TRADITIONALFOODPROCESSENGINEERING						
CourseCode MFDT201 CIEMarks 50						
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEEMarks	50			
TotalHoursofPedagogy	3	TotalMarks	100			
Credits	3	ExamHours	3			

CourseLearningobjectives:

- Tounderstandthepropertiesoffoodsandtraditionalfoodprocessingmethods.
- Toapplyandanalyzefoodprocessingtechniquesatambienttemperature.
- Toevaluatetheimpactofheatremovalmethodsinfoodprocessing.
- Toapplytraditionalheatapplicationmethodsforfoodpreservationandprocessing.

Module-1

PROPERTIESOFFOODS&TRADITIONALPROCESSINGMETHODSATAMBIENTTEMPERATURE:

Properties of Foods: Composition, physical, rheological, and biochemical properties. Sensory characteristics, nutritional quality.

Traditional Food Processing Methods: Raw food processing: Cooling crops and carcasses. Cleaning: Wet and dry cleaning techniques. Sorting and grading: Shape and size sorting, weight sorting, colour and machine vision sorting andgrading. Peeling and size reduction: Theories, equipment, developments intechnology, effects on foods and microbes.

Module-2

TRADITIONALFOODPROCESSINGATAMBIENTTEMPERATURE

MixingandForming: Theoriesofsolidsandliquidsmixing, equipment, effects on foods and microorganisms. Forming: Bread moulders, pie, tart, biscuit formers, confectionery moulders, and depositors.

SeparationandConcentrationTechniques:Centrifugation,filtration,andexpression:Theoryandequipment. Solvent extraction: Supercritical CO₂, types of solvents, equipment, effects on foods and microorganisms.

Module-3

TRADITIONALHEATREMOVALMETHODSINFOODPROCESSING

Chilling and Modified Atmospheres: Refrigeration theory, modified atmospheres, mechanical refrigerators, cryogenic chilling. Cold storage, temperature monitoring, modified and controlled atmospheric storage. Effects on sensory and nutritional qualities of foods, impact on microbes.

FreezingandFreeze-Drying:

Icecrystalformation, soluteconcentration, freezing time calculation. Mechanical freezers, cryogenic freezers, frozen storage, thawing. Freeze-drying and freeze concentration: Theories, equipment, effects on foods and microbes.

Module-4

Traditional Heat Application Methods in Food Processing

Heat Processing: Thermal properties of foods, heat transfer, direct and indirect heating methods. Energy use and methodstoreduceenergyconsumption,typesofheatexchangers. Effectofheatonmicrobes, enzymes, nutritional and sensorycharacteristics of food.

Module-5

TRADITIONALFOODPROCESSINGBYHEATAPPLICATION

BlanchingandPasteurization:Theory,equipment:Steamblanchers,hotwaterblanchers,newblanching methods. Pasteurization of packaged and unpackaged foods, effects on foods and microbes.

SterilizationandEvaporation: In-containersterilization, retorting, Ultra-hightemperature (UHT) processing. Evaporation: Improvement of evaporation economics, equipment, effects on foods and microbes.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE.A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation:

- 1. TwoUnitTestseachof25 Marks
- $2. \quad Two assignments each of {\bf 25Marks} or {\bf oneSkill Development Activity of 50 marks} \\ to attain the COs and POs$

 $The sum of two tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be {\it scaled down to 50} marks$

CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

- $1. \quad The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportion at elyreduced to 50.\\$
- 2. Thequestionpaperwillhavetenfullquestionscarryingequalmarks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- 4. Eachfullquestionwillhaveasub-questioncoveringallthetopicsunderamodule.
- 5. The students will have to answer fivefull questions, selecting one full question from each module

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

- Foodprocessingtechnology-principlesandpractice.P.J.Fellows,CRCpress,3rdedition,2009
- 2. IntroductiontoFoodEngineering.R Paul Singh & Dennis R Heldman,AmsterdamElsevier/Academic Press, 4th Edition, 2009
- 3. Fundamentalsoffoodengineering.D.G.Rao,PHILeraningPrivateLimited,NewDelhi,2010
- 4. Foodprocessengineeringandtechnology.ZekiBerk,1stedition,2009,CRCPress,NewYork
- 5. TrendsinFoodEngineering.JorgeE.Lozano,CristinaAnon,GustavoV.Barbosa-Canovas,EfrenParada- Arias, CRC Press; 1st Edition, 2000
- 6. Novel Food Processing Technologies (Food Science and Technology Series). Gustavo V. Barbosa-Canovas, Maria S. Tapia, M. Soledad Tapia, M. Pilar Cano, Publisher: CRC Press, 1st Edition, 2004
- 7. MinimalProcessingTechnologiesintheFoodIndustry.ThomasOhlssonandNilsWoodheadPublishing Limited, 1st Edition, 2002

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

- 1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/126/105/126105011/
- 2. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/126/105/126105015/
- 3. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ag03/preview
- 4. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19 ag02/preview
- 5. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ch53/preview
- 6. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/126105011
- 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_U1PBYkuSVk
- 8. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_me135/preview

SkillDevelopmentActivitiesSuggested

- 1. NGSandMicroarraydataAnalysis
- 2. Proteomicdatanetworkanalysis.
- 3. AVpresentation by students (on specific topics).
- 4. Discussionofcasestudiesbasedonresearchfindings

Courseoutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Attheendofthecoursethestudentwillbeableto:

Sl. No.	Description	BloomsLevel						
CO1	Identify the key properties of foods and the basic principles of traditional processing	L1						
	methods at ambient temperature.							
CO2	O2 Explain the theories and mechanisms behind traditional food processing techniques,							
	such as mixing, forming, and chilling.							
CO3	Demonstratetheapplication oftraditional heat removal methods like freezing and	L3						
	chilling, and evaluate their effects on food quality.							
CO4	Analyzetheeffectsofheatapplicationmethods,includingblanchingand	L4						
	sterilization, on food safety, quality, and microbial activity.							
CO5	Evaluatetheefficiencyandsustainabilityoftraditionalfoodprocessingmethods,	L5						
	considering energy use and environmental impact.							

Sl. No.	Description	POs
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	P01
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesof mathematics,naturalsciences,andengineeringsciences.	P02
3	Design/development of solutions : Design solutions for complex engineeringproblems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	PO3
4	Conductinvestigationsofcomplexproblems: Useresearch-basedknowledgeand researchmethods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	PO4
5	Moderntoolusage: Create,select,andapplyappropriatetechniques,resources,andmodernengin eering and ITtools includingpredictionandmodelingtocomplexengineering activitieswithanunderstandingofthelimitations	P05
6	Theengineerandsociety: Applyreasoninginformedbythecontextualknowledgeto assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and theconsequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	P06
7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	P07
8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice	P08

M	MappingofCOSandPOs												
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P11	P12
	CO1	3	2										
	CO2	3					2						
	CO3			3		2							
	CO4		3		2								
	CO5							3	2				

MODERNFOODPROCESSENGINEERING+LAB(IPCC)							
CourseCode MFDT202 CIEMarks 50							
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	3:2:0	SEEMarks	50				
TotalHoursofPedagogy	40hoursTheory+10-12Labslots	TotalMarks	100				
Credits	4	ExamHours	3				

Courseobjectives:

- TraditionalHeatApplicationMethodsinFoodProcessing
- HeatProcessing:
- Thermalproperties of foods, heattransfer, direct and indirect heating methods.
- Energyuseandmethodstoreduceenergyconsumption,typesofheatexchangers.
- Effectofheatonmicrobes, enzymes, nutritional and sensory characteristics of food.

Module-1

MODERNFOODPROCESSINGATAMBIENTTEMPERATURE

Irradiation: Theory, dose distribution, radiation dose measurement. Applications: Radappertisation, radicidation, radurisation, ripening control, disinfection, sprouting inhibition. Effects on foods: Induced radioactivity, radiolytic products, nutritional and sensory qualities, impact on microbes, effect on packaging.

High Pressure Processing: Theory: Effects on food components, microbial cell inactivation mechanisms. Equipment:Batchandsemi-continuousoperations,processdevelopments.Combinationswithotherminimal processingtechniques,impactonmicrobes,enzymes,andfoodquality.

Module-2

MINIMALFOODPROCESSINGMETHODS

PulsedElectricField(PEF)Processing: Theory,equipment,effectsonmicrobes,enzymes,andfoodcomponents. Combinations of PEF with other treatments.

Electric Arc Discharges, Oscillating Magnetic Fields, and Pulsed Light: Theories, equipment, effects on microbes, enzymes, and food components. Use of UV light and pulsed X-rays, applications, and impact on food quality.

UltrasoundandMicrowaveProcessing:

Theory, equipment, effects on microorganisms and food quality.

Module-3

MODERNHEATAPPLICATIONMETHODS

Dehydration (Drying) with Heated Air and Surfaces: Theory: Drying with heated air and heated surfaces, intermediate moisture foods. Equipment: Hot air driers, heated surface driers, control of dryers, rehydration. Effects on sensory and nutritional properties of food and microbes.

Smoking, Baking, and Roasting:

Theories and equipment: Batch and semi-continuous ovens, continuous ovens, smoking equipment. Effects on sensory and nutritional qualities of foods, impact on microorganisms.

Module-4

ADVANCEDHEATAPPLICATIONMETHODS

DielectricHeating: Theory, equipment, applications, effects on foods and microbes.

 ${\bf Ohmic Heating:} Theory, equipment, applications, effects on foods and microbes.$

InfraredHeating: Theory, equipment, applications, effects on foods and microbes.

Module-5

ADVANCEDEXTRACTION&HURDLETECHNOLOGY

Solid-Liquid Extraction (Leaching): Types of extraction processes, counter-current extraction, batch and continuous extractors. Applications in food processing: Extraction of oils & fats, oleoresins, food colors, coffee, flavors, and pigments.

Hurdle Technology: Basics of hurdle technology, mechanisms, applications to foods. Newer chemical and biochemical hurdles: Organic acids, plant-derived antimicrobials, antimicrobial enzymes, bacteriocins, chitin/chitosan.

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	PreservationofFruitsandVegetablesbyOsmoticDehydration,Salting,and Canning:
	Performosmoticdehydration,salting,andcanningonselectedfruitsandvegetables;evaluatetheeffects on
	taste, texture, and microbial stability.
2	YieldandPerformanceEvaluationofJuiceExtractionandProcessing:
	Extractjuic efrom fruits using mechanical methods; measure yield, performance, and energy consumption.
3	DeterminationofPhysicalPropertiesofGrains,Cereals,andSpiceSeeds:
	Measuresize, shape, density, and moisture content of various grains, cereals, and spices.
4	EnergyConsumption,Yield,andPerformanceDuringSizeReductionofCereals:
	Perform size reduction on cereals using hammer mills; measure energy consumption, yield, and
	particlesize distribution.
5	BlanchingOperations:
	Blanchvegetablesusinghotwaterandsteam; measure enzymeactivity before and afterblanching.
6	DryingExperimentUsingHotAirOven:
	Dryvegetablesinahotairoven;recordmoisturecontentatregularintervalstocreateadryingcurve.
7	EstimationofFreezingTimeinaFreezer:
	Freeze various food samples and measure the time taken to reach the desired temperature; evaluate
	theeffects on texture and flavor.
8	Comparative Study of the Total Bacterial Count of Food Processed in Microwave and Food Kept at
	Ambient Temperature:
	Processfoodinamicrowave, then compare bacterial counts with foods to redatambient temperature.
9	FreezeDryingOperations:
	Freezedryselectedfoodsamples; measure moisture content, texture, and nutrient retention.
10	RotaryVacuumEvaporation:
	Usearotaryvacuumevaporatortoconcentratefoodextracts;measureyieldandqualityofthe concentrate.
11	SolventExtraction:
	Extractoils or other compounds from food using solvents; analyze the yield and purity of the extract.
12	Comparative Study of the Organoleptic Characteristics of Food Processed by High Temperature and Kept Temperature and Tempera
	at Ambient Temperature:
	Processfoodathightemperatures;comparetaste,texture,andappearancewithfoodstoredatambient
	temperature.
	ID A 1 G A GER LORD

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE.A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in thetotalof the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

CIEforthetheorycomponentofIPCC

- 1. TwoTestseachof25Marks
- 2. Twoassignmentseachof 25 Marks/One Skill Development Activity of 50 marks
- 3. TotalMarksoftwotestsandtwoassignments/oneSkillDevelopmentActivityaddedwillbeCIEfor 60 marks, marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to **30 marks**.

CIE for the practical component of IPCC

- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated and marks shall be awarded on the same day. The **15 marks** are for conducting the experiment and preparation of the laboratory record, the other **05 marks shall be for the test** conducted at the end of the semester.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks.
 Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to 15 marks.
- The laboratory test at the end /after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for **50** marks and scaled down to **05 marks**.

 $Scaled-downmarks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for {\bf 20 marks}.$

SEEforIPCC

TheorySEEwillbeconducted by the University asperthes cheduled time table, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours)

- 1. Thequestionpaperwillbesetfor100marksandmarksscoredwillbescaleddownproportionately to 50 marks.
- 2. Thequestionpaperwillhavetenguestions. Eachquestionis set for 20 marks.
- 3. Therewillbe2questionsfromeachmodule.Eachofthetwoquestionsunderamodule(with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- $4. \ \ The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.$

ThetheoryportionoftheIPCCshallbeforbothCIEandSEE,whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper shall include questions from the practical component).

- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE to appear for SEE shall be the 15 (50% of maximum marks-30) in the theory component and 10 (50% of maximum marks -20) in the practical component. The laboratory component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory components hall be be be laboratory components hall be be be set from the practical component of IPCC, the total marks of all questions should not be more than the 20 marks.
- SEE will be conducted for 100 marks and students shall secure 40% of the maximum marks to qualify in the SEE. Marks secured will be scaled down to 50.(Student has to secure an aggregate of 50% of maximum marks of the course (CIE+SEE)

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

- 1. Foodprocessingtechnology-principlesandpractice.P.J.Fellows,CRCpress,3rdedition,2009
- 2. IntroductiontoFoodEngineering.RPaulSingh&DennisRHeldman,AmsterdamElsevier/AcademicPress, 4th Edition, 2009
- 3. Fundamentalsoffoodengineering.D.G.Rao,PHILeraningPrivateLimited,NewDelhi,2010
- 4. Foodprocessengineeringandtechnology.ZekiBerk,1stedition,2009,CRCPress,NewYork
- 5. TrendsinFoodEngineering.JorgeE.Lozano,CristinaAnon,GustavoV.Barbosa-Canovas,EfrenParada- Arias, CRC Press; 1st Edition, 2000
- 6. Novel Food Processing Technologies (Food Science and Technology Series). Gustavo V. Barbosa-Canovas, Maria S. Tapia, M. Soledad Tapia, M. Pilar Cano, Publisher: CRC Press, 1st Edition, 2004
- $7. \quad Minimal Processing Technologies in the Food Industry. Thomas Ohlsson and Nils Woodhead Publishing \\ Limited, 1st Edition, 2002$

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

- 1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/126/104/126104004/
- 2. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/126/104/126104004/
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iuW3nk5EADg
- 4. https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/126105015/L29.html
- **5.** https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ut9uSlK-f-8

ActivityBasedLearning(SuggestedActivitiesinClass)/PracticalBasedlearning Skill

Development Activities Suggested

- 1. NGSandMicroarraydataAnalysis
- 2. Proteomicdatanetworkanalysis.
- 3. AVpresentationbystudents(onspecifictopics).
- 4. Discussionofcasestudiesbasedonresearchfindings

Courseoutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Attheendofthecoursethestudentwillbeableto:

Sl. No.	Description	BloomsLevel							
CO1	Recallandsummarizethefundamentalprinciplesofmodernfoodprocessing	BTL1							
	methods,includingirradiation,high-pressureprocessing,andminimalprocessing techniq along with the theories, mechanisms, and equipment used in advanced processing methods.								
	like dielectric heating and ohmic heating.								
CO2	Explain the impact of modern food processing methods on the sensory, nutritional,	BTL2							
	and microbial quality of foodproducts, and the importance of environmental and ethical considerations in the use of advanced foodprocessing technologies.								
CO3	Applyknowledgeofmodernfoodprocessingmethodstoreal-worldsituations,	BTL3							
	analyzing and evaluating the effectiveness of various technologies in improving food								
	safety,quality,andsustainability.								
CO4	Analyze the effectiveness, limitations, and sustainability of modern food processing	BTL4							
	technologies, including the economic and operational feasibility of their implementation in the contraction of the contractio	theind							
	ustry,andproposeimprovementsforbetterefficiency								
	andfoodsafety.								
CO5	Evaluatetheresultsofpracticalexperimentsinvolvingmodernfoodprocessing	BTL5							
	methods,comparingtheperformanceofvarioustechniques,anddeveloping								
	recommendationsforindustrialapplications, while effectively communicating findings the	rough							
	reports and presentations								

ProgramOutcomeofthiscourse								
Sl. No.	Description	POs						
1	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesofmathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	P02						
2	Design/development of solutions : Design solutions for complex engineering problems and designsystem components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, so cietal, and environmental considerations	P03						
3	Conductinvestigationsofcomplexproblems : Useresearch-basedknowledgeandresearch methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	PO4						
4	Moderntoolusage:Create,select,andapplyappropriatetechniques,resources,andmodern engineeringandITtoolsincludingpredictionandmodelingtocomplexengineeringactivities withanunderstandingofthelimitations							
5	Theengineerandsociety: Applyreasoninginformedbythecontextualknowledgetoassess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	P06						
6	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	P07						
7	Ethics: Applyethicalprinciplesandcommittoprofessionalethicsandresponsibilitiesandnorms oftheengineeringpractice	P08						
8	Communication: Communicateeffectivelyoncomplexengineeringactivitieswiththeengineeringcom munityandwithsocietyatlarge,suchas,beingabletocomprehendandwrite effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clearinstructions	PO10						
9	Projectmanagementandfinance: Demonstrateknowledgeandunderstandingofthe engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member andleader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments	PO11						
10	Life-longlearning: Recognize the needfor, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	PO12						

 P P	gofCOSandPOs

IAI	wappingoicosanuros												
		P01	PO2	P03	P04	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P11	P12
	CO1		1	1		1		1					
	CO2		2		1			2	2				2
	CO3			2	2			2					1
	CO4			2	2							2	2
	CO5		3	3			2			2	2		

FOOD PACKAGING AND STORAGE ENGINEERING						
CourseCode MFDT203 CIEMarks 50						
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEEMarks	50			
TotalHoursofPedagogy	3	TotalMarks	100			
Credits	3	ExamHours	3			

CourseLearningobjectives:

- Understand the Principles of Packaging and Storage: Provide students with a comprehensive understandingoftheessentialfunctions, properties, and types of packaging and storage systems in the food industry.
- AnalyzePackagingMaterialsandEquipment:Equipstudentswiththeskillstoselectappropriate packaging materials and use modern packaging machinery for various food products.
- ApplyScientificKnowledgeinFoodStorage:Enablestudentstoapplyscientificprinciplestothe storage of food products, focusing on minimizing product damage and maximizing shelf life.
- ExploreBiodegradablePackagingSolutions:Introducestudentstobiodegradablepackaging materials, their properties, manufacturing processes, and environmental impacts.
- InvestigateandEvaluatePackagingandStorageSolutions:Developtheabilitytocritically evaluate different packaging and storage solutions, considering sustainability, cost, and technologicaladvancements.

Module-1

INTRODUCTIONTOFOODPACKAGING

Overview: Function of packaging, marketing considerations, and types of packaging.

PropertiesofPackagingMaterials: Barrier properties, gas permeation rates (OTR, WVTR), bursting strength, tensile strength, tearing strength.

TestingMethods: Droptest, puncture test, and other relevant mechanical tests.

Module-2

PACKAGINGMATERIALSANDMACHINERY

SelectionCriteria:Packagingmaterialsforrawandprocessedfoodproducts.

PackagingMachinery:Formfillandsealmachines,vacuumpackaging,shrinkwrappackaging,multilayerpackaging systems.

Module-3

FOODSTORAGEENGINEERINGI

Scientific Storage Systems: Importance and postharvest physiology of semi-perishables and perishables. ClimactericandNon-ClimactericFruits:Respiration,ripening,changesduringripening,ethylenebiosynthesis. **Storage Structures:** Traditional, improved, and modern storage structures; farm silos.

Stored Grain Management and Aeration: Moisture and temperature changes, conditioning, aeration theory, and systemoperation.

Module-4

FOODSTORAGEENGINEERINGII

StorageSystems: Continuation of Module 3 topics with deeper focus on the scientific principles of storage and management techniques.

DamagePrevention: Product damages during storage and method stomitigate them.

AdvancedStorageStructures:Innovativeandmodernstoragetechniques,impactofdifferentstorage environments on food quality.

Module-5

BIODEGRADABLEPACKAGING

TypesofPackaging:Classification,advantages,andlimitations.

EconomicsofPackagingMaterials:Cost-benefitanalysis,testingstandards,andbiodegradability.

Natural and Synthetic Polymers: Properties, chemical modifications, and applications in food packaging.

ManufacturingandTesting:Methodsforproducingbiodegradablepackagingmaterialsandevaluationoftheir properties.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

TheweightageofContinuousInternalEvaluation(CIE)is50%andforSemesterEndExam(SEE)is50%. The minimumpassing mark forthe CIE is 50%of themaximum marks. Minimumpassingmarks in SEE is 40% of the maximummarksofSEE. Astudentshall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the

credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sumtotal of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation:

- 1. TwoUnitTestseachof25 Marks
- $2. \quad Two assignments each of {\bf 25Marks} or {\bf oneSkill Development Activity of 50 marks} \\ to attain the COs and POs$

 $The sum of two tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be {\it scaled down to 50} marks$

CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

- $1. \quad The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportion at elyreduced to 50.\\$
- 2. Thequestionpaperwillhavetenfullquestionscarryingequalmarks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- 4. Eachfullquestionwillhaveasub-questioncoveringallthetopicsunderamodule.
- 5. The students will have to answer fivefull questions, selecting one full question from each module

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

- 1. FoodPackaging:PrinciplesandPractice.GordonL.Robertson,CRCPress,2012
- 2. HandbookofPostharvestTechnology:Cereals,CRCPress,2003

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/126/105/126105015/

SkillDevelopmentActivitiesSuggested

- 1. NGSandMicroarraydataAnalysis
- 2. Proteomicdatanetworkanalysis.
- 3. AVpresentationbystudents(onspecifictopics).
- 4. Discussionofcasestudiesbasedonresearchfindings

Courseoutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Attheendofthecoursethestudentwillbeableto:

Sl. No.	Description	BloomsLevel
CO1	Recall the fundamental concepts of food packaging, including barrier properties and packaging functions.	L1
CO2	Explain the selection criteria for packaging materials and the operation of packaging machinery.	L2
CO3	Applyprinciplesofscientificstoragetoassesstheimpactofstorageconditionson food quality.	L3
CO4	Analyze the effects of different storage methods on postharvest physiology and food quality	L4
CO5	Evaluate the effectiveness and environmental impact of biodegradable packaging materials.	L5

Sl. No.	Outcomeofthiscourse Description	POs
1	Engineeringknowledge: Applytheknowledgeofmathematics,science,engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	P01
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesof mathematics,naturalsciences,andengineeringsciences.	PO2
3	Design/developmentofsolutions :Designsolutionsforcomplexengineeringproblems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	P03
4	Conductinvestigationsofcomplexproblems: Useresearch-basedknowledgeand researchmethods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	P04
5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	PO5
6	Theengineerandsociety:Applyreasoninginformedbythecontextualknowledgeto assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and theconsequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice	P06
7	Environmentandsustainability: Understandtheimpactoftheprofessionalengineering solutionsinsocietalandenvironmentalcontexts,anddemonstratetheknowledgeof,and needforsustainabledevelopment	PO7
8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice	P08
9	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engagein independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	PO12

M	lappingofCOSa	ndPOs											
		PO1	PO2	P03	PO4	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P11	P12
	CO1	1	1										
	CO2	1				2		2					
	CO3		2			1		2					
	CO4			2	2			2					1
	CO5							3	2				2

FRUIT, VEGETABLE, PLANTATION PRODUCTS, AND SPICESTECHNOLOGY								
CourseCode	MFDT214A	CIEMarks	50					
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEEMarks	50					
TotalHoursofPedagogy	3	TotalMarks	100					
Credits	3	ExamHours	3					

CourseLearningobjectives:

- To equip students with comprehensive knowledge of post-harvest handling techniques for fruits, vegetables, and plantation products, focusing on factors that affect post-harvest losses and storage practices.
- Toprovidein-depthunderstandingandskillsrelatedtotheprocessingoffruits, vegetables, spices, dry fruits, and plantation products, including canning, extraction, concentration, and powder preparation methods.
- Tointroducestudentstonovelandadvancedprocessingtechnologiessuchashigh-pressureprocessing, ultrasound, and membrane processing, along with their applications in food preservation and quality enhancement.
- Todeveloptheabilitytoevaluateandimplementqualityandsafetystandardsinfoodprocessing,including the
 functional roles and quality specifications of spices, and the safety considerations in novel processing
 methods.
- To foster an understanding of the environmental impact and sustainability issues related to food processingandpost-harvesthandling, encouraging the application of sustainable practices in the industry

Module-1

POST-HARVESTHANDLINGOFFRUITS, VEGETABLES, AND PLANTATION PRODUCTS

ProductionandCompositionofMajorFruitsandVegetables,Post-HarvestHandling:TransportandStorage Practices,FactorsAffectingPost-HarvestLosses,ProductionandCompositionofPlantationProducts(e.g.,tea, coffee, cocoa), Post-Harvest Handling and Storage Practices for Plantation Products

Module-2

PROCESSINGOFFRUITSANDVEGETABLES

Canning: Preparation and Machinery, Juice and Pulp Extraction: Methods and Equipment, Fruit Juice Concentrates: Concentration Methods and Evaporators, Fruit Powders: Preparation and Process Operations

Module-3

PROCESSINGOFSPICESANDDRYFRUITS

Classification, Composition, and Structure of Spices, Processing Techniques for Major and Minor Spices, Spice Oils, Oleoresins, and Spice Mixtures, Processing of Cashew Nuts and Other Dry Fruits, Functional Role and Quality Specification of Spices

Module-4

TEA,COFFEE,ANDCOCOAPROCESSING

TeaProcessing:CTC,Black,Green,andOolongTea,CoffeeProcessing:WetandDryMethods,InstantCoffee, Specialty Coffee, Cocoa Processing: From Bean to Cocoa Products and Chocolate Manufacturing

Module-5

NOVELPROCESSINGMETHODS

UV, High Pressure, Ultrasound, Membrane Processing, High-Intensity Pulsed Electric Field, Ozone, Irradiation Minimal Processing, Storage in Modified Atmosphere, Active Packaging, Freeze Concentration, Vacuum Frying

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE.A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation:

- 1. TwoUnitTestseachof25 Marks
- $\label{eq:constraint} 2. \quad Two assignments each of \textbf{25Marks} or \textbf{oneSkillDevelopmentActivityof50 marks} \\ to attain the COs and POs$

Thesumoftwotests,twoassignments/skillDevelopmentActivities,willbe scaleddownto50marks

CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. Thequestionpaperwillhavetenfullquestionscarryingequalmarks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- $4. \quad Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topic sunder a module. \\$
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

- 1. Handbookoffruitsandfruitprocessing.N.K.Sinha,J.S.Sidhu,J.Barta,J.S.B.Wu,M.P.Cano,Wiley- Blackwell, 2nd edition. 2012
- Hand book of vegetables and vegetable processing. N.K.Sinha, Y. H. Hui, E. O. Evranuz, M. Siddiq, J. Ahmed. Wilev-Blackwell. 1st edition. 2011
- 3. Hand Book of Vegetable Preservation and Processing. Y. H. Hui, E. ÖzgülEvranuz, CRC Press, 2nd Edition, 2015
- 4. FruitandVegetablePreservation;PrinciplesandPractices.R.P.SrivastavaandSanjeevKumar,CBS;3rd Edition, 2014
- 5. TechnologicalInterventionsInTheProcessingOfFruitsAndVegetables.RachnaSehrawat,KhursheedA. Khan, Megh R. Goyal, Apple Academic Press Inc. 2018
- 6. Thecompletebookoncultivationandmanufactureoftea.PandaH,2ndrevisededition,AsiaPacific Business Press Inc., NIIR
- 7. Coffee-growing, processing, sustainable production. Wintgens J. N., Wiley-VCH, 2004.
- $8. \quad Cocoa production and processing technology. A foakwa EO. Taylor and Francis group, 2014$
- 9. HandbookonSpicesandCondiments(Cultivation,ProcessingandExtraction).PandaH.AsiaPacificBusiness Press Inc., NIIR, 2010
- 10. Small-scalecashewnutprocessing.Azam-AliS.H.andJudgeE.C.FAO,2001
- 11. Vanilla-post harvest operations. InPho-Post harvest compendium. Javier De La Cruz Medina , Guadalupe C. Rodriguez Jiménes, and Hugo S. García. FAO, 2009

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

- 1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/126/105/126105015/
- http://ecoursesonline.iasri.res.in/course/view.php?id=156
- 3. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ag13/preview
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x-m3SnyURa8
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0eBEmkB3tyE

SkillDevelopmentActivitiesSuggested

- 1. NGSandMicroarraydataAnalysis
- 2. Proteomicdatanetworkanalysis.
- 3. AVpresentationbystudents(onspecifictopics).
- ${\bf 4.} \quad Discussion of case studies based on research findings$

CourseOutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Attheendofthecoursethestudentwillbeableto:

Sl.No.	Description	Blooms
		Level
CO1	Recall the production and composition of major fruits, vegetables, and plantation products,	L1
	including basic post-harvest handling practices.	
CO2	Explain the factors affecting post-harvest losses and the techniques used to minimize these	L2
	losses during transport and storage.	
CO3	Applyknowledgeofmachineryandequipmentusedinthecanning, extraction,	L3
	concentration, and preparation of fruit juices and powders.	
CO4	Analyzethecomposition, structure, and processing techniques of spices and dryfruits,	L4
	including the functional roles and quality specifications.	
CO5	Evaluate different processing methods for tea, coffee, and cocoa, from basic processing to	L5
	advanced manufacturing techniques like instant coffee and chocolate production.	

Program Sl. No.	Outcomeofthiscourse	POs
	Description	
1	Engineeringknowledge: Applytheknowledgeofmathematics,science,engineering fundamentals,andanengineeringspecializationtothesolutionofcomplexengineering problems.	P01
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesof mathematics,naturalsciences,andengineeringsciences.	PO2
3	Design/development of solutions : Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs withappropriateconsiderationforthepublichealthandsafety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	PO3
4	Conductinvestigationsofcomplexproblems :Useresearch-basedknowledgeand research methods including design of experiments, analysisand interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to providevalid conclusions.	P04
5	Moderntoolusage:Create,select,andapplyappropriatetechniques,resources,and modernengineeringandITtoolsincludingpredictionandmodelingtocomplex engineeringactivitieswithanunderstandingofthelimitations	P05
6	Theengineerandsociety: Applyreasoninginformedbythecontextualknowledgeto assesssocietal, health, safety, legaland culturalissues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice	P06
7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutionsinsocietalandenvironmentalcontexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and needfor sustainable development	P07
8	Individualandteamwork:Functioneffectivelyasanindividual,andasamemberor leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings	P09

MappingofCOSandPOs

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	P01	PO2	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P11	P12
CO1	3					1	2					
CO2	3	2					2					
CO3	3				3		2					
CO4		2	2	2								
CO5	3			3					2			

GRAINPROCESSINGANDBAKINGTECHNOLOGY								
CourseCode	MFDT214B	CIEMarks	50					
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEEMarks	50					
TotalHoursofPedagogy	3	TotalMarks	100					
Credits	3	ExamHours	3					

CourseLearningobjectives:

- To provide students with a thorough understanding of the classification, composition, storage, and processing techniques of major cereal grains like wheat, rice, corn, and barley.
- To equip students with practical knowledge of both dry and wet milling processes for cereals and oil extraction from oilseeds, including recent advancements in milling technology.
- To enable students to master the techniques involved in bread, cookie, biscuit, and cake making, focusingon the ingredients, equipment, and processes used in both yeast-leavened and chemically leavened products.
- To introduce students to the principles and techniques of pastry and confectionery production, including the preparation of various traditional confectionery products.
- To foster the ability to apply engineering principles to solve complex problems in grain processing, baking technology, and confectionery production, with an emphasis on sustainability and innovation

Module-1

GRAINPROCESSINGI

ClassificationandCompositionofCerealGrains(Wheat,Rice,Corn,Barley),StorageandDryingofCereals,Dry Milling of Wheat: Storage, Cleaning, Conditioning, and Milling, Recent Developments in Flour Milling

Module-2

GRAINPROCESSINGII

Dry Milling of Corn and Maize, Decortication and Attrition Milling: Barley, Sorghum, Millet, Wet Milling of Rice: Process and Types, Rice Quality Indicators and By-products of Milling, Oil Extraction from Oilseeds and Processing of Vegetable Oil

Module-3

BAKINGTECHNOLOGYI

Overview of Leavening Agents, Bread Making: Ingredients, Equipment, and Processes, Detailed Process of Straight Dough Bread Making, Bread Staling and Other Yeast-Leavened Products

Module-4

BAKINGTECHNOLOGYII

Chemical Leavening Agents and ChemicallyLeavened Products, Cookie and BiscuitMaking: Types and Processes, Cake Making: Ingredients and Mixing Processes, Phenomena During Cookie and Cracker Making

Module-5

PASTRYANDCONFECTIONERY

Types of Pastries: Short Crust, Flaky, Puff, Choux, Confectionery Production: Ingredients and Principles, Traditional Confectionery Products: Candies and Toffees, Technical Considerations in Confectionery Production

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE.A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation:

- 1. TwoUnitTestseachof25 Marks
- $2. \quad Two assignments each of {\bf 25Marks} or {\bf oneSkill Development Activity of 50 marks} \\ to attain the COs and POs$

The sum of two tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.

- 2. Thequestionpaperwillhavetenfullquestionscarryingequalmarks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- 4. Eachfullquestionwillhaveasub-questioncoveringallthetopicsunderamodule.
- $\textbf{5.} \quad The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module$

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

- 1. Principlesofcerealscienceandtechnology. J.A. Delcour, R.C. Hoseney, AACC International, 3rdedition, 2010
- 2. FoodTechnology-II.A.Patel,H.C.Devraja,P.Sharma,R.R.B.Singh,www.agrimoon.com,ICAR
- 3. FoodTechnology-I.A.K.Singh,P.N.Raju,A.Jana,www.agrimoon.com,ICAR
- 4. BakeryProducts:scienceandtechnology.Y.H.Hui,H.Corke,I.D.Leyn,WKNip,N.Cross,Blackwell Publishing, 2006
- 5. Cerealgrainsforthefoodandbeverageindustries.E.K.Arendt,E.Zannini,WoodheadPublishing,2013.
- 6. CerealsProcessingTechnology.G.Owens,CRCPress,WoodheadPublishing,2001.

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

- 1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/126/104/126104004/
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iuW3nk5EADg
- 3. https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/126105015/L29.html
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ut9uSlK-f-8

SkillDevelopmentActivitiesSuggested

- 1. NGSandMicroarraydataAnalysis
- 2. Proteomicdatanetworkanalysis.
- 3. AVpresentationbystudents(onspecifictopics).
- 4. Discussionofcasestudiesbasedonresearchfindings

Courseoutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Attheendofthecoursethestudentwillbeableto:

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
CO1	Identifytheclassificationandcompositionofmajorcerealgrainsandthebasicsoftheir storage and drying processes.	L1
CO2	Describethedryandwetmillingprocessesofvariouscereals,includingtherecentdevelopments in flour milling and oil extraction from oilseeds.	L2
CO3	Applytheknowledgeofbakingingredientsandequipmenttotheproductionofbread, cookies, biscuits, and cakes, considering the chemical and physical changes during baking.	L3
CO4	Analyzetheprocesses involved in pastry and confectionery production, including the functional roles of ingredients and technical considerations in production.	L4
CO5	Evaluate the sustainability and environmental impact of various grain processing, baking, and confectionery methods, proposing improvements or alternative solutions.	L5

Prog	ramOutcomeofthiscourse	
Sl. No	Description	PO
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineeringfundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	P01
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesof mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	P02
3	Design/developmentofsolutions : Designsolutionsforcomplexengineeringproblems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	PO3
4	Conduct investigations of complex problems : Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysisandinterpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to providevalid conclusions.	P04
5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	P05
6	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	P07
7	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineeringcommunityand withsocietyat large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions	PO10
8	Projectmanagementandfinance: Demonstrateknowledgeandunderstandingofthe engineeringandmanagementprinciplesandapplythesetoone'sownwork,asamemberand leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments	P011
9	Life-longlearning: Recognizetheneedfor,andhavethepreparationandabilitytoengage in independentandlife-longlearninginthebroadestcontextoftechnologicalchange	PO12

MappingofCOSandPOs

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	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P11	P12
CO1	3						1					2
CO2	3				2		2					
CO3	3		3							2		
CO4		3	2	2								
CO5	3						3				3	

DAIRY AND MILK BASED PRODUCT PROCESSING								
CourseCode	MFDT214C	CIEMarks	50					
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEEMarks	50					
TotalHoursofPedagogy	3	TotalMarks	100					
Credits	3	ExamHours	3					

CourseLearningobjectives:

- Tounderstandthecompositionandproductionofmilkanditsimpactonpost-harvesthandlingandstorage practices.
- Togainknowledgeofbasicandadvancedmilkprocessingtechniquesandtheirapplicationsindairy product manufacturing.
- Toexploreasepticandmodernprocessingmethodsforextendingtheshelflifeofmilkanddairyproducts while maintaining quality.
- Todevelopskillsintheapplicationofinnovativetechnologiesinmilkprocessingandpackagingforproduct development.
- Toapplyengineeringprinciplesandmoderntoolsinsolvingcomplexproblemsrelatedtomilkprocessing and dairy product innovation.

Module-1

POST-HARVESTHANDLINGOFMILK

ProductionandCompositionofMilkinIndia,Post-HarvestHandling:TransportandStoragePractices,Factors Affecting Post-Harvest Losses in Milk.

Module-2

BASICMILKPROCESSINGTECHNIQUES

Filtration, Bulk Cooling, Stirring, Mixing, Homogenization.

Standardization, Pasteurization, Sterilization, Centrifugation,

Module-3

ADVANCEDMILKPROCESSINGTECHNIQUES

EvaporationandCondensation,ManufacturingofMilkProducts:Cheese,IceCream,Butter,PrinciplesofProcessing: Milk Powder, Casein, Whey, Curd, Buttermilk, Dairy-Based Chocolates: Ingredients, Processing Techniques, and Quality Control.

Module-4

ASEPTICANDOTHERPROCESSINGMETHODS

Aseptic Processing: Equipment and Techniques, Hurdle Technology in Milk Processing, Other Methods: UV, High Pressure, Minimal Processing, Chocolate-Based Dairy Products: Innovations in Aseptic Processing, Packaging, and Shelf-Life Extension.

Module-5

NOVELPROCESSINGMETHODSFORMILKPRODUCTS

AdvancedTechniques:Ultrasound,High-IntensityPulsedElectricField,OhmicHeating,ActivePackagingand StorageinModifiedAtmosphere,FreezeConcentrationandEdibleCoatings,NovelDairyandChocolate Combinations: Application of Modern Techniques in Product Development and Packaging.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE.A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation:

- 1. TwoUnitTestseachof25 Marks
- $2. \quad Two assignments each of {\bf 25Marks} or {\bf oneSkill Development Activity of 50 marks} \\ to attain the COs and POs$

 $The sum of two tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be {\it scaled down to 50 marks} \\ CIEmethods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.$

Semester-End Examination:

 $1. \quad The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportion at elyreduced to 50.\\$

- 2. Thequestionpaperwillhavetenfullquestionscarryingequalmarks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- 4. Eachfullquestionwillhaveasub-questioncoveringallthetopicsunderamodule.
- $\textbf{5.} \quad The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module$

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

- 1. OutlinesofDairyTechnology.SukumarDe,OxfordUniversityPress,5thEdition,2005
- 2. DairyPlantSystemandLayout.TufailAhmed,KitabMahal,NewDelhi,1996
- 3. Milkprocessingandqualitymanagement.A.Y.Tamime, Wiley-Blackwell, WestSussex, UK, 2009
- 4. DairyTechnology:PrinciplesofMilkPropertiesandProcesses.P.Walstra,T.J.Geurts,A.Noomen,A. Jellema, M.A.J.S. van Boekel, 1st Edition, Marcel Dekker, New York ,1999
- 5. Dairyscienceandtechnologyhandbook-Principlesandproperties.Y.H.Hui,Wiley-VCH,NewYork,1993

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/126/105/126105015/

SkillDevelopmentActivitiesSuggested

- 1. NGSandMicroarraydataAnalysis
- 2. Proteomicdatanetworkanalysis.
- 3. AVpresentationbystudents(onspecifictopics).
- 4. Discussionofcasestudiesbasedonresearchfindings

CourseOutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Attheendofthecoursethestudentwillbeableto:

Sl.No.	Description	Blooms Level
CO1	Identifytheproduction and composition of milk and the factors influencing post-harvest	L1
	losses in milk	
CO2	Explaintheprinciplesandapplicationsofbasicmilkprocessingtechniquessuchas	L2
	filtration, pasteurization, and homogenization.	
CO3	Applyadvancedmilkprocessingtechniquesinthemanufacturingofdairyproducts,	L3
	ensuring quality control and safety.	
CO4	Analyze the effectiveness of aseptic and modern processing methods in extending the shelf	L4
	life of milk products.	
CO5	Innovatenewdairyproductsusingnovelprocessingmethodsandadvancedpackaging	L5
	techniques, considering the impact on sustainability and product development.	

 ${\bf Program Out come of this course}$

Sl. No.	Description	POs
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	P01
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesof mathematics,naturalsciences,andengineeringsciences.	P02
3	Design/development of solutions : Design solutions for complex engineeringproblems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	PO3
4	Conductinvestigationsofcomplexproblems :Useresearch-basedknowledgeand research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to providevalid conclusions.	PO4
5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	PO5
6	Environmentandsustainability: Understandtheimpactoftheprofessionalengineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and needfor sustainable development.	P07
7	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engagein independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	PO12

, in Boroot	SandPOs	DO2	DO2	DO4	DOF	DO.	DO7	DOO	DOO	DO10	D11	D12
	P01	P02	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P11	P12
CO1	3											
CO2		2	2									
CO3			3		2							
CO4				3			2					
CO5							3					2

LIVE STOCK AND AQUATIC PRODUCTS PROCESSING									
CourseCode	MFDT214D	CIEMarks	50						
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEEMarks	50						
TotalHoursofPedagogy	3	TotalMarks	100						
Credits	3	ExamHours	3						

CourseLearningobjectives:

- Toprovideacomprehensive overviewoftheproduction, economics, and processing scenarios of meat, fish, and poultry industries.
- Toimpartknowledgeaboutvariouspreservationtechniquesformeat,fish,andpoultry,including traditional and modern methods.
- Toexplorethefactorsaffectingthequalityofmeatproducts, focusing on a spects such a stexture, tenderness, and water-holding capacity.
- Toequipstudentswithknowledgeaboutabattoirdesign,meatplantsanitation,by-productsutilization, and the processing of eggs and poultry.
- To introduce students toadvanced processing methods, including bulk handling, chilling, quick freezing, and modified-atmosphere packaging, for enhancing the shelf life of meat and seafood products.

Module-1

INTRODUCTION

OverviewofProductionandEconomics: Detailed examination of the production and economic significance of meat, fish, and poultry industries at the global and regional levels.

ProcessingScenarios:In-depthstudyofthecurrentprocessingtechnologiesandpracticesformeat,fish,and poultry. **Preservation Techniques:** Comprehensive exploration of traditional and modern preservation methods including dehydration, freezing, pickling, curing, cooking, and smoking.

AdvancedPreservationMethods: Application of ionizing radiation, antibiotics, and chemical preservatives in meat preservation; discussion of safety and regulatory aspects.

Module-2

QUALITYOFTHEPRODUCT

EatingQualityandDiscoloration: Analysis of factors affecting the eating quality of meat, with a focus on discoloration, flavor, and aroma.

Water-HoldingCapacityandJuiciness:Investigationofthemechanismsaffectingwater-holdingcapacityand juiciness in both cooked and uncooked meat products.

Texture and Tenderness: Definition, measurement, and assessment of meattexture and tenderness: exploration or or

Module-3

PROCESSING

AbattoirDesignandLayout: Principles of designing abattoirs and meatplants; focus on optimizing workflow, hygiene, and safety.

MeatPlantSanitationandSafety:Bestpracticesformaintainingsanitationandensuringsafetyinmeat processing plants. **By-ProductsUtilization:**Techniquesforeffectiveutilizationofmeatprocessingby-productstominimizewaste and maximize value.

Egg Processing and Preservation: Methods for processing and preserving eggs; production of egg yolk and eggwhite powders.

PoultryProcessing: Overview of the processing techniques specific topoultry, including slaughtering, dressing, and packaging

Module-4

UNITOPERATIONS

PoultryProductProcessing: Detailed study of unit operations involved in the production of various poultry products such as cuts, processed meats, and ready-to-eat items.

FishProcessingUnitOperations: Examination of the unit operations involved in fish processing, including filleting, deboning, and canning.

TechnologicalAdvances:Reviewofrecentadvancementsinunitoperationsforpoultryandfishprocessingto improve efficiency and product quality.

Module-5

ADVANCEDPROCESSING

Post-Harvest Quality Changes in Seafood: Understanding the physiological and biochemical changes in seafood post-harvest and their impact on quality.

Bulk HandlingandChilling: Techniques forbulk handling and chillingofseafood tomaintainfreshness during transport and storage.

Quick Freezing: Methods and equipment used in he quick freezing of seafood to preserve quality and extend shelf life.

Cook-ChillProcessing: Processes involved in cook-chill methods for sea food; discussion of safety, quality, and shelf life. **Packaging Innovations:** Exploration of modified-atmosphere packaging (MAP) and retort pouch packaging techniques, with a focus on extending the shelf life of sea food products.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE.A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation:

- 1. TwoUnitTestseachof25 Marks
- $2. \quad Two assignments each of {\bf 25Marks} or {\bf oneSkill Development Activity of 50 marks} \\ to attain the COs and POs$

 $The sum of two tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be {\it scaled down to 50} marks$

 ${\it CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course. \\$

Semester-End Examination:

- TheSEEquestionpaperwillbesetfor 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. Thequestionpaperwillhavetenfullquestionscarryingequalmarks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- 4. Eachfullquestionwillhaveasub-questioncoveringallthetopicsunderamodule.
- 5. The students will have to answer fiveful questions, selecting one full question from each module

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

- 1. Lawrie's Meat Science. Fidel Toldra, Woodhead Publishing, 8th Edition, 2007
- 2. EggScienceandTechnology.W.J.StadelmenandO.J.Cotterill,CRCPress,4thEdition,1995
- 3. HandbookofMeatProcessing.Ed.FidelToldrá,BlackwellPublishing,1stEdition,2010
- 4. Marine and Freshwater Products Handbook, Roy E. Martin, Emily Paine Carter, George J. Flick, Jr., Lynn M. Davis. CRC Press. 1st Edition. 2000
- 5. MeatHandbook.A.Lavie, AVI, Westport, 4th Edition, 1980
- 6. FoodScience.NormanN.PotterandJosephH.Hotchkiss,S.ChandPublication,5thEdition,2007
- 7. MeatProductsHandbook.GFeiner,WoodheadPublishing,1stEdition,2006
- 8. MuscleasFood.P.J.Bechtel,AcademicPress,1stEdition,1986

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9h7Q62thXGg
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=At8iNR38rfo
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=irnVa3Bn7_w
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=l8AT48eIFQw

SkillDevelopmentActivitiesSuggested

- 1. NGSandMicroarraydataAnalysis
- 2. Proteomicdatanetworkanalysis.
- 3. AVpresentationbystudents(onspecifictopics).
- 4. Discussionofcasestudiesbasedonresearchfindings

Courseoutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Attheendofthecoursethestudentwillbeableto:

Sl. No.	Description	BloomsLevel
CO1	Recallthebasicsofproductionandprocessingscenariosofmeat, fish, and poultry.	L1
CO2	Explain the principles behind various preservation techniques for meat, fish, and poultry.	L2
CO3	Analyzethefactorsaffectingthequalityofmeatproductsandsuggestimprovements.	L3
CO4	Designandevaluateprocessinglayoutsformeatplants,includingsanitationand safety protocols.	L4
CO5	Innovate and implement advanced processing and packaging methods for meat and seafood products.	L5

ProgramOutcomeofthiscourse

Sl. No.	Description	POs
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	PO1
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesof mathematics,naturalsciences,andengineeringsciences.	PO2
3	Design/development of solutions : Design solutions for complex engineeringproblems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	PO3
4	Conductinvestigationsofcomplexproblems :Useresearch-basedknowledgeand research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to providevalid conclusions.	PO4
5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	P05
6	Theengineerandsociety: Applyreasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	P06
7	Environmentandsustainability: Understandtheimpactoftheprofessionalengineering solutionsinsocietalandenvironmentalcontexts,anddemonstratetheknowledgeof,and needforsustainabledevelopment.	P07
8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics andresponsibilities and norms of the engineering practice	P08
9	Individualandteamwork: Functioneffectivelyasanindividual,andasamemberorleader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings	P09
10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and writeeffectivereportsanddesigndocumentation,makeeffectivepresentations,andgive andreceiveclearinstructions	P10
11	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engagein independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	PO12

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	P08	P09	PO10	P11	P12
CO1	3	1										2
CO2	3		2				1					
CO3		3		2					2			
CO4			3		2					2		
CO5				3			2				2	

SUGAR, PROTEIN AND OIL TECHNOLOGY										
CourseCode MFDT214E CIEMarks 50										
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEEMarks	50							
TotalHoursofPedagogy	3	TotalMarks	100							
Credits	3	ExamHours	3							

CourseLearningobjectives:

- To provide students with a deep understanding of the molecular structure, properties, and functionalities of sugars, proteins, and lipids, enabling them to analyze and apply this knowledge in food science and technology.
- To equip students with the knowledge and skills required to understand, operate, and optimize various processing techniques for sugars, proteins, and oils, ensuring the production of high-quality food products.
- To introduce students to advanced lipid applications in food systems, including emulsions, non-aqueous foods, and specialized products, with a focus on innovation and technology integration.
- To educate students on the utilization of by-products from sugar and oil processing, promoting sustainability and the development of value-added products from waste materials.
- To foster critical thinking and problem-solving abilities in students, enabling them to design, analyze, and optimize processes in sugar, protein, and oil.

Module-1

INTRODUCTIONTOSUGARS, PROTEINS, ANDLIPIDS

StructureandPropertiesofSugars: Detailed examination of the molecular structure, physicochemical properties, and functional roles of various sugars in food systems.

StructureandPropertiesofProteins: Analysis of the aminoacid composition, protein folding, and functional properties such as solubility, emulsification, and gelation in different food applications.

StructureandPropertiesofLipids:Studyofthestructuraldiversityoflipids,theirphysicalandchemical properties, and their functionality in food systems, including emulsification and fat crystallization.

Module-2

SUGARTECHNOLOGY, PRODUCTS, ANDBY-PRODUCTS

SugarRawMaterials: Exploration of sugar can eand sugar be eta sprimary raw materials for sugar production, including their cultivation and harvesting practices.

ManufacturingProcesses: Detailedflowcharts and descriptions of themanufacturing processes for granulated and liquid sugars, including extraction, purification, decolorization, evaporation, crystallization, and centrifugation. **Sugar Properties and Handling:** Understanding the physical and chemical properties of granulated sucrose and liquid sugars, invert sugar characteristics, and the handling and storage of sugar products post-centrifugation.

By-Products of Sugar Production: Study of the by-products generated during sugar processing, such as bagasse, molasses, pressed and dried pulp, and their potential uses in other industries.

Module-3

PROTEINPROCESSINGTECHNOLOGIES

ProteinExtraction: Examinationofvarious methods for protein extraction from plantandanimal sources, including mechanical, enzymatic, and chemical techniques.

Protein Separation and Purification: Techniques for separating and purifying proteins, including centrifugation, membrane filtration, and chromatography.

ProteinConcentration: Methodsforconcentrating proteins, such as ultrafiltration, precipitation, and spraydrying, with a focus on maintaining functional properties.

Module-4

OILPROCESSING AND MODIFICATION

Oil Pressing and Extraction: Study of mechanical and chemical methods for oil extraction from seeds and nuts, including cold pressing and solvent extraction.

OilRefiningProcesses: Examination of the chemical and physical refining processes, including degumming, neutralization, bleaching, and deodorization.

OilModificationTechniques:In-depthstudyofoilmodificationmethods,suchasinter-esterificationand hydrogenation, and their effects on fat crystallization and stability.

Module-5

ADVANCEDAPPLICATIONSOFLIPIDS

Food Emulsions and Non-Aqueous Systems: Study of the role of lipids in the formation and stabilization of food emulsions, as well as their applications in non-aqueous food products.

Special Applications of Lipids: Exploration of advanced applications such as edible coatings, film barriers, and the applications of the coating of the

sprayprocessingoffat-containingfoodstuffs,includingspraydryingandcoolingtechniques.

Functional Lipid Products: Understanding the formulation and uses of low-calorie fats, food emulsifiers, and lipid emulsions in food, nutrition, and pharmaceutical applications.

Lipid-BasedFormulations: Studyoftheproduction and application of shortenings, margarine, and other lipid-based food products, with a focus on texture, stability, and sensory attributes.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE.A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation:

- 1. TwoUnitTestseachof25 Marks
- $2. \quad Two assignments each of {\bf 25Marks} or {\bf oneSkill Development Activity of 50 marks} \\ to attain the COs and POs$

Thesumoftwotests,twoassignments/skillDevelopmentActivities,willbe scaleddownto50marks

CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

- $1. \quad The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.$
- 2. Thequestionpaperwillhavetenfullquestionscarryingequalmarks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- 4. Eachfullquestionwillhaveasub-questioncoveringallthetopicsunderamodule.
- 5. The students will have to answer fivefull questions, selecting one full question from each module

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

- 1. LipidTechnologiesandApplications.FrankD.GunstoneandFredB.Padley,CRCPress,1stEdition,1997
- PracticalGuidetoVegetableOilProcessing.MonojK.Gupta,AOCSPress,1stEdition,2004
- BleachingandPurifyingFatsandOils,GaryR.List,AOCSPressandAcademicPress,2ndEdition,2009
- 4. SugarTechnology-BeetandCaneSugarManufacture.P.W.vanderPoel,H.Schiweck,T.K.Schwartz, Publisher: Verlag Dr Albert Bartens KG, 1998
- 5. PrinciplesofSugarTechnology.P.Honig,Elsevier,1stEdition,1953
- 6. EncyclopediaofProteinTechnology.JosieMehta,DominantPublishersAndDistributors,1993

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103107081
- 2. https://ch402npc.wordpress.com/2020/03/17/sugar-and-fermentation-industry-nptel/
- 3. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_bt48/preview

SkillDevelopmentActivitiesSuggested

- 1. NGSandMicroarraydataAnalysis
- 2. Proteomicdatanetworkanalysis.
- 3. AVpresentationbystudents(onspecifictopics).
- 4. Discussionofcasestudiesbasedonresearchfindings

Courseoutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Attheen	dofthecou	rsethestu	dentwill	heahleto:
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Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
CO1	Recallanddescribethefundamentalstructuralandfunctionalpropertiesofsugars, proteins, andlipids.	L1
CO2	Explainandillustratethevariousprocessingtechniquesusedinsugar, protein, and oil industries, including extraction, refining, and concentration methods.	L2
CO3	Applytheirknowledgeofsugar, protein, and oiltechnologies to optimize processing conditions for enhanced product quality and efficiency.	L3
CO4	Analyze the by-products generated during processing and propose sustainable practices for their utilization.	L4
CO5	Evaluateadvancedlipidapplicationsandinnovatenewformulationsandprocessing techniques for specialized food products.	L5

ProgramOutcomeofthiscourse

Sl. No.	Description	POs
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	PO1
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesof mathematics,naturalsciences,andengineeringsciences.	PO2
3	Design/development of solutions : Design solutions for complex engineeringproblems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	PO3
4	Conductinvestigationsofcomplexproblems :Useresearch-basedknowledgeand research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to providevalid conclusions.	PO4
5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	P05
6	Theengineerandsociety: Applyreasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	P06
7	Environmentandsustainability: Understandtheimpactoftheprofessionalengineering solutionsinsocietalandenvironmentalcontexts,anddemonstratetheknowledgeof,and need for sustainable development.	P07
8	Communication :Communicateeffectivelyoncomplexengineeringactivitieswiththeengineering communityandwithsocietyatlarge,suchas,beingabletocomprehendand writeeffectivereportsanddesigndocumentation,makeeffectivepresentations,andgive and receive clear instructions	P010
9	Projectmanagementandfinance: Demonstrateknowledgeandunderstandingofthe engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a memberand leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments	P011
11	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engagein independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	PO12

ppingofCOSandPOs												
	PO1	PO2	P03	PO4	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P11	P12
CO1	3	2										
CO2	3		2				1					
CO3				3	1						2	
CO4						2	3					1
CO5			3							2		1

WATERANDBEVERAGETECHNOLOGY										
CourseCode	MFDT214F	CIEMarks	50							
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEEMarks	50							
TotalHoursofPedagogy	3	TotalMarks	100							
Credits	3	ExamHours	3							

CourseLearningobjectives:

- Toprovidestudentswithanin-depthunderstandingofvariousbeveragetypes,includingalcoholic,non-alcoholic, functional, and specialty beverages, and their nutritional, economic, and cultural significance.
- To impart knowledge on the technological processes involved in the manufacturing of juice-based, synthetic,non-alcoholic,andalcoholicbeverages,includingqualitycontrolmeasuresandpreservation techniques.
- Tofamiliarizestudentswiththecurrentstatus,markettrends,keyplayers,andregulatorychallengesofthe beverage industry in India.
- Toeducatestudentsontheprinciplesofwaterchemistry,wateractivity,purificationmethods,and treatment processes crucial for beverage production and packaging.
- Toprovidestudentswithasolidunderstandingofwaterpackagingtechnologies, quality evaluation techniques, and the standards set by the Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) for bottled water.

Module-1

INTRODUCTIONTOBEVERAGES

OverviewofBeverageTypesandImportance: Classificationofbeverages: alcoholic, non-alcoholic, functional, and specialty beverages. Nutritional and economic significance of beverages in the global and Indian markets.

CurrentStatus of theBeverageIndustry inIndia: Markettrends,growthprospects,andkeyplayersintheIndian beverage industry. Regulatory landscape and challenges in the Indian beverage sector.

ManufacturingTechnologyforJuice-BasedBeverages:Processflowtoproducefruitjuices,nectars,andconcentrates. Quality control parameters and preservation techniques in juice-based beverages.

IntroductiontoSyntheticBeverages:Typesofsyntheticbeveragesandtheirmarketdemand.Ingredients, formulation, and manufacturing processes for synthetic drinks.

Module-2

Module2:NON-ALCOHOLICBEVERAGES

IngredientsUsedinBeveragePreparationsandTheirRoles: Sweeteners, acids, flavors, preservatives, and stabilizers in beverage formulation. Functional ingredients: vitamins, minerals, probiotics, and plant extracts.

RoleandTechnologyofCarbonationinSoftDrinks:Principlesofcarbonationanditsimpactontasteand texture. Equipment and processes used for carbonation in soft drinks.

Detailed Study of Non-Alcoholic Beverages: Still Beverages: Juice drinks, herbal infusions, and flavored waters. Carbonated Beverages: Colas, sodas, and sparklingwaters.Low-Calorie Beverages: Sugar substitutes, diet drinks, and their market trends. Dry Beverages: Powdered drinks and instant beverage mixes.

Isotonic and Sports Drinks: Composition, formulation, and benefits of sports drinks. Market dynamics and technology for isotonic beverages.

Specialty Beverages: Production, processing, and market for tea, coffee, cocoa, and herbal beverages. The role of spices, plant extracts, herbs, and nuts in specialty beverages. Challenges and Limitations of Dairy-Based Beverages: **Formulation challenges:** Stability, shelf life, and sensory attributes. Market potential and consumer preferences for dairy-based beverages.

Module-3

ALCOHOLICBEVERAGES

Brewing Technology: Overview of the brewing process: Malting, mashing, fermentation, and packaging. Key ingredients: Water, barley, hops, yeast, and their roles in brewing.

Types of Alcoholic Beverages: Fermented Beverages: Production techniques and quality parameters for beer, wine, and cider. Distilled Beverages: Distillation principles, equipment, and processes for spirits like whiskey,vodka, rum, and gin. Use of various raw materials: Cane sugar, sugar beet, honey, fruits, grains, herbs, seeds, and vegetables.

Manufacturing Processes and Quality Evaluation of Alcoholic Beverages: Role of fermentation in alcohol production, with a focus on yeast types and their impact on flavor. Quality control, sensory evaluation, and aging techniques for different alcoholic beverages.

TypesofBeer: Characteristics and differences between Aleand Lager. Moderninnovations and craft beer trends. **Equipment Used in Brewing and Distillation Processes:** Overview of brewing equipment: Mash tuns, fermenters, and bottling lines. Distillation equipment: Pot stills, column stills, and hybrid stills.

Module-4

WATERCHEMISTRYANDTREATMENT

UnderstandingWaterChemistryandWaterActivity:Compositionofwater:pH,hardness,alkalinity,and mineral content. The importance of water activity in beverage preservation and stability.

WaterPurificationMethodsandTreatmentProcesses: Filtration, reverseosmosis, UV treatment, and chlorination. Advanced water treatment techniques: Deionization, distillation, and ozonation.

CommonImpuritiesinWaterandTheirAnalysis:Identificationandremovalofphysical,chemical,and biological contaminants. Analytical techniques for water quality testing: TDS, microbial load, and heavy metals.

Module-5

WATERPACKAGINGANDQUALITYSTANDARDS

DefinitionandTypesofPackagedDrinkingWater:Categoriesofbottledwater:Springwater,mineralwater, purified water, and flavored water. Emerging trends in flavored and functional bottled water.

ManufacturingProcessesforPackagedDrinkingWater: Processflow:Watersourcing,purification,bottling,and packaging. Ouality control measures at different stages of water bottling.

QualityEvaluationofRawandProcessedWater: Parametersforassessingthequalityofrawwater: Source, contaminants, and taste. Standards for processed water: Microbial load, chemical composition, and shelf life.

MethodsofWaterTreatmentandPurification: Treatmentprocessesspecifictodifferenttypesofbottledwater. Role of filtration, UV treatment, and ozone in ensuring water safety and quality.

BIS Quality Standards for Bottled Water:Overview of BIS (Bureau of Indian Standards) regulations for bottled water. Labeling requirements and compliance with national and international standards.

Types of Bottled Water: Mineral Water: Natural sources, mineral content, and health benefits. Natural Spring Water: Sourcing, processing, and packaging considerations. Flavored Water: Formulation, market trends, and consumer preferences. Carbonated Water: Carbonation levels, packaging, and market applications.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE.A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation:

- 1. TwoUnitTestseachof25 Marks
- $2. \quad Two assignments each of {\bf 25Marks} or {\bf oneSkill Development Activity of 50 marks} \\ to attain the COs and POs$

 $The sum of two tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be {\it scaled down to 50} marks$

CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. Thequestionpaperwillhavetenfullquestionscarryingequalmarks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- 4. Eachfullquestionwillhaveasub-questioncoveringallthetopicsunderamodule.
- 5. The students will have to answer fivefull questions, selecting one full question from each module

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

- 1. Food Product Development: Maximizing Success. R. Earle and A. Anderson, Woodhead Publishing Series in Food Science, Technology and Nutrition, CRC Press; 1st Edition, 2001
- 2. New Food Product Development: From Concept to Marketplace, Gordon W. Fuller, CRC Press, 3rd Edition, 2011
- 3. FoodProductDevelopment: FromConcepttotheMarketplace.E.GrafandI.Saguy,SpringerUS,1stEdition, 1991
- 4. Nutraceuticals Food Processing Technology: Innovative Scientific Research. Ed. R.P. Shukla, R.S. Mishra, Abhishek Dutt Tripathi, Ashok Kumar Yadav, Manju Tiwari, Raghvendra Raman Mishra, BhartiPublications; 1st Edition, 2017
- 5. FoodScience.B.Shrilakshmi,NewAgeInternational(P)LimitedPublication,3rdEdition,2003
- 6. Foodprocessingtechnology-principlesandpractice.P.J.Fellows,CRCpress,3rdedition,2009
- 7. IndustrialEconomics:AnIntroductoryTextbook.R.R.Barthwal,NewAgePublication,1stEdition,2010

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O-MRC0dskHg
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rKn0NuUpRf0
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UhwjbPprwX0
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q_MZkOCdUzc

Skill Development Activities Suggested

- 1. NGSandMicroarraydataAnalysis
- 2. Proteomicdatanetworkanalysis.
- 3. AVpresentationbystudents(onspecifictopics).
- 4. Discussionofcasestudiesbasedonresearchfindings

Courseoutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Attheendofthecoursethestudentwillbeableto:

Sl.No.	Description	Blooms Level
CO1	Students will be able to recall and classify various types of beverages, including alcoholic, non-alcoholic, functional, and specialty beverages.	L1
CO2	Students will understand and describe the manufacturing technologies for juice-based and synthetic beverages, along with the ingredients used in non-alcoholic beverages.	L2
CO3	Students will apply knowledge of carbonation techniques and water treatmentprocesses to real-world beverage production scenarios	L3
CO4	Studentswillanalyzethemarkettrends,qualitycontrolparameters,andregulatory challenges in the beverage industry, especially in the context of the Indian market.	L4
CO5	Studentswillevaluatethequalitystandardsofpackageddrinkingwater,andassessthe effectiveness of different water purification methods and packaging technologies.	L5

ProgramOutcomeofthiscourse

Sl. No.	Description	POs
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	P01
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesof mathematics,naturalsciences,andengineeringsciences.	P02
3	Design/development of solutions : Design solutions for complex engineeringproblems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	P03
4	Conduct investigations of complex problems : Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	PO4
5	Moderntoolusage: Create,select,andapplyappropriatetechniques,resources,andmodern engineering and ITtools includingpredictionandmodelingtocomplexengineering activitieswithanunderstandingofthelimitations	P05
6	Theengineerandsociety: Applyreasoninginformedbythecontextualknowledgeto assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and theconsequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	P06
7	Environmentandsustainability: Understandtheimpactoftheprofessionalengineering solutionsinsocietalandenvironmentalcontexts,anddemonstratetheknowledgeof,and need for sustainable development.	P07
8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice	P08

-	SandPOs PO1	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P11	P12
CO1	3	2				1						
CO2	3		2				1					
CO3				3	2							
CO4		3					2					
CO5			3					2				

FOOD PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT								
CourseCode	MFDT215A	CIEMarks	50					
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEEMarks	50					
TotalHoursofPedagogy	3	TotalMarks	100					
Credits	3	ExamHours	3					

CourseLearningobjectives:

- To provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the need, importance, and objectives of formulating new food products, including the business strategies and philosophies behind product development.
- To equip students with the skills to formulate new products based on available resources and costeffectiveness, and to standardize these formulations for consistent quality and performance.
- To develop students' ability to apply adaptable and sustainable technologies in the process development and scale-up of new food products from lab to pilot scale.
- To train students in assessing the nutritional, sensory, shelf-life, and safety qualities of newly developed food products, as well as to develop effective market testing and marketing plans.
- To provide students with knowledge and tools to perform economic evaluations, including cost estimation, break-even analysis, and optimization, leading to the successful commercialization and product launch.

Module-1

INTRODUCTIONTOFOODPRODUCTDEVELOPMENT

NeedandImportance:Understandthenecessityofdevelopingnewfoodproductsinthecontextofchanging consumer preferences, health trends, and market demands.

ObjectivesofNewProductDevelopment: Explore the key objectives, including innovation, differentiation, market expansion, and addressing specific consumer needs.

Ideasand Concept Generation:Study various sourcesof ideas for new product development, includingmarket research, consumer insights, and technological innovations.

BusinessPhilosophyandStrategy: Analyze the business strategies involved in new product development, including aligning with company goals, brand positioning, and competitive advantage.

Module-2

FORMULATIONANDSTANDARDIZATIONOFNEWPRODUCTS

Formulation Principles: Learn the principles of formulating new food products based on ingredient availability, nutritional value, sensory attributes, and cost competitiveness.

SourceAvailabilityandCostConsiderations: Studyhowtooptimizeformulationbyconsideringingredient sourcing, seasonal variations, and cost factors.

StandardizationTechniques:Understandthemethodsforstandardizingformulationstoensureconsistencyin product quality, taste, texture, and appearance.

ProductDesignandOptimization: Explore the principles of product design, including selecting appropriate processing methods, packaging materials, and shelf-life optimization.

Module-3

TECHNOLOGYANDPROCESSDEVELOPMENT

AdaptableandSustainableTechnology: Explore the application of adaptable technologies that support sustainable development in food processing, including energy-efficient processes and waste minimization.

Process Control and Scale-Up: Learn about process control parameters and the scale-up of production processes from lab to pilot scale, including challenges and solutions.

ProductionTrialsandValidation:Studytheimportanceofconductingproductiontrialstovalidateprocess parameters and ensure product quality during scale-up.

Pilot-ScaleDevelopment: Understandthe roleofpilot-scaletrialsinrefiningprocessesandpreparingforfull-scale production, including equipment selection and process optimization.

Module-4

QUALITYASSESSMENTANDMARKETTESTING

Quality Assessment Techniques: Learn about the various methods for assessing the quality of newly developed food products, including nutritional analysis, sensory evaluation, and shelf-life testing.

Safety Evaluation: Study the guidelines and regulations for ensuring food safety, including compliance with FSSAI standards and other relevant regulations.

MarketTestingStrategies:Exploredifferentapproachestomarkettesting,includingconsumertrials,focus groups, and test marketing in different geographical areas.

MarketingPlanDevelopment:Understandthekeyelementsofasuccessfulmarketingplan,includingtarget market identification, pricing strategies, distribution channels, and promotional

Module-5

ECONOMICEVALUATIONAND COMMERCIALIZATION

CostingandEconomicAnalysis:Learnhowtoconductcostanalysisfornewproductdevelopment,including ingredient costs, processing costs, and overheads.

EconomicsofFoodPlantConstruction:Studytheeconomicconsiderationsinconstructingfoodprocessing plants, including cost estimation, plant size optimization, and breakeven analysis.

Volume of Production Estimation: Understand the methods for estimating production volumes required to meet market demand and achieve profitability.

Commercialization and Product Launch: Explore the steps involved in launching a new food product, including regulatory approvals, scaling up production, and market entry strategies.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE.A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

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- $2. \quad Two assignments each of {\bf 25Marks} or {\bf oneSkill Development Activity of 50 marks} \\ to attain the COs and POs$

 $The sum of two tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be {\it scaled down to 50} marks$

CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

- $1. \quad The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportion at elyreduced to 50.\\$
- $2. \quad The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.$
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- 4. Eachfullquestionwillhaveasub-questioncoveringallthetopicsunderamodule.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

- 1. Food Product Development: Maximizing Success. R. Earle and A. Anderson, Woodhead Publishing Series in Food Science, Technology and Nutrition, CRC Press; 1st Edition, 2001
- New Food Product Development: From Concept to Marketplace, Gordon W. Fuller, CRC Press, 3rd Edition, 2011
- 3. FoodProductDevelopment: FromConcepttotheMarketplace.E.GrafandI.Saguy,SpringerUS,1stEdition, 1991
- 4. Nutraceuticals Food Processing Technology: Innovative Scientific Research. Ed. R.P. Shukla, R.S. Mishra, Abhishek Dutt Tripathi, Ashok Kumar Yadav, Manju Tiwari, Raghvendra Raman Mishra, BhartiPublications; 1st Edition, 2017
- 5. FoodScience.B.Shrilakshmi,NewAgeInternational(P)LimitedPublication,3rdEdition,2003
- 6. Foodprocessingtechnology-principlesandpractice.P.J.Fellows,CRCpress,3rdedition,2009
- 7. Industrial Economics: An Introductory Textbook. R.R. Barthwal, New Age Publication, 1st Edition, 2010

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oHM1Sr9p60Y
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DKTLASC2M
- 3. https://youtu.be/oHM1Sr9p60Y
- 4. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/107/112107217/

SkillDevelopmentActivitiesSuggested

- 1. NGSandMicroarraydataAnalysis
- 2. Proteomicdatanetworkanalysis.
- 3. AVpresentationbystudents(onspecifictopics).
- 4. Discussionofcasestudiesbasedonresearchfindings

CourseOutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Attheendofthecoursethestudentwillbeableto:

Sl. No.	Description	BloomsLevel
CO1	Recognize and explain the importance and objectives of new product development.	
	L1CO2	
	Formulateandstandardizenewfoodproductsconsideringresourceavailabilityand	L2
	costcompetitiveness.	
CO3	Applyadaptableandsustainabletechnologiesintheprocessdevelopmentoffood	L3
	products from lab to pilot scale.	
CO4	Assess the quality and market potential of newly developed food products based on	L4
	nutritional, sensory, and safety standards.	
CO5	Performeconomicevaluationsanddevelopcommercializationstrategiesfornew	L5
	food products.	

ProgramOutcomeofthiscourse

Sl. No.	Description	POs
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	PO1
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesof mathematics,naturalsciences,andengineeringsciences.	PO2
3	Design/development of solutions : Design solutions for complex engineeringproblems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	PO3
4	Conduct investigations of complex problems : Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to providevalid conclusions.	PO4
5	Moderntoolusage: Create,select,andapplyappropriatetechniques,resources,and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	P05
6	Theengineerandsociety: Applyreasoninginformedbythecontextualknowledgeto assesssocietal,health,safety,legalandculturalissuesandtheconsequentresponsibilities relevanttotheprofessionalengineeringpractice.	P06
7	Environmentandsustainability: Understandtheimpactoftheprofessionalengineering solutionsinsocietalandenvironmentalcontexts,anddemonstratetheknowledgeof,and need for sustainable development.	P07
8	Communication: Communicateeffectivelyoncomplexengineeringactivitieswiththeengineering communityandwithsocietyatlarge,suchas,beingabletocomprehendand writeeffectivereportsanddesigndocumentation,makeeffectivepresentations,andgive and receive clear instructions	P010
9	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments	P011
10	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engagein independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	P012

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	P08	P09	PO10	P11	P12
C01	3											2
CO2		2	3									2
CO3				2	3		2					
CO4				3		2				2		
CO5			2						1		3	

Semester-II

FOOD INDUSTRY BY PRODUCT AND WASTE MANAGEMENT					
CourseCode MFDT215B CIEMarks 50					
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEEMarks	50		
TotalHoursofPedagogy	3	TotalMarks	100		
Credits	3	ExamHours	3		

CourseLearningobjectives:

- Tocomprehendthegeneration, classification, and potential uses of byproducts from various food processing industries.
- Toexploreandevaluatevariouswastetreatmenttechniquesapplicabletodifferentfood processing sectors.
- Tounderstandandapplythelaws,regulations,andguidelinesgoverningwastemanagementin the food processing industry.
- Topromotesustainablepractices by learning about zero-discharge and zero-emission systems in food processing plants.
- Togainskillsinassessingtheeconomicaspectsofwastemanagement,includingcost-benefit analysisandoptimizationofresource use.

Module-1

BYPRODUCTSFROMFOODPROCESSINGINDUSTRY

Byproducts of Cereal and Legume Processing: Explore the various byproducts generated from the processing of cereals and legumes, including bran, husks, and protein isolates, and their applications in food and non-foodsectors. **Byproducts of Oil Seeds Processing:** Study the byproducts such as oil cakes, meal, and gums produced during the extraction of oil from seeds and their uses in animal feed, biofuels, and other industries.

Dairy Industry Byproducts: Understand the byproducts of dairy processing, including whey, lactose, and milk permeate, and their utilization in nutraceuticals, food additives, and environmental applications.

Fruit and Vegetable Processing Byproducts: Examine the byproducts such as peels, seeds, and pulp from fruit andvegetable processing, and their potential uses in food for tification, cosmetic industry, and biodegradable packaging.

Module-2

BYPRODUCTSFROMANIMALANDAGRO-BASEDINDUSTRIES

MeatProcessingByproducts:Learnaboutthebyproductsgeneratedfrommeatprocessing,includingbones, blood, and offal, and their utilization in pet food, pharmaceuticals, and fertilizers.

Fish Processing Byproducts: Study the byproducts such as fish meal, oil, and collagen from fish processing, andtheir applications in aquaculture, health supplements, and bioactive compounds.

Agro-BasedIndustryByproducts:Exploretheusesofbyproductsfromagro-basedindustries,includingcrop

Module-3

LAWSANDREGULATIONSFORWASTEMANAGEMENT

Waste Management Regulations: Study the key national and international laws governing waste management in the food processing industry, including hazardous waste regulations and environmental impact assessments. **FSSAIGuidelines:**Understandthespecific regulations set by the Food Safety and Standards Authority of India (FSSAI) regarding the disposal and recycling of food industry waste.

SustainabilityandCompliance:Exploretheimportanceofcompliancewithenvironmentalregulationsforsustainable food production, including penalties for non-compliance and incentives for waste reduction initiatives. **CaseStudies:** Analyze real-worldexamples ofwaste managementpractices in the food industry and how they align with legal requirements.

Module-4

WASTETREATMENTMETHODSINTHEFOODINDUSTRY

CerealandFruitProcessingWasteTreatment:Learnaboutthemethodsfortreatingwastegeneratedfrom cereal and fruit processing, including composting, anaerobic digestion, and energy recovery.

VegetableandMeatProcessingWasteTreatment:Studythetreatmenttechniquesforvegetableandmeat processing waste, such as rendering, enzymatic hydrolysis, and bioconversion.

Fish and DairyProcessing WasteTreatment: Understandthe specific challenges and solutions for treating waste from fish and dairy processing, including effluent treatment, solid waste management, and valorization.

BreweryandAlcoholIndustryWasteTreatment: Explorethetreatmentmethodsforbreweryandalcohol industry waste, including yeast recovery, spent grain utilization, and effluent treatment systems.

Module-5

WASTEWATERTREATMENTANDZERO-DISCHARGESYSTEMS

PreliminaryandPrimaryTreatment:Learnabouttheinitialstagesofwastewatertreatment,includingscreening, sedimentation, and chemical coagulation, and their importance in reducing pollutant loads.

Secondary and Advanced Treatment: Study biological treatment methods, such as activated sludge, trickling filters, and membrane bioreactors, as well as advanced oxidation processes for treating wastewater in the food industry.

Final Treatment and Discharge: Understand the processes involved in the final treatment and safe discharge of treated wastewater, including disinfection, sludge management, and compliance with discharge standards.

Zero-Discharge and Zero-Emission Systems: Explore the design and implementation of zero-discharge and zero-emission systems in food processing plants, promoting sustainable water use and minimizing environmentalimpact.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE.A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation:

- 1. TwoUnitTestseachof25 Marks
- $2. \quad Two assignments each of {\bf 25Marks} or {\bf oneSkill Development Activity of 50 marks} \\ to attain the COs and POs$

The sum of two tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks

CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

- $1. \quad The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportion at elyreduced to 50.\\$
- 2. Thequestionpaperwillhavetenfullquestionscarryingequalmarks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- 4. Eachfullquestionwillhaveasub-questioncoveringallthetopicsunderamodule.
- 5. The students will have to answer fiveful questions, selecting one full question from each module

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

- 1. HandbookofWasteManagementandCo-ProductRecoveryinFoodProcessing.K.Waldron,Woodhead Publishing Limited, 1st Edition, 2007
- 2. WasteManagementfortheFoodIndustries.I.S.Arvanitoyannis,AcademicPress,2008
- 3. Utilization of By-Products and Treatment of Waste in the Food Industry. Vasso Oreopoulou and WinfriedRuss, Springer US, 1st Edition, 2007
- 4. FoodScience.NormanN.PotterandJosephH.Hotchkiss,S.ChandPublication,5thEdition,2007
- FoodProcessingBy-ProductsandtheirŪtilization,Ed.AnilKAnal,WilleyPublication,1stEdition,2017

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/meat-we-eat/by-products-P51Cd
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bf-XC8Ko42I
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ikKFMgmqjOo

SkillDevelopmentActivitiesSuggested

- 1. NGSandMicroarraydataAnalysis
- 2. Proteomicdatanetworkanalysis.
- 3. AVpresentationbystudents(onspecifictopics).
- 4. Discussionofcasestudiesbasedonresearchfindings

Courseoutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Attheend	ofthecourset	hestud	lentwil	lbeab	leto:
OI N					

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms
		Level
CO1	Identify the byproducts generated from food processing in dustries and describe their potential	L1
	uses.	
CO2	Explain the various was tetre at ment methods for different types of food industry was te.	L2
CO3	Applytheknowledgeoflawsandregulationstoevaluatewastemanagementpracticesin food	L3
	processing industries	
CO4	Analyzetheenvironmentalimpactofwastemanagementtechniquesandproposesustainable	L4
	solutions, including zero-discharge systems	
CO5	Evaluate the economic feasibility of waste management strategies and design cost-effective	L5
	waste management systems for food processing plants	

ProgramOutcomeofthiscourse

Sl. No.	Description	POs
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complexengineering problems.	PO1
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesof mathematics,naturalsciences,andengineeringsciences.	PO2
3	Design/development of solutions : Design solutions for complex engineeringproblems anddesignsystem componentsorprocesses thatmeet thespecified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	PO3
4	Conduct investigations of complex problems : Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to providevalid conclusions.	P04
5	Moderntoolusage: Create,select,andapplyappropriatetechniques,resources,andmodernengin eering and ITtools includingpredictionandmodelingtocomplexengineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	P05
6	Theengineerandsociety: Applyreasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	P06
7	Environmentandsustainability: Understandtheimpactoftheprofessionalengineering solutionsinsocietalandenvironmentalcontexts,anddemonstratetheknowledgeof,and need for sustainable development.	P07
8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice	P08
9	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engagein independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	PO12

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		P01	PO2	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P11	P12
	CO1	1						2					
	CO2		2			2		3					
	CO3						2		3				
	CO4			2	3			3					
	CO5			2									3

Semester-II

HUMANNUTRITION, FUNCTIONAL FOODS, AND NUTRACEUTICALS						
CourseCode	CourseCode MFDT215C CIEMarks 50					
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEEMarks	50			
TotalHoursofPedagogy	3	TotalMarks	100			
Credits	3	ExamHours	3			

CourseLearningobjectives:

- Tounderstandthebiochemicalprinciplesunderlyinghumannutritionandtheroleoffunctionalfoodsand nutraceuticals.
- Toevaluatethenutritionalrequirements and identify functional food components that contribute to disease prevention and health promotion.
- Toanalyzethefunctionalclaimsandregulationsrelatedtonutraceuticalsandfunctionalfoods.
- Tocomprehendenzymekineticsandmetabolicpathwaysofmacronutrients,andtheirimplicationsin health and disease.
- Toassessandapplytheregulatoryframeworkandmarketdynamicsforfunctionalfoodsand nutraceuticals globally..

Module-1

INTRODUCTIONTONUTRITIONANDFUNCTIONALFOODS

Overview of Nutrition: Nutrition, malnutrition, functions of food, basic food groups, nutritional needs, requirements, and recommended dietary allowances.

Introduction to Functional Foods and Nutraceuticals: Concepts, definitions, and the link between nutrition and medicine. Functional foods' components, such as probiotics, prebiotics, dietary fibers, and their functional properties.

Sources and Bioavailability: Sources of nutraceuticals and the bioavailability of key functional ingredients.

Module-2

ENZYMOLOGYANDMETABOLISM

EnzymeKinetics:Mechanismofenzymeaction,coenzymes,enzymekinetics,derivationofMichaelis-Menten equation. **MetabolismofMacronutrients:**Sources,functions,digestion,absorption,andmetabolismofcarbohydrates, proteins, and lipids. Metabolic pathways: Glycolysis, TCA cycle, beta-oxidation, and protein catabolism.

Role of Enzymes in Nutraceuticals: Enzymatic processes involved in the synthesis and modification of functional food components.

Module-3

FUNCTIONALFOODCOMPONENTSANDDISEASEPREVENTION

MicronutrientsandPhytochemicals: Vitamins, isoflavones, flavonoids, carotenoids, and lycopene. The role of antioxidants, Omega-3 fatty acids, and other key nutraceuticals in disease prevention.

Disease-SpecificFunctionalFoods:Functionalfoodsandnutraceuticalsforgastrointestinalhealth,coronaryheart disease, cancer prevention, and other chronic conditions.

Marine-DerivedNutraceuticals:Functional food components from marine sources like macroalgae, microalgae, and their therapeutic applications.

Module-4

MINERALS, VITAMINS, AND NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCY

Essential Mineralsand Vitamins: Functions, sources, factors affecting absorption, and consequences of deficiency for minerals like calcium, iron, zinc, and vitamins.

 $\label{lem:hormonal Interactions:} The role of vitamins and hormone sin metabolism and overall health.$

Restoration and Fortification: Nutrient restoration, enrichment, fortification, and supplementation strategies in food processing.

Module-5

FUNCTIONALFOODCLAIMS, MARKETING, AND REGULATION

Health Claims and Labeling: Functional claims, packaging and labeling requirements, nutrient modification, and disease-specific claims.

RegulationsandLaws:OverviewofDietarySupplementHealthandEducationAct(DSHEA),regulationsinthe USA, EU, and India for functional foods and nutraceuticals.

Market Dynamics: The market for functional foods, consumer preferences, and the role of health in food choices. Commercialization strategies and economic aspects of functional food products.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE.A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation:

- TwoUnitTestseachof25 Marks
- $2. \quad Two assignments each of {\bf 25Marks} or {\bf oneSkill Development Activity of 50 marks} \\ to attain the COs and POs$

The sum of two tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks

CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

- $1. \quad The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportion at elyreduced to 50.$
- 2. Thequestionpaperwillhavetenfullquestionscarryingequalmarks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- 4. Eachfullquestionwillhaveasub-questioncoveringallthetopicsunderamodule.
- 5. The students will have to answer fivefull questions, selecting one full question from each module

SuggestedLearningResources:

- 1. FunctionalFoods:PrinciplesandTechnology.M.Guo,WoodheadPublishing,1stEdition
- 2. Functionalfoods-Concepttoproduct.GibsonG.R.,WilliamsG.M.WoodheadPublishingLtd,2000
- HandbookofNutraceuticalsandFunctionalFoods.WildmanR.E.C.,SecondEdition,CRCPress,2007
- 4. Handbookoffermentedfunctionalfoods.FarnworthE.R.,CRCPress,2003
- 5. Phytochemicalfunctionalfoods.JohnsonI.,WilliamsonG.WoodheadPublishingLtd,2000
- $6. \quad Phytosterolas functional food components and nutraceuticals. Dutta P.C., Marcel Dekker, 2004$
- 7. Functional fooding redients and nutraceuticals. Shi J., Taylor and Francis, 2007
- 8. Biotechnologyinfunctionalfoodsandnutraceuticals.BagchiD.,LauF.C.,Ghsh,D.K.,TaylorandFrancis, 2010
- 9. Dietarysupplementsandfunctionalfoods.Webb,G.P.,BlackwellPublishing,2006
- 10. Textbook of Nutrition and Dietetics. Kumud Khanna, Sharda Gupta, Santosh Jain Passi, Rama Seth, Ranjana Mahna and Seema Puri, Elite Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2nd Edition, 2016
- 11. PrinciplesofBiochemistry, A.L.Lehninger, D.L.Nelsonand M.M.Cox, W.H. Freeman, 4th Edition, 1993
- 12. TextbookofBiochemistry.E. S.West,W.R.Todd,H. S.Mason,and J. T.VanBruggen, MacMillan,4thEdition, 1966
- 13. NutritionandDietetics.ShubhanginiA.Joshi,TataMcGrow-HillpublishingCompanyLtd,1992
- 14. BiochemistryofFoods.N.A.MEskin,AcademicPress,1stEdition,1971
- 15. FoodChemistry.O.R.Fennema, MarcelDekkarInc, 3rdEdition, 1996
- 16. EssentialsofFoodandNutrition.M.S.Swaminathan,GaneshandCo,1stEdition, 1974
- 17. OutlinesofBiochemistry.EricE.ConnandP.K.Stumpf,JohnWileyandSons,3rdEdition,1972

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam
- 2. https://www.functionalfoodscenter.net/OnlineCourses.html
- 3. https://academy.nutrifytoday.com/
- 4. https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=gCeSLR5PFIc
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HLzB3miHWM8
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CU3J9UGzRL0
- 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zLZwbOZMesY
- 8. https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=XzCGonFs0k0
- 9. https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/102105034/L01.html
- 10. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BbKi6ExQdxo

SkillDevelopmentActivitiesSuggested

- 1. NGSandMicroarraydataAnalysis
- 2. Proteomicdatanetworkanalysis.
- 3. AVpresentationbystudents(onspecifictopics).
- 4. Discussionofcasestudiesbasedonresearchfindings

Courseoutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Attheendofthecoursethestudentwillbeableto:

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms
		Level
CO1	Recallandexplainthebasicprinciplesofhumannutritionandthekeycomponentsof functional	L1
	foods and nutraceuticals.	
CO2	Understandanddiscussthemechanismsofenzymeaction,coenzymefunctions,andthe metabolism	L2
	of macronutrients	
CO3	Apply knowledge of functional foods to assess and evaluate nutritional claims, including the	L3
	health benefits and risks associated with various nutraceuticals.	
CO4	Analyzedifferentnutritionalproducts,theirfunctionalproperties,andtheirimpacton specific	L4
	health conditions such as cardiovascular disease, cancer, and metabolic disorders.	
CO5	Evaluateregulatoryguidelinesanddesignfunctionalfoodproductsthatmeetnutritional	L5
	requirements and comply with labeling and health claims standards.	

ProgramOutcomeofthiscourse

Sl. No.	Description	POs
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	PO1
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesof mathematics,naturalsciences,andengineeringsciences.	PO2
3	Design/development of solutions : Design solutions for complex engineeringproblems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	PO3
4	Conduct investigations of complex problems : Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	P04
5	Moderntoolusage: Create,select,andapplyappropriatetechniques,resources,andmodern engineering and ITtools includingpredictionandmodelingtocomplexengineering activitieswithanunderstandingofthelimitations	P05
6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assesssocietal,health,safety,legalandculturalissuesandtheconsequentresponsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	P06
7	Environmentandsustainability: Understandtheimpactoftheprofessionalengineering solutionsinsocietalandenvironmentalcontexts,anddemonstrate theknowledgeof,and need for sustainable development.	P07

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		P01	PO2	P03	PO4	P05	P06	PO7	P08	P09	PO10	P11	P12
	CO1	3	2	1									
	CO2	3	3	2									
	CO3		3	3		2							
	CO4		3		3		2						
	CO5			3	3	3		2					

Semester-II

FO	OD ALLERGIES AND ALLERGENS						
CourseCode	CourseCode MFDT215D CIEMarks 50						
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEEMarks	50				
TotalHoursofPedagogy	3	TotalMarks	100				
Credits	3	ExamHours	3				

CourseLearningobjectives:

- Tounderstandthebasicconceptsoffoodallergiesandallergens,includingtheirprevalenceandimpacton public health
- Toexplorethefactorsinfluencingfoodallergenicity,includinggeneticandenvironmentalaspects.
- Tostudythechemicalandbiological characteristicsoffoodallergensandthemethodsfortheirdetection and diagnosis.
- Tolearnaboutthemanagementandriskassessmentstrategiesforfoodallergens,includinggenetic modificationtechniques.
- Toexaminepreventivemeasures, regulatory frameworks, and labeling guidelines for foodallergens.

Module-1

INTRODUCTION

Overviewoffoodallergiesandallergens, Theimmunesystemandantigen-antibodyinteractions, Signs & symptoms of foodallergies, Global prevalence of foodallergies, Classification of hypersensitivity reactions, Use of bioinformatics in identifying potential cross-allergens

Module-2

FACTORSINFLUENCINGFOODALLERGENICITY

Factors affecting foodaller genicity, Issues related to food additives and ingredients, Genetic inheritance of food allergies, Immunological responses, Oral allergy syndrome, GM foods and the risk of allergy

Module-3

CHARACTERISTICSANDDETECTIONOFFOODALLERGENS

Natural sources and chemistry of food allergens, Handling food allergies, Detection & diagnostic techniques for allergies, Limitations of current diagnostic techniques, Characterization of allergens, Food sensitivities:Anaphylactic reactions, metabolic food disorders, and idiosyncratic reactions

Module-4

MANAGEMENTANDRISKASSESSMENTOFFOODALLERGENICITY

Principles of managing food allergens, Detailed knowledge of avoidance measures, Genetic modification to reduce allergenicity, Safety evaluation and risk assessment methods.

Module-5

PREVENTIVEMEASURESANDREGULATORYFRAMEWORK

Preventionofallergicdiseases:Primary,secondary,andtertiarymethods,Epidemiology,hygiene,andallergic march hypotheses, Case studies of food allergies and related recalls, Hypoallergenic foods and dietary management Effectsofprocessingtreatmentsonfoodallergenicity,Regulatoryproceduresatnationalandinternationallevels Labeling guidelines.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE.A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation:

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- $\label{eq:constraint} 2. \quad Two assignments each of \textbf{25Marks} or \textbf{oneSkillDevelopmentActivityof50 marks} \\ to attain the COs and POs$

The sum of two tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

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Semester-End Examination:

- $1. \quad The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportion at elyreduced to 50.$
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- 4. Eachfullquestionwillhaveasub-questioncoveringallthetopicsunderamodule.

The students will have to answer fivefull questions, selecting one full question from each module

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

- 1. JudyOwen, Jenni Punt, Sharon Stranford. (2013). Immunology by Kuby. 7th edition
- $2. \quad SF lanagan. (2014). Handbook of Food Allergen Detection and Control, Simon Flanagan. 1 stedition. Woodhead publishing. \\$
- ScottH.Sicherer. (2013). FoodAllergy: Practical Diagnosis and Management. 1 stedition CRC Press.
- 4. EbisawaM.Sagamihara,Ballmer-WeberB.K.Zurich,ViethsS.LangenandWood.
- 5. R.A.Baltimore, Md. (2015). Food Allergy: Molecular Basis and Clinical Practice. Karger Publishing.

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111107113
- 2. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/102/106/102106051/https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ma20/preview
- 3. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/126/105/126105015/
- 4. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ma33/preview

SkillDevelopmentActivitiesSuggested

- 1. NGSandMicroarraydataAnalysis
- 2. Proteomicdatanetworkanalysis.
- 3. AVpresentationbystudents(onspecifictopics).
- 4. Discussionofcasestudiesbasedonresearchfindings

Courseoutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
CO1	Identifyanddescribebasicconceptsrelatedtofoodallergiesandallergens.	L1
CO2	Explainthefactorsaffectingfoodallergenicityandtheimmunologicalresponsesinvolved.	L2
CO3	Applydiagnostictechniquestodetectandcharacterizefoodallergens.	L3
CO4	Analyzeandevaluatemanagementstrategiesforfoodallergenicity,includinggenetic modification and risk assessment.	L4
CO5	Assessandproposepreventivemeasuresandregulatoryframeworksforfoodallergens, including labeling guidelines.	L5

	Outcomeofthiscourse	POs					
Sl. No.	Description						
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	P01					
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesof mathematics,naturalsciences,andengineeringsciences.	P02					
3	Design/development of solutions : Design solutions for complex engineeringproblems anddesignsystem componentsorprocesses thatmeet thespecified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	PO3					
4	Conductinvestigationsofcomplexproblems: Useresearch-basedknowledgeand researchmethodsincludingdesignofexperiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	PO4					
5	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assesssocietal,health,safety,legalandculturalissuesandtheconsequentresponsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	P06					
6	Ethics: Applyethicalprinciplesandcommittoprofessionalethicsandresponsibilitiesand norms of the engineering practice	P08					
7	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineeringandmanagementprinciplesandapplythesetoone'sownwork,asamember and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments	P11					
8	Life-longlearning: Recognizetheneedfor,andhavethepreparationandabilitytoengage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	P12					

MappingofCOSandPOs P01 P02 P03 P04 P05 P06 P07 P08 P09 P010 P11 P12 CO1 1 2 CO2 1 CO3 2 2 1 3 2 2 1 CO4 3 2 2 CO5 3 2 2 2 1 1

Semester-II

BIOSENSORS AND FOOD ASSESSMENT										
CourseCode	MFDT215E	CIEMarks	50							
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEEMarks	50							
TotalHoursofPedagogy	3	TotalMarks	100							
Credits	3	ExamHours	3							

CourseLearningobjectives:

- To provide an understanding of the fundamental principles and components of biosensors, with a focus on their application in food assessment.
- To explore various types of transducers and their role in the development and functionality of biosensors for food quality and safety.
- Tostudythebiochemicalrecognitionelementsusedinbiosensorsandtheirspecificityindetecting foodborne pathogens, contaminants, and allergens.
- Toanalyzemodernintegratedbiosensors,includingtheirdesign,fabrication,andapplicationinfood monitoring and assessment.
- Toexaminereal-worldapplicationsofbiosensorsinthefoodindustry,emphasizingtheiruseinquality control, safety assurance, and regulatory compliance.

Module-1

BIOSENSORCHARACTERISTICS

Overview and Definition: Definition and components of a biosensor with a focus on food assessment.

MeasurementSystems: Basic measurement system, measurement, measureand, errors inmeasurements, signal and noise.

 ${\bf Surface Chemistry and Mass Transport} : {\bf Surface chemistry, mass transport} in food matrices.$

StaticandDynamicCharacteristics:Staticcharacteristics(accuracy,precision,linearity,hysteresis,threshold, dynamic range) and dynamic characteristics (response time, damping, calibration, standards, AC/DC bridges).

Biocompatibility and Integration:Biocompatibility, surface fouling, sensor integration, and systems fabrication specific to food applications.

Module-2

TRANSDUCERSFORFOODASSESSMENT

Types of Transducers: Principles and applications of various transducers used in food biosensors, including calorimetric, optical, potentiometric/amperometric, conductometric/resistometric, piezoelectric, and semiconductor transducers.

Advanced Techniques: Use of quantum dots, fluorescence, Raman spectroscopy, fluorescence enhancement, and DNA microarrays in detecting food quality and safety parameters.

Module-3

BIOCHEMICALRECOGNITIONINFOODBIOSENSORS

ChemicalReactions: Chemicalreactions relevant to food biosensors, including gravimetric and colorimetric reactions, enzyme kinetics, and chemical equilibrium.

BiologicalRecognitionElements: Useofenzymes, antibodies, and nucleicacids (RNA, DNA) as recognition elements in food biosensors.

AssayingFormats:CommonassayingformatsincludingELISAs,nucleotidecapture assays,andlabelingtechniques (radioisotopes, fluorophores, dyes, enzymes/substrates).

Module-4

MODERNINTEGRATEDBIOSENSORSFORFOODMONITORING

BioelectronicandBiophotonicSensors: Fundamentals and applications of microelectronics and CMOS-based sensors, photonic sensors, and plasmonic sensors in food assessment.

BiomechanicalSensorsandMicrofluidics: Principles of MEMS (Micro-electromechanical systems) resonators, microfluidic devices for lab-on-a-chip applications in food safety.

NanotechnologyinFoodBiosensors: Application of nanotechnology in bio-sensing, including the use of nanoparticles, nanochannels, nanoelectronic, nanophotonic, and nanomechanical sensors.

Biosensor Arrays and Chemometrics: Development of biosensor arrays, electronic noses, and electronic tongues for food quality assessment.

Module-5

APPLICATIONSINFOODASSESSMENT

Food Quality and Safety: Application of biosensors in monitoring food quality, detecting contaminants, and ensuring safety in the food industry.

Biosensors for Industry: Use of low-cost biosensors for industrial food processes, including online monitoring and point-of-care testing.

Environmental Monitoring: Biosensors for detecting environmental contaminants that affect food safety. RegulatoryCompliance:Theroleofbiosensorsinensuringcompliancewithfoodsafetyregulationsandstandards.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE.A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation:

- 1. TwoUnitTestseachof25 Marks
- $2. \quad Two assignments each of {\bf 25Marks} or {\bf oneSkill Development Activity of 50 marks} \\ to attain the COs and POs$

The sum of two tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks

CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. Thequestionpaperwillhavetenfullquestionscarryingequalmarks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- 4. Eachfullquestionwillhaveasub-questioncoveringallthetopicsunderamodule.
- 5. The students will have to answer fivefull questions, selecting one full question from each module

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

- 1. F.G.Bănică, Chemical Sensors and Biosensors: Fundamental sand Applications, Wiley, 2012
- 2. B.D.Malhotra, A.P.F.Turner, Advances in Biosensors, Elsevier, 2003
- 3. I.Willner, E.Katz, Bioelectronics: From Theoryto Applications, Wiley-VCHVerlag GmbH, 2006
- 4. Bilitewski, U. Turner, Biosensors for environmental monitoring, A.P.F. Harwood, Amsterdam, 2000

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111107113
- 2. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/102/106/102106051/https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ma20/preview
- 3. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/126/105/126105015/
- 4. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22 ma33/preview

SkillDevelopmentActivitiesSuggested

- 1. NGSandMicroarraydataAnalysis
- 2. Proteomicdatanetworkanalysis.
- 3. AVpresentationbystudents(onspecifictopics).
- 4. Discussionofcasestudiesbasedonresearchfindings

Courseoutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Attheendofthecoursethestudentwillbeableto:

Sl. No.	Description	BloomsLevel
CO1	Describe the fundamental principles and components of biosensors, including their	L1
	static and dynamic characteristics.	
CO2	Applytheirknowledgeoftransducerstoanalyzetheirsuitabilityforvariousfood	L2
	assessmentapplications.	
CO3	Evaluatedifferentbiochemicalrecognitionelements, such as enzymes and antibodies, for	L3
	their specificity and effectiveness in food biosensors.	
CO4	Designandinnovateintegratedbiosensorsforspecificfoodassessmenttasks,incorporatin	L4
	g modern technologies such as microfluidics and nanotechnology.	
CO5	Apply their knowledge of biosensors in real-world food industry scenarios, focusing	L5
	on quality control, safety assurance, and regulatory compliance.	

ProgramOutcomeofthiscourse

Sl. No.	Description	POs
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	PO1
2	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineeringproblems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	PO3
3	Conductinvestigationsofcomplexproblems: Useresearch-basedknowledgeand researchmethodsincludingdesignofexperiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions	PO4
4	Moderntoolusage: Create,select,andapplyappropriatetechniques,resources,and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	P05
5	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge toassess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice	P06
6	Environmentandsustainability: Understandtheimpactoftheprofessionalengineering solutionsinsocietalandenvironmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and needforsustainable development	P07
7	Ethics: Applyethicalprinciplesandcommittoprofessionalethicsandresponsibilitiesand norms of the engineering practice	P08
8	Individualandteamwork: Functioneffectivelyasanindividual,andasamemberorleader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings	P09
9	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineeringandmanagementprinciplesandapplythesetoone'sownwork,asamember and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments	PO11
10	Life-longlearning: Recognizetheneedfor,andhavethepreparationandabilitytoengage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	PO12

IA	iappiliguicusa	Huros											
		PO1	PO2	P03	PO4	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P11	P12
	CO1	3	2										1
	CO2		2	3									1
	CO3	2			3	2							
	CO4			3		3				2			
	CO5						3		3				2
			1	1			1	1			1	1	1

Semester-II

FOOD INDUSTRY BIOETHICS AND BIO SAFETY PRACTICES										
CourseCode	MFBDT215F	CIEMarks	50							
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEEMarks	50							
TotalHoursofPedagogy	3	TotalMarks	100							
Credits	3	ExamHours	3							

CourseLearningobjectives:

- Tounderstandtheprinciplesofbioethicsandbiosafetyastheyapplytothefoodindustry.
- Toexplorethelegal,ethical,andsocietalimplicationsofbiotechnologyinthefoodsector.
- TointroducetheconceptsofHazardAnalysisandCriticalControl Points(HACCP)andHazardand Operability Study (HAZOP) in ensuring food safety.
- Toanalyzebiosafetyregulationsandguidelinesrelatedtofoodproduction,processing,anddistribution.
- Toevaluatecasestudiesofbioethicsandbiosafetychallengesinthefoodindustry.

Module-1

INTRODUCTIONTOBIOETHICSANDBIOSAFETYINTHEFOODINDUSTRY

Overview of Bioethics: Definition and importance of bioethics in the food industry, ethical principles (autonomy, beneficence, non-maleficence, justice).

Biosafety Concepts: Introduction to biosafety, importance in food safety, ethical conflicts, and public perception. **Historical ContextandCase Studies**:Key eventsin the developmentofbioethics and biosafety in foodscience, examples from both developed and developing countries.

Module-2

LEGALANDETHICALISSUESINTHEFOODINDUSTRY

Legal Frameworks:Overview ofnational and international regulations governing biosafety and bioethics in the food industry, including the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety.

IntellectualPropertyRights(IPR): EthicaldimensionsofIPRinfoodbiotechnology, technology transfer, and global biotech issues.

Social Responsibility: Biotechnology and social responsibility in food production, public education, and informed decision-making processes.

Module-3

HACCPANDHAZOPINFOODSAFETYMANAGEMENT

 $\label{lem:haccpoverview:haccpoverview:lntroduction} Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP), its principles, and its application in the food industry.$

 $\label{thm:matches} \textbf{HAZOPOverview:} Introduction to Hazard and Operability Study (HAZOP), its application in identifying risks in food processing.$

Implementation: Practical steps for implementing HACCP and HAZOP infoodsafety management systems, case studies of successful implementations.

Module-4

BIOSAFETYREGULATIONSANDGOODPRACTICESINTHEFOODINDUSTRY

Regulatory Guidelines: Detailed analysis of biosafety assessment procedures, national and international biosafety regulations related to food products.

GoodManufacturingPractice(GMP) &GoodLaboratoryPractice(GLP): Guidelines for ensuring products a fety, quality, and compliance with regulatory standards.

BiosafetyManagement: Managingbiosafetyrisks in foodproduction, including laboratory safety, containment, and bioterrorism threats.

Module-5

${\bf ENVIRONMENTAL AND ETHICALIMPACTOF BIOTECHNOLOGY IN THE FOOD INDUSTRY$

EnvironmentalConcerns:Impactofgeneticallymodifiedorganisms(GMOs)ontheenvironment,biosafety assessment of transgenic foods.

Ethical Issues: Debate on GM foods, ethical considerations in the release of GMOs, environmental sustainability in food biotechnology.

Case Studies: Analysis of specific cases such as GM food controversies, biosafety breaches, and ethical dilemmas in food biotechnology.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximummarksofSEE. Astudents hall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the students ecures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum

total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation:

- 1. TwoUnitTestseachof25 Marks
- $2. \quad Two assignments each of {\bf 25Marks} or {\bf oneSkill Development Activity of 50 marks} \\ to attain the COs and POs$

 $The sum of two tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be {\it scaled down to 50} marks {\it CIEmethods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy aspert the outcome defined for the course.}$

Semester-End Examination:

- $1. \quad The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportion at elyreduced to 50.$
- 2. Thequestionpaperwillhavetenfullquestionscarryingequalmarks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- 4. Eachfullquestionwillhaveasub-questioncoveringallthetopicsunderamodule.
- 5. The students will have to answer fivefull questions, selecting one full question from each module

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

- 1. BiotechnologyandSafetyAssessment.JohnA.ThomasandRoyL.Fuchs,AcademicPress,3rdEdition,2002
- 2. BiologicalsafetyPrinciplesandpractices.D.O.FlemingandD.L.Hunt,ASMPress,3rdEdition,2000
- 3. Biotechnology: A Multi-Volume Comprehensive Treatise Legal Economic and Ethical Dimensions. H.J.Rehm and G. Reed, Vch Verlagsgesellschaft Mbh, 1995
- Bioethics: AnIntroduction for the Biosciences. Ben Mepham, Oxford University Press, 2nd Edition, 2008
- 5. Bioethics&Biosafety.R.Rallapalli&GeethaBali,APHPublication,2007
- 6. Bioethics&Biosafety.M.K.Sateesh,I.K.International,2008
- 7. Biotechnologies and Development. Albert Sasson, UNESCO Publications, 1988
- 8. Biotechnologies in Developing Countries: Present and Future Regional and Sub-regional Co-operation and Joint Ventures. Albert Sasson, UNESCO Publishing, 1993

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gxm5ZLRGsoE
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R0s-Y8ugXSk
- 3. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/109/106/109106092/
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=APq3g7WYs6k
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4GviNafYdS4

SkillDevelopmentActivitiesSuggested

- 1. NGSandMicroarraydataAnalysis
- 2. Proteomicdatanetworkanalysis.
- 3. AVpresentationbystudents(onspecifictopics).
- 4. Discussionofcasestudiesbasedonresearchfindings

Courseoutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
CO1	Describethefundamentalconceptsofbioethicsandbiosafetyinthefoodindustry.	L1
CO2	Analyze the legal and ethical frameworks governing biosafety in foodbiotechnology.	L2
CO3	ApplyHACCPandHAZOPprinciplestofoodsafetymanagementsystems.	L3
CO4	Evaluateandimplementbiosafetyregulationsandgoodpracticesinthefoodindustry.	L4
CO5	Assess the environmental and ethical impacts of biotechnology in the food industry.	L5

Sl. No.	Description	POs
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	PO1
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesof mathematics,naturalsciences,andengineeringsciences.	PO2
3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineeringproblems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	PO3
4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and researchmethodsincludingdesignofexperiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	PO4
5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modernengineeringandITtoolsincludingpredictionandmodelingtocomplexengineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	P05
6	Theengineerandsociety: Applyreasoninginformedbythecontextualknowledgeto assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and theconsequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	P06
7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development	P07
8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice	P08

	P01	PO2	P03	PO4	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P11	P12
601	2							2				
CO1	3							3				
CO2						2		3				
CO3		2	3									
CO4				2	3							
CO5							3	3				

Semester-II

REGULATORYFRAMEWORKSANDSTANDARDSINFOODSAFETY										
CourseCode MFDT206 CIEMarks 50										
TeachingHours/Week(L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEEMarks	50							
TotalHoursofPedagogy	3	TotalMarks	100							
Credits	3	ExamHours	3							

CourseLearningobjectives:

- Tounderstandtheconceptoffoodadulterationandtheimplementationoffoodsafety management systems.
- Togaincomprehensiveknowledgeofvariousnationalfoodlawsandtheirapplicationsinfood processing.
- ToexploretherolesandfunctionsoftheFoodSafetyandStandardsAuthorityofIndia(FSSAI) and related food safety legislation.
- Toexaminetheresponsibilities of other relevant national bodies involved infoods a fety and quality assurance.
- Toanalyzeinternationalfoodlawsandpractices,includingglobalstandardsandcertifications applicable to the food industry

Module-1

FOODADULTERATIONANDFOODSAFETYMANAGEMENT

FoodAdulteration: Definition, types, and examples of food adulteration.

FoodSafetyManagementSystem:PrinciplesandcomponentsofaFoodSafetyManagementSystem(FSMS).

Mandatory vs. Voluntary Food Laws: Overview of mandatory food laws and voluntary guidelines for food safety and quality.

Module-2

DIFFERENTFOODLAWS

EssentialCommoditiesAct:Objectives and applications in food regulation.

 $\label{prevention} \textbf{PreventionofFoodAdulterationAct(PFA):} \\ \textbf{Keyprovisions} \\ \textbf{and enforcement.}$

Fruit Products Order (FPO) and Meat Food Products Order (MFPO): Regulations concerning fruit and meat the products of the product of the products of the products of the products of the products of the pro

Module-3

FSSAI

StructureandFunction:OrganizationalstructureandrolesofFSSAI.

FoodSafetyandStandardsAct: Key provisions, amendments, and impact on the food industry.

Module-4

OTHERRELEVANTNATIONALBODIES

Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS): Role in foods a fety and standardization.

Agricultural and Processed Food Products Export Development Authority (APEDA): Functions and relevance to food export.

MarineProductsExportDevelopmentAuthority(MPEDA):Regulations and standards for marine products.

SpiceBoardIndia:Standardsandregulationsforspiceindustry.

 $\label{lem:agricultural} \textbf{Agricultural Marketing and Grading Standards (AGMARK):} Overview and importance infood quality assurance.$

Module-5

INTERNATIONALFOODLAWSANDPRACTICES

FoodCodexLaws: International Codex A limentarius standards and their impact.

Food and Drug Administration (FDA): Role and regulations in the U.S. food industry.

InternationalOrganizationforStandardization(ISO): KeyISO standards relevant to foods a fety. Good

Manufacturing Practices (GMP): Principles and implementation in food production.

Good Agricultural Practices (GAP): Guidelines and benefits for foods a fety and quality.

HazardAnalysisandCriticalControlPoint(HACCP): Principles, implementation, and case studies.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

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ContinuousInternalEvaluation:

- 1. TwoUnitTestseachof25 Marks
- 2. Twoassignmentseachof 25 Marksorone Skill Development Activity of 50 marks to attain the COs and POs

 $The sum of two tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be {\it scaled down to 50} marks$

CIE methods/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. Thequestionpaperwillhavetenfullquestionscarryingequalmarks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- 4. Eachfullquestionwillhaveasub-questioncoveringallthetopicsunderamodule.
- 5. The students will have to answer fivefull questions, selecting one full question from each module

SuggestedLearningResources:

Books

- APracticalGuidetoFoodLawsandRegulations.KironPrabhakar,BloomsburyProfessionalIndia,1st Edition, 2016
- 2. International Food Law and Policy. Gabriela Steier and Kiran Patel, Springer International Publishing, 1st Edition, 2016
- 3. FoodRegulation:Law, Science, Policy and Practice, N.D. Fortin, Wiley Publication, 2nd Edition, 2016
- 4. Food Safety and Standards Act and Regulations, Food Safety and Standards Authority of India, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India, 2006
- 5. InternationalFoodLawandPolicy.GabrielaSteier&KiranK.Patel(Eds.)SpringerNature;1stEdition. 2016

WeblinksandVideoLectures(e-Resources):

- 1. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/nou19_ag07/course
- 2. https://vimeo.com/343624655
- 3. https://foodsafetyhelpline.com/introduction-to-food-safety-and-standards-act-2006/
- 4. https://vimeo.com/345007583
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YlTtVcQgVaU

SkillDevelopmentActivitiesSuggested

- 1. NGSandMicroarraydataAnalysis
- 2. Proteomicdatanetworkanalysis.
- 3. AVpresentationbystudents(onspecifictopics).
- 4. Discussionofcasestudiesbasedonresearchfindings

CourseOutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Sl. No.	Description	BloomsLevel
CO1	Describe the key foods a fety laws and regulations relevant to foods a fety man age ment.	L1
CO2	Applyfoodsafetymanagementsystemsandregulationstoensurecompliancein foodprocessing.	L2
CO3	Analyze the impact of various food laws and certifications on foods a fety and quality in different contexts.	L3
CO4	Develop and propose strategies for implementing effective food safety management systems based on regulatory requirements and standards.	L4
CO5	Evaluateandcritiquetheeffectivenessofnationalandinternationalfoodsafety regulations and certifications in achieving desired safety and quality outcomes.	L5

Program	Outcomeofthiscourse	
Sl. No.	Description	POs
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complexengineering problems.	P01
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesof mathematics,naturalsciences,andengineeringsciences.	P02
3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineeringproblemsanddesignsystem componentsorprocesses that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	P03
4	Conductinvestigationsofcomplexproblems : Useresearch-basedknowledgeand researchmethodsincludingdesignofexperiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	PO4
5	Moderntoolusage: Create,select,andapplyappropriatetechniques,resources,andmodern engineering and ITtools includingpredictionandmodelingtocomplexengineering activitieswithanunderstandingofthelimitations	P05
6	Environmentandsustainability: Understandtheimpactoftheprofessionalengineering solutionsinsocietalandenvironmentalcontexts,anddemonstratetheknowledgeof,and need for sustainable development.	P07
7	Communication: Communicateeffectivelyoncomplexengineeringactivitieswiththeengineering communityandwithsocietyatlarge,suchas,beingabletocomprehendand writeeffectivereportsanddesigndocumentation,makeeffectivepresentations,andgive and receive clear instructions	PO10
8	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments	P011
9	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engagein independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	PO12

- Lappingorooo												
	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P11	P12
CO1	3		1			2						
CO2		2		2			2					
CO3			2	3						2		
CO4					2	3					3	
CO5				3			2					3

FOOD SAFETY AND QUALITY ASSURANCE LABORATORY						
CourseCode	MFDTL207	CIEMarks	50			
TeachingHours/Week(L:T:P:S)	0:2:2	SEEMarks	50			
Credits	2	ExamHours	3			

Courseobjectives:

- Toequipstudentswiththeknowledgeandskillsnecessarytoperform essentialfoodanalysistechniques, including sensory evaluation, chemical, and microbiological assessments.
- To familiarize students with the use of advanced analytical instruments such as FTIR, GC, and HPLC in the advanced analytical instruments and the contract of the contract odetection and quantification of food components and contaminants.
- To develop students' ability to analyze experimental data using appropriate statistical and computational and the statistical and computational and the statistical and computational and the statistical anmethods, including fuzzy logic and spectrophotometric techniques.
- Toprovidestudentswithhands-onexperienceinassessingandensuringthequalityandsafetyofvarious food products through standard laboratory practices.
- $To enhance students' problem-solving skills by engaging the min experiments that require {\it critical}$

•	thinkingandtheapplicationoftheoreticalknowledgetopracticalsituations.
Sl.NO	Experiments
1	SensoryEvaluationandDataAnalysisofFruitJuicesUsingFuzzyLogic:
	Conductsensoryevaluationofdifferentfruitjuices.
	Analyzethedatausingfuzzylogictodetermineconsumerpreferences.
2	QuantitativeDeterminationofProteinConcentrationinVariousFoodSamples
	Measureandcomparetheproteincontentindifferentfooditemsusingstandardbiochemical metho
3	QuantificationofTotalDietaryFiberandTotalFatinFoodProducts
	 Assessthetotaldietary fiberandfatcontentinselectedfoodsamplesusingenzymatic-gravimetric and
	Soxhlet extraction methods.
4	DeterminationofAscorbicAcidContentinFreshandProcessedFruitJuices
	 MeasurethevitaminC(ascorbicacid)concentrationinvariousfruitjuicesusingtitrationor
	spectrophotometric methods.
5	QualitativeandQuantitativeAnalysisofOilsandFats
	Performqualitativetests(e.g.,iodinevalue,saponificationvalue)andquantifyfatcontentin edible oils.
6	MicrobialEnumerationandQualityAssessmentofMilkSamples
	 Determinetotalmicrobialcountsinmilksamplesusingstandardplatecountmethodsandassess milk quality parameters.
7	DetectionandAnalysisofAdulterantsinMilk
	 Identifyandquantifycommonadulterantsinmilkusingchemicalandphysicaltests.
8	AssessmentofAntioxidantActivityinFoodandBeverages
	 Determine the antioxidant capacity of selected food and beverage samples using DPPH assay orother relevant methods.
9	MeasurementofBrix-AcidRatio(BAR)inFruitBeverages
-	CalculatetheBrix-AcidRatioinfruit-basedbeveragestoevaluatesweetnessandaciditybalance.
10	Colorimetric/SpectrophotometricDeterminationofLactoseinMilk-BasedConfectioneries
	 Analyzelactosecontentinmilksweetsusingcolorimetricorspectrophotometrictechniques.
11	IdentificationandQuantificationofFoodAdditivesUsingFTIR,GC,orHPLC
	 Identifyandquantifyfoodadditivessuchaspreservatives,colorants,orflavorenhancersusing FTIR, Gas Chromatography (GC), or High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC).
12	VerificationandCharacterizationofPackagingMaterialsbyFTIRSpectroscopy
	 Analyzepackagingmaterialsfortheircompositionand qualityusingFourierTransformInfrared (FTIR) Spectroscopy.

Courseoutcomes(CourseSkillSet):

Attheendofthecoursethestudentwillbeableto:

- 1. RecalltheproceduresforpreparingmolecularbiologylabbufferssuchasTAE,TBE,andTE.
- 2. UnderstandthetechniquesforisolatingandquantifyingDNAandRNAfromvarioussourcesandtheir application in Southern and Northern blotting.
- ${\it 3.} \quad Applytechniques such as PCR for DNA amplification and restriction digestion for plasmid analysis in molecular cloning.$
- 4. AnalyzetheresultsofproteinisolationandquantificationusingWesternblotting,andevaluatethe efficiency of gene ligation and transformation in bacterial cells.
- 5. Critically evaluate the outcomes of genetic transformations and the role of molecular techniques in biotechnological applications.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 40% of maximum marks in the semester-end examination(SEE). In total of CIE and SEE student has to secure 50% maximum marks of the course.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation(CIE):

CIEmarksforthepracticalcourseis 50 Marks.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/journal and test are in the ratio 60:40.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Recordshouldcontainallthespecifiedexperimentsinthesyllabusandeachexperimentwrite-upwillbe evaluated for 10 marks.
- Totalmarksscoredbythestudentsarescaleddownto30marks(60%ofmaximummarks).
- Weightagetobegivenforneatnessandsubmissionofrecord/write-upontime.
- Departmentshallconduct01testsfor100marks,testshallbeconductedafterthe14thweekofthesemester.
- Intest,testwrite-up,conductionofexperiment,acceptableresult,andproceduralknowledgewillcarrya weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- Thesuitablerubricscanbedesignedtoevaluateeachstudent'sperformanceandlearningability.
- **Thetestmarksisscaleddownto20marks**(40%ofthemaximummarks).

The Sum of **scaled-down** marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

SemesterEndEvaluation(SEE):

SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

SEEshallbeconductedjointlybythetwoexaminersofthesameinstitute,examinersareappointedbythe University. Alllaboratoryexperimentsaretobeincludedforpracticalexamination.

(Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.

Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners. GeneralrubricssuggestedforSEEarementionedhere,writeup-20%,Conductionprocedureandresultin -60%, Viva-voce20%ofmaximummarks.SEEforpracticalshallbeevaluatedfor100marksandscoredmarksshall bescaleddownto50marks(however,basedoncoursetype,rubricsshallbedecidedbytheexaminers)

 $Change of experiment is allowed only once and 10\% Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero. \\ The duration of SEE is 03 hours$

SuggestedLearningResources:

1.

Courseoutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Attheendofthecoursethestudentwillbeableto:

Sl.No.	Description	Blooms Level
CO1	Identify and describe the principles of sensory evaluation and basic food analysis	L1
	techniques.	
CO2	Apply basic chemical and microbiological methods to evaluate the quality of food samples.	
	L2C03	
	PerformandinterprettheresultsfromadvancedinstrumentaltechniquessuchasFTIR,	L3
	GC, and HPLC infood analysis.	
CO4	Analyze experimental data using statistical and computational tools, and evaluate the	L4
	implications for food quality and safety.	
CO5	Design and implement quality control procedures for food products based on experimental	L5
	results, ensuring compliance with industry standards	

Programoutcomeofthiscourse

Sl no	Description	P
1	Engineeringknowledge: Applytheknowledgeofmathematics,science,engineeringfundamentals,an d anengineeringspecializationtothesolutionofcomplexengineeringproblems.	P01
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesofmathematics, naturalsciences,andengineeringsciences.	P02
3	Design/developmentofsolutions : Designsolutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, so cietal, and environmental considerations	PO3
4	Conductinvestigationsofcomplexproblems :Useresearch-basedknowledgeandresearch methodsincludingdesignofexperiments,analysisandinterpretationofdata,andsynthesisofthe informationtoprovidevalidconclusions.	P04
5	Moderntoolusage: Create,select,andapplyappropriatetechniques,resources,andmodern engineeringandlTtoolsincludingpredictionandmodelingtocomplexengineeringactivities withanunderstandingofthelimitations	P05
6	Theengineerandsociety: Applyreasoninginformedbythecontextualknowledgetoassess societal,health,safety,legalandculturalissuesandtheconsequentresponsibilitiesrelevantto theprofessionalengineeringpractice.	P06
7	Environmentandsustainability: Understandtheimpactoftheprofessionalengineering solutionsinsocietalandenvironmentalcontexts,anddemonstratetheknowledgeof,andneed forsustainabledevelopment.	P07
8	Ethics: Applyethical principles and committoprofessional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice	P08
9	Individualandteamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings	P09
10	Communication:Communicateeffectivelyoncomplexengineeringactivitieswiththe engineeringcommunityandwithsocietyatlarge,suchas,beingabletocomprehendandwrite effectivereportsanddesigndocumentation,makeeffectivepresentations,andgiveandreceive clearinstructions	PO1
11	Life-longlearning: Recognizetheneedfor,andhavethepreparationandabilitytoengagein independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	PO1:

Mappingo	appingofCOSandPOs												
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	P08	P09	PO10	P11	P12
CO1	-	3	2		1								
CO2	:	2	3						1				
CO3	1		3		3					2			
CO4						3	2				1		
CO5	i			3				2					1

FOOD BIOTECHNOLOGY LABORATORY						
CourseCode	MFDT27A	CIEMarks	50			
TeachingHours/Week(L:T:P:S)	0:2:0	SEEMarks	50			
Credits	1	ExamHours	2			

Courseobjectives:

- To provide students with a solid foundation in basic biotechnology laboratory procedures, including safetyprotocols, equipmentus age, foods ampling, and storage methods relevant to the food industry.
- To introduce students to bioinformatics tools and techniques for analyzing food pathogen-related genes, markers, and single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs), enhancing their ability to interpretand apply data in food safety contexts.
- To equip students with hands-on experience in genomic DNA isolation, purification, and quantification, alongwithprimerdesign, Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR), and gelelectrophoresistechniques, critical for food biotechnology research and quality control.
- To train students in the quantitative determination of proteins using Bradford's method, SDS-PAGE for
 proteinmolecularweightdetermination, and native PAGE for isoenzy meanalysis, enabling them to assess
 protein-related attributes in food products.
- Toenablestudentsto apply avarietyofbiotechnologicalmethodsto addresschallengesinfoodsafety, includingenzymeactivityassays,DNAandproteinanalysis,andthedetectionoffoodbornepathogens, ensuringacomprehensiveunderstandingoffoodbiotechnologyapplications.

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Foodbiotechnologytechniques(Basiclabprocedures, equipment's, safety and foods ampling and storage)
2	Bioinformatics (Foodpathogens related-genes, marker and single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) analysis using online tools)
3	GenomicDNAisolationandpurificationfromfoodsamples
4	SpectrophotometricDetermination(DNAquantificationandpurity)
5	Primerdesigning&PolymeraseChainReaction(PCR)
6	AgarosegelelectrophoresisofDNA
7	RFLP&DNAMolecularSizeDeterminationProteins
8	QuantitativedeterminationofTotalproteinsbyBradfordmethod
9	SDS-Polyacrylamideslabgelelectrophoresis
10	ProteinMolecularweightDetermination
11	Enzymelinkedimmunosorbentassay(ELISA)
12	FoodIsoenzymesdetectionandanalysisbyNativePAGE
1 _	

CourseOutcomes(CourseSkillSet):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- $1. \quad Understand the basic laboratory procedures, equipment, safety protocols, and foods ampling and storage methods.$
- 2. Explaintheprinciplesbehindbioinformaticstoolsusedforanalyzingfoodpathogen-relatedgenes, markers, and single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs).
- 3. PerformgenomicDNAisolationandpurificationfromfoodsamples,followedbyspectrophotometric determination of DNA concentration and purity.
- 4. DesignprimersandcarryoutPolymeraseChainReaction(PCR)forgeneamplification,followedby agarose gel electrophoresis and RFLP analysis.
- $5. \quad Evaluate protein concentration using Bradford's method, perform SDS-PAGE for protein molecular weight determination, and analyze food is oen zymes using native PAGE.$

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 40% of maximum marks in the semester-end examination(SEE). In total of CIE and SEE student has to secure 50% maximum marks of the course.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation(CIE):

 $CIE marks for the practical course is {\bf 50 Marks}.\\$

Thesplit-upofCIEmarksforrecord/journalandtestareintheratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Recordshouldcontainallthespecifiedexperimentsinthesyllabusandeachexperimentwrite-upwillbe evaluated for 10 marks.
- Totalmarksscoredbythestudentsarescaleddownto30marks(60%ofmaximummarks).
- Weightagetobegivenforneatnessandsubmissionofrecord/write-upontime.
- $\bullet \quad Department shall conduct 01 tests for 100 marks, tests hall be conducted after the 14 th week of these mester.$
- Intest,testwrite-up,conductionofexperiment,acceptableresult,andproceduralknowledgewillcarrya weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- Thesuitablerubricscanbedesignedtoevaluateeachstudent'sperformanceandlearningability.
- $\bullet \quad The test mark siss caled down to 20 marks (40\% of the maximum marks).$

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

SemesterEndEvaluation(SEE):

SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

SEEshallbeconductedjointlybythetwoexaminersofthesameinstitute, examiners are appointed by the University. All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.

(Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.

Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners. GeneralrubricssuggestedforSEEarementionedhere,writeup-20%,Conductionprocedureandresultin -60%, Vivavoce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shallbe scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Changeofexperimentisallowedonlyonceand 10%Marksallottedtotheprocedureparttobemadezero. The duration of SEE is 03 hours

SuggestedLearningResources:

- 1. "PrinciplesofFoodBiotechnology"byV.K.Joshi,AshokPandey-Springer.
- 2. "FoodBiotechnology" by KalidasShetty, GopinadhanPaliyath,Anthony Pometto, and Robert E.Levin CRC Press.
- 3. "Molecular Techniques inFood Biology: Safety, Biotechnology, Authenticity & Traceability" by Aly Farag El Sheikha Wiley.
- $4. \quad \hbox{``FoodMicrobiology:} An Introduction'' by Thomas J. Montville, Karl R. Matthews-ASM Press.$
- 5. "HandbookofFoodAnalyticalChemistry"byRonaldE.Wrolstad-Wiley.

Courseoutcome(CourseSkillSet)

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
CO1	Understandthebasiclaboratoryprocedures,equipment,safetyprotocols,andfood sampling and storage methods.	L1
CO2	Explaintheprinciplesbehindbioinformaticstoolsusedforanalyzingfoodpathogen-related genes, markers, and single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs).	L2
CO3	PerformgenomicDNAisolationandpurificationfromfoodsamples, followedby spectrophotometric determination of DNA concentration and purity.	L3
CO4	DesignprimersandcarryoutPolymeraseChainReaction(PCR)forgeneamplification, followed by agarose gel electrophoresis and RFLP analysis.	L4
CO5	EvaluateproteinconcentrationusingBradford'smethod,performSDS-PAGEforprotein molecular weight determination, and analyze food isoenzymes using native PAGE.	L5

Programoutcomeofthiscourse

Sl no	Description	PO
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering	PO1
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	
2	Problemanalysis:Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex	PO2
	engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesofmathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	
3	Conductinvestigationsofcomplexproblems:Useresearch-basedknowledgeandresearch	P04
	methodsincludingdesignofexperiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	
4	Moderntoolusage:Create,select,andapplyappropriatetechniques,resources,andmodern	P05
	engineeringandITtoolsincludingpredictionandmodelingtocomplexengineeringactivities with an understanding of the limitations	
5	Communication:Communicateeffectivelyoncomplexengineeringactivitieswiththe	PO10
	engineeringcommunityandwithsocietyatlarge,suchas,beingabletocomprehendandwrite	
	effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and giveand receive	
	clearinstructions	
6	Life-longlearning:Recognizetheneedfor,andhavethepreparationandabilitytoengagein	PO12
	independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	

I.	appinguicusa	illul US											
		PO1	PO2	P03	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	P08	P09	P010	P11	P12
	CO1	3	3		3								2
	CO2	2	3			3					2		
	CO3	3			3	3				2			
	CO4	3			2	3				2			
	CO5			3			2	3				2	3

FOODMICROBIOLOGYLABORATORY								
CourseCode	MFDTL258B	CIEMarks	50					
TeachingHours/Week(L:T:P:S)	0:2:0	SEEMarks	50					
Credits	1	ExamHours	2					

Courseobjectives:

- $\bullet \quad To understand and apply fundamental microbiological techniques in the analysis of foods amples. \\$
- $\bullet \quad To evaluate the microbial quality and safety of different foodproducts.$
- $\bullet \quad To study the effects of various environmental factors on microbial growth in food.\\$
- Toexploretheroleofmicroorganismsinfoodfermentationandspoilage.
- $\bullet \quad To develop skills in the detection and quantification of foodborne pathogens and to xins.\\$

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	IsolationandEnumerationofYeastandMoldsfromFoodSamples
	Conductserialdilutionsandplatecountstoisolateandenumerateyeastandmoldspresentin
	various food samples.
2	Detection of Coliforms in Water and Food Samples Using Most Probable Number (MPN) Method
	 Perform the MPN method to detect andestimate the presence of coliform bacteria in water andfood samples.
3	DeterminationofThermalDeathTime(TDT)ofMicroorganismsinFood
	$\bullet \text{Analyze the time required to kill a specific microorganism at a given temperature in foods amples}.$
4	IdentificationofPathogenicBacteriainFoodSamplesUsingSelectiveMedia
	 Use selective media such as MacConkey Agar or Salmonella-Shigella Agar to isolate and identifypathogenic bacteria from food samples.
5	StudyofBacterialSpoilageinFoodProducts
	 Observeandanalyzethespoilagepatternsindifferentfoodproducts,identifyingthebacteria responsible for spoilage.
6	AntimicrobialActivityofFoodPreservatives
G	Testtheeffectivenessofcommonfoodpreservatives(e.g.,sodiumbenzoate, potassiumsorbate) against various foodborne microorganisms.
7	FermentationandMicrobialProductionofLacticAcid
	 Perform the fermentation of milk or vegetables to produce lactic acid and quantify the microbial load.
8	EnumerationofLacticAcidBacteria(LAB)inFermentedFoods
	$\bullet Isolate and enumerate LAB from fermented foodproducts like yogurt, sauer kraut, or kimchi.$
9	DetectionofMycotoxinsinFoodUsingEnzyme-LinkedImmunosorbentAssay(ELISA)
	 DetectandquantifythepresenceofmycotoxinsinfoodsamplesusingtheELISAtechnique.
10	AssessmentofBiofilmFormationbyFoodborneBacteria
	 Studythebiofilm-formingcapabilitiesoffoodbornebacteriaondifferentsurfacescommonly found in food processing environments.
11	ExaminationofMicrobialContaminationonFoodContactSurfaces
	 Swabandanalyzemicrobialcontaminationlevelsonfoodcontactsurfacessuchascuttingboards, countertops, and utensils.
12	QuantificationofMicrobialLoadinReady-to-EatFoods
	 Performtotalviablecount(TVC)assaystoquantifythemicrobialloadinvariousready-to-eatfood products.
Cource	outcomes(CourseSkillSot):

CourseOutcomes(CourseSkillSet):

- $1. \quad Identify basic microbiological techniques and terminologies used in food microbiology$
- $2. \quad Explain the role of microorganisms in food spoilage, fermentation, and safety$
- $3. \quad Applymic robiological methods to an alyze and evaluate the microbial quality of foods amples$

- 4. Analyzetheimpactofenvironmentalfactorsonmicrobialgrowthinfood
- 5. Designandexecuteexperimentstodetectandquantifyfoodbornepathogensandtoxinsusingmodern microbiological techniques

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 40% of maximum marks in the semester-end examination(SEE). In total of CIE and SEE student has to secure 50% maximum marks of the course.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation(CIE):

CIEmarksforthepracticalcourseis 50 Marks.

Thesplit-upofCIEmarksforrecord/journalandtestareintheratio 60:40.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Recordshouldcontainallthespecifiedexperiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- $\bullet \quad \textbf{Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to 30 marks} (60\% of maximum marks). \\$
- Weightagetobegivenforneatnessandsubmissionofrecord/write-upontime.
- $\bullet \quad Department shall conduct 01 tests for 100 marks, tests hall be conducted after the 14 th week of the semester.$
- Intest,testwrite-up,conductionofexperiment,acceptableresult,andproceduralknowledgewillcarrya weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- Thesuitablerubricscanbedesignedtoevaluateeachstudent'sperformanceandlearningability.
- **Thetestmarksisscaleddownto20marks**(40%ofthemaximummarks).

The Sum of **scaled-down** marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

SemesterEndEvaluation(SEE):

SEEmarksforthepracticalcourseis50Marks.

SEEshallbeconductedjointlybythetwoexaminersofthesameinstitute, examiners are appointed by the University. All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.

(Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.

Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners. GeneralrubricssuggestedforSEEarementionedhere,writeup-20%,Conductionprocedureandresultin-60%, Vivavoce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

 ${\it Change of experiment is allowed only once and 10\% Mark sall otted to the procedure part to be made zero.}$

The duration of SEE is 03 hours.

SuggestedLearningResources:

- $1. \quad Kumar, V. (2012). Laboratory manual of microbiology. Scientific Publishers.$
- $2. \quad Harrigan, W.F., \& McCance, M.E. (2014). Laboratory methods in microbiology. A cademic press.$
- 3. Sharma, K. (2007). Manual of Microbiology. An eBooks Pvtltd.
- 4. Saxena, J., Baunthiyal, M., & Ravi, I. (2015). Laboratory Manual of Microbiology, Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. Scientific Publishers.
- 5. Mahasneh, A.M., & Bdour, S.M. (2006). Microbiology Laboratory Manual. Al Manhal.

Courseoutcome(CourseSkill	Set)
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Sl. No.	Description	Blooms
		Level
CO1	Identifybasicmicrobiologicaltechniquesandterminologiesusedinfoodmicrobiology CO2	L1
	Explain the role of microorganisms in food spoilage, fermentation, and safety	L2
CO3	Applymicrobiologicalmethodstoanalyzeandevaluatethemicrobialqualityoffood samples	L3
CO4	Analyzetheimpactofenvironmentalfactorsonmicrobialgrowthinfood	
CO5	Designandexecuteexperimentstodetectandquantifyfoodbornepathogensandtoxins using	L4
	modern microbiological techniques	L5

Programoutcomeofthiscourse

Sl no	Description	PO
1	Engineering knowledge: Applytheknowledgeofmathematics,science,engineering fundamentals,andanengineeringspecializationtothesolutionofcomplexengineeringproblems.	P01
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesofmathematics, naturalsciences,andengineeringsciences.	P02
3	Design/developmentofsolutions : Designsolutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, so cietal, and environmental considerations	P03
4	Conductinvestigationsofcomplexproblems :Useresearch-basedknowledgeandresearch methodsincludingdesignofexperiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	P04
5	Moderntoolusage: Create,select,andapplyappropriatetechniques,resources,andmodern engineeringandITtoolsincludingpredictionandmodelingtocomplexengineeringactivities withanunderstandingofthelimitations.	P05
6	Environmentandsustainability: Understandtheimpactoftheprofessionalengineeringsolutionsins ocietalandenvironmentalcontexts,anddemonstratetheknowledgeof,andneed forsustainabledevelopment.	P07
7	Individualandteamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings	P09
8	Communication: Communicate effectively on complexengineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions	P010
9	Projectmanagementandfinance: Demonstrateknowledgeandunderstandingofthe engineeringandmanagementprinciplesandapplythesetoone'sownwork,asamemberand leaderinateam,tomanageprojectsandinmultidisciplinaryenvironments	P011
10	Life-longlearning: Recognizetheneedfor,andhavethepreparationandabilitytoengagein independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	PO12

CO1 1 1 2													
		PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	P08	P09	PO10	P11	P12
	CO1	1	1		2								
	CO2	2	2	1	2			2					
	CO3	3	2		3	2		3					
	CO4		3	2	3			3		2			
	CO5	3	3	3	3	3					2	2	3

FOOD ANALYSIS LABORATORY							
CourseCode	MFDTL258C	CIEMarks	50				
TeachingHours/Week(L:T:P:S)	0:2:0	SEEMarks	50				
Credits	1	ExamHours	2				

Courseobjectives:

- Tounderstandthefundamentalprinciplesofsensoryevaluationandproximateanalysisoffoodproducts.
- $\bullet \quad To apply various techniques for these nsory and proximate analysis of foods amples.\\$
- Tointerpretandanalyzedataobtainedfromsensoryandproximateanalysisexperiments.
- Todevelopskillsinusinglaboratoryequipmentandinstrumentsforfoodanalysis.
- Toevaluateandcommunicatetheresultsofsensoryandproximateanalyses effectively

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	SensoryEvaluationofFlavorandTasteUsingTriangleTest
2	TextureCharacterizationofFoodProductswithaTextureAnalyze
3	QuantitativeColorAnalysisofFoodUsingaColorimeter
4	AromaProfileAssessmentthroughOlfactometryTechniques
5	OverallAcceptabilityEvaluationofFoodProductsUsingHedonicScaling
6	DetailedSensoryProfilingwithaTrainedPanel
7	Moisture Content Determination in Food Samples Using Oven Drying
8	CrudeProteinAnalysisinFoodUsingtheKjeldahlMethod
9	CrudeFatExtractionandQuantificationviaSoxhletMethod
10	AshContentMeasurementinFoodSamplesUsingMuffle Furnace
11	CrudeFiberAnalysisinFoodProducts
12	TotalCarbohydrateEstimationinFoodProductsbyDifferenceMethod

Courseoutcomes(CourseSkillSet):

- 1. Describetheprinciplesandmethodsofsensoryandproximateanalysis of foodproducts.
- $2. \quad Demonstrate the use of laboratory techniques and instruments for sensor yev aluation and proximate analysis.\\$
- $3. \quad Performs ensory and proximate analyses accurately and record data systematically.$
- 4. Analyzeandinterpretdatafromsensoryandproximateanalysisexperimentstodrawmeaningful conclusions.
- 5. Communicatetheresultsofsensoryandproximateanalysesinaclearandconcisemanner.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 40% of maximum marks in the semester-end examination(SEE). In total of CIE and SEE student has to secure 50% maximum marks of the course.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation(CIE):

 $CIE marks for the practical course is {\bf 50 Marks}.\\$

Thesplit-upofCIEmarksforrecord/journal and testare in the ratio 60:40.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Recordshouldcontainallthespecifiedexperimentsinthesyllabusandeachexperimentwrite-upwillbe evaluated for 10 marks.
- Totalmarksscoredbythestudentsarescaleddownto30marks(60%ofmaximummarks).
- Weightagetobegivenforneatnessandsubmissionofrecord/write-upontime.
- Departmentshallconduct01testsfor100marks,testshallbeconductedafterthe14thweekofthesemester.
- Intest,testwrite-up,conductionofexperiment,acceptableresult,andproceduralknowledgewillcarrya weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- Thesuitablerubricscanbedesignedtoevaluateeachstudent'sperformanceandlearningability.
- **Thetestmarksisscaleddownto20marks**(40%ofthemaximummarks).

The Sum of **scaled-down** marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

SemesterEndEvaluation(SEE):

SEEmarksforthepracticalcourseis50Marks.

SEEshallbeconductedjointlybythetwoexaminersofthesameinstitute,examinersareappointedbythe University. Alllaboratoryexperimentsaretobeincludedforpracticalexamination.

(Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

Studentscanpickonequestion(experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal examiners jointly. Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners. General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, write up-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Vivavoce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Changeofexperimentisallowedonlyonceand 10%Marksallottedtotheprocedureparttobemadezero. The duration of SEE is 03 hours

SuggestedLearningResources:

- 1. "FoodAnalysis"byS.SuzanneNielsen,Springer,2017(4thedition)
- 2. "Introduction to Food Engineering" by R. Paul Singh and Dennis R. Heldman, Academic Press, 2014 (5thedition)
- 3. "SensoryEvaluationTechniques"byM.Meilgaard,G.V.Civille,andB.T.Carr,CRCPress,2016(5thedition)
- 4. "FoodChemistry"byH.Damodaran,A.Paraf,andO.R.Fennema,CRCPress,2017(5thedition)
- 5. "PrinciplesofFoodChemistry"byJohnM.deMan,Springer,2018(4thedition)

Courseoutcome(CourseSkillSet)Attheendofthecoursethestudentwillbeableto:

Sl. No.	Description	BloomsLevel
CO1	Describetheprinciplesandmethodsofsensoryandproximateanalysisoffood products.	L1
CO2	Demonstratetheuseoflaboratorytechniquesandinstrumentsforsensory evaluation and proximate analysis.	L2
CO3	Performsensoryandproximateanalysesaccuratelyandrecorddatasystematically.	L3
CO4	Analyzeandinterpretdatafromsensoryandproximateanalysisexperimentsto drawmeaningfulconclusions.	L4
CO5	Communicate the results of sensory and proximateanalyses in a clear and concise manner.	L5

Programoutcomeofthiscourse

Sl no	Description	PO
1	Engineering knowledge:Applytheknowledgeofmathematics,science,engineering	P01
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	
2	Problemanalysis: Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex	PO2
	engineeringproblemsreaching substantiatedconclusions using first principlesofmathematics,	
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	
3	Conductinvestigationsofcomplexproblems: Useresearch-basedknowledgeandresearch	P04
	methodsincludingdesignofexperiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the	
	information to providevalid conclusions.	
4	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern	P05
	engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with	
	an understanding of the limitations.	
5	Theengineerandsociety: Applyreasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess	P06
	societal, health, safety, legaland culturalissues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to	
	theprofessionalengineeringpractice.	
6	Ethics: Applyethical principles and committo professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the	P08
	engineering practice	
7	Individualandteamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in	P09
	diverseteams,andinmultidisciplinarysettings	
8	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the	PO10
	engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write	
	effectivereportsanddesigndocumentation,makeeffectivepresentations,andgiveandreceive	
	clearinstructions	
9	Projectmanagementandfinance: Demonstrateknowledgeandunderstanding of the	PO11
	engineeringandmanagementprinciplesandapplythesetoone'sownwork,asamemberand	
	leaderinateam,tomanageprojectsandinmultidisciplinaryenvironments	

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	P01	PO2	P03	PO4	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P11	P12
CO1	3	2		2	2	1						
CO2		3		2		2		2	2			
CO3	2	3			2	2			3			
CO4			3	3	2		2			2		
CO5	2		3					2	2		2	

	BIOSTATISTICS AND TOOL LAB		
CourseCode	MFDTL258D	CIEMarks	50
TeachingHours/Week(L:T:P:S)	0:2:0	SEEMarks	50
Credits	1	ExamHours	2

Courseobjectives:

- Toprovideastrongfoundationinbasicstatistical principles, including data collection, analysis, and interpretation.
- Toenablestudentstoperformandinterpretvariousstatisticaltestsandapplythemtoreal-world problems.
- Toequipstudentswiththeskillstodesign,conduct,andanalyzeexperimentsusingvariousstatistical methods and designs.
- Totrainstudentsintheuse of statisticals of twarelike SPSS, Minitab, or other relevant tools for data analysis and experiment design.
- Tofostertheabilitytousestatisticalmethodsandtoolstosolvecomplexengineeringandscientific problems.

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	MeasurementandSampling:Toselectasimplerandomsamplefromthepopulationandenter
	thesedataintoSPSS/Minitab/oranyotherstatisticalsoftware.
2	Diagrammatic&Graphicalrepresentation:Toplotline diagrams,bardiagram.Piechart, Histogram
	and frequency distribution of the collected data.
3	Summary Statistics: To calculate and interpret summary statistics for the data in your sample.
4	Correlation:Calculation&interpretationofcorrelationandregressionbetweenvariables
5	Randomization:Useofopen-sourcerandomizationtoolsandsamplesizeestimation.
6	Hypothesistesting:Totestahypothesisbydeterminingasignificancedifferenceformeanand
	proportion.
7	t-test:Touset-testfordeterminingasignificancedifferencebetweentwogroups.
8	Chi-Squaretest:UseofChi -SquaretestofindependentofAttributesfor2X2contingency table.
9	ExperimentalDesign:Designandanalysisofexperimentsbasedonfactorial designand calculate main effect, interaction effect.
10	Experimental Design: Design and an alysis of mixture experiments using different factors.
11	ExperimentalDesign:DesignandanalysisofscreeningexperimentsusingPlackett-Burman designs
12	ExperimentalDesign:Designandanalysisofexperimentsbasedonresponsesurface methodology (RSM).

CourseOutcomes(CourseSkillSet):

- 1. Studentswillbeabletorecallthebasicconceptsof measurementandsampling,includingtheselection of random samples and entry of data into statistical software.
- 2. Studentswillbeabletounderstandandcreatediagrammaticandgraphicalrepresentationssuchasline diagrams, bar diagrams, pie charts, and histograms.
- $3.\quad Students will be able to apply summary statistics to calculate and interpret the collected data, and perform$

- correlationandregressionanalysisbetweenvariables.
- 4. Studentswillbeabletoanalyzeexperimentaldatausingvarioushypothesistestsliket-tests, Chi-square tests, and design experiments based on factorial, mixture, and screening designs.
- 5. Studentswillbeabletocriticallyevaluateandinterprettheresultsofexperiments, particularly those based on response surface methodology (RSM), to provide valid conclusions.

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 40% of maximum marks in the semester-end examination(SEE). In total of CIE and SEE student has to secure 50% maximum marks of the course.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation(CIE):

CIEmarksforthepracticalcourseis 50 Marks.

Thesplit-upofCIEmarksforrecord/journalandtestareintheratio 60:40.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Recordshouldcontainallthespecifiedexperimentsinthesyllabusandeachexperimentwrite-upwillbe evaluated for 10 marks.
- Totalmarksscoredbythestudentsarescaleddownto30marks(60%ofmaximummarks).
- Weightagetobegivenforneatnessandsubmissionofrecord/write-upontime.
- $\bullet \quad Department shall conduct 01 tests for 100 marks, tests hall be conducted after the 14 th week of the semester.$
- Intest,testwrite-up,conductionofexperiment,acceptableresult,andproceduralknowledgewillcarrya weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- Thesuitablerubricscanbedesignedtoevaluateeachstudent'sperformanceandlearningability.
- Thetestmarksisscaleddownto20marks(40%ofthemaximummarks).

The Sum of **scaled-down** marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

SemesterEndEvaluation(SEE):

SEEmarksforthepracticalcourseis50Marks.

SEEshallbeconductedjointlybythetwoexaminersofthesameinstitute,examinersareappointedbythe University. Alllaboratoryexperimentsaretobeincludedforpracticalexamination.

(Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.

Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners. GeneralrubricssuggestedforSEEarementionedhere,writeup-20%,Conductionprocedureandresultin -60%, Vivavoce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shallbe scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Changeofexperimentisallowedonlyonceand 10%Marksallottedtotheprocedureparttobemadezero. The duration of SEE is 03 hours

SuggestedLearningResources:

- 1. FundamentalsOfStatistics(Paperback,SCGUPTA)Edition,6;Publisher,Himalaya,1984.
- 2. DesignofExperiments1stEditionBradleyJones,DouglasC.Montgomery/
- 3. FundamentalsofBiostatisticsPaperback-1December2009byV.B.Rastogi(Author).

CO4

CO5

theselectionofrandomsamplesandentryofdataintostatisticalsoftware. Studentswillbeabletounderstandandcreatediagrammaticandgraphical representations such as line diagrams, bar diagrams, pie charts, and histograms. Co3	Sl. No.					Desci	ription							oom: evel
Such as line diagrams, bar diagrams, pie charts, and histograms. CO3 Students will be able to apply summary statistics to calculate and interpret the collecteddata, and perform correlation and regression analysis between variables. L3	CO1										cluding		L1	
Students will be able to apply summary statistics to calculate and interpret the collecteddata, and perform correlation and regression analysis between variables. L3	CO2												L2	
Students will be able to analyze experimental data using various hypothesis tests like tests, Chi-square tests, and design experiments based on factorial, mixture, and screening designs. L5	CO3	Students wi	ll be able	to apply	summa	ary statis	stics to c	alculate	and int				L3	
Studentswillbeabletocriticallyevaluateandinterprettheresultsofexperiments, particularlythosebasedonresponsesurfacemethodology(RSM),toprovidevalid conclusions. Particularlythosebasedonresponsesurfacemethodology(RSM),toprovidevalid conclusions. Particularlythosebasedonresponsesurfacemethodology(RSM),toprovidevalid conclusions. Particularlythosebasedonresponsesurfacemethodology(RSM),toprovidevalid conclusions. Particularlythosebasedonresponsesurfacemethodology(RSM),toprovidevalid conclusions. Particularlythosebasedonresponsesurfacemethodology(RSM),toprovidevalid conclusions. Particularlythical particularlythical particularlythical particularlythical particularlythical particularly providevalid conclusions Particularlythical particularlythical particularlythical particularlythical particularly providevalid conclusions Particularlythical particularlythical particularlythical particularlythical particularlythical particularlythical particularlythical particularlythical particularly providevalid conclusions Particularlythical particularly providevalid particularlythical particularly providevalid particularly pa	CO4	Students wi tests, Chi-so	ll be abl	e to ana	lyze exp	perimen	tal data	using v	arious l	ypothe	sis tests		L4	
Sino Description Properties Properti		Studentswil particularly conclusions.	thosebas	sedonres									L5	
Engineering knowledge:Applytheknowledgeofmathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. Problemanalysis:Identify, formulate, review research literature, and an aly secomplex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations Conductinvestigationsof complex problems: Useresearch-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.		ioutcomeofth	iscours	e		Do	orintian							D(
Problemanalysis:Identify,formulate,reviewresearchliterature,andanalysecomplex engineeringproblemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirstprinciplesof mathematics, naturalsciences,andengineeringsciences. Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmentalconsiderations Conductinvestigationsofcomplexproblems:Useresearch-basedknowledgeandresearch methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to providevalid conclusions. Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. Environment and sustainability: Pos						owledge	ofmath	ematics,				blems.		PO
design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations 4	2	Problemana engineeringp	llysis:Ide	entify,for reaching	mulate, substan	reviewro itiatedco	esearchl	iteratur	e,andan	alyseco	mplex			PO
methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to providevalid conclusions. Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. AppringofCOSandPOS PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 P11 P12 CO1 2 3 9 904 P05 P06 P07 P08 P09 P010 P11 P12	3	design syste	m comp n for the	onents o	or proc	esses tl	nat mee	et the s	pecified	needs				PO
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solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. AppingofCOSandPOs	5	Modern too engineering	l usage: and IT t	Create, s	select, a	nd apply								PO
P01 P02 P03 P04 P05 P06 P07 P08 P09 P010 P11 P12 C01 2 3 3 4		solutions in s for sustainab	societal a	and envir										PO
CO1 2 3 CO2 2 3 CO2	apping		DO2	DO3	DO4	DOE	DO6	DO7	DUO	DOO	DO10	D11	D1	12
CO2 2 3	CO		PUZ	FU3	FU4	105	100	FU/	108	109	F010	F11	Ρ.	1.4
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CO3 3 2														

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BIOHAZARDSANDBIOSAFETYLAB							
CourseCode	CIEMarks	50					
TeachingHours/Week(L:T:P:S)	0:2:0	SEEMarks	50				
Credits	1	ExamHours	2				

Courseobjectives:

- Tofamiliarizestudentswiththedesignandlayoutofvariousbiosafetylevels(BSL1to BSL4)andthe specific safety measures required for each level.
- ToenablestudentstoprepareandimplementSOPsforthesafehandlinganddisposalofmicroorganisms and hazardous materials in laboratory settings.
- Toemphasizetheimportanceofpersonalprotectiveequipment(PPE)andtheresponsibleuseof laboratory facilities to ensure a safe working environment.
- Toteachstudentshowtocreateandmaintainessentialsafetydocuments, such as Safety Data Sheets (SDS), emergency procedures, and incident reports, ensuring compliance with regulatory standards.
- Toequipstudentswiththeabilitytoassessandmitigatesafetyhazardsinlaboratory environments, particularlythoseassociatedwithhigherbiosafetylevels(BSL2,BSL3,BSL4).

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	LayoutofLabsofBSL1,BSL2,BSL3and BSL4
2	PrepareSOPforproperwearing,removal,anduseofgloves,mouthmask,labwears
3	Safeandresponsibleuseofmicroorganisms.
4	SafetyhazardsofBSL1,BSL2,BSL3andBSL4laboratory
5	Developingonepagelabsafetymanualtohighlightcriticallyimportantissuesofsafety
6	Preparingstudent-signedsafetyagreements/safetyquizesattheinstitution.
7	Handlingbloodbornepathogens
8	PreparationoflaboratorymanualspecifictoBSL1,BSL2,BSL3andBSL4
9	Prepare,maintain,andpostpropersignage
10	PreparationofDocumentallinjuriesandspills
11	MakingSafetyDataSheets(SDS)
12	Preparationofemergencyprocedures
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Courseoutcomes(CourseSkillSet):

- Recall the specifical yout and safety requirements of BSL1, BSL2, BSL3, and BSL4 laboratories.
- 2. Explaintheproceduresforproperwearing,removal,anduseofpersonalprotectiveequipment(PPE)in laboratory settings.
- 3. Applyknowledgeofbiosafetyprotocolstodevelopandmaintainlaboratorysafetymanualsandsafety data sheets (SDS).
- 4. Analyzetherisksassociatedwithhandlingblood-bornepathogensandmicroorganismsinBSL2toBSL4

laboratories and propose appropriates a fety measures.

5. Evaluate the effectiveness of emergency procedures and the accuracy of safety documentation, such as incident reports and safety agreements..

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 40% of maximum marks in the semester-end examination(SEE). In total of CIE and SEE student has to secure 50% maximum marks of the course.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation(CIE):

CIEmarksforthepracticalcourseis 50 Marks.

Thesplit-upofCIEmarksforrecord/journalandtestareintheratio 60:40.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Recordshouldcontainallthespecifiedexperimentsinthesyllabusandeachexperimentwrite-upwillbe evaluated for 10 marks.
- Totalmarksscoredbythestudentsarescaleddownto30marks(60%ofmaximummarks).
- Weightagetobegivenforneatnessandsubmissionofrecord/write-upontime.
- $\bullet \quad Department shall conduct 01 tests for 100 marks, tests hall be conducted after the 14 th week of the semester.$
- Intest,testwrite-up,conductionofexperiment,acceptableresult,andproceduralknowledgewillcarrya weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- Thesuitablerubricscanbedesignedtoevaluateeachstudent'sperformanceandlearningability.
- Thetestmarksisscaleddownto20marks(40%ofthemaximummarks).

The Sum of **scaled-down** marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

SemesterEndEvaluation(SEE):

SEEmarksforthepracticalcourseis50Marks.

SEEshallbeconductedjointlybythetwoexaminersofthesameinstitute,examinersareappointedbythe University. Alllaboratoryexperimentsaretobeincludedforpracticalexamination.

(Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.

Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners. GeneralrubricssuggestedforSEEarementionedhere,writeup-20%,Conductionprocedureandresultin -60%, Vivavoce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shallbe scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Changeofexperimentisallowedonlyonceand 10%Marksallottedtotheprocedureparttobemadezero. The duration of SEE is 03 hours

SuggestedLearningResources:

- 1. GuidelinesforBiosafetyinTeachingLaboratories,AmericanSocietyforMicrobiology,2019
- 2. NIH/CDC:BiosafetyinMicrobiologicalandBiomedicalLaboratories
- 3. NIH:ResearchInvolvingRecombinantorSyntheticNucleicAcidMolecules
- 4. AmericanSocietyforMicrobiology(ASM):BiosafetyinTeachingLaboratories

Sl.No.	Description	Blooms
		Level
CO1	RecallthespecificlayoutandsafetyrequirementsofBSL1,BSL2,BSL3,andBSL4 laboratories.	L1
CO2	Explaintheproceduresforproperwearing,removal,anduseofpersonalprotective equipment (PPE) in laboratory settings.	L2
CO3	Apply knowledge of biosafety protocols to develop and maintain laboratory safety manuals and safety data sheets (SDS).	L3
CO4	Analyze the risks associated with handling blood-borne pathogens and microorganisms in BSL2 to BSL4 laboratories and propose appropriate safety measures.	L4
CO5	Evaluate the effectiveness of emergency procedures and the accuracy of safety documentation, such as incident reports and safety agreements.	L5

Programoutcomeofthiscourse

Slno	Description	PO
1	Engineering knowledge: Applytheknowledgeofmathematics,science,engineering fundamentals,andanengineeringspecializationtothesolutionofcomplexengineeringproblems.	P01
2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	P02
3	Design/development of solutions : Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmentalconsiderations	P03
4	Conduct investigations of complex problems : Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to providevalid conclusions.	PO4
5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	P05
6	Theengineerandsociety: Applyreasoninginformedbythecontextualknowledgetoassess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	P06
7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	P07

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Ī		P01	PO2	P03	PO4	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P11	P12
İ	CO1	2											
Ī	CO2		2										
	CO3			3									
	CO4				3								
	CO5					2							

NUTRACEUTICALANALYSISLABORATORY							
CourseCode	CIEMarks	50					
TeachingHours/Week(L:T:P:S)	0:2:0	SEEMarks	50				
Credits	1	ExamHours	2				

Courseobjectives:

- Tounderstandthefundamentalprinciplesofnutraceuticalsandtheirhealthbenefits.
- Togainproficiencyinvariousanalyticaltechniquesusedfortheidentificationandquantificationof bioactive compounds in nutraceuticals.
- $\bullet \quad To develop skills in assessing the antioxidant and antimic robial activities of nutraceutical products.$
- Toenhancetheabilitytodesignandformulatefunctionalfoodproductsincorporatingnutraceutical ingredients.
- Tocriticallyanalyzeandinterpretexperimental data related to the quality and efficacy of nutraceuticals.

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	IsolationandCharacterizationofFlavonoidsfromCitrusFruits
2	EstimationofTotalCarotenoidContentinCarrotExtract
3	QuantificationofSaponinsinQuinoaSeeds
4	AnalysisofVitaminCContentinFunctionalBeverages
5	MicroencapsulationofProbioticsforFunctionalFoods
6	EvaluationofOmega-3FattyAcidsinFlaxseedOil
7	FormulationandSensoryEvaluationofaFunctionalSnackBar
8	EstimationofTotalPhenolicCompoundsinPlantExtracts
9	EstimationofAntioxidantActivityUsingDPPHRadicalScavengingAssay
10	EstimationofAntimicrobialActivityofNutraceuticalCompounds
11	FunctionalFoodProductDevelopmentandNutritionalAnalysis
12	HPLCAnalysisofCurcumininTurmericSupplements
1	

Courseoutcomes(CourseSkillSet):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- $1. \quad Identify the key bioactive compounds present invarious nutraceuticals and their health benefits.\\$
- 2. Explaintheprinciples and procedures of an alytical techniques used for the estimation of bioactive compounds in nutraceuticals.
- ${\it 3.} \quad Apply an alytical method sto determine the antioxidant and antimic robial activities of nutraceutical samples.$
- 4. Analyzeandinterprettheexperimental data obtained from nutraceutical analysis to assess their quality and efficacy.
- $5. \quad Evaluate the formulation of functional food products based on nutrace utical ingredients and optimize their sensor yand nutritional properties.$

AssessmentDetails(bothCIEandSEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 40% of maximum marks in the semester-end examination(SEE). In total of CIE and SEE student has to secure 50% maximum marks of the course.

ContinuousInternalEvaluation(CIE):

 $CIE marks for the practical course is {\bf 50 Marks}.\\$

Thesplit-upofCIEmarksforrecord/journalandtestareintheratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
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- Weightagetobegivenforneatnessandsubmissionofrecord/write-upontime.
- Departmentshallconduct01testsfor100marks,testshallbeconductedafterthe14thweekofthesemester.
- Intest,testwrite-up,conductionofexperiment,acceptableresult,andproceduralknowledgewillcarrya weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- Thesuitablerubricscanbedesignedtoevaluateeachstudent'sperformanceandlearningability.
- **Thetestmarksisscaleddownto20marks**(40%ofthemaximummarks).

The Sum of **scaled-down** marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

SemesterEndEvaluation(SEE):

SEEmarksforthepracticalcourseis50Marks.

SEEshallbeconductedjointlybythetwoexaminersofthesameinstitute,examinersareappointedbythe University. Alllaboratoryexperimentsaretobeincludedforpracticalexamination.

(Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.

Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners. GeneralrubricssuggestedforSEEarementionedhere,writeup-20%,Conductionprocedureandresultin -60%, Vivavoce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Changeofexperimentisallowedonlyonceand 10%Marksallottedtotheprocedureparttobemadezero. The duration of SEE is 03 hours

SuggestedLearningResources:

- 1. HandbookofNutraceuticalsandFunctionalFoods,RobertE.C.Wildman,2ndEdition,CRCPress,2016, ISBN: 978-0849324750
- 2. MethodsofAnalysisforFunctionalFoodsandNutraceuticalsEditedbyW.Jeffrey,
- 3. Hursts, Routledge Publishers.
- 4. Nutritional Evaluation of Food Processing Third Edition; E. Karmas and R.S. Harris, AVIBoon, New York, 1988
- 5. LehningerAlbert,2001,PrinciplesofBiochemistry,KalyaniPublishers,NewDelhi.
- 6. NutraceuticalsbyL.RapportandB.Lockwood,PharmaceuticalPress.

Courseoutcome(CourseSkillSet)
Atthorn dofth agourgath actudent will be able to

Sl.No.	Description	Blooms				
		Level				
CO1	Identifythekeybioactivecompoundspresentinvariousnutraceuticalsandtheirhealth benefits.	L1				
200		L2				
CO2	Explain the principles and procedures of analytical techniques used for the estimation of bioactive compounds in nutraceuticals.					
CO3	Applyanalyticalmethodstodeterminetheantioxidantandantimicrobialactivities of nutraceutical samples.	L3				
CO4	Analyze and interpret the experimental data obtained from nutraceutical analysis to assess their quality and efficacy.	L4				
CO5	Evaluate the formulation of functional food products based on nutraceutical ingredients and optimize their sensory and nutritional properties.	L5				

Programoutcomeofthiscourse

Sl no	Description	PO
1	Engineering knowledge: Applytheknowledgeofmathematics,science,engineering fundamentals,andanengineeringspecializationtothesolutionofcomplexengineeringproblems.	P01
2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	P02
3	Design/development of solutions : Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmentalconsiderations	PO3
4	Conductinvestigationsofcomplexproblems :Useresearch-basedknowledgeandresearch methodsincludingdesignofexperiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	P04
5	Moderntoolusage: Create,select,andapplyappropriatetechniques,resources,andmodern engineeringandITtoolsincludingpredictionandmodelingtocomplexengineeringactivities withanunderstandingofthelimitations.	P05
6	Environmentandsustainability: Understandtheimpactoftheprofessionalengineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate theknowledge of, andneed for sustainable development.	P07
7	Life-longlearning: Recognizetheneedfor,andhavethepreparationandabilitytoengagein independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	PO12

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		PO1	PO2	P03	PO4	PO5	P06	P07	P08	P09	PO10	P11	P12
	CO1	1	1	1									
	CO2	2	1	1									
	CO3	2	2	2									
	CO4		3	2	3								
	CO5			3		2		2					3



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