acceptance testing: Tosca to perform functional acceptance tests for web applications (Hint: Web Application of your choice)
3	Scanning and creating a module: Create a basic test case and Object Identification methods – By properties, By Anchor, By image, By Index
4	Buffer Operations : Setting buffer, Deleting buffer, Partial buffer, Expression evaluator and Process Operations.
5	Window Operations: Send Keys, Window Operations using MATH operation to perform calculations, such as finding the minimum or rounding a value.
6	Record and Playback: Enable recording in the Execution Recorder settings, record your interactions with the application, Edit the recorded steps and Play back the recording.
7	Designing Testcases: Data creation in Test Case design and Conversion of Mapping and Templates.
8	Dynamic objects: (a) Creates dynamic lists when Module Attributes are added for the first time. (b) To convert a static list into a dynamic list, delete all static Module Attributes
9	Synchronization: Wait On, Default Settings, Static Wait, Timeout, TBox Wait and SfWaitForBusyIndicator
10	Reusable Test Step block: Create a Reusable TestStepBlock and Creating and Using Libraries.
11	Conditional statements: create conditional statements in Tosca to run test steps
12	Practical Exercise and Wrap-Up: Build Test suit with suitable application and complete end to end automation process, Discussion on Best Practices and Q&A

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

On completion of the course students will be able to:

- 1) Explain of Tosca's architecture, key features and fundamentals of the Tosca automation tool.
- 2) Develop test scenarios that can be run automatically.
- 3) Construct test cases and modules in the Tosca automation tool.
- 4) Design Test Suits and run tests in different browsers.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/journal and test are in the ratio 60:40.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks). The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in 60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall

- be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.
- The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Generative AI		Semester	6
Course Code	BAIL657C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:1:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits	01	Exam Hours	100
Examination type (SEE)	Practical		

Course objectives:

- Understand the principles and concepts behind generative AI models
- Explain the knowledge gained to implement generative models using Prompt design frameworks.
- Apply various Generative AI applications for increasing productivity.
- Develop Large Language Model-based Apps.

SI.NO	Experiments
1.	Explore pre-trained word vectors. Explore word relationships using vector arithmetic. Perform arithmetic operations and analyze results.
2.	Use dimensionality reduction (e.g., PCA or t-SNE) to visualize word embeddings for Q 1. Select 10 words from a specific domain (e.g., sports, technology) and visualize their embeddings. Analyze clusters and relationships. Generate contextually rich outputs using embeddings. Write a program to generate 5 semantically similar words for a given input.
3.	Train a custom Word2Vec model on a small dataset. Train embeddings on a domain-specific corpus (e.g., legal, medical) and analyze how embeddings capture domain-specific semantics.
4.	Use word embeddings to improve prompts for Generative AI model. Retrieve similar words using word embeddings. Use the similar words to enrich a GenAI prompt. Use the AI model to generate responses for the original and enriched prompts. Compare the outputs in terms of detail and relevance.
5.	Use word embeddings to create meaningful sentences for creative tasks. Retrieve similar words for a seed word. Create a sentence or story using these words as a starting point. Write a program that: Takes a seed word. Generates similar words. Constructs a short paragraph using these words.
6.	Use a pre-trained Hugging Face model to analyze sentiment in text. Assume a real-world application, Load the sentiment analysis pipeline. Analyze the sentiment by giving sentences to input.
7.	Summarize long texts using a pre-trained summarization model using Hugging face model. Load the summarization pipeline. Take a passage as input and obtain the summarized text.
8.	Install langchain, cohere (for key), langchain-community. Get the api key(By logging into Cohere and obtaining the cohere key). Load a text document from your google drive. Create a prompt template to display the output in a particular manner.
9.	Take the Institution name as input. Use Pydantic to define the schema for the desired output and create a custom output parser. Invoke the Chain and Fetch Results. Extract the below Institution related details from Wikipedia: The founder of the Institution. When it was founded. The current branches in the institution. How many employees are working in it. A brief 4-line summary of the institution.
10	Build a chatbot for the Indian Penal Code. We'll start by downloading the official Indian Penal Code document, and then we'll create a chatbot that can interact with it. Users will be able to ask questions about the Indian Penal Code and have a conversation with it.

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Develop the ability to explore and analyze word embeddings, perform vector arithmetic to investigate word relationships, visualize embeddings using dimensionality reduction techniques
- Apply prompt engineering skills to real-world scenarios, such as information retrieval, text generation.
- Utilize pre-trained Hugging Face models for real-world applications, including sentiment analysis and text summarization.
- Apply different architectures used in large language models, such as transformers, and understand their advantages and limitations.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.

- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books:

- 1. Modern Generative AI with ChatGPT and OpenAI Models: Leverage the Capabilities of OpenAI's LLM for Productivity and Innovation with GPT3 and GPT4, by Valentina Alto, Packt Publishing Ltd, 2023.
- 2. Generative AI for Cloud Solutions: Architect modern AI LLMs in secure, scalable, and ethical cloud environments, by Paul Singh, Anurag Karuparti, Packt Publishing Ltd, 2024.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.w3schools.com/gen_ai/index.php
- https://youtu.be/eTPiL3DF27U
- https://youtu.be/je6AlVeGOV0
- https://youtu.be/RLVqsA8ns6k
- https://youtu.be/0SAKM7wiC-A
- https://youtu.be/28_9xMyrdjg
- https://voutu.be/8iuiz-c-EBw
- https://voutu.be/7o08VtEKcgE
- https://youtu.be/seXp0VWWZV0

DEVO	PS	Semester	6
Course Code	BCSL657D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits	01	Exam Hours	100
Examination type (SEE)	Practical		

Course objectives:

- To introduce DevOps terminology, definition & concepts
- To understand the different Version control tools like Git, Mercurial
- To understand the concepts of Continuous Integration/ Continuous Testing/ Continuous Deployment)
- To understand Configuration management using Ansible
- Illustrate the benefits and drive the adoption of cloud-based Devops tools to solve real world problems

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Introduction to Maven and Gradle: Overview of Build Automation Tools, Key
	Differences Between Maven and Gradle, Installation and Setup
2	Working with Maven: Creating a Maven Project, Understanding the POM File,
	Dependency Management and Plugins
3	Working with Gradle: Setting Up a Gradle Project, Understanding Build Scripts
	(Groovy and Kotlin DSL), Dependency Management and Task Automation
4	Practical Exercise: Build and Run a Java Application with Maven, Migrate the
	Same Application to Gradle
5	Introduction to Jenkins: What is Jenkins?, Installing Jenkins on Local or Cloud
	Environment, Configuring Jenkins for First Use
6	Continuous Integration with Jenkins: Setting Up a CI Pipeline, Integrating
	Jenkins with Maven/Gradle, Running Automated Builds and Tests
7	Configuration Management with Ansible: Basics of Ansible: Inventory,
	Playbooks, and Modules, Automating Server Configurations with Playbooks, Hands-On: Writing
	and Running a Basic Playbook
8	Practical Exercise: Set Up a Jenkins CI Pipeline for a Maven Project,
	Use Ansible to Deploy Artifacts Generated by Jenkins
9	Introduction to Azure DevOps: Overview of Azure DevOps Services, Setting Up an Azure
	DevOps Account and Project
10	Creating Build Pipelines: Building a Maven/Gradle Project with Azure Pipelines,
	Integrating Code Repositories (e.g., GitHub, Azure Repos), Running Unit Tests and Generating
	Reports
11	Creating Release Pipelines: Deploying Applications to Azure App Services, Managing Secrets
	and Configuration with Azure Key Vault, Hands-On:
12	Continuous Deployment with Azure Pipelines Practical Exercise and Wrap-Up: Build and Deploy a Complete DevOps
12	Pipeline, Discussion on Best Practices and Q&A
	1 ipenine, Discussion on Sest 1 factices and Quit

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Demonstrate different actions performed through Version control tools like Git.
- Perform Continuous Integration and Continuous Testing and Continuous Deployment using Jenkins by building and automating test cases using Maven & Gradle.
- Experiment with configuration management using Ansible.
- Demonstrate Cloud-based DevOps tools using Azure DevOps.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

Template for Practical Course and if AEC is a practical Course Annexure-V

- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/devops-tutorial/
- https://www.javatpoint.com/devops
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2N-59wUIPVI
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=87ZqwoFeO88