

# CBCS Scheme

## Fifth semester B.E. Degree Examination Analog Electronic Circuits– Model paper

Time : 3 hrs

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module

### Module – 1

- Explain with the help of a neat circuit diagram the operation of a double ended clipping. 6M
  - A Voltage divider bias circuit has  $R_1 = 47 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_c = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_E = 560 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC} = 14\text{V}$ . The silicon transistor used has  $\beta$  of 100. Determine the Q-point and  $S_{IC0}$  for the circuit. 8M
  - Explain the various time components involved in practical transistor switching. 6M

OR

- What is a clamping circuit? Analyze the circuit given in Fig Q2a. & draw the output waveform.

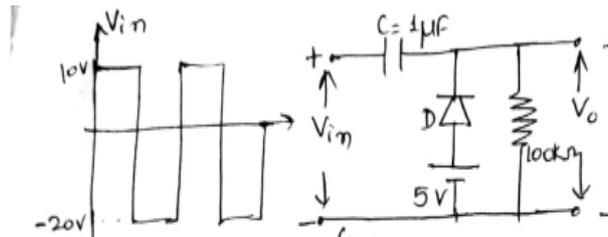


Fig. Q2a

8M

- For the collector feedback biasing circuit given in fig Q2b determine the Q point and  $S_{IX0}$ . 8M

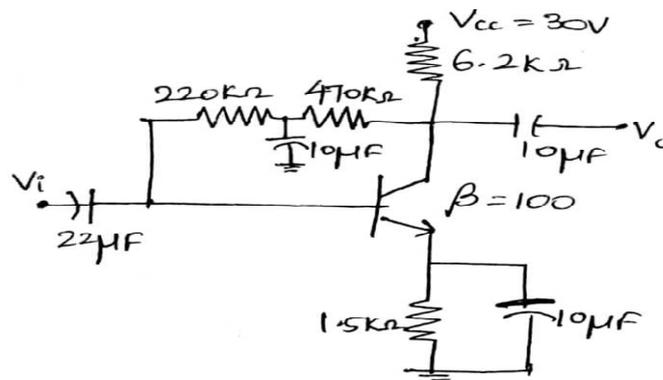


Fig. Q2b

- Derive the expression for  $S_{IC0}$  for a fixed bias CE amplifier circuit. 4M

4M

**Module – 2**

3. a) With the help of h-parameter model deduce an expression for voltage gain, input impedance and output impedance for an voltage divider biased amplifier with  $R_E$  un-bypassed. Discuss the significance of un-bypassing  $R_E$  8M
- b) A transistor in CE mode has  $h_{ie} = 1100\Omega$ ,  $h_{re} = 2.5 \times 10^{-4}$ ,  $h_{fe} = 100$ ,  $h_{oe} = 25\mu A/V$ . Find Voltage gain, input impedance, output impedance and output impedance. Take  $R_L = R_s = 1k\Omega$ . 8M
- c) A transistor in CE mode has h-parameter  $h_{ie} = 1100\Omega$ ,  $h_{re} = 2.5 \times 10^{-4}$ ,  $h_{fe} = 100$ ,  $h_{oe} = 25\mu A/V$ . Determine the equivalent CB parameters. 4M

**OR**

4. a) Derive expression for input impedance, voltage gain and output impedance for an Emitter follower circuit using h-parameter model for the transistor. 6M
- b) A Voltage divider bias circuit has  $R_1 = 47 k\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 10 k\Omega$ ,  $R_c = 2.2 k\Omega$ ,  $R_E = 560\Omega$ ,  $V_{cc} = 14v$ . Assuming  $R_E$  is bypassed determine voltage gain, input impedance and output impedance. Take the h-parameters of the transistor to be  $h_{ie} = 1100\Omega$ ,  $h_{fe} = 100$ ,  $h_{oe} = 25\mu A/V$ . 8M
- c) State and prove millers theorem. 6M

**Module – 3**

5. a) What is a Darlington pair? Justify why it's called super- $\beta$  transistor? 6M
- b) Discuss the advantages of using negative feedback. 6M
- c) Derive an expression for voltage gain with feedback and input impedance with feedback for a current series feedback circuit. 8 M

**OR**

6. a) With the help of a neat circuit diagram explain cascade connection. 6M
- b) What do you understand by positive and negative feedback? Mention the various types of feedback amplifiers. 6M
- c) Determine the voltage gain, input impedance and output impedance with feedback for voltage series feedback having  $A = -80$ ,  $Z_{in} = 10k\Omega$  and  $Z_o = 20k\Omega$  for feedback of  
i)  $\beta = -0.2$     ii)  $\beta = -0.6$ . 8M

**Module – 4**

7. a) Explain the operation of a Class-B push pull power amplifier. Prove that the maximum efficiency of a class-B configuration is 78.5%. 8M

b) A power amplifier has harmonic distortion  $D_2 = 0.1$ ,  $D_3 = 0.02$ ,  $D_4 = 0.01$ , the fundamental current amplitude is  $I_1 = 4A$  and  $R_L = 8$  ohms. Calculate the total harmonic distortion, with and without push pull configuration. 6M

c) With a circuit diagram explain how barkhausen criterion is satisfied in RC phase shift oscillator. Give the expression for frequency of oscillation and the minimum  $h_{fe}$  value for sustained oscillation. 6M

**OR**

8. a) Explain the operation of Class A transformer coupled power amplifier and prove that the maximum efficiency is 50%. 8M

b) Calculate the efficiency of class B push-pull power amplifier for a supply voltage of  $V_{cc} = 22V$  driving a  $4\Omega$  load with peak output voltages of (i)  $V_m = 22v$  (ii)  $V_m = 20v$  (iii)  $V_m = 04v$  6M

c) A collpits oscillator has  $C_1 = 0.01\mu F$ ,  $C_2 = 0.01\mu F$  and  $L = 1$  mH. Calculate the frequency of oscillation and what should be the minimum gain of the circuit. 6M

**Module – 5**

9. a) Discuss the construction, working and characteristics of an n-channel JFET. 8M

b) Draw the transfer characteristics for n-channel JFET with Take  $I_{DSS} = 8mA$ ,  $V_p = -4v$ . 4M

c) For the voltage divider biased JFET circuit has  $R_1 = 3.3M\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 330k\Omega$ ,  $R_D = 2k\Omega$  and  $R_S = 1.2k\Omega$ . Take  $I_{DSS} = 8mA$ ,  $V_p = -4v$ . Determine the value of  $I_{DQ}$ ,  $V_{GSQ}$  and  $V_{DS}$ . 8M

**OR**

10. a) Discuss the construction, working and characteristics of an enhancement type MOSFET. 8M

b) With necessary equivalent circuit obtain the expression for voltage gain, input impedance output impedance for a fixed biased CS- JFET amplifier. 8M

c) Draw the transfer characteristics for p-channel JFET with Take  $I_{DSS} = 8mA$ ,  $V_p = 4v$ . 4M