

CBCS Scheme

Fifth semester B.E. Degree Examination Analog Electronic Circuits– Model paper

Time : 3 hrs

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module

Module – 1

- Explain with the help of a neat circuit diagram the operation of a double ended clipping. 6M
 - A Voltage divider bias circuit has $R_1 = 47 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_2 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_c = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_E = 560 \Omega$, $V_{CC} = 14\text{V}$. The silicon transistor used has β of 100. Determine the Q-point and S_{IC0} for the circuit. 8M
 - Explain the various time components involved in practical transistor switching. 6M

OR

- What is a clamping circuit? Analyze the circuit given in Fig Q2a. & draw the output waveform.

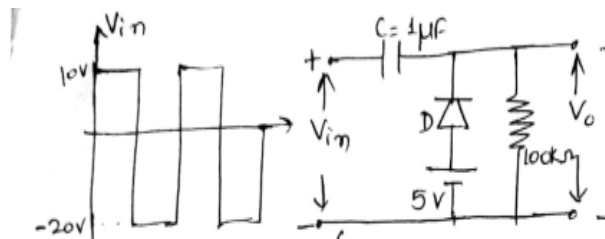


Fig. Q2a

8M

- For the collector feedback biasing circuit given in fig Q2b determine the Q point and S_{IX0} . 8M

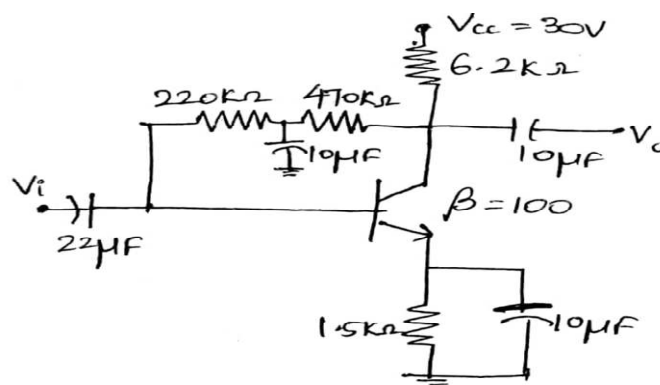


Fig. Q2b

- Derive the expression for S_{IC0} for a fixed bias CE amplifier circuit. 4M

4M

Module – 2

3. a) With the help of h-parameter model deduce an expression for voltage gain, input impedance and output impedance for an voltage divider biased amplifier with R_E un-bypassed. Discuss the significance of un-bypassing R_E 8M
- b) A transistor in CE mode has $h_{ie} = 1100\Omega$, $h_{re} = 2.5 \times 10^{-4}$, $h_{fe} = 100$, $h_{oe} = 25\mu A/V$. Find Voltage gain, input impedance, output impedance and output impedance. Take $R_L = R_s = 1k\Omega$. 8M
- c) A transistor in CE mode has h-parameter $h_{ie} = 1100\Omega$, $h_{re} = 2.5 \times 10^{-4}$, $h_{fe} = 100$, $h_{oe} = 25\mu A/V$. Determine the equivalent CB parameters. 4M

OR

4. a) Derive expression for input impedance, voltage gain and output impedance for an Emitter follower circuit using h-parameter model for the transistor. 6M
- b) A Voltage divider bias circuit has $R_1 = 47 k\Omega$, $R_2 = 10 k\Omega$, $R_c = 2.2 k\Omega$, $R_E = 560\Omega$, $V_{cc} = 14v$. Assuming R_E is bypassed determine voltage gain, input impedance and output impedance. Take the h-parameters of the transistor to be $h_{ie} = 1100\Omega$, $h_{fe} = 100$, $h_{oe} = 25\mu A/V$. 8M
- c) State and prove millers theorem. 6M

Module – 3

5. a) What is a Darlington pair? Justify why it's called super- β transistor? 6M
- b) Discuss the advantages of using negative feedback. 6M
- c) Derive an expression for voltage gain with feedback and input impedance with feedback for a current series feedback circuit. 8 M

OR

6. a) With the help of a neat circuit diagram explain cascade connection. 6M
- b) What do you understand by positive and negative feedback? Mention the various types of feedback amplifiers. 6M
- c) Determine the voltage gain, input impedance and output impedance with feedback for voltage series feedback having $A = -80$, $Z_{in} = 10k\Omega$ and $Z_o = 20k\Omega$ for feedback of
i) $\beta = -0.2$ ii) $\beta = -0.6$. 8M

Module – 4

7. a) Explain the operation of a Class-B push pull power amplifier. Prove that the maximum efficiency of a class-B configuration is 78.5%. 8M

b) A power amplifier has harmonic distortion $D_2 = 0.1$, $D_3 = 0.02$, $D_4 = 0.01$, the fundamental current amplitude is $I_1 = 4A$ and $R_L = 8$ ohms. Calculate the total harmonic distortion, with and without push pull configuration. 6M

c) With a circuit diagram explain how barkhausen criterion is satisfied in RC phase shift oscillator. Give the expression for frequency of oscillation and the minimum h_{fe} value for sustained oscillation. 6M

OR

8. a) Explain the operation of Class A transformer coupled power amplifier and prove that the maximum efficiency is 50%. 8M

b) Calculate the efficiency of class B push-pull power amplifier for a supply voltage of $V_{cc} = 22V$ driving a 4Ω load with peak output voltages of (i) $V_m = 22v$ (ii) $V_m = 20v$ (iii) $V_m = 04v$ 6M

c) A collpits oscillator has $C_1 = 0.01\mu F$, $C_2 = 0.01\mu F$ and $L = 1$ mH. Calculate the frequency of oscillation and what should be the minimum gain of the circuit. 6M

Module – 5

9. a) Discuss the construction, working and characteristics of an n-channel JFET. 8M

b) Draw the transfer characteristics for n-channel JFET with Take $I_{DSS} = 8mA$, $V_p = -4v$. 4M

c) For the voltage divider biased JFET circuit has $R_1 = 3.3M\Omega$, $R_2 = 330k\Omega$, $R_D = 2k\Omega$ and $R_S = 1.2k\Omega$. Take $I_{DSS} = 8mA$, $V_p = -4v$. Determine the value of I_{DQ} , V_{GSQ} and V_{DS} . 8M

OR

10. a) Discuss the construction, working and characteristics of an enhancement type MOSFET. 8M

b) With necessary equivalent circuit obtain the expression for voltage gain, input impedance output impedance for a fixed biased CS- JFET amplifier. 8M

c) Draw the transfer characteristics for p-channel JFET with Take $I_{DSS} = 8mA$, $V_p = 4v$. 4M