

ADVANCED ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS		Semester	1
Course Code	22LAC11	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
<p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To know the analysis of discrete time signals. • To study the modern digital signal processing algorithms and applications. • To have an in-depth knowledge of use of digital systems in real time applications • To apply the algorithms for wide area of recent applications. 			
<p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar</p>			
Module-1			
<p>Linear Algebra-I Introduction to vector spaces and sub-spaces, definitions, illustrative example. Linearly independent and dependent vectors- Basis-definition and problems. Linear transformations- definitions. Matrix form of linear transformations- Illustrative examples</p>			
Module-2			
<p>Linear Algebra-II Computation of eigen values and eigen vectors of real symmetric matrices- Given's method. Orthogonal vectors and orthogonal bases. Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization process</p>			
Module-3			
<p>Calculus of Variations Concept of functional- Euler equation. Functional dependent on first and higher order derivatives, Functional on several dependent variables. Isoperimetric problems- variation problems with moving boundaries.</p>			
Module-4			
<p>Probability Theory: Review of basic probability theory. Definitions of random variables and probability distributions, probability mass and density functions, expectation, moments, central moments, characteristic functions, probability generating and moment generating functions- illustrations. Poisson, Gaussian and Erlang distribution examples</p>			
Module-5			
<p>Engineering Applications on Random processes: Classification. Stationary, WSS and ergodic random process. Auto-correlation function- properties, Gaussian random process</p>			
#@31102023			

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

1. Understand vector spaces, basis, linear transformations and the process of obtaining matrix of linear transformations arising in magnification and rotation of images.
2. Apply the technique of singular value decomposition for data compression, least square approximation in solving inconsistent linear systems.
3. Utilize the concepts of functional and their variations in the applications of communication systems, decision theory, synthesis and optimization of digital circuits.
4. Learn the idea of random variables (discrete/continuous) and probability distributions in analyzing the probability models arising in control systems and system communications.
5. Analyze random process through parameter-dependent variables in various random processes.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**.
2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs.

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods / question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks:

1. 'Linear Algebra and its Applications', David C Lay, Steven R Lay and J J McDonald, Pearson Education Ltd., 5th Edition, 2015
2. 'Differential Equations and Calculus of Variations', Elsgolts L, MIR Publications, 3rd Edition, 1977
3. 'Probability, Statistics and Random Process', T Veerarajan, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Co., 3rd Edition, 2016

Suggested Learning Resources:**Books**

1. David M. Pozar – Microwave Engineering, 4th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2013
2. E C Jordan and K G Balmain - Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems, 2nd Edition, PHI, 2003.

Reference Books:

1. 'Introduction to Linear Algebra', Gilbert Strang, Wellesley-Cambridge Press, 5th Edition, 2016
2. 'Schaum's Outlines of Theory and Problems of Matrix Operations', Richard Bronson, McGraw-Hill, 1988
3. 'Probability and Random Process with application to Signal Processing', Scott L Miller, Donald G Childers, Elsevier Academic Press, 2nd Edition, 2013

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=V7qyku_7hM0&list=PLbMVogVj5nJSgrtwLEfYZllrglCXYxgdo&index=1
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4A3b8zORlg4&list=PLbMVogVj5nJSgrtwLEfYZllrglCXYxgdo&index=2>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6Zacf25sXhk&list=PLbMVogVj5nJSgrtwLEfYZllrglCXYxgdo&index=6>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Students can prepare innovative mathematical modelling of different simple communication modules

CO-PO Mapping

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3
CO2	3	3	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	3
CO3	3	3	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	3
CO4	3	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3
CO5	3	3	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	3

ADVANCEDDIGITALSIGNALPROCESSING		Semester	1
Course Code	22LAC12	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 HoursTheory+ 10-12 Lab	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory + Lab		

Course objectives:

- To know the analysis of discrete time signals.
- To study the modern digital signal processing algorithms and applications.
- To have an in-depth knowledge of use of digital systems in real time applications
- To apply the algorithms for wide area of recent applications.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, YouTube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method,

Seminar
MODULE-1
Introduction to Digital Signal Processing: Review of Discrete time signals and systems and frequency analysis of discrete time linear time invariant systems, implementation of discrete time systems, correlation of discrete time systems Sampling, decimation by a factor 'D', Interpolation by a factor 'I', sampling rate conversion by a factor 'I/D', Implementation of sampling rate conversion, Multistage implementation of sampling rate conversion.
MODULE-2
Multirate Digital Signal Processing: Multirate signal processing and its applications, Design of Digital filters, Design of FIR filters, Design of IIR filters, frequency transformations, Digital filter banks, two channel quadrature mirror filter banks, M channel QMF bank.
MODULE-3
Linear prediction and Optimum Linear Filters: Random signals, Correlation Functions and Power Spectra, Innovations Representation of a Stationary Random Process. Forward and Backward Linear Prediction. Solution of the Normal Equations. The Levinson-Durbin Algorithm. Properties of the Linear Prediction-Error Filters.
MODULE-4
Adaptive filters: Applications of Adaptive Filters- Adaptive Channel Equalization, Adaptive noise cancellation, Linear Predictive coding of Speech Signals, Adaptive direct form FIR filters-The LMS algorithm, Properties of LMS algorithm. Adaptive direct form filters-RLS algorithm.
MODULE-5
Power Spectrum Estimation: Non parametric Methods for Power Spectrum Estimation - Bartlett Method, Welch Method, Blackman & Tukey Methods. Parametric Methods for Power Spectrum Estimation: Relationship between the auto correlation and the model parameters, Yule and Walker methods for the AR Model Parameters, Burg Method for the AR Model parameters, Unconstrained least-squares method for the AR Model parameters, Sequential estimation methods for the AR Model parameters, ARMA Model for Power Spectrum Estimation.

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC *(May cover all / major modules)*

SI.NO	Experiments
1	Generate various fundamental discrete time signals
2	Basic operations on signals (Multiplication, Folding, Scaling).
3	Find out the DFT & IDFT of a given sequence without using inbuilt instructions.

4	Interpolation&decimationofagivensequence.
5	GenerationofDTMF(DualToneMultipleFrequency)signals
6	EstimatethePSDofanoisysignalusingperiodogramandmodified periodogram
7	EstimationofPSDusingdifferent methods(Bartlett,Welch,Blackman-Tukey).
8	DesignofChebyshevTypeI,IIFilters.
9	CascadeDigital IIRFilterRealization.
10	ParallelRealizationofIIRfilter.
11	Estimationofpowerspectrumusingparametricmethods (YuleWalker&Burg).
12	Time-FrequencyAnalysiswiththeContinuousWaveletTransform.

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Able to analyze and implement the frequency analysis & correlation of discrete-time linear time invariant systems.
- Able to implement sampling rate conversion by decimation & Interpolation process and design digital filter banks
- Able to analyze forward and backward linear prediction of a stationary random process using Levinson-Durbin Algorithm
- Able to understand and analyze adaptive filters and its application using LMS algorithm & RLS algorithm.
- Able to understand parametric & non-parametric methods for power spectrum estimation.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIE andSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

CIEforthe theorycomponent of IPCC

1. Two Tests each of **20 Marks**
2. Two assignments each of **10 Marks/One Skill Development Activity of 20 marks**
3. Total Marks of two tests and two assignments/one Skill Development Activity added will be CIE for 60 marks, marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to **30 marks**.

CIEforthe practical component of IPCC

- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated and marks shall be awarded on the same day. The **15 marks** are for conducting the experiment and preparation of the laboratory record, the other **05 marks shall be for the test** conducted at the end of the semester.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the

continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to 15 marks.

- The laboratory test at the end /after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 05 marks.

Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **20 marks**.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 Hours)

The question paper will be set for 100 marks and marks scored will be scaled down proportionately to 50 marks.

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper shall include questions from the practical component).

- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE to appear for SEE shall be the 15 (50% of maximum marks -30) in the theory component and 10 (50% of maximum marks -20) in the practical component. The laboratory component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory components shall be included. The maximum of 04/05 questions to be set from the practical component of IPCC, the total marks of all questions should not be more than the 20 marks.
- SEE will be conducted for 100 marks and students shall secure 40% of the maximum marks to qualify in the SEE. Marks secured will be scaled down to 50. (Student has to secure an aggregate of 50% of maximum marks of the course (CIE+SEE))

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

Text Books

1. **Digital Signal Processing Principles, Algorithms, and Applications** by John G. Proakis, Prentice-Hall International Inc., 4th Edition, 2012.
2. **Theory and Application of Digital Signal Processing** by Lawrence R. Rabiner and Bernard Gold. Reference Books

Gold. Reference Books

1. **Oppenheim, Alan V. Discrete-time signal processing.** Pearson Education India, 1999.
2. **Mitra, Sanjit Kumar, and Yonghong Kuo. Digital signal processing: a computer-based approach. Volume 2.** New York: McGraw-Hill Higher Education, 2006.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <https://ekeeda.com/degree-courses/electrical-engineering/advanced-digital-signal-processing>
- <https://dss-kiel.de/index.php/teaching/lectures/lecture-advanced-digital-signal-processing>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning
MiniProject in the area Advanced signal processing using modern tools like MATLAB, Python

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3		1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO2	3	3	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO3	1		2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO4	1			1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	1			-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

ADVANCED COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM 1		Semester	1
Course Code	22LAC13	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
<p>Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To know modulation techniques. • To study the demodulation techniques. • To have an in-depth knowledge of band limited channels and equalizers • To understand spread spectrum. 			

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar

Module-1

Signal Representation: Low pass representation of bandpass signals, Low pass representation of bandpass random process [Text 1, Chapter 2:2.1, and 2.9 only]. **Modulation:** Representation of digitally modulated signals, Modulation Schemes without memory (Band Limited Schemes - PAM, BPSK, QPSK, MPSK, MQAM, Power Limited Schemes – FSK, MFSK, DPSK, DQPSK), modulation schemes with memory (Basic of CPFSK and CPM – Full Treatment of MSK), Transmit PSD for Modulation Schemes.

Module-2

Demodulation: Vector Channel, Vector Channel + AWGN, Performance parameters, Optimum Coherent Detection for power limited and Band limited schemes, Optimal Coherent detection for schemes with memory, Optimal Non-Coherent detection for schemes without and with memory (FSK, DPSK, DQPSK), Comparison of detection schemes.

Module-3

Band limited Channels: Band limited channel characterization, signaling through band limited linear filter channels, Sinc, RC, Duobinary and Modified Duobinary signaling schemes, Optimum receiver for channel with ISI and AWGN. **Linear Equalizers:** Zero forcing Equalizer, MSE and MMSE, Baseband and Passband Linear Equalizers. Performance of ZFE and MSE.

Module-4

Non-Linear Equalizers: Decision -feedback equalization, Predictive DFE, Performance of DFE. **Adaptive equalization:** Adaptive linear equalizer, adaptive decision feedback equalizer, Adaptive Fractionally spaced Equalizer (Tap Leakage Algorithm), Adaptive equalization of Trellis-coded signals

Module-5

Spread spectrum signals for digital communication: Model of spread spectrum digital communication system, Direct sequence spread spectrum signals, some applications of DS spread spectrum signals, generation of PN sequences, Frequency hopped spread spectrum signals, Time hopping SS, Synchronization of SS systems.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less

than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

CIE for the theory component of IPCC

4. Two Tests each of **20 Marks**
5. Two assignments each of **10 Marks/One Skill Development Activity of 20 marks**
6. Total Marks of two tests and two assignments/one Skill Development Activity added will be CIE for 60 marks, marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to **30 marks**.

CIE for the practical component of IPCC

- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated and marks shall be awarded on the same day. The **15 marks** are for conducting the experiment and preparation of the laboratory record, the other **05 marks shall be for the test** conducted at the end of the semester.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to 15 marks.
- The laboratory test at the end /after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 05 marks.

Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **20 marks**.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 Hours)

The question paper will be set for 100 marks and marks scored will be scaled down proportionately to 50 marks.

4. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
5. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
6. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper shall include questions from the practical component).

- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE to appear for SEE shall be the 15 (50% of maximum marks -30) in the theory component and 10 (50% of maximum marks -20) in the practical component. The laboratory component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory components shall be included. The maximum of 04/05 questions to be set from the practical component of IPCC, the total marks of all questions should not be more than the 20 marks.
- SEE will be conducted for 100 marks and students shall secure 40% of the maximum marks to qualify in the SEE. Marks secured will be scaled down to 50. (Student has to secure an aggregate of 50% of

maximum marks of the course (CIE+SEE)

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbook:

'Digital Communications', John G. Proakis, Masoud Salehi, Pearson Education, ISBN: 978-
#@31102023

9332535893,5thedition,2014

ReferenceBooks:

1. 'DigitalCommunications:FundamentalsandApplications:Fundamentals&Applications', Bernard Sklar, Pearson Education, ISBN:9788131720929, 2nd edition, 2009
2. DigitalCommunicationsSystems', Simon Haykin, Wiley, ISBN:9788126542314, 1st edition, 2014

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/11706087/>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106198/>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117102059/>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Students will do mini project in related Domain

CO-PO Mapping

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	1	-	-	2	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	-	-	2	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	-	2	-	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	-	2	-	-	1

ADVANCEDENGINEERING ELECTROMAGNETICS		Semester	1
Course Code	22LAC14	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course objectives:

This course will enable students:

- To introduce the basic mathematical concepts related to electromagnetic vector fields.
- To impart knowledge on the concepts of electrostatics, electric potential, energy density and their applications.
- To impart knowledge on the concepts of magnetostatics, magnetic flux density, scalar and vector potential and its applications.
- To impart knowledge on the concepts of Faraday's law, induced emf and Maxwell's equations.
- To impart knowledge on the concepts of Concepts of electromagnetic waves and Transmission lines.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar

Module-1

Vector Analysis: Review of vector algebra, Review of cartesian, Cylindrical and spherical coordinate systems, Introduction to del (operator, Use of del operator as gradient, divergence, curl).

Smith Chart: Description and detailed analysis

Module-2

Electrostatic fields: Introduction to coulomb's law, Gaussian law and its applications in determination of field of spherical and cylindrical geometries, Laplace's and poisson's equation in various coordinate systems. Effect of dielectric on capacitance, Boundary conditions at electric interfaces, Method of images and its applications.

Module-3

Magnetostatics: Introduction to ampere's law, Magnetic vector potential, Magnetic forces, Boundary conditions at magnetic interfaces.

Module-4

Time Varying Fields and Maxwell's Equations: Continuity of charge, Concept of displacement current, Maxwell's equation in integral and differential form: for static fields, for time varying fields, for free space, for good conductors, for harmonically varying fields, Poynting theorem: Energy stored and radiated power, Complex poynting vector, Properties of conductor and dielectrics, Wave equations for free space, Wave equations for conductors.

Module-5

Uniform Plane Waves: Introduction, Uniform plane wave propagation: Wave equations, Transverse nature of uniform plane waves, Perpendicular relation between E and H, EM waves in charge free, Current free dielectric, Reflection by ideal conductor: Normal incidence, reflection and transmission with normal incidence at another dielectric, [#01102023](#) in lossy dielectric, Wave impedance and propagation constant, Depth of penetration, Surface impedance and surface resistance, Application of

EM propagation through Transmission Lines and Rectangular Waveguides

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- Appraise need analysis for different coordinate systems in electromagnetics and their interrelations.
- Apply vector calculus to solve field theory problems.
- Calculate electric and magnetic fields in different coordinates for various charge and current configurations.
- Exhibit the concept of time varying fields and demonstrate different aspects of plane wave in dielectric and conducting media.
- Realize the analogy of wave with transmission line and determine the transmission line performance.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
2. Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper shall include questions from the practical component).

- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE to appear for SEE shall be the 15 (50% of maximum marks-30) in the theory component and 10 (50% of maximum marks -20) in the practical component. The laboratory component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory components shall be included. The maximum of 04/05 questions to be set from the practical

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component of IPCC, the total marks of all questions should not be more than the 20 marks.

- SEE will be conducted for 100 marks and students shall secure 40% of the maximum marks to qualify in the SEE. Marks secured will be scaled down to 50. (Student has to secure an aggregate of 50% of maximum marks of the course (CIE+SEE))

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

- Kraus, J.D., Electromagnetics, McGraw Hill (2006).
- Sadiku, M.N.O, Elements of Electromagnetics, Oxford University Press (2009).

Reference Books:

- Hayt, W.H., Engineering Electromagnetics, Tata McGraw Hill (2008).
- Jordan, E.C. and Balmain K.G., Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems, Prentice Hall of India (2008).

Paramanik, A, Electromagnetism: Theory and Applications, Prentice Hall of India (2006)

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yzgGHAoN_68&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M_OXWtn1RUnuZNSbSSy6Lys
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rveuCHNkaC4&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M_OXWtn1RUnuZNSbSSy6Lys&index=10
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=C9m2NJ03eGk&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M_OXWtn1RUnuZNSbSSy6Lys&index=26

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Project related to Antenna and Microwave with Electromagnetic Application

CO-PO Mapping

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1

ADVANCED COMMUNICATION NETWORKS

Course Code	22LAC15	Semester	1
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	2:0:2	CIE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	SEE Marks	50
Credits	03	Total Marks	100
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course objectives:

This course will enable students:

- To know the networking concepts.
- To study the networking protocols.
- To have an in-depth knowledge of congestion control and resource allocation
- To have knowledge on security.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar

Module-1

Foundation: Building a Network, Applications, Requirements, Network Architecture, Implementing Network Software, Performance

Module-2

Advanced Internetworking: The Global Internet, Multicast, Multicast addresses, Multicast, Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)

End-to-End protocols: Simple Demultiplexer (UDP), Reliable Byte Stream (TCP)

Module-3

Congestion Control and Resource Allocation: Allocating Resources, Issues in Resource allocation, Queuing Disciplines, TCP Congestion Control, Congestion-Avoidance Mechanisms, Quality of Service

Module-4

Applications: Traditional Applications: Electronic Mail (SMTP, POP, IMAP, MIME), World Wide Web (HTTP), Multimedia Applications, Infrastructure Services (Domain Name System (DNS), Network Management (SNMP), Overlay Networks

Module-5

End-to End data: Presentation formatting, Multimedia Data Network

Security: Security attacks, Cryptographic building blocks, Key Predistribution, Authentication protocols, Fire walls

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- Classify network services, protocols and architectures, explain why they are layered.
- Knowledge on Advanced Internetworking applications and their protocols, and ability to work on their own applications (e.g. Client Server applications, Web Services).
- To analyse various techniques for Congestion avoidance and Resource Allocation.
- Gain the knowledge of application layer protocols.
- Understand the concept of Network Security through cryptographic blocks, authentication protocols and Firewalls.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods / question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Suggested Learning Resources:**Textbooks:**

1. 'Computer Networks: A System Approach', Larry Peterson and Bruce S Davis, 5th Edition, Elsevier-2014.
2. 'Internetworking with TCP/IP, Principles, Protocols and Architecture', Douglas E Comer, 6th Edition, PHI-2014

Reference Books:

1. 'Computer Networks, Protocols, Standards and Interfaces', Uyles Black, 2nd Edition, PHI.
2. 'TCP / IP Protocol Suite', Behrouz A Forouzan, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <http://www.embeddedtechnology.com/>
- <https://www.edx.org/learn/embedded-systems>
- http://www.realtime-info.be/magazine/98q4/1998q4_p014.pdf

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Showing example of each layer

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO 11	PO 12
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY & IPR		Semester	1
Course Code	22RM16	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course objectives:

This course will enable students:

- To give an overview of the research methodology and explain the technique of defining a research problem
- To explain the functions of the literature review in research.
- To explain carrying out a literature search, its review, developing theoretical and conceptual frameworks and writing a review.
- To explain various research designs and their characteristics.
- To explain the details of sampling designs, and also different methods of data collections.
- To explain the art of interpretation and the art of writing research reports.
- To explain various forms of the intellectual property, its relevance and business impact in the changing global business environment.
 - To discuss leading International Instruments concerning Intellectual Property Rights

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activitybased method, Seminar

Module-1

Research Methodology: Introduction, Meaning of Research, Objectives of Research, Motivation in Research, Types of Research, Research Approaches, Significance of Research, Research Methods versus Methodology, Research and Scientific Method, Importance of Knowing How Research is Done, Research Process, Criteria of Good Research, and Problems Encountered by Researchers in India.

Defining the Research Problem: Research Problem, Selecting the Problem, Necessity of Defining the Problem, Technique Involved in Defining a Problem, An Illustration.

Module-2

Reviewing the literature: Place of the literature review in research, Bringing clarity and focus to your research problem, Improving research methodology, Broadening knowledge base in research area, Enabling contextual findings, How to review the literature, searching the existing literature, reviewing the selected literature, Developing a theoretical framework, Developing a conceptual framework, Writing about the literature reviewed.

Research Design: Meaning of Research Design, Need for Research Design, Features of a Good Design, Important Concepts Relating to Research Design, Different Research Designs, Basic Principles of Experimental Designs, Important Experimental Designs.

Module-3

Design of Sampling: Introduction, Sample Design, Sampling and Non-sampling Errors, Sample Survey versus Census Survey, Types of Sampling Designs.

Measurement and Scaling: Qualitative and Quantitative Data, Classification of Measurement Scales, Goodness of Measurement Scales, Sources of Error in Measurement Tools, Scaling, Scale Classification Bases, Scaling Techniques, Multidimensional Scaling, Deciding the Scale.

Data Collection: Experimental and Surveys, Collection of Primary Data, Collection of Secondary Data, Selection of Appropriate Method for Data Collection, Case Study Method.

Module-4

Testing of Hypotheses: Hypothesis, Basic Concepts Concerning Testing of Hypotheses, Testing of Hypothesis, Test Statistics and Critical Region, Critical Value and Decision Rule, Procedure for Hypothesis Testing, Hypothesis Testing for Mean, Proportion, Variance, for Difference of Two Mean, for Difference of Two Proportions, for Difference of Two Variances, P-Value approach, Power of Test, Limitations of the Tests of Hypothesis.

Chi-square Test: Test of Difference of more than Two Proportions, Test of Independence of Attributes, Test of Goodness of Fit, Cautions in Using Chi Square Tests.

Module-5

Interpretation and Report Writing: Meaning of Interpretation, Technique of Interpretation, Precaution in Interpretation, Significance of Report Writing, Different Steps in Writing Report, Layout of the Research Report, Types of Reports, Oral Presentation, Mechanics of Writing a Research Report, Precautions for Writing Research Reports.

Intellectual Property: The Concept, Intellectual Property System in India, Development of TRIPS Compliant Regime in India, Patents Act, 1970, Trade Mark Act, 1999, The Designs Act, 2000, The Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection) Act 1999, Copyright Act, 1957, The Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers' Rights Act, 2001, The Semi-Conductor Integrated Circuits Layout Design Act, 2000, Trade Secrets, Utility Models, IPR and Biodiversity, The Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) 1992, Competing Rationales for Protection of IPRs, Leading International Instruments Concerning IPR, World Intellectual Property Organisation (WIPO), WIPO and WTO

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- Discuss research methodology and the technique of defining a research problem
- Explain the functions of the literature review in research, carrying out a literature search, developing theoretical and conceptual frameworks and writing a review.
- Explain various research designs, sampling designs, measurement and scaling techniques and also different methods of data collections.
- Explain several parametric tests of hypotheses, Chi-square test, art of interpretation and writing research reports
- Discuss various forms of the intellectual property, its relevance and business impact in the changing global business environment and leading International Instruments concerning IPR.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books:

1. Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques', C.R. Kothari, Gaurav Garg, New Age International, 4th Edition, 2018
2. 'Research Methodology a step-by-step guide for beginners.', Ranjit Kumar, SAGE Publications, 3rd Edition, 2011
3. Study Material (For the topic Intellectual Property under module 5) Professional Programme Intellectual Property Rights, Law and Practice, The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, Statutory Body Under an Act of Parliament, September 2013.

Reference Books:

1. 'Research Methods: the concise knowledge base', Trochim, Atomic Dog Publishing, 2005
2. 'Conducting Research Literature Reviews: From the Internet to Paper', Fink A, Sage Publications, 2009

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=E2gGF1rburw&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M8F_P8lgjvmqiDEoFGLzG4h
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mgudvPjuiU0&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M8F_P8lgjvmqiDEoFGLzG4h&index=4
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=25yhhi2LX7Q&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M8F_P8lgjvmqiDEoFGLzG4h&index=6

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

CO-PO Mapping

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	-	1	3	3	2	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	1	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	1	3	3	2	-	-	2	-	2	-
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	2	-	-	2	2	2	2

ADVANCED DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

LABORATORY

Course Code	22LACL17	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits	02	Total Marks	100
Examination type (SEE)	Practical	Exam Hours	03

Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

- To know the analysis of discrete time signals.
- To study the modern digital signal processing algorithms and applications.
- To Have an in-depth knowledge of use of digital systems in real time applications
- To apply the algorithms for wide area of recent applications.

Sl. No.	Experiments
1	Generate various fundamental discrete time signals
2	Basic operations on signals (Multiplication, Folding, Scaling).
3	Find out the DFT & IDFT of a given sequence without using inbuilt instructions.
4	Interpolation & decimation of a given sequence.
5	Generation of DTMF (Dual Tone Multiple Frequency) signals
6	Estimate the PSD of a noisy signal using periodogram and modified periodogram
7	Estimation of PSD using different methods (Bartlett, Welch, Blackman-Tukey).
8	Design of Chebyshev Type I, II Filters.
9	Cascade Digital IIR Filter Realization.
10	Parallel Realization of IIR filter.
11	Estimation of power spectrum using parametric methods (YuleWalker&Burg).

12	Time-Frequency Analysis with the Continuous Wavelet Transform.
13	Signal Reconstruction from Continuous Wavelet Transform Coefficients.

Conduct the experiments using MATLAB/Scilab/TMS 320 C5X DSP Processors

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set): At the end of the course the student will be able to:

1. Able to generate discrete time signals and perform DFT, IDFT on the signals.
2. Able to estimate the PSD using different methods.
3. Able to design and realize FIR and IIR filters.
4. Able to estimate power spectrum using Parametric methods.
5. Able to analyze in Time and Frequency domain and reconstruct the signal using Wavelet Transform.

SEMESTER – II

ADVANCED COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS-2			
Course Code	22LAC21	Semester	2
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	2:0:2	CIE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	SEE Marks	50
Credits	03	Total Marks	100
Examination type (SEE)	Theory	Exam Hours	03

Course objectives:

This course will enable students:

- To describe models for fading channels, and concepts of diversity in time, frequency and space.
- To understand concepts of multi-channel signaling (including OFDM) scheme and synchronization for carrier and symbol timing recovery at receiver.
- To understand performance in a multipath fading environment including maximal ratio combining, RAKE receivers, OFDM and MIMO.
- Develop and evaluate the performance of a OFDM MIMO scheme to meet specified rate in a given multipath environment.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar

Module-1

Synchronization–

Signal Parameter estimation, Carrier Phase Estimation, Symbol Timing Recovery, Performance of ML estimators.

Fading– Large scale, small scale; Statistical characterization of multipath channels– Delay and Doppler spread, classification of multipath channels, scattering function, Binary signaling over frequency nonselective Rayleigh

hfadingchannel.
Module-2
<p>Fading Contd.: - Diversity techniques for performance improvement with binary signaling over FNS, Slowfading channels – power combining and Maximal ratio combining; Frequency selective channels– Rakerreceivers,Performance,Tap weightSynchronization,Applicationto CDMA.</p> <p>Multicarrier Signaling: A brief overview of Frequency Diversity. Multicarrier Communications in AWGNchannel- Single carrier vs Multicarrier, OFDM, FFT Implementation, Spectral Characteristics, Power and bitallocation,Peakto AveragePowerRatio, ChannelCodingConsiderations.</p>
Module-3
<p>Capacityofwirelesschannel:AWGNchannelcapacity,ResourcesofAWGNchannel,LineartimeinvariantGaussiannchannel, Capacityof FadingChannels.</p>
Module-4
<p>MIMOspatialmultiplexingandchannelmodeling:MultiplexingcapabilityofdeterministicMIMOchannels,Physical modelingof MIMO channels, Modelingof MIMO fadingchannels.</p>
Module-5
<p>MIMO capacity and multiplexing architectures: The VBLAST architecture, Fast fading MIMO channel,Capacity with CSI at receiver, Performance gains, Full CSI, Performance gains in a MIMO channel, Receiverarchitectures – (Linear decorrelator, Successive cancellation, Linear MMSE receiver), Information theoreticoptimality,ConnectionswithCDMAmultiuser detectionandISIequalization,SlowfadingMIMOchannel.</p>
<p>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</p> <p>At the end of the course, the student will be able to :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6. Describe models for fading channels, and concepts of diversity in time, frequency and space. 7. Explain the concepts of multi-channel signaling (including OFDM) scheme and synchronization for carrier and symbol timing recovery at receiver 8. Evaluate the capacity and degradation in performance of various symbol signaling schemes in a multipath fading environment. 9. Develop &analyze schemes to improve performance in a multipath fading environment including maximal ratio combining, RAKE receivers, OFDM and MIMO 10. Develop and evaluate the performance of a OFDM MIMO scheme to meet specified rate in a given multipath environment
<p>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</p> <p>The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the</p>

maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
2. Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom’s taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

- 1.The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2.The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3.Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub- questions) from each module.
- 4.Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5.The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks:

1. ‘DigitalCommunications’,JohnG.Proakis,MasoudSalehi,PearsonEducation,ISBN:978-9332535893,5thedition,2014
2. ‘FundamentalsofWirelessCommunication’,DavidTse,PramodViswanath,CambridgeUniversityPress,ISBN:0521845270,1stedition, 2005

ReferenceBook:

‘DigitalCommunicationSystems’,SimonHaykin,Wiley,ISBN:978-0471-64735-5,2014

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nIata4K7egE>
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GrLaF_EKcuk

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Mini project on communication model

CO-PO Mapping

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3
CO2	3	3	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	3
CO3	3	3	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	3

CO4	3	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3
CO5	3	3	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	3

ANTENNA THEORY AND DESIGN

Course Code	22LAC22	Semester	2
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:2:0	CIE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 Hours Theory+ 10-12 Lab	SEE Marks	50
Credits	04	Total Marks	100
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory + Lab	Exam Hours	03

Course objectives:

This course will enable students:

- To classify different types of antennas
- To define and illustrate various types of array antennas
- To design antennas like Yagi-Uda, Helical antennas and other broadband antennas
- To describe different antenna synthesis methods
- To apply methods like Method of Moments, Pocklington's integrals equation, Source modeling.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar

MODULE-1

Antenna Fundamentals and Definitions: Radiation Mechanisms, Overview, EM Fundamentals, Solution of Maxwell's Equations for Radiation Problems, Ideal Dipole, Radiation patterns, Directivity and Gain, Antenna impedance, Radiation efficiency, Antenna polarization.

MODULE-2

Arrays: Array factor for linear arrays, Uniformly excited equally spaced linear arrays, Pattern multiplication, Directivity of linear arrays, Non-uniformly excited equally spaced linear arrays, Mutual coupling. **Antenna Synthesis:** Formulation of the synthesis problem, Synthesis principles, Line sources shaped beam synthesis, Linear array shaped beam synthesis, Fourier series, Woodward - Lawson sampling method, Comparison

MODULE-3

Resonant Antennas: Wires and Patches, Dipole antenna, Yagi-Uda antennas, Micro-strip antenna. **Broadband antennas:** Traveling wave antennas Helical antennas, Biconical antennas, Sleeve antennas, and Principles of frequency independent antennas, Spiral antennas, and Log-periodic antennas.

MODULE-4

Aperture antennas: Techniques for evaluating gain, Reflector antennas, Parabolic reflector antenna principles, Axisymmetric parabolic reflector antenna, Offset parabolic reflectors, Dual reflector antennas, Gain calculations for reflector antennas, Feed antennas for reflectors, Field representations, Matching the feed to the reflector, General feed model, Feed antennas used in practice.

@ 31102023 MODULE-5

Antenna in systems & Measurements: Receiving properties of antennas, Antenna temperature & radiometry. **CEM for antennas:** The method of moments: Introduction of the methods moments, Pocklington's integralequation,IntegralequationandKirchhoff'snetworkingequations,Source modelingweightedresidualformulati onsandcomputationalconsideration,Calculationofantennaandscattercharacteristics.

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC*(May cover all / major modules)*

SI.NO	Experiments
1	MATLAB/Cimplementationtoobtaintheradiationpatternofan antenna.
2	Studyof radiation pattern of differentantennas.
3	Determinethedirectivityandgains ofHorn/Yagi/dipole/Parabolicantennas.
4	ImpedancemeasurementsofHorn/Yagi/dipole/Parabolicantennas
5	Studyof radiationpattern of E&H planehorns.
6	SignificanceofPocklington'sintegralequation.
7	Determinethedirectivityandgainsofdipoleantennas.
8	ImpedancemeasurementsofYagi antennas.
9	DeterminethedirectivityandgainsofParabolicantennas.
10	StudyofradiationpatternofEplanehorns

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course, the student will be able:

- To classify different types of antennas
- To define and illustrate various types of array antennas
- To design antennas like Yagi-Uda, Helical antennas and other broad band antennas
- To describe different antenna synthesis methods
- To apply methods like Method of Moments, Pocklington's integral equation,
- Source modelling

AssessmentDetails(bothCIE andSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

CIEforthe theorycomponent of IPCC

7. Two Tests each of **20 Marks**

8. Two assignment each of **10 Marks/One Skill Development Activity of 20 marks**

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9. Total Marks of two tests and two assignments/one Skill Development Activity added will be CIE for 60marks,marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to **30marks**.

CIE for the practical component of IPCC

- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated and marks shall be awarded on the same day. The **15 marks** are for conducting the experiment and preparation of the laboratory record, the other **05 marks shall be for the test** conducted at the end of the semester.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to 15 marks.
- The laboratory test at the end /after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 05 marks.

Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **20marks**.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 Hours)

The question paper will be set for 100 marks and marks scored will be scaled down proportionately to 50 marks.

7. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
8. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
9. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper shall include questions from the practical component).

- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE to appear for SEE shall be the 15 (50% of maximum marks - 30) in the theory component and 10 (50% of maximum marks - 20) in the practical component. The laboratory component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included. The maximum of 04/05 questions to be set from the practical component of IPCC, the total marks of all questions should not be more than the 20 marks.
- SEE will be conducted for 100 marks and students shall secure 40% of the maximum marks to qualify in the SEE. Marks secured will be scaled down to 50. (Student has to secure an aggregate of 50% of maximum marks of the course (CIE+SEE))

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbook:

'Antenna Theory and Design', Stutzman and Thiele, John Wiley, 2nd Edition, 2010

Reference Books:

3. 'Antenna Theory Analysis and Design', C.A. Balanis, John Wiley, 2nd Edition, 2007
4. 'Antennas and Wave Propagation', J.D. Krauss, McGraw Hill TMH, 4th Edition, 2010
5. 'Antennas and propagation', A.R. Harish, M. Sachidanada, Pearson Education, 2015

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=axUcybeamIk>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sKYpHt0p7HQ>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning
MiniProject in the area of Antenna design using modern tools like CST, HFSS

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3		1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO2	3	3	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO3	1		2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO4	1			1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	1			-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

ADVANCED COMMUNICATION LABORATORY			
Course Code	22LACL26	CIEMarks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	1:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits	02	Total Marks	100
		Exam Hours	03

Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Understand and plot the radiation pattern of specified antennas using MATLAB and waveguide setup.
- Determine characteristics of a given antenna.
- Compute the S-parameters of Magic Tee and directional couplers.
- Test the ICCD4051 for modulation techniques.
- 5. Understand the multiplexing techniques using OFC kit.

Sl.No.	Experiments
1	MATLAB/C implementation to obtain the radiation pattern of an antenna.
2	Study of radiation pattern of different antennas.
3	Determine the directivity and gain of Horn/Yagi/dipole/Parabolic antennas.
4	Impedance measurements of Horn/Yagi/dipole/Parabolic antennas.
5	Study of radiation pattern of E&H plane horns.
6	Significance of Pocklington's integral equation.
7	Study of digital modulation techniques using CD4051 IC.
8	Conduct an experiment for Voice and data multiplexing using Optical fiber.

	Demonstration Experiments (For CIE) if any
9	Determination of the mode transit time, electronic timing range and sensitivity of Klystron source.
10	Determination of V characteristics of GUNN diode, and measurement of guide wavelength, frequency and VSWR.
11	Determination of coupling coefficient and insertion loss of directional couplers and Magic tee.
12	Build a hardware pseudo-random signal source and determine statistics of the generated signal source.

Note: Conduct the experiments using MATLAB/ Scilab /any antenna simulation tool Course Out

comes (Course Skill Set): At the end of the course the student will be able to:

1. Plot the radiation pattern of specified antennas using MATLAB and wave guide setup.
2. Determine gain and directivity of a given antenna.
3. Obtain the S-parameters of Magic tee and directional couplers.
4. Test the ICCD4051 for modulation techniques.
5. Comprehend the multiplexing techniques using OFC kit.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 40% of maximum marks in the semester-end examination (SEE). In total of CIE and SEE student has to secure 50% maximum marks of the course.

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of **scaled-down** marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University.

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal / external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up / conduction procedure and result / viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, write up - 20%, Conduction procedure and result in - 60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and 10% Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

The duration of SEE is 03 hours

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

- 1 <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=axUcybeamIk>
- 2 <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sKYpHt0p7HQ>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning
MiniProject inthe area ofAntenna design usingmodern tools likeCST, HFSS

WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORKS		Semester	2
Course Code	22LAC231	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	(2:0:2)	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	30HoursTheory+10 HoursSDA	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
<p>Course Learning objectives: This course will enable students to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Learn the basic concepts of Wireless sensor networks architecture and protocols. • Understand the challenges in designing a Wireless sensor networks. • Understand the function of Data link and Network layer Protocols. • Understand the function of Transport layer Protocols. • Analyze wireless sensor networks system for different applications under consideration 			
<p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar</p>			
Module-1			
<p>INTRODUCTION: Sensor Mote Platforms, WSN Architecture and Protocol Stack , WSN Applications: Military Applications, Environmental Applications, Health Applications, Home Applications, Industrial Applications.</p>			
Module-2			
<p>FACTORS INFLUENCING WSN DESIGN: Hardware Constraints Fault Tolerance Scalability Production Costs WSN Topology, Transmission Media, Power Consumption (Chap. 3 Text 1). Physical Layer: Physical Layer Technologies, Overview of RF Wireless Communication, Channel Coding (Error Control Coding), Modulation, Wireless Channel Effects, PHY Layer Standards.</p>			
Module-3			
<p>MEDIUM ACCESS CONTROL: Challenges for MAC, CSMA Mechanism, Contention-Based Medium Access, Reservation-Based Medium Access, Hybrid Medium Access (Chap. 5 of Text 1). Network Layer: Challenges for Routing, Data-centric and Flat Architecture Protocols, Hierarchical Protocols, Geographical Routing Protocols.</p>			
Module-4			

Transport Layer: Challenges for Transport Layer, Reliable Multi Segment Transport (RMST) Protocol, Pump Slowly, Fetch Quickly (PSFQ) Protocol, Congestion Detection and Avoidance (CODA) Protocol, Event-to-Sink Reliable Transport (ESRT) Protocol, GARUDA

Application Layer: Source Coding (Data Compression), Query Processing, Network Management (Chap. 9 Text 1).

Module-5

SPREADSPECTRUM SIGNALS FOR DIGITAL COMMUNICATION: Model of spread spectrum digital communication system, Direct sequence spread spectrum signals, some applications of DS spread spectrum signals, generation of PN sequences, Frequency hopped spread spectrum signals, Time hopping SS, Synchronization of SS systems.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

1. Acquire knowledge of characteristics of mobile/wireless communication channels
2. Apply statistical models of multipath fading
3. Understand the multiple radio access techniques, radio standards and communication protocols to be used for wireless sensor
4. Design wireless sensor network system for different applications under consideration.
5. Understand the hardware details of different types of sensors and select right type of sensor for various applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Test each of **20 Marks**
2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:**Textbook:**

1. WirelessSensorNetworks,IanF.AkyildizandMehmetCanVuran,JohnWiley&SonsLtd.ISBN978-0-470-3601-3(H/B),2010
2. WirelessSensorNetworks:SignalProcessingandCommunicationsPerspectives',AnanthramSwami,et.al, JohnWiley&Sons Ltd.,ISBN978-0470-03557-3, 2007.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**MassiveOpenOnlineCourses:**

[https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105160/#- Wireless Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks -BY Prof.SUDIPMISHRA, IITKGP](https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105160/#-Wireless%20Ad%20Hoc%20and%20Sensor%20Networks%20-%20BY%20Prof.SUDIPMISHRA,%20IITKGP)

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Mini projects carried out in groups based on latest trends in Industry and continue work to prepare aresearchArticle.
- ImplementNetworkingconceptsusingNS2/NS3/OMNET/OPNET/QUALNETsoftwaretool.

CO-PO Mapping

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	1	-	-	2	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	-	-	2	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	-	2	-	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	-	2	-	-	1

Course Code	22LAC232	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	(2:0:2)	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	30HoursTheory+10 HoursSDA	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course objectives:

This course will enable students to:

- Know the principles behind Nanoscience engineering and Nanoelectronics.
- Apply the knowledge to prepare and characterize nanomaterials.
- Know the effect of particle size on mechanical, thermal, optical and electrical properties of nanomaterials.
- Design the process flow required to fabricate state-of-the-art transistor technology.
- Analyze the requirements for new materials and device structure in the future technologies.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar

Module-1

Introduction: Overview of nanoscience and engineering. Development milestones in microfabrication and electronic industry. Moores' law and continued miniaturization, Classification of Nanostructures, Electronic properties of atoms and solids: Isolated atom, Bonding between atoms, Giant molecular solids, Free electron models and energy bands, crystalline solids, Periodicity of crystal lattices, Electronic conduction, effects

of nanometer length scale, Fabrication methods: Top down processes, Bottom up processes methods for templating the growth of nanomaterials, ordering of nano systems.

Module-2

Characterization: Classification, Microscopic techniques, Field ion microscopy, scanning probe techniques, diffraction techniques: bulk and surface diffraction techniques, spectroscopy techniques: photon, radio frequency, electron, surface analysis and depth profiling: electron, mass, ion beam, Reflectometry, Techniques for property measurement: mechanical, electron, magnetic, thermal properties.

Module-3

Inorganic semiconductor nanostructures: overview of semiconductor physics. Quantum confinement in semiconductor nanostructures: quantum wells, quantum wires, quantum dots, super-lattices, band offsets, and electronic density of states.

Carbon Nanostructures: Carbon molecules, Carbon Clusters, Carbon Nanotubes, application of Carbon Nanotubes.

Module-4

Fabrication techniques: requirements of ideal semiconductor, epitaxial growth of quantum wells, lithography and etching, cleaved-edge overgrowth, growth of vicinal substrates, strain induced dots and wires, electrostatically induced dots and wires, Quantum well width fluctuations, thermally annealed quantum wells, semiconductor nanocrystals, colloidal quantum dots, self-assembly techniques.

Physical processes: modulation doping, quantum hall effect, resonant tunnelling, charging effects, ballistic carrier transport, Inter band absorption, intra band absorption, Light emission processes, phonon bottleneck, quantum confined stark effect, nonlinear effects, coherence and dephasing, characterization of semiconductor nanostructures: optical, electrical and structural (Text 1).

Module-5

Methods of measuring properties: atomic, crystallography, microscopy, spectroscopy

Applications: Injection lasers, quantum cascade lasers, single-photon sources, biological tagging, optical memories, coulomb blocked devices, photonic structures, QWIPs, NEMS, MEMS.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- Know the principles behind Nanoscience engineering and Nanoelectronics.
- Apply the knowledge to prepare and characterize nanomaterials.
- Know the effect of particles size on mechanical, thermal, optical and electrical properties of nanomaterials
- Design the process flow required to fabricate state of the art transistor technology
- Analyze the requirements for new materials and device structure in the future technologies.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Test each of **20 Marks**
2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-

questions) from each module.

4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

1. 'Nanoscale Science and Technology', Ed Robert Kelsall, Ian Hamley, Mark Geoghegan, John Wiley, 2007
2. 'Introduction to Nanotechnology', Charles P Poole, Jr, Frank J Owens, John Wiley, Copyright 2006, Reprint 2011.

Reference Book:

1. 'Hand Book of Nanoscience Engineering and Technology', Ed William A Goddard III, Donald W Brenner, Sergey E. Lyshevski, Gerald J Iafrate, CRC press, 2003

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/117108047/L01.html>
- <https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/117/108/117108047/>

Skill Development Activities Suggested

- Seminar on recent applications of Carbon nanotubes

CO-PO Mapping

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1

CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY

Course Code	22LAC233	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	(2:0:2)	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	30 Hours Theory + 10 Hours SDA	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course objectives:

This course will enable students to:

- Understand the basics of symmetric key.
- Use basic cryptographic algorithms to encrypt the data.
- Generate some pseudorandom numbers required for cryptographic applications.
- Provide authentication and protection for encrypted data.
- Understand the techniques and features of Email, IP and Web security.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activitybased method, Seminar

Module-1

Foundations:Terminology,Steganography,substitutionciphersandtranspositionsciphers,SimpleXOR,One-TimePads, ComputerAlgorithms

SYMMETRICCIPHERS:TraditionalBlockCipherstructure,DataEncryptionStandard(DES),TheAES Structure,AESKeyExpansion.

Module-2

MoreNumberTheory:PrimeNumbers,Fermat'sandEuler'stheorem,TestingforPrimality,TheChineseRemainder theorem, Discrete Logarithms.

PrinciplesofPublic-KeyCryptosystems,TheRSAalgorithm,Diffie-HellmanKeyExchange,EllipticCurveArithmetic, Elliptic Curve Cryptography.

Module-3

Pseudo-Random-Sequence Generators and Stream Ciphers: Linear Congruential Generators, Linear FeedbackShift Registers, Design and analysis of stream ciphers, Stream ciphers using LFSRs, A5, Hughes XPD/KPD,Nanoteq,Rambutan, Additive generators,Gifford, AlgorithmM, PKZIP

Module-4

One-WayHashFunctions:Background,Snefru,N-Hash,MD4,MD5,SecureHashAlgorithm[SHA],Oneway hash functions using symmetric block algorithms, Using public key algorithms, Choosing a one-way hashfunctions,Message Authentication Codes.

DigitalSignatureAlgorithm,DiscreteLogarithmSignatureScheme.

Module-5

E-mailSecurity:PrettyGoodPrivacy-S/MIME.

IP Security: IPSecurityOverview,IPSecurityPolicy,EncapsulationSecurityPayload(ESP).

WebSecurity:WebSecurityConsiderations, SSL.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- Understandthebasicsofsymmetrickey.
- Usebasiccryptographicalgorithmstocrypt thedata.
- Generatesomepseudorandomnumbersrequiredforcryptographicapplications.
- Provideauthenticationandprotectionforencrypteddata.
- Understandthetechniquesandfeaturesof Email,IPandWebsecurity.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Test each of **20 Marks**
2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or one **Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:**Textbooks:**

1. "Cryptography and Network Security Principles and Practice", William Stallings, Pearson Education Inc., ISBN: 978-93325-1877-3, 6th Edition, 2015
2. "Applied Cryptography Protocols, Algorithms, and Source code in C", Bruce Schneier, Wiley Publications ISBN: 9971-51348-X, 2nd Edition

Reference Books:

1. "Cryptography and Network Security", Behrouz A. Forouzan, TMH, 2007
- "Cryptography and Network Security", Atul Kahate, TMH, 200

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

<https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105162>

Cryptography & Network Security, IIT Kharagpur, Prof. Sourav Mukopadhyay

Skill Development Activities Suggested

Online certification course on probability and random process.
Mini projects can be suggested on the related area.

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1

OPTICAL COMMUNICATION AND NETWORKING			
CourseCode	22LAC234	CIEMarks	50
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	(2:0:2)	SEEMarks	50
TotalHours of Pedagogy	30HoursTheory+10 HoursSDA	TotalMarks	10 0
Credits	03	ExamHours	3
Course Learning objectives: This course will enable students to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand the various optical devices and how they operate. Recognize and choose various components for optical networking in accordance with the established design requirements Acquire knowledge of the elements of data transmission, loss obstacles, and other network operating artifacts. Acquire knowledge of the problems associated with setting up and maintaining the optical network's access component while keeping up with current data transmission trends. Build a WDM network and explore the management of components and networks. 			
Module-1			
Introduction to optical networks: Optical Networks, optical packet switching, Propagation of signals in optical fiber: Different losses, Nonlinear effects, Solitons. Optical Components (Part-1): Couplers, Isolators, and Circulators.			RBT Level: L1, L2
Module-2			
Optical Components (Part-2): Multiplexers and Filters, Optical Amplifiers, detectors. Modulation-Demodulation: Formats, Ideal receivers, Practical direct detection receivers, Optical preamplifiers, Bit error rates, Coherent detection.			RBT Level: L1, L2
Module-3			
Transmission System Engineering: System model, Power penalty, Transmitter, Receiver, Crosstalk. Client Layers of optical layer: SONET/SDH: Multiplexing, layers, Frame structure. Asynchronous Transfer Mode: ATM functions, Adaptation layers, Quality of Service (QoS) and flow control, Signaling and Routing.			RBT Level: L1, L2
Module-4			
WDM network elements: Optical line terminals, Optical line amplifiers, Optical Add/ Drop Multiplexers, Optical cross-connects. WDM Network Design: Cost trade-offs, LTD and RWA problems, Routing and wavelength assignment, Wavelength conversion.			RBT Level: L1, L2
Module-5			

Control and Management (Part-1): Network management functions, management framework, Information model, management protocols, Layers within the optical layer. 37 Control and Management (Part-2): Performance and fault management, Impact of transparency, BER measurement, Optical trace, Alarm management, Configuration management, Optical Safety. **RBT Level: L1, L2, L3, L4**

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Test each of **20 Marks**
2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or one **Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks. **CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom’s taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks: 1. “Optical Networks”, Rajiv Ramaswami, Kumar N. Sivarajan and Galan H Sasaki, Morgan Kaufman Publishers, 3rd edition, 2010.

Reference Books:

1. ‘Optical fiber communication’, John M. Senior, Pearson edition, 2000.
2. ‘Optical fiber Communication’, Gerd Keiser, John Wiley, New York, 5th Edition, 2017.
3. ‘Fiber Optic Networks’, P. E. Green, Prentice Hall, 1994.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_ph07/preview

<https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-optical-communications-6699>

Skill Development Activities Suggested

- Mini Projects can be suggested to improve the programming skills.
- Online certification courses can be suggested in the related area.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Comprehend the various optical devices and their working strategies
- Recognize and select various optical networking components according to the prescribed design

specifications

- Learn the aspects of data transmission, loss hindrances, and other artifacts affecting the network operation
- Learn the issues involved in setting up and maintaining access part of the optical network with the latest trends in the data communication
- Design a WDM network and study the component and network management aspects

CO-PO Mapping

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1

BIOMEDICAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

CourseCode	22LAC235	CIEMarks	50
TeachingHours/Week(L:P: SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
TotalHoursofPedagogy	30HoursTheory+ 10 Hours SDA	TotalMarks	100
Credits	03	ExamHours	03

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students:

- Model a biomedical system.
- Understand various methods of acquiring biosignals.
- Understand various sources of biosignal distortions and its remedial techniques.
- Analyze ECG and EEG signal with characteristic feature points.
- Understand use of biosignals in diagnosis, patient monitoring and physiological investigation.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar

MODULE-1

Introduction-

Genesis and significance of bioelectric potentials, ECG, EEG, EMG and their monitoring and measurement, Spectral analysis

RBT Level: L1, L2

<p>Filtering-Digital andAnalogfiltering,CorrelationandEstimationtechniques,AR/ARMAmodels.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">RBTLevel: L1,L2</p>
MODULE-3
<p>ECG-Pre-processing,Measurementsofampplitudeandtimeintervals,Classification,QRSdetection,STsegmentanalysis,Baseline wanderremoval,waveformrecognition,morphologicalstudiesandrhythmanalysis,automated diagnosisbasedondecisiontheoryECT compression,Evokedpotentialestimation.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">RBTLevel: L2,L3</p>
MODULE4
<p>EEG:Evokedresponses,Epilepsydetection,Spikedetection,Hjorthparameters,averagingtechniques,removal of Artifacts by averaging and adaptive algorithms, pattern recognition of alpha, beta, theta and deltawavesin EEGwaves, sleepstages.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">RBTLevel: L2,L3</p>
MODULE5
<p>EMG-Wavepatternstudies,biofeedback,Zerocrossings,IntegratedEMG.TimefrequencymethodsandWaveletsin BiomedicalSignalProcessing.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">RBTLevel:L2,L3</p>
<p>AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)</p> <p>The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. Theminimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% ofthe maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements andearned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100)in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) takentogether.</p> <p>ContinuousInternalEvaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ThreeUnitTestseach of20Marks. • Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks to attain the COsand POs <p>The sumof threetests,twoassignments/skillDevelopment Activities,will bescaledownto50marks.</p> <p>CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom’s taxonomy as per theoutcomedefinedfor the course.</p> <p>SemesterEndExamination:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TheSEE questionpaperwill besetfor100marks andthemarksscoredwill beproportionatelyreducedto50. • Thequestionpaperwill havetenfull questionscarryingequal marks. • Eachfullquestionisfor20marks.Therewillbetwofullquestions(withamaximumoffoursub-questions)fromeach module. • Eachfull questionwillhaveasub-questioncoveringallthetopics underamodule. <p>Thestudents will have toanswerfivefullquestions,selectingonefullquestionfromeach module</p>

Textbook: 'Biomedical Digital Signal Processing', Willis J Tompkins, Prentice Hall of India, 1996.

Reference Books:

1. 'Biomedical Signal Processing (in IV parts)', R E Challis and R I Kitney, Medical and Biological Engg. and current computing, 1990-91.

2. Special issue on 'Biological Signal Processing', Proc. IEEE 1972.

3. 'Biomedical Signal Processing', Arnon Cohen, Volumes I & II, CRC Press.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=axUcybeamIk>

4. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sKYpHt0p7HQ>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Mini Project in the area of Antenna design using modern tools like CST, HFSS

Course outcome (Course Skill Set) At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Describe models for a biomedical system
- Understand various methods of acquiring bio signals
- Understand various sources of bio signal distortions and its remedial techniques.
- Analyze ECG and EEG signal with characteristic feature points
- Understand use of bio signals in diagnosis, patient monitoring and physiological investigation

CO-PO Mapping

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1

MULTIMEDIA OVER COMMUNICATION LINKS

Course Code	22LAC241	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:P:SDA)	(2:0:2)	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	30 Hours Theory + 10 Hours SDA	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3

Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- ② Gain fundamental knowledge in understanding the basics of different multimedia networks, applications, media types like text and image.
- ② Analyze media types like audio and video and gain knowledge on multimedia systems.
- ② Analyze audio compression techniques required to compress audio.
- ② Analyze compression techniques required to compress video.
- ② Gain fundamental knowledge about the Multimedia Communications in different networks.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar

Module-1

Multimedia Communications: Introduction, Multimedia information representation, multimedia networks, multimedia applications, Application and networking terminology.

Module-2

Information Representation: Introduction, Text, Images, Audio and Video.
Distributed multimedia systems: Introduction, main Features of a DMS, Resource management of DMS, Networking, and Multimedia Operating Systems.

Module-3

Multimedia Processing in Communication: Introduction, Perceptual coding of digital Audio signals, Transform Audio Coders, Audio Sub band Coders.

Module-4

Multimedia Communication Standards: Introduction, MPEG approach to multimedia standardization, MPEG-1, MPEG-2, Overview of MPEG-4.

Module-5

Multimedia Communication Across Networks: Packet audio/video in the network environment, Video transport across generic networks, Multimedia Transport across ATM Networks.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or one **Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:**Textbooks:**

1. Fred Halsall, "Multimedia Communications", Pearson Education, 2001, ISBN-9788131709948.
2. K. R. Rao, Zoran S. Bojkovic, Dragorad A. Milovanovic, "Multimedia Communication Systems", Pearson Education, 2004, ISBN-9788120321458.

Reference Books:

1. Raifsteinmetz, Klara Nahrstedt, "Multimedia: Computing, Communications and Applications", Pearson Education, 2002, ISBN-9788177584417.

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1

STATISTICAL SIGNAL PROCESSING			
CourseCode	22LAC242	CIEMarks	50
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
TotalHoursofPedagogy	30HoursTheory+10 HoursSDA	TotalMarks	100
Credits	03	ExamHours	3
<p>Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable student to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand random processes and its properties • Understand the basic theory of signal detection and estimation • Identify the engineering problems that can be put into the frame of statistical signal processing • Solve the identified problems using the standard techniques learned through this course. • Make contribution to the theory and the practice of statistical signal processing. 			
<p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</p> <p>These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <p>Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar</p>			
Module-1			
<p>Random Processes: Random variables, random processes, white noise, filtering random processes, spectral factorization, ARMA, AR and MA processes.</p>			
Module-2			
<p>Signal Modeling: Least squares method, Pade approximation, Prony's method, finite data records, stochastic models, Levinson-Durbin recursion; Schur recursion; Levinson recursion (Text 1).</p>			
Module-3			
<p>Spectrum Estimation: Nonparametric methods, minimum-variance spectrum estimation, maximum entropy method, parametric methods, frequency estimation, principal component spectrum estimation (Text 1).</p>			
Module-4			
<p>Optimal and Adaptive Filtering: FIR and IIR Wiener filters, Discrete Kalman filter, FIR Adaptive filters: Steepest descent, LMS, LMS-based algorithms, adaptive recursive filters, RLS algorithms (Text 1).</p>			
Module-5			
<p>Array Processing: Array fundamentals, beam-forming, optimum array processing, performance considerations, adaptive beam-forming, linearly constrained minimum-variance beam-formers, side-lobe cancellers.</p>			

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:**Text Books**

1. Monson H. Hayes, "Statistical Digital Signal Processing and Modeling", John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd., 2002.
2. Dimitris G. Manolakis, Vinay K. Ingle, and Stephen M. Kogon, "Statistical and Adaptive Signal Processing: Spectral Estimation, Signal Modeling, Adaptive Filtering

and Array Processing", McGraw-Hill International Edition, 2000.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=axUcybeamIk>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sKYpHt0p7HQ>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Mini Project in the area of spectrum analysis

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1

MICROELECTROMECHANICALSYSTEMS			
CourseCode	22LAC243	CIEMarks	50
TeachingHours/Week(L:P: SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
TotalHoursofPedagogy	30HoursTheory+ 10 Hours SDA	TotalMarks	100
Credits	03	ExamHours	03
<p>CourseLearningobjectives:Thiscoursewill enablestudents:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UnderstandthetechnologiesrelatedtoMicroElectroMechanicalSystems. • MEMSdevicesanalyses anddevelopsuitablemathematicalmodels • Understandingof applicationareasforMEMSdevices • Fabricationprocessesinvolved withMEMS devices. <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar</p>			
MODULE-1			
<p>OverviewofMEMSandMicrosystems:MEMSandMicrosystem,TypicalMEMSandMicrosystemsProducts,Evolution ofMicrofabrication,MicrosystemsandMicroelectronics,MultidisciplinaryNatureofMicrosystems,Miniaturization. Applications andMarkets.</p>			
MODULE-2			
<p>Working Principles of Microsystems: Introduction, Microsensors, Microactuation, MEMS withMicroactuators,Microaccelerometers, Microfluidics.</p> <p>EngineeringScienceforMicrosystems Design andFabrication: Introduction,AtomicStructureofMatters,IonsandIonization,MolecularTheoryofMatterandInter-molecularForces,DopingofSemiconductors,TheDiffusionProcess,Plasma Physics,Electrochemistry.</p>			
MODULE-3			
<p>EngineeringMechanicsforMicrosystemsDesign:Introduction,StaticBendingofThinPlates,Mechanical Vibration,Thermomechanics,FractureMechanics,ThinFilmMechanics,OverviewonFiniteElementStressAnalysis.</p>			
MODULE4			

Scaling Laws in Miniaturization:

Introduction, Scaling in Geometry, Scaling in Rigid-

Body Dynamics, Scaling in Electrostatic Forces, Scaling of Electromagnetic Forces, Scaling in Electricity, Scaling in Fluid Mechanics, Scaling in Heat Transfer.

MODULE 5

Overview of Micro-manufacturing: Introduction, Bulk Micro-

manufacturing, Surface Micromachining, The LIGA Process, Summary on Micromanufacturing.

Microsystem Design: Introduction, Design Considerations, Process Design, Mechanical Design, Using Finite Element Method.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=axUcybeamlk>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sKYpHt0p7HQ>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning
MiniProject inthe area ofmicrowave communication.

CO-PO Mapping

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1

ARRAYSIGNALPROCESSING			
CourseCode	22LAC244	CIEMarks	50
TeachingHours/Week(L:P: SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
TotalHoursofPedagogy	30HoursTheory+ 10 Hours SDA	TotalMarks	100
Credits	03	ExamHours	03
<p>CourseLearningobjectives:Thiscoursewill enablestudents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Comprehendthebasicsofsignalsinspaceandtime. 2. Understandtheimportantconceptsofarraysignalprocessing. 3. Describethevariousarraydesigntechniques. 4. Understandthebasicprincipleofdirectionofarrivalestimationtechniques. 5. ExplaintheConceptsofSpatial FrequencyalongwiththeSpatial Samplings. <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar</p>			
MODULE-1			
<p>Spatial Signals: Signals in space and time, Spatial Frequency vs Temporal Frequency, Review of Co-ordinateSystems, Maxwell’s Equation, Wave Equation. Solution to Wave equation in Cartesian Co-ordinate system –Wavenumbervector,Slowness vector.</p>			
MODULE-2			
<p>Wavenumber-FrequencySpaceSpatialSampling:SpatialSamplingTheorem-NyquistCriteria,AliasinginSpatialfrequencydomain, Spatialsamplingof multidimensionalsignals.</p>			
MODULE-3			
<p>SensorArrays:LinearArrays,PlanarArrays,Frequency–WavenumberResponseandBeampattern,Arraymanifoldvector, ConventionalBeamformer, Narrowband beamformer.</p>			
MODULE4			
<p>ScalingLawsinMiniaturization:</p> <p>UniformLinearArrays:Beampatterninθ,uandψ-space,UniformlyWeightedLinear Arrays.</p> <p>BeamPatternParameters:HalfPowerBeamWidth,DistancetoFirstNull,LocationofsidelobesandRateofDecrease, GratingLobes, ArraySteering.</p>			

MODULE 5

Array Design Methods: Visible region, Duality between Time-Domain and Space-Domain Signal Processing, Schelkunoff's Zero Placement Method, Fourier Series Method with windowing, Woodward-Lawson Frequency-Sampling Design.

Nonparametric method - Beamforming, Delay and sum Method, Capon's Method.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods / question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Text Book:

'Optimum Array Processing Part I of Detection, Estimation, and Modulation Theory', Harry L. Van Trees, John Wiley & Sons, ISBN: 9780471093909, 2002.

Reference Books:

- 1. 'Array Signal Processing: Concepts and Techniques', Don H. Johnson, Dan E. Dudgeon, Prentice Hall Signal Processing Series, 1st Edition, ISBN-13: 978-0130485137.
- 2. 'Spectral Analysis of Signals', Petre Stoica and Randolph L. Moses, Prentice Hall, ISBN: 0-13-113956-8, 2005.
- 3. 'Electromagnetic Waves and Antennas', Sophocles J. Orfanidis, ECE Department, Rutgers University, 94 Brett Road Piscataway, NJ 88548058. <http://www.ece.rutgers.edu/~orfanidi/ewa/> ISBN: 0-07-114243-64, 2003.

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=axUcybeamIk>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sKYpHt0p7HQ>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**MiniProject inthe area of****CO-PO Mapping**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1

MATLAB-For Advanced Applications

CourseCode	22LAC245	CIEMarks	50
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	(2:0:2)	SEE Marks	50
TotalHoursofPedagogy	30HoursTheory+10 HoursSDA	TotalMarks	100
Credits	03	ExamHours	03

CourseLearningobjectives:Thiscoursewillenablestudentsto:

- Definethebasicsofsimulationmodellngandreplicatingthepracticalsituationsinorganizations
- Generaterandomnumbersand randomvariatesusingdifferenttechniques.
- Developsimulationmodelusingheuristicmethods.
- AnalysisofSimulationmodelsusinginputanalyzer,andoutputanalyzer.
- ExplainVerificationandValidationofsimulationmodel.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar

Module-1**Introduction to MATLAB**

MATLAB Windows, Formats, File Types, General Commands,Working with Arrays of Numbers, Creating and Printing Simple Plots, Creating, Saving, and Executing a Script File, Creating and Executing a Function File, Working with Arrays and Matrices. Symbolic Computation, Importing and Exporting Data, Working with Files and Directories, Publishing Reports.

Module-2

Interactive Computation

Matrices and Vectors, Matrix and Array Operations, Character strings, Array Operations, Command- Line Functions, Using Built-in Functions and On-line Help, Finding the determinant of a matrix Finding Eigen values and eigenvectors Saving and Loading of Data.

Module-3**Programming in MATLAB: Scripts and Functions**

Executing a function, Sub functions, Nested functions, compiled (parsed) functions: The P-code Language-specific Features , Use of comments to create on-line help, Global variables, Loops branches, and control-flow, Advanced Data Objects.

Module-4**Application**

Linear Algebra, solving a linear system, Gaussian elimination, Finding eigenvalues and eigenvectors, Matrix factorizations, Advanced topics, Curve Fitting and Interpolation, Polynomial curve fitting on the fly, Curve fitting with polynomial functions. Least squares curve fitting. General nonlinear fits, Interpolation, Data Analysis and Statistics, Numerical Integration, Double integration, Ordinary Differential Equations, A first-order linear ODE. A second-order nonlinear ODE, Event location, Nonlinear Algebraic Equations, Roots of polynomials.

Module-5**UNIT-5: Graphics**

Basic 2-D Plots, Style options ,Labels, title, legend, and other text objects ,Axis control, zoom in, and zoom out, Modifying plots with the plot editor, Overlay plots , Specialized 2-D plots ,subplot for Multiple Graphs, 3-D Plots, Rotate view .Mesh and surface plots, Vector field and volumetric plot, Interpolated surface plots, Handle Graphics, The object hierarchy, Object handles ,Object properties ,Modifying an existing plot, Complete control over the graphics layout Fun with 3-D Surface Graphics, Saving and Printing Graphs

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks

2. Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks

to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods / question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:**Text Books**

1. C.F. Van Loan and K.-Y.D. Fan, Insight Through Computing: A MATLAB Introduction to Computational Science and Engineering, SIAM, 2010

Reference Books:

1. Rudra Pratap, Getting Started with MATLAB-Oxford University Press-2017, ISBN: 978-0-19-060206-2

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources): NPTEL, Youtube Videos**Course outcome (Course Skill Set)**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Understand General Command of MATLAB and working with array numbers
- Analyze command line functions and Find Eigen values and Eigenvectors
- Able to do Programming in Matlab Scripts and Functions
- Apply MATLAB in different applications

Mapping of COs and POs

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	1

III SEMESTER

Microwave Devices and its Applications			
Course Code	22LAC31	CIEMarks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:P:SDA)	(3:0:2)	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 Hours Theory + 10 Hours SDA	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3

Course Learning Objectives:

1. Understand fundamental electrical characteristics of waveguides and transmission lines through electromagnetic field analysis.
2. Understand the concept of circular waveguides, micro strip lines and cavity resonators
3. Understand the multiport junction concept for splitting the microwave energy in a desired direction
4. Understand the concept of O type Tubes, M type tubes and related expressions in microwaves.
5. Understand the function, design, and integration of the major microwave components like oscillator, modulator, in building a Microwave test bench setup for measurements

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar

Module-1
<p>MICROWAVE TRANSMISSION LINES</p> <p>Introduction, Microwave Spectrum and Bands, Applications of Microwaves. Rectangular Waveguides– TE/TM mode analysis, Expressions for Fields, Characteristic Equation and Cut-off Frequencies, Filter Characteristics, Dominant and Degenerate Modes, Sketches of TE and TM mode fields in the cross-section, Mode Characteristics – Phase and Group Velocities, Wavelengths and Impedance Relations; Power Transmission and Power Losses in Rectangular Guide, Impossibility of TEM mode. Related Problems.</p>
Module-2
<p>CIRCULAR WAVEGUIDES</p> <p>Introduction, Nature of Fields, Characteristic Equation, Dominant and Degenerate Modes. Microstrip Lines– Introduction, Zo Relations, Effective Dielectric Constant, Losses, Q factor. Cavity Resonators– Introduction, Rectangular and Cylindrical Cavities, Dominant Modes and Resonant Frequencies, Q factor and Coupling Coefficients, Excitation techniques- waveguides and cavities, Related Problems.</p>
Module-3
<p>WAVEGUIDE COMPONENTS AND APPLICATIONS - I</p> <p>Coupling Mechanisms – Probe, Loop, Aperture types. Waveguide Discontinuities –Waveguide irises, Tuning Screws and Posts, Matched Loads. Waveguide Attenuators – Resistive Card, Rotary Vane types; Waveguide Phase Shifters– Dielectric, Rotary Vane types. Scattering Matrix– Significance, Formulation and Properties. S-Matrix Calculations for – 2 port Junction, E plane and H-plane Tees, Magic Tee, Hybrid Ring; Directional Couplers –2Hole, Bethe Hole types, Ferrite Components– Faraday Rotation, S-Matrix Calculations for Gyrator, Isolator, Circulator, Related Problems</p>
Module-4
<p>MICROWAVE TUBES</p> <p>Limitations and Losses of conventional tubes at microwave frequencies. Microwave tubes – O type and M type classifications. O-type tubes : 2 Cavity Klystrons – Structure, Reentrant Cavities, Velocity Modulation Process and Applegate Diagram, Bunching Process and Small Signal Theory – Expressions for o/p Power and Efficiency. Reflex Klystrons – Structure, Applegate Diagram and Principle of working, Mathematical Theory of Bunching, Power Output, Efficiency, Electronic Admittance; Oscillating Modes and o/p Characteristics, Electronic and Mechanical Tuning, Related Problems.</p> <p>HELIX TWTS Significance, Types and Characteristics of Slow Wave Structures; Structure of TWT and Suppression of Oscillations, Nature of the four Propagation Constants.</p> <p>M-TYPE TUBES Introduction, Cross-field effects, Magnetrons – Different Types, 8-Cavity Cylindrical Travelling Wave. Magnetron – Hull Cut-off and Hartree Conditions, Modes of Resonance and PI-Mode Operation, Separation of PI-Mode, o/p characteristics.</p>
Module-5

MICROWAVE SOLID STATE DEVICES

Introduction, Classification, Applications. TEDs – Introduction, Gunn Diode – Principle, RWH Theory, Characteristics, Basic Modes of Operation, Oscillation Modes. Avalanche Transit Time Devices – Introduction, IMPATT and TRAPATT Diodes – Principle of Operation and Characteristics.

MICROWAVE MEASUREMENTS

Description of Microwave Bench – Different Blocks and their Features, Precautions; Microwave Power Measurement – Bolometer Method. Measurement of Attenuation, Frequency, VSWR, Cavity Q. Impedance Measurements.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
2. Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks

to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:**Textbooks:**

1. Microwave Devices and Circuits – Samuel Y. Liao, PHI, 3rd Edition, 1994.
2. Microwave Principles – Herbert J. Reich, J.G. Skalnik, P.F. Ordung and H.L. Krauss, CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 2004.
3. Microwave and Radar Engineering – M. Kukarni, 4th Edition, 1990.

Reference Books:

4. Foundations for Microwave Engineering – R.E. Collin, IEEE Press, John Wiley, 2nd Edition, 2002.
5. Microwave Engineering- David M. Pozar Wiley, 5th edition, 2012.
6. Microwave Engineering Passive Circuits – Peter A. Rizzi, PHI, 1999.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources): nptel, youtube videos

Course Outcomes: After Successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

- Analyzation of transmission lines and rectangular waveguide structures and how they are used as elements in impedance matching and filter circuits.
- Analyze Circular Waveguide and microstrip lines
- Apply analysis methods to determine circuit properties of passive or active microwave devices
- Describe different types of tubes used in transmission
- Analyze and measure various microwave parameters using a Microwave test bench.

Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO2	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO3	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO4	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1

PROFESSIONALELECTIVE3

ADVANCESINIMAGEPROCESSING			
Course Code	22LAC321	CIEMarks	50
TeachingHours/Week(L:P: SDA)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
TotalHoursofPedagogy	40 HoursTheory	TotalMarks	100
Credits	03	ExamHours	03
<p>CourseLearningobjectives:Thiscoursewill enablestudents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Understandtherepresentationofthedigitalimageanditsproperties. 2. Applypre-processingtechniquesrequiredtoenhancetheimageforitsfurtheranalysis. 3. Usesegmentationtechniquesiselecttheregionofinterestintheimage foranalysis. 4. Representtheimagebasedonitsshapeandedgeinformationandalsodescribetheobjectspresentintheimagebased on its properties andstructure. 5. Usemorphologicaloperationstosimplifyimages,andquantifyandpreservethemainshapecharacteristics oftheobjects. <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activitybased method,Seminar</p>			
MODULE-1			
Theimage, its representationsand properties:Imagerepresentations a few concepts, Image digitization, Digitalimageproperties, Color images.			
MODULE-2			
ImagePre-processing:Pixel brightnesstransformations,geometrictransformations,localpre-processing.			
MODULE-3			
Segmentation: Thresholding; Edge-based segmentation – Edge image thresholding, Edge relaxation, Bordertracing, Hough transforms; Region – based segmentation – Region merging, Region splitting, Splitting andmerging,Watershed segmentation,Region growingpost-processing.			
MODULE4			
Shaperepresentationanddescription:Regionidentification;Contour-basedshaperepresentationanddescription– Chaincodes,Simplegeometricborderrepresentation,Fouriertransformsofboundaries, Boundarydescription usingsegment sequences, B-spline representation; Region-based shape representation and description – Simple scalarregiondescriptors, Moments, Convex hull.			

MODULES

Mathematical Morphology: Basic morphological concepts, Four morphological principles, Binary dilation and erosion, Skeletons and object marking, Morphological segmentations and watersheds.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=axUcybeamIk>
4. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sKYpHt0p7HQ>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning
MiniProject in the area of Antenna design using modern tools like CST, HFSS

Courseoutcome(CourseSkill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Understand the representation of the digital image and its properties.
- Apply pre-processing techniques required to enhance the image for its further analysis.
- Use segmentation techniques to select the region of interest in the image for analysis.
- Represent the image based on its shape and edge information and also describe the objects present in the image based on its properties and structure.
- Use morphological operations to simplify images, and quantify and preserve the main shape characteristics of the objects

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO2	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO3	2	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO4	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	1	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1

INTERNET OF THINGS			
Course Code	22LAC322	CIEMarks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:P:SDA)	(3:0:0)	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 Hours Theory	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
<p>Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the challenges and history behind Internet of things. • Design the network architecture and Layered structure of IoT. • Understand the Things in IoT and the various Technologies involved. • 4. Apply the concept of IoT in three different use cases. <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar</p>			
Module-1			
<p>WHAT IS IOT? Genesis, Digitization, Impact, Connected Roadways, Buildings, Challenges IoT Network Architecture and Design Drivers behind new network Architectures, Comparing IoT Architectures, M2M architecture, IoT world forum standard, IoT Reference Model, Simplified IoT Architecture.</p>			
Module-2			
<p>IOT NETWORK ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN: Core IoT Functional Stack, Layer 1 (Sensors and Actuators), Layer 2 (Communications Sublayer), Access network sublayer, Gateways and backhaul sublayer, Network transport sublayer, IoT Network management. Layer 3 (Applications and Analytics) – Analytics vs Control, Data vs Network Analytics, IoT Data Management and Compute Stack.</p>			
Module-3			
<p>ENGINEERING IOT NETWORKS: Things in IoT – Sensors, Actuators, MEMS and smart objects. Sensor networks, WSN, Communication protocols for WSN Communications Criteria, Range, Frequency bands, power consumption, Topology, Constrained Devices, Constrained Node Networks IoT Access Technologies, IEEE 802.15.4 Competitive Technologies – Overview only of IEEE 802.15.4g, 4e, IEEE 1901.2a Standard Alliances – LTE Cat 0, LTE-M, NB-IoT.</p>			
Module-4			
<p>ENGINEERING IOT NETWORKS: IP as IoT network layer, Key Advantages, Adoption, Optimization, Constrained Nodes, Constrained Networks, IP versions, Optimizing IP for IoT. Application Protocols for IoT – Transport Layer, Application Transport layer, Background only of SCADA, Generic web-based protocols, IoT Application Layer Data and Analytics for IoT – Introduction, Structured and Unstructured data, IoT Data Analytic overview and Challenges.</p>			

Module-5

IoT in Industry (Three Use cases): IoT Strategy for Connected manufacturing, Architecture for Connected Factory Utilities – Power utility, IT/OT divide, Grid blocks reference model, Reference Architecture, Primary substation grid block and automation. Smart and Connected cities – Strategy, Smart city network Architecture, Street layer, city layer, Data center layer, services layer, Smart city security architecture, Smart Street lighting.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
2. Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks

to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. 'CISCO, IoT Fundamentals – Networking Technologies, Protocols, Use Cases for IoT', David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetete, Robert Barton, Jerome Henry, Pearson Education, ISBN: 978-9386873743, First edition, 2017
2. 'Internet of Things – A Hands-on Approach', Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti, Orient Blackswan Private Limited - New Delhi, First edition, 2015

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Massive Open Online Courses:

1. Introduction to Internet of Things - By Prof. Sudip Misra | IIT Kharagpur
2. An Introduction to Programming the Internet of Things - COURSE UA University of California, Irvine

Skill Development Activities Suggested

- Mini projects carried out in groups based on latest trends in Industry and continue work to prepare a research Article.
- Industrial Visitor Seminar on any new topic.

Course Outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Understand the basic concepts IoT Architecture and devices employed.
- Analyse the sensor data generated and map it to IoT protocol stack for transport.
- Apply communications knowledge to facilitate transport of IoT data over various available communications media.
- Design a use case for a typical application in real life ranging from sensing devices to analysing the data available on a server to perform tasks on the device.
- Apply knowledge of Information technology to design of IoT applications (Operational Technology).

Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	-	1	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO2	1	-	1	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO3	1	-	1	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO4	1	1	1	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	1	1	1	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1

REALTIME SYSTEMS			
CourseCode	22LAC323	CIEMarks	50
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	(3:0:0)	SEEMarks	50
TotalHoursofPedagogy	40 HoursTheory	TotalMarks	100
Credits	03	ExamHours	3
<p>Course Learning objectives: This course will enable students to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analyze Real-time operating systems. Distinguish a real-time system with other systems. Describe the functions of Real-time operating systems. Demonstrate embedded system applications. Design a Real-Time operating system. <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar</p>			
Module-1			
<p>Introduction to Real-Time Embedded Systems: Brief history of Real Time Systems, A brief history of Embedded Systems. System Resources: Resource Analysis, Real-Time Service Utility, Scheduling Classes, The Cyclic Executive, Scheduler Concepts, Pre-emptive Fixed Priority Scheduling Policies, Real-Time OS, Thread Safe Re-entrant Functions. (TEXT1).</p>			
Module-2			
<p>Processing: Preemptive Fixed-Priority Policy, Feasibility, Rate Monotonic least upper bound, Necessary and Sufficient feasibility, Deadline – Monotonic Policy, Dynamic priority policies. I/O Resources: Worst-case Execution time, Intermediate I/O, Execution efficiency, I/O Architecture. Memory: Physical hierarchy, Capacity and allocation, Shared Memory, ECC Memory, Flash file systems. (TEXT 1)</p>			
Module-3			
<p>Multi-resource Services: Blocking, Deadlock and livelock, Critical sections to protect shared resources, priority inversion. Soft Real-Time Services: Missed Deadlines, QoS, and Alternatives to rate monotonic policy, Mixed hard and soft real-time services. (TEXT1).</p>			
Module-4			
<p>Hardware for Real-Time Systems: Basic Processor Architecture, Memory Technologies, Architectural Advancements, Peripheral Interfacing, Microprocessor versus Microcontroller, Distributed Real-Time Architectures. (TEXT 2).</p>			
Module-5			
<p>Performance Tuning: Basic concepts of drill-down tuning, hardware-supported profiling and tracing, Building performance monitoring into software, Path length. High availability and Reliability Design: Reliability and Availability, Similarities and differences, Reliability, Reliable software, Available software, Design tradeoffs, Hierarchical applications for Fail-safe design. (TEXT1)</p>			
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Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
2. Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:**Textbooks:**

1. "Real-Time Embedded Systems and Components", Sam Siewert, Cengage Learning India Edition, 2007.
2. "Real-Time Systems Design and Analysis", Phillip A. Laplante, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.

Reference Books:

1. "Real-time systems", Krishna C Mand Kang Singh G, Tata McGraw Hill, ISBN: 0-07-114243-64, 2003
2. "Real-Time Concepts for Embedded Systems", Qing Li and Carolyn Yao, CMP Books, ISBN: 1578201241, 2003.
3. "Real Time Systems", Jane W.S. Liu, Prentice Hall, ISBN: 0130996513, 2000.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <https://youtube.com/playlist?list=PL5Q2soXY2Zi9xidylgBxUz7xRPS-wisBN>

Skill Development Activities Suggested

- Design Scheduling Algorithms.
- Analysing Device Driver Programming

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

#@31102023

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Analyze Real time operating systems.
- Distinguish a real-time system with other systems.
- Describe the functions of Real time operating systems
- Demonstrate embedded system applications.
- Design a Real Time operating system.

Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO2	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO3	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO4	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1

RFMEMS			
CourseCode	22LAC324	CIEMarks	50
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	(3:0:0)	SEE Marks	50
TotalHoursofPedagogy	40 HoursTheory	TotalMarks	100
Credits	03	ExamHours	3
<p>Course Learning objectives: This course will enable students to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comprehend the need for micromachining and MEMS based systems for RF and microwave applications • Describe the micromachining techniques and their use in the fabrication of microswitches, capacitors and inductors • Design MEMS based microwave components aimed at reducing insertion loss and increasing bandwidth. • Realize high Q micromechanical filters for frequencies up to and beyond 10 MHz, and micromachined surface acoustic wave (SAW) filters filling the gap up to 2 GHz. • Describe the packaging approaches used for these RF MEMS devices 			
<p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar</p>			
Module-1			
Review: Introduction to MEMS: Fabrication for MEMS transducers and actuators, Microsensing for MEMS, Materials for MEMS. MEMS materials and fabrication techniques: Metals, Semiconductors, Thin films, Materials for polymer MEMS, Bulk machining for Silicon based MEMS, Surface machining for Silicon based MEMS, Micro stereo-lithography for polymer MEMS.			
Module-2			
RF MEMS switches and micro-relays: Switch parameters, Basics of switching, Switches for RF and Microwave applications, Actuation mechanisms, Micro-relays and micro-actuators, Dynamic of switch operations; MEMS switch design and design consideration, MEMS inductors and capacitors.			
Module-3			
Micro machined RF filters and phase shifters: RF filters, Modelling of mechanical filters, Micro-mechanical filters, SAW filters - Basic, Design consideration. Bulk acoustic wave filters, Micro-machined filters for millimetre wave frequencies. Micro-machined phase shifters, Types and limitations, MEMS and Ferroelectric phase shifters, Applications.			
Module-4			
Micromachined transmission line and components: Micromachined transmission line: Losses in transmission line, coplanar lines, Micro shield and membranes supported lines, Micro shield components, Micromachined waveguides, Directional couplers and Mixers, Resonators and Filters			

Module-5

Micromachined antennas: design, Fabrication and measurements. Integration and packaging for RFMEMS. Roles and types of packages, Flip chip techniques, Multichip module packaging and Waferbonding, Reliability issues and thermal issues.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Test each of 20 Marks
2. Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks

to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Text Book: 'RFMEMS and their Applications', Vijay K Varadan, K.J. Vinoy and K.A. Jose, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., ISBN-10 : 8126529911, 2011.

Reference books:

1. 'RFMEMS circuit design', J De Los Santos, Artech House, 2002.
2. 'Transaction Level Modelling with System C: TLM concepts and applications for Embedded Systems', Frank Ghenassia, Springer, 2005.
3. 'Networks on chips: Technology and Tools', Luca Benini, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2006.

Skill Development Activities Suggested

- RF & Millimeter wave circuit design
- Microwave active circuit design

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Comprehend the need for micromachining and MEMS based systems for RF and microwave applications
- Describe the micromachining techniques and their use in the fabrication of micro switches, capacitors and inductors
- Design MEMS based microwave components aimed at reducing insertion loss and increasing bandwidth
- Realize high Q micromechanical filters for frequencies up to and beyond 10 MHz, and micromachined surface acoustic wave (SAW) filters filling the gap up to 2 GHz
- Describe the packaging approaches used for these RF MEMS devices.

Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	2	2	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO2	1	2	2	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO3	1	2	2	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO4	1	2	2	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	1	2	2	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1

5G-Radio Access Technologies			
CourseCode	22LAC325	CIEMarks	50
TeachingHours/Week(L:P: SDA)	(3:0:0)	SEE Marks	50
TotalHoursofPedagogy	40 HoursTheory	TotalMarks	100
Credits	03	ExamHours	03
<p>Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 5G channel modelling and use cases 2. Get Idea on Multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO) systems 3. To know about 5G architecture and Importance of 5G Technology 4. To understand Device-to-device (D2D) communication and standardization 5. Analyze the 5G radio-access technologies 			
<p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar</p>			
MODULE-1			
<p>5G Channel Modelling and Use Cases Modeling requirements and scenarios, Channel model requirements, Propagation scenarios, Relaying multi-hop and cooperative communications: Principles of relaying, fundamentals of relaying, Cognitive radio: Architecture, spectrum sensing, Software Defined Radio (SDR).</p>			
MODULE-2			
<p>Multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO) systems Introduction to Multi-antenna Systems, Motivation, Types of multi-antenna systems, MIMO vs. multi-antenna systems. Diversity, Exploiting multipath diversity, Transmit diversity, Space-time codes, The Alamouti scheme, Delay diversity, Cyclic delay diversity, Space-frequency codes, Receive diversity, The rake receiver, Combining techniques, Spatial Multiplexing.</p>			
MODULE-3			
<p>The 5G architecture Introduction, NFV and SDN, Basics about RAN architecture, High-level requirements for the 5G architecture, Functional architecture and 5G flexibility, Functional split criteria, Functional split alternatives, Functional optimization for specific applications, Integration of LTE and new air interface to fulfill 5G requirements, Enhanced Multi-RAT coordinate features, Physical architecture and 5G deployment.</p>			

MODULE 4

Device-to-device(D2D)communicationsD2D: from 4G to 5G, D2D standardization: 4G LTE D2D, D2D in5G: research challenges, Radio resource management for mobilebroadbandD2D, RRMtechniquesfor mobilebroadbandD2D,RRMandsystem designfor D2D, 5G D2D RRM concept: anexample,Multi-hopD2Dcommunicationsforproximityandemergency,services,Nationalsecurityandpublicsafetyrequirement sin3GPPandMETIS,Devicediscoverywithoutand withnetworkassistance.

MODULE 5

Accessdesignprinciplesformulti-usercommunications,Orthogonal multiple-accesssystems,Spreadspectrum multiple-accesssystems,Capacitylimitsofmultiple-access methods,Sparse code multiple access (SCMA), Interleave division multipleaccess(IDMA),Radioaccessfordensedeployments,OFDMnumerologyforsmall-celldeployments,Small-cellsub-framestructure,RadioaccessforV2Xcommunication,Mediumaccess control for nodesonthe move, Radio access for massive machine-typecommunication.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation:

- Three Unit Test each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

SemesterEndExamination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

TextBook:

1. Afif Osseiran, Jose F. Monserrat, Patrick Marsch, 5G Mobile and Wireless Communications Technology, Cambridge University Press, Second Edition, 2011
2. Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall, Johan Sköld, 5G NR: The Next Generation Wireless Access Technology, Elsevier, First Edition, 2016

ReferenceBooks:

1. Jonathan Rodriguez Fundamentals of 5G Mobile Networks, Wiley, First Edition, 2010.

OnlineReferences:

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Sr. No.	WebsiteName	URL	ModulesCovered
1	NPTEL	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105134/	M1,M2,M3,M4,M5
2	Udemy	https://www.udemy.com/course/5g-mobile-networks-modern-wireless-communication-technology/	M4,M5

Courseoutcome(CourseSkill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Understand and explain the channel models of 5G and the use cases for 5G.
- Analyze use of MIMO in 5G and its techniques.
- Draw and explain 5G architecture, its components and functional criteria.
- Understand device to device (D2D) communication and standardization.
- Study the in-depth functioning of 5G radio access technologies.

Mapping of Co and PO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO2	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO3	2	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO4	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	1	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1

PROFESSIONALELECTIVE4

PATTERNRECOGNITIONANDMACHINELEARNING			
CourseCode	22LAC331	CIEMarks	50
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	(3:0:0)	SEE Marks	50
TotalHoursofPedagogy	40 HoursTheory	TotalMarks	100
Credits	03	ExamHours	03
<p>CourseLearningobjectives:Thiscoursewillenablestudentsto:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Developthematheoretical toolsrequiredforthepatternrecognition. • Enable thestudentwithbasicknowledgeonthetechniquetobuildanintellectualmachineformakingdecisionsbeha lf of humans. • Understandthetechniquesonhowtomakelearningbyamodel,howitcanbeevaluated,whatareall differentialalgorithmstoconstruct alearningmodel. 			
<p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activitybased method,Seminar</p>			
Module-1			
<p>Introduction:DefinitionofPR,Applications,DatasetsforPR,DifferentparadigmsforPR,Introductionto probability,events,randomvariables,Jointdistributionsanddensities,moments,Estimationminimumriskestimators ,problems.</p>			
Module-2			
<p>Representation: Data structures for PR, Representation of clusters, proximity measures, size of patterns,AbstractionofDataset,Featureextraction,Featureselection,Evaluation</p>			
Module-3			
<p>Nearest Neighbor based classifiers & Bayes classifier: Nearest neighbor algorithm, variants of NN algorithmsuse of NN for transaction databases, efficient algorithms, Data reduction, prototype selection, Bayes theorem,minimummerrortrateclassifier,estimationofprobabilities,estimationofprobabilities,comparisonwithNNC, NaiveBayesclassifier,Bayessianbeliefnetwork.</p>			
Module-4			
<p>Machine Learning Basics:Learning Algorithms, Capacity, Overfitting and Underfitting,HyperparametersandValidationSets,Estimator,BiasandVariance,MaximumLikelihoodEstimation,Bay esianStatistics,SupervisedLearningAlgorithms,UnsupervisedLearningAlgorithms,StochasticGradientDecent,buildi nga MachineLearningAlgorithm,ChallengesMotivatingDeepLearning.</p>			
Module-5			
<p>Optimization for Training Deep Models: How Learning Differs from Pure Optimization, Challenges inNeural Network Optimization, Basic Algorithms. Parameter Initialization Strategies, Algorithms with AdaptiveLearningRates.</p> <p>Convolutional Networks: The Convolution Operation, Motivation, Pooling, Convolution and Pooling as anInfinitelyStrong Prior, Variants of the Basic ConvolutionFunction, Structured Outputs, Data Types, Efficient</p>			

Convolution Algorithms, Random or Unsupervised Features.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

1. Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

1. "Pattern Recognition (An Introduction)", V Susheela Devi, M Narsimha Murthy, Universities Press, 2011.
2. "Pattern Recognition & Image Analysis", Earl Gose, Richard Johnsonbaugh, Steve Jost, PH, 1996.
3. "Deep Learning", Ian Goodfellow and Yoshua Bengio and Aaron Courville, MIT Press, 2016.

Reference Books:

1. 'Pattern Classification', Duda R.O., P.E. Hart, D.G. Stork, John Wiley and sons, 2000.
2. "Pattern Recognition and machine Learning", Christopher Bishop, 2007.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <https://link.springer.com> book
- <https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/research/uploads/prod/2006/01/Bishop-Pattern-Recognition-and-Machine-Learning-2006.pdf>
- <http://cgm.cs.mcgill.ca/~godfried/teaching/pr-web.html>

Skill Development Activities Suggested

- Programming Assignments/Mini Projects can be given to improve programming skills.
- Online course certification related to this domain to be included.

Courseoutcome(CourseSkill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain pattern recognition principals.
- Develop algorithms for Pattern Recognition.
- Design the nearest neighbor classifier.
- Identify the deep learning algorithms which are more appropriate for various types of learning tasks.
- Implement deep learning algorithms and Execute performance metrics of Deep Learning Techniques.

Mapping of COs and Pos

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO2	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO3	2	1	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO4	2	1	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	2	1	2	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1

VLSI DESIGN FOR SIGNAL PROCESSING			
CourseCode	22LAC332	CIEMarks	50
TeachingHours/Week(L:P: SDA)	(3:0:0)	SEE Marks	50
TotalHoursofPedagogy	40 HoursTheory	TotalMarks	100
Credits	03	ExamHours	03
<p>Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Illustrate the use of various DSP algorithms and address their representation using block diagrams, signal flow graphs and data-flow graphs 2. Use pipelining and parallel processing in design of high-speed/low-power applications 3. Apply unfolding in the design of parallel architecture 4. Evaluate the use of look-ahead techniques in parallel and pipelined IIR Digital filters. 5. Develop an algorithm or architecture or circuit design for DSP applications 			
<p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar</p>			
MODULE-1			
<p>Introduction to DSP Systems: Typical DSP Algorithms, DSP Application Demands and Scaled CMOS Technologies, Representations of DSP Algorithms.</p> <p>Iteration Bounds: Data flow graph Representations, loop bound and iteration bound. Algorithms for Computing Iteration Bound, Iteration Bound of multirate data flow graphs.</p>			
MODULE-2			
<p>Pipelining and Parallel Processing: pipelining of FIR Digital Filters, parallel processing, Pipelining and parallel processing for low power. Retiming: Definition and Properties, Solving Systems of Inequalities, Retiming Techniques.</p>			
MODULE-3			
<p>Unfolding: An Algorithm for Unfolding, Properties of Unfolding, Critical path, Unfolding and Retiming, Application of Unfolding.</p> <p>Folding: Folding Transformation, Register Minimization Techniques, Register Minimization in Folded Architectures, Folding of Multirate Systems.</p>			

MODULE4

Systolic Architecture Design: systolic array design Methodology, FIR systolic array, Selection of Scheduling Vector, Matrix-Matrix Multiplication and 2D systolic Array Design, Systolic Design for space representation containing Delays.

Fast convolution: Cook-

TooM Algorithm, Winograd Algorithm, Iterated convolution, cyclic convolution Design of fast convolution Algorithm by Inspection.

MODULE5

Pipelined and Parallel Recursive and Adaptive Filter: Pipeline Interleaving in Digital Filter, first order IIR digital Filter, Higher order IIR digital Filter, parallel processing for IIR filter, Combined pipelining and parallel processing for IIR Filter, Low power IIR Filter Design Using Pipelining and parallel processing, pipelined adaptive digital filter.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.

2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Text Book

1. VLSI Digital Signal Processing systems, Design and implementation Keshab K. Parthi Wiley 1999

Reference Book

1. Analog VLSI Signal and Information Processing Mohammed Samail and Terri Fiez McGraw-Hill 1994
2. VLSI and Modern Signal Processing S.Y. Kung, H.J. Whitehouse, T. Kailath Prentice Hall 1985
3. Design of Analog-Digital VLSI Circuits for Telecommunication and Signal Processing Jose E. France, Yannis Tsvividis Prentice Hall 1994
4. DSP Integrated Circuits Lars Wanhammar Academic Press Series in Engineering 1st Edition

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Illustrate the use of various DSP algorithms and addresses their representation using block diagrams, signal flow graphs and data-flow graphs
- Use pipelining and parallel processing in design of high-speed /low-power
- Apply unfolding in the design of parallel architecture
- Evaluate the use of look-ahead techniques in parallel and pipelined IIR Digital filters.
- Develop an algorithm or architecture or circuit design for DSP applications

Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO2	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO3	2	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO4	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	1	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1

DIGITAL COMPRESSION			
CourseCode	22LAC333	CIEMarks	50
TeachingHours/Week(L:P: SDA)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
TotalHoursofPedagogy	40 HoursTheory	TotalMarks	100
Credits	03	ExamHours	03
<p>Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Explain the evolution and fundamental concepts of Data Compression and Coding techniques. 2. Acquire contemporary knowledge in Data Compression and Coding. 3. Analyze the operation of a range of commonly used Coding and Compression techniques 4. Identify the basic software and hardware tools used for data compression. 5. Analyze and evaluate the performance of different Data Compression and Coding methods. <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar</p>			
MODULE-1			
<p>Introduction: Compression techniques, Modelling & coding, Distortion criteria, Differential Entropy, Rate Distortion Theory, Vector Spaces, Information theory, Models for sources, Coding uniquely decodable codes, Prefix codes, KraftMcMillan Inequality.</p> <p>Quantization: Quantization problem, Uniform Quantizer, Adaptive Quantization, Non-uniform Quantization; Entropy coded Quantization, Vector Quantization, LBG algorithm, Tree structured VQ, Structured VQ.</p>			
MODULE-2			
<p>Differential Encoding: Basic algorithm, Prediction in DPCM, Adaptive DPCM, Delta Modulation, Speech coding – G.726, Image coding.</p> <p>Transform Coding: Transforms – KLT, DCT, DST, DWHT; Quantization and coding of transform coefficients, Application to image compression – JPEG, Application to audio compression.</p>			
MODULE-3			
<p>Sub-band Coding: Filters, Sub-band coding algorithm, Design of filter banks, Perfect reconstruction using two channel filter banks, M-band QMF filter banks, Poly-phase decomposition, Bit allocation, Speech coding – G.722, Audio coding – MPEG audio, Image compression.</p>			

MODULE4

Wavelet Based Compression: Wavelets, Multi resolution analysis & scaling function, Implementation using filters, Image compression—EZW, SPIHT, JPEG2000.

Analysis/Synthesis Schemes: Speech compression—LPC10, CELP, MELP. **Video Compression:** Motion compensation, Video signal representation, Algorithms for video conferencing & video phones—H.261, H.263, Asymmetric applications—MPEG4, MPEG7, Packet video.

MODULE5

Loss less Coding: Huffman coding, Adaptive Huffman coding, Golomb codes, Rice codes, Tunstall codes, Applications of Huffman coding, Arithmetic coding, Algorithm implementation, Applications of Arithmetic coding, Dictionary techniques—LZ77, LZ78, Applications of LZ78—JBIG, JBIG2, Predictive coding—Prediction with partial match, Burrows Wheeler Transform, Applications—CALIC, JPEG-LS.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.

3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbook:

'Introduction to Data Compression', K Sayood, Harcourt India Pvt. Ltd. & Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 1996.

Reference Books:

1. 'Digital Coding of Waveforms: Principles and Applications to Speech and Video', N Jayant and P Noll, Prentice Hall, USA, 1984.
2. 'Data Compression: The Complete Reference', D Salomon, Springer, 2000.
3. 'Fundamentals of Multimedia', Z Li and M S Drew, Pearson Education (Asia) Pvt. Ltd., 2004

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain the evolution and fundamental concepts of Data Compression and Coding techniques.
- Acquire contemporary knowledge in Data Compression and Coding.
- Analyze the operation of a range of commonly used Coding and Compression techniques
- Identify the basic software and hardware tools used for data compression.
- Analyze and evaluate the performance of different Data Compression and Coding methods

Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO2	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO3	2	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO4	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	1	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1

WAVELET TRANSFORMS AND APPLICATIONS			
Course Code	22LAC334	CIEMarks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:P: SDA)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hour of Pedagogy	40 Hours Theory	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
<p>Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Classify various wavelet transform and explain importance of it. 2. Describe Continuous Wavelet Transform (CWT) and Discrete Wavelet Transform (DWT). 3. Explain the properties and application of wavelet transform. 4. Develop and realize computationally efficient wavelet-based algorithms for signal and image processing. 5. Explain brief features and strength of transform beyond wavelet. <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar</p>			
MODULE-1			
<p>Continuous Wavelet Transform: Continuous time frequency representation of signals, The Windowed Fourier Transform, Uncertainty Principle and time frequency tiling, Wavelets, specifications, admissibility conditions, Continuous wavelet transform, CWT as a correlation, CWT as an operator, Inverse CWT.</p>			
MODULE-2			
<p>Discrete wavelet Transform: Approximations of vectors in nested linear vector spaces, Example of an MRA, Formal definition of MRA, Construction of general orthonormal MRA, a Wavelet basis for MRA, Digital filtering interpretations- Decomposition and Reconstruction filters, examples of orthogonal basis generating wavelets, interpreting orthonormal MRA for Discrete time signals, Mallat algorithm Filter bank implementation of DWT.</p>			
MODULE-3			
<p>Alternative wavelet representations- Biorthogonal Wavelets: biorthogonality in vector space, biorthogonal wavelet bases, signal representation using biorthogonal wavelet system, advantages of biorthogonal wavelets, biorthogonal analysis and synthesis, Filter bank implementation, Two dimensional Wavelets, filter bank implementation of two-dimensional wavelet transform.</p>			

MODULE4

Lifting scheme: Wavelet Transform using polyphase matrix factorization, Geometrical foundations of the lifting scheme, lifting scheme in the z-domain, mathematical preliminaries for polyphase factorization, Dealing with Signal Boundary.

MODULE5

Applications: Image Compression: EZW Coding, SPIHT, Wavelet Difference Reduction Compression Algorithm, Denoising, speckle removal, edge detection and object isolation, audio compression, communication applications – scaling functions as signalling pulses, Discrete Wavelet Multitone Modulation. **Beyond Wavelet:** Ridgelets and curvelets: Ridgelet transform and Digital Curvelet transform, Curvelet construction, Properties and applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.

2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbook:

- Wavelet Transforms—Introduction and applications - Raguveer M. Rao and Ajit S. Bopardikar - Pearson Education, 2008
- Insight into Wavelets from Theory to practice - K. P. Soman, K. I. Ramachandran, PHI, 2006
- Fundamentals of Wavelets: Theory, Algorithms and Applications - J. C. Goswami and A. K. Chan, Wiley-Interscience Publications, John Wiley and Sons, 1999.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Classify various wavelet transform and explain importance of it.
- Describe Continuous Wavelet Transform (CWT) and Discrete Wavelet Transform (DWT).
- Explain the properties and application of wavelet transform.
- Develop and realize computationally efficient wavelet-based algorithms for signal and image processing.
- Explain brief features and strength of transform beyond wavelet.

Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO2	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO3	2	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO4	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	1	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1

ADVANCED COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE			
Course Code	22LAC335	CIEMarks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:P: SDA)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hour of Pedagogy	40 Hours Theory	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
<p>Course Learning Objectives: This course will enable students:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Understand the basic concepts for parallel processing 2. Analyze program partitioning and flow mechanisms 3. Apply pipelining concept for the performance evaluation 4. Learn the advanced processor architectures for suitable applications 5. Understand parallel programming <p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Chalk and talk method, Power Point Presentation, You tube videos, Brain storming, Activity based method, Seminar</p>			
MODULE-1			
<p>Parallel Computer Models: The State of Computing, Multiprocessors and multicomputers, Multivector and SIMD computers.</p> <p>Program and Network Properties: Conditions of parallelism, Program Partitioning & Scheduling, Program Flow Mechanisms.</p>			
MODULE-2			
<p>Principles of Scalable Performance: Performance Metrics and Measures, Parallel Processing Applications, Speedup Performance Laws, Scalability Analysis and Approaches.</p> <p>Processors & Memory Hierarchy: Advanced processor technology, Super Scalars & Vector Processors, Memory Hierarchy Technology, Virtual Memory Technology.</p>			
MODULE-3			
<p>Bus, Cache and Shared Memory: Bus Systems, Cache Memory Organizations, Shared Memory Organizations, Sequential & Weak Consistency Model.</p> <p>Pipelining & Superscalar Technologies: Linear Pipeline Processors, Nonlinear Pipeline Processors, Instruction Pipeline Design, Arithmetic Pipeline Design, Superscalar Pipeline Design.</p>			

MODULE4

Multivector&SIMDComputers: Vector Processing principles, Multivector Multiprocessors, Compound Vector Processing, SIMD Computer Organization.

Scalable, Multithreaded and Data Flow Computers: Latency Hiding Techniques, Principles of Multithreading, Fine Grain Multi Computers, Scalable and Multithreaded Architectures, Data Flow and Hybrid Architectures.

MODULE5

Parallel Models, Languages and Compilers: Parallel Programming Models, Parallel Languages & Compilers, Dependence Analysis and Data Arrays, Code Optimization and Scheduling, Loop Parallelization and Pipelining.

Parallel Program Development and Environments: Parallel Programming Environments, Synchronization and Multi Processor Modes, Shared Variable Program Structures.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks.

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.

2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.

The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Textbook:

'Advanced Computer Architecture: Parallelism, Scalability, Programmability', Kai Hwang & Narendra Jotwani, McGraw Hill Education, ISBN: 978-93-392-2092-1, 3rd Edition, 2016

Reference Books:

1. 'Computer Architecture, Pipelined and Parallel Processor Design', M.J. Flynn, Narosa Publishing, 2002.
2. 'Parallel programming in C with MPI and OpenMP', Michael J Quinn, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013.
3. 'An Introduction to Parallel Computing: Design and Analysis of Algorithms', Ananth Grama, Pearson, 2nd Edition, 2004.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Understand the basic concepts for parallel processing
- Analyze program partitioning and flow mechanisms
- Apply pipelining concept for the performance evaluation
- Learn the advanced processor architectures for suitable applications
- Understand parallel Programming

Mapping of COs and POs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1	1	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO2	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO3	2	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO4	1	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO5	1	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1