

## Model Question Paper

### Fifth Semester B.E.(CBCS) Examination Signals and Systems (Common to all Branches)

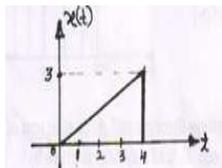
Time: 3 Hrs

Max.Marks: 80

**Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing at least ONE question from each module**

#### Module-I

- a. Distinguish between i) Even and Odd Signals  
ii) Periodic and nonperiodic signals **(04 Marks)**
- b. Determine whether the following signals are periodic, if periodic determine the fundamental period. i)  $x(t) = \cos 2t + \sin 3t$  ii)  $x[n] = \sin 2n$  **(04 Marks)**
- c. Sketch the following signal for  $x(t)$  is shown in figure.  
i)  $x(3t+2)$  ii)  $x(2(t+2))$  iii)  $x(-2t-1)$  iv)  $x(-2t+3)$  **(08 Marks)**



- a. Find total energy of the following signals  
i)  $x(t) = A$  ;  $-T/2 < t < T/2$  ii)  $x(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\omega t) + 1] & -\pi/\omega \leq t \leq \pi/\omega \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$  **(08 Marks)**  
 $= 0$  ; Otherwise
- b. Determine whether the system  $y(t) = x(n^2)$  is i) Linear ii) Time-invariant  
iii) Memory iv) Causal v) Stable **(08 Marks)**

#### Module-II

- a. Consider an LTI system with input  $x(n)$  & unit impulse response  $h(n)$  given below, Compute  $y(n)$ .  $x(n) = 2^n u(-n)$ ; &  $h(n) = u(n)$  **(08 Marks)**
- b. Find the step response for the LTI system represented by impulse response  
i)  $h(n) = u(n)$  ii)  $h(n) = (1/2)^n u(n)$  **(4 Marks)**
- c. Determine stability & causality of the following  
i)  $h(n) = (1/2)^n u(n)$  ii)  $h(t) = e^{-3t} u(t-1)$  **(4 Marks)**
- a. Find Forced response of the following system given by  
 $y(n) - 5/6 y(n-1) + 1/6 y(n-2) = x(n)$  where  $x(n) = 2^n$  **(10 Marks)**
- b. Draw direct form-I & II structures for the system described by the differential equation. **(6 marks)**

$$\frac{d^3y(t)}{dt^3} + \frac{2dy(t)}{dt} + 3y(t) = x(t) + \frac{3dx(t)}{dt}$$

### Module-III

5. State & prove the following properties of FT. i) Time shifting property ii) parseval's theorem. **(10Marks)**  
 b. Obtain the fourier transform of  $x(t) = te^{-at}u(t)$  **(6 Marks)**
6. a. Find the fourier transform of rectangular pulse shown below  
 $x(\omega) = 1/(a+j\omega)^2$  **(08 Marks)**  
 b. Find the frequency response & impulse response of the system described by differential equation. **(08 Marks)**  
 $dy(t)/dt + 8y(t) = x(t)$

### Module-IV

7. a. Obtain the DTFT of the signal  $x[n] = 2^n u(-n)$  **(06 Marks)**  
 b. State & prove the following properties of DTFT. i) Convolution property ii) Frequency differentiation. **(10Marks)**
8. a. Using DTFT find the total solution to the difference equation for discrete time signal.  $5y(n+2) - 6y(n+1) + y(n) = 0.8 u(n)$  **(08 Marks)**  
 b. Find the fourier transform of the following. **(08 Marks)**  
 $x(n) = 1 \quad ; -2 \leq n \leq 2$   
 $= 0 \quad ; \text{Otherwise}$

### Module-V

9. a. Find the Z-transform of the following  
 i)  $x(n) = 2^n u(-n-1)$       ii)  $x(n) = (3)^n u(-n)$  **(08 Marks)**  
 b. Prove the following properties of Z-transform i) Linearity ii) Initial value theorem **(08 Marks)**
10. a. Find Inverse Z-transform of the following using partial fraction expansion method.  
 $X(z) = (1+2z^{-1}+z^{-2})/(1-1.5z^{-1}+0.5z^{-2})$  **(08 Marks)**  
 b. Solve the following difference equation using unilateral Z-transform  
 $Y(n) + 3y(n-1) = x(n)$  with  $x(n) = u(n)$  and the initial condition  $y(-1) = 1$  **(08 Marks)**