

SEMANTIC WEB AND SOCIAL NETWORKS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER – I			
Subject Code	16LNI11	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 04			
Course objectives: This course will enable students to			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explain the fundamentals of Semantic Web technologies. • Implementation of semantic web applications and the architectures of social networking • Social network performance analysis 			
Module 1			Teaching Hours
Web Intelligence Thinking and Intelligent Web Applications, The Information Age ,The World Wide Web, Limitations of Today’s Web, The Next Generation Web, Machine Intelligence, Artificial Intelligence, Ontology, Inference engines, Software Agents, Berners-Lee www, Semantic Road Map, Logic on the semantic Web.			10 Hours
Module 2			10 Hours
Knowledge Representation for the Semantic Web Ontologies and their role in the semantic web, Ontologies Languages for the Semantic Web – Resource Description Framework(RDF) / RDF Schema, Ontology Web Language(OWL), UML, XML/XML Schema.			10 Hours
Module 3			10 Hours
Ontology Engineering, Ontology Engineering, Constructing Ontology, Ontology Development Tools, Ontology Methods, Ontology Sharing and Merging, Ontology Libraries and Ontology Mapping, Logic, Rule and Inference Engines.			10 Hours
Module 4			10 Hours
Semantic Web Applications, Services and Technology Semantic Web applications and services, Semantic Search, e-learning, Semantic Bioinformatics, Knowledge Base, XML Based Web Services, Creating an OWL-S Ontology for Web Services, Semantic Search Technology, Web Search Agents and Semantic Methods.			10 Hours
Module 5			10 Hours
Social Network Analysis and semantic web What is social Networks analysis, development of the social networks analysis, Electronic Sources for Network Analysis – Electronic Discussion networks, Blogs and Online Communities, Web Based Networks. Building Semantic Web Applications with social network features.			10 Hours
Course Outcomes			
The students should be able to:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demonstrate the semantic web technologies like RDF Ontology and others • Learn the various semantic web applications • Identify the architectures and challenges in building social networks • Analyze the performance of social networks using electronic sources 			
Question paper pattern:			
The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.			
Text Books:			
1. Thinking on the Web - Berners Lee, Godel and Turing, Wiley inter science, 2008. Social Networks and the Semantic Web, Peter Mika, Springer, 2007.			
Reference Books:			

1. Semantic Web Technologies, Trends and Research in Ontology Based Systems.
2. Semantic Web and Semantic Web Services -Liyang Lu Chapman and Hall/CRC Publishers, (Taylor & Francis Group).
3. Programming the Semantic Web, T.Segaran, C.Evans, J.Taylor, O'Reilly.

INFORMATION AND NETWORK SECURITY [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER – I			
Subject Code	16LNI12/16SCN13/16SCS253	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 04			
Course objectives: This course will enable students to			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explain standard algorithms used to provide confidentiality, integrity and authenticity. • Distinguish key distribution and management schemes. • Deploy encryption techniques to secure data in transit across data networks • Implement security applications in the field of Information technology 			
Module 1			Teaching Hours
Classical Encryption Techniques Symmetric Cipher Model, Cryptography, Cryptanalysis and Brute-Force Attack, Substitution Techniques, Caesar Cipher, Mono-alphabetic Cipher, Playfair Cipher, Hill Cipher, Poly alphabetic Cipher, One Time Pad. Block Ciphers and the data encryption standard: Traditional block Cipher structure, stream Ciphers and block Ciphers, Motivation for the feistel Cipher structure, the feistel Cipher, The data encryption standard, DES encryption, DES decryption, A DES example, results, the avalanche effect, the strength of DES, the use of 56-Bit Keys, the nature of the DES algorithm, timing attacks, Block cipher design principles, number of rounds, design of function F, key schedule algorithm			10 Hours
Module 2			Teaching Hours
Public-Key Cryptography and RSA: Principles of public-key cryptosystems. Public-key cryptosystems. Applications for public-key cryptosystems, requirements for public-key cryptosystems. Public-key cryptanalysis. The RSA algorithm, description of the algorithm, computational aspects, the security of RSA. Other Public-Key Cryptosystems: Diffie-hellman key exchange, The algorithm, key exchange protocols, man in the middle attack, Elgamal Cryptographic systems, Elliptic curve arithmetic, abelian groups, elliptic curves over real numbers, elliptic curves over Z_p , elliptic curves over $GF(2^m)$, Elliptic curve cryptography, Analog of Diffie-hellman key exchange, Elliptic curve encryption/ decryption, security of Elliptic curve cryptography, Pseudorandom number generation based on an asymmetric cipher, PRNG based on RSA.			10 Hours
Module 3			Teaching Hours
Key Management and Distribution: Symmetric key distribution using Symmetric encryption, A key distribution scenario, Hierarchical key control, session key lifetime, a transparent key control scheme, Decentralized key control, controlling key usage, Symmetric key distribution using asymmetric encryption, simple secret key distribution, secret key distribution with confidentiality and authentication, A hybrid scheme, distribution of public keys, public announcement of public keys, publicly available directory, public key authority, public keys certificates, X-509 certificates. Certificates, X-509 version 3, public key infrastructure. User Authentication: Remote user Authentication principles, Mutual Authentication, one way Authentication, remote user Authentication using Symmetric encryption, Mutual Authentication, one way Authentication, Kerberos, Motivation , Kerberos version 4, Kerberos version 5, Remote user Authentication using Asymmetric encryption, Mutual Authentication, one way			10 Hours

Authentication, federated identity management, identity management, identity federation, personal identity verification.	
Module 4	
Wireless network security: Wireless security, Wireless network threats, Wireless network measures, mobile device security, security threats, mobile device security strategy, IEEE 802.11 Wireless LAN overview, the Wi-Fi alliance, IEEE 802 protocol architecture. Security, IEEE 802.11i services, IEEE 802.11i phases of operation, discovery phase, Authentication phase, key management phase, protected data transfer phase, the IEEE 802.11i pseudorandom function. Web Security Considerations: Web Security Threats, Web Traffic Security Approaches. Secure Sockets Layer: SSL Architecture, SSL Record Protocol, Change Cipher Spec Protocol, Alert Protocol, and shake Protocol, Cryptographic Computations. Transport Layer Security: Version Number, Message Authentication Code, Pseudorandom Functions, Alert Codes, Cipher Suites, Client Certificate Types, Certificate Verify and Finished Messages, Cryptographic Computations, and Padding. HTTPS Connection Initiation, Connection Closure. Secure Shell(SSH) Transport Layer Protocol, User Authentication Protocol, Connection Protocol	10 Hours
Module 5	
Electronic Mail Security: Pretty good privacy, notation, operational; description, S/MIME, RFC5322, Multipurpose internet mail extensions, S/MIME functionality, S/MIME messages, S/MIME certificate processing, enhanced security services, Domain keys identified mail, internet mail architecture, E-Mail threats, DKIM strategy, DKIM functional flow. IP Security: IP Security overview, applications of IPsec, benefits of IPsec, Routing applications, IPsec documents, IPsec services, transport and tunnel modes, IP Security policy, Security associations, Security associations database, Security policy database, IP traffic processing, Encapsulating Security payload, ESP format, encryption and authentication algorithms, Padding, Anti replay service, transport and tunnel modes, combining security associations, authentication plus confidentiality, basic combinations of security associations, internet key exchange, key determinations protocol, header and payload formats, cryptographic suits.	10 Hours
Course Outcomes	
<p>The students should be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analyze the vulnerabilities in any computing system and hence be able to design a security solution. Identify the security issues in the network and resolve it. Evaluate security mechanisms using rigorous approaches, including theoretical. 	
<p>Question paper pattern: The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.</p>	
<p>Text Books: 1. William Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, Pearson 6th edition.</p>	
<p>Reference Books: 1. V K Pachghare: Cryptography and Information Security.</p>	

NETWORK PROGRAMMING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER – I			
Subject Code	16LNI13	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 04			
Course objectives: This course will enable students to			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define Network Programming. • Demonstrate programming with TCP and SCTP. • Explain key management and routing sockets. • Evaluate advanced Socket Programming APIs. 			
Module 1			Teaching Hours
Introduction to network application, client/server communication, OSI Model, BSD Networking history, Test Networks and Hosts, Unix Standards, 64-bit architectures, Transport Layer: TCP, UDP and SCTP.			10 Hours
Module 2			10 Hours
Sockets Introduction – socket address structures, value-result arguments, byte ordering and manipulation functions, address conversion functions, Elementary TCP Sockets – socket, connect, bind, listen, accept , fork and concurrent server design, getsockname and getpeername functions and TCP Client/Server Example- client/server programming through TCP sockets, Normal startup, termination, POSIX signal handling, Signal handling in server, Crashing, rebooting of server host, shutdown			10 Hours
Module 3			10 Hours
I/O Multiplexing and Socket Options, Elementary SCTP Sockets- Interface Models, sctp_xx functions, shutdown function, Notifications, SCTP Client/Server Examples – One-to-Many, Head-of-Line Blocking, Controlling number of streams and Termination, IPv4 and IPv6 Interoperability–different interoperability scenarios.			10 Hours
Module 4			10 Hours
Daemon Processes, syslogd, daemonizing functions and the inetd super server, Advanced I/O functions- readv, writev, sendmsg and recvmsg, Ancillary data, Advanced polling, Unix domain protocols- socket address structure, functions and communication scenarios, Nonblocking I/O – connect and accept examples.			10 Hours
Module 5			10 Hours
ioctl operations- socket, file, interface configuration information, ARP cache and routing table operations, Routing sockets- data link socket address structure, reading and writing, sysctl operations, interface name and index functions, Key Management functions – reading, writing, SADB, SA, Dynamically Maintaining SA's, Out-of-Band data, Threads- basic thread functions, TCP echo server using threads, Mutexes and Conditional variables.			10 Hours
Course Outcomes			
The students should be able to:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develop applications that communicate with each other using TCP and SCTP. • Identify the IPv4 and IPv6 compatibility. • Evaluate socket programming APIs. 			
Question paper pattern:			
The question paper will have ten questions.			
There will be 2 questions from each module.			
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to			

answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books:

1. W. Richard Stevens, Bill Fenner, Andrew M. Rudoff: "UNIX Network Programming". Volume 1, Third Edition, Pearson 2004.

Reference Books:

1. Barry Nance: "Network Programming in C", PHI 2002 3. Bob Quinn, Dave Shute: "Windows Socket Network Programming", Pearson 2003.
2. Richard Stevens: "UNIX Network Programming". Volume 2, Second Edition.

PROBABILITY STATISTICS AND QUEUING THEORY
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
(Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)
SEMESTER – I

Subject Code	16LNI14 / 16SCN14/16SCS14/ 16SSE14 / 16SIT14 /16SCE14 / 16SFC14	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03

CREDITS – 04

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

- Develop analytical capability and to impart knowledge of Probability, Statistics and Queuing.
- Apply above concepts in Engineering and Technology.
- Acquire knowledge of Hypothesis testing and Queuing methods and their applications so as to enable them to apply them for solving real world problems

Module 1	Teaching Hours
Axioms of probability, Conditional probability, Total probability, Baye's theorem, Discrete Random variable, Probability mass function, Continuous Random variable. Probability density function, Cumulative Distribution Function, and its properties, Two-dimensional Random variables, Joint pdf / cdf and their properties	10 Hours
Module 2	10 Hours
Probability Distributions / Discrete distributions: Binomial, Poisson Geometric and Hyper-geometric distributions and their properties. Continuous distributions: Uniform, Normal, exponential distributions and their properties.	
Module 3	10 Hours
Random Processes: Classification, Methods of description, Special classes, Average values of Random Processes, Analytical representation of Random Process, Autocorrelation Function, Cross-correlation function and their properties, Ergodicity, Poisson process, Markov Process, Markov chain.	
Module 4	10 Hours
Testing Hypothesis: Testing of Hypothesis: Formulation of Null hypothesis, critical region, level of significance, errors in testing, Tests of significance for Large and Small Samples, t-distribution, its properties and uses, F-distribution, its properties and uses, Chi-square distribution, its properties and uses, χ^2 – test for goodness of fit, χ^2 test for Independence	
Module 5	10 Hours
Symbolic Representation of a Queuing Model, Poisson Queue system, Little Law, Types	

of Stochastic Processes, Birth-Death Process, The M/M/1 Queuing System, The M/M/s Queuing System, The M/M/s Queuing with Finite buffers.	
Course Outcomes	
The students should be able to:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demonstrate use of probability and characterize probability models using probability mass (density) functions & cumulative distribution functions. • Explain the techniques of developing discrete & continuous probability distributions and its applications. • Describe a random process in terms of its mean and correlation functions. • Outline methods of Hypothesis testing for goodness of fit. • Define the terminology & nomenclature appropriate queuing theory and also distinguish various queuing models. 	
Question paper pattern:	
The question paper will have ten questions.	
There will be 2 questions from each module.	
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Text Books:	
1. Probability, Statistics and Queuing Theory, V. Sundarapandian, Eastern Economy Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2009.	
Reference Books:	
1. Probability & Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Applications, 2 nd Edition by Kishor. S. Trivedi, Prentice Hall of India, 2004.	
2. Probability, Statistics and Random Processes, 1 st Edition by P Kausalya, Pearson Education, 2013.	

CLOUD COMPUTING			
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]			
(Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)			
SEMESTER – I			
Subject Code	16SCS12/16SCE12 16SIT22/16SSE254 16SCN22/ 16LNI151	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			
Course objectives: This course will enable students to			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define and Cloud, models and Services. • Compare and contrast programming for cloud and their applications • Explain virtualization, Task Scheduling algorithms. • Apply ZooKeeper, Map-Reduce concept to applications. 			
Module 1			Teaching Hours
Introduction, Cloud Infrastructure: Cloud computing, Cloud computing delivery models and services, Ethical issues, Cloud vulnerabilities, Cloud computing at Amazon, Cloud computing the Google perspective, Microsoft Windows Azure and online services, Open-source software platforms for private clouds, Cloud storage diversity and vendor lock-in, Energy use and ecological impact, Service level agreements, User experience and software licensing. Exercises and problems.			8 Hours

Module 2	
Cloud Computing: Application Paradigms.: Challenges of cloud computing, Architectural styles of cloud computing, Workflows: Coordination of multiple activities, Coordination based on a state machine model: The Zookeeper, The Map Reduce programming model, A case study: The Gre The Web application, Cloud for science and engineering, High-performance computing on a cloud, Cloud computing for Biology research, Social computing, digital content and cloud computing.	8 Hours
Module 3	
Cloud Resource Virtualization: Virtualization, Layering and virtualization, Virtual machine monitors, Virtual Machines, Performance and Security Isolation, Full virtualization and paravirtualization, Hardware support for virtualization, Case Study: Xen a VMM based paravirtualization, Optimization of network virtualization, vBlades, Performance comparison of virtual machines, The dark side of virtualization, Exercises and problems	8 Hours
Module 4	
Cloud Resource Management and Scheduling: Policies and mechanisms for resource management, Application of control theory to task scheduling on a cloud, Stability of a two-level resource allocation architecture, Feedback control based on dynamic thresholds, Coordination of specialized autonomic performance managers, A utility-based model for cloud-based Web services, Resourcing bundling: Combinatorial auctions for cloud resources, Scheduling algorithms for computing clouds, Fair queuing, Start-time fair queuing, Borrowed virtual time, Cloud scheduling subject to deadlines, Scheduling MapReduce applications subject to deadlines, Resource management and dynamic scaling, Exercises and problems.	8 Hours
Module 5	
Cloud Security, Cloud Application Development: Cloud security risks, Security: The top concern for cloud users, Privacy and privacy impact assessment, Trust, Operating system security, Virtual machine Security, Security of virtualization, Security risks posed by shared images, Security risks posed by a management OS, A trusted virtual machine monitor, Amazon web services: EC2 instances, Connecting clients to cloud instances through firewalls, Security rules for application and transport layer protocols in EC2, How to launch an EC2 Linux instance and connect to it, How to use S3 in java, Cloud-based simulation of a distributed trust algorithm, A trust management service, A cloud service for adaptive data streaming, Cloud based optimal FPGA synthesis .Exercises and problems.	8 Hours
Course Outcomes	
The students should be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compare the strengths and limitations of cloud computing • Identify the architecture, infrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing • Apply suitable virtualization concept. • Choose the appropriate cloud player • Address the core issues of cloud computing such as security, privacy and interoperability • Design Cloud Services • Set a private cloud 	
Question paper pattern:	
The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Text Books:	
1. Dan C Marinescu: Cloud Computing Theory and Practice. Elsevier(MK) 2013.	
Reference Books:	
1. Rajkumar Buyya , James Broberg, Andrzej Goscinski: Cloud Computing Principles and Paradigms, Wiley 2014.	

2. John W Rittinghouse, James F Ransome: Cloud Computing Implementation, Management and Security, CRC Press 2013.

MULTIMEDIA COMMUNICATIONS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER – I			
Subject Code	16SCN21/16LNI152	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			
Course objectives: This course will enable students to			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define the Multimedia Communication Models • Explain Multimedia Transport in Wireless Networks • Solve the Security issues in multimedia networks • Illustrate real-time multimedia network applications. • Explain different network layer based application. 			
Module 1			Teaching Hours
Introduction, multimedia information representation, multimedia networks, multimedia applications, Application and networking terminology, network QoS and application QoS, Digitization principles,. Text, images, audio and video.			8 Hours
Module 2			
Text and image compression,, compression principles, text compression- Runlength, Huffman, LZW, Document Image compression using T2 and T3 coding, image compression- GIF, TIFF and JPEG			8 Hours
Module 3			
Audio and video compression, audio compression – principles, DPCM, ADPCM, Adaptive and Linear predictive coding, Code-Excited LPC, Perceptual coding, MPEG and Dolby coders video compression, video compression principles.			8 Hours
Module 4			
Video compression standards: H.261, H.263, MPEG, MPEG 1, MPEG 2, MPEG-4 and Reversible VLCs, MPEG 7 standardization process of multimedia content description, MPEG 21 multimedia framework.			8 Hours
Module 5			
Notion of synchronization, presentation requirements, reference model for synchronization, Introduction to SMIL, Multimedia operating systems, Resource management, process management techniques.			8 Hours
Course Outcomes			
The students should be able to:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deploy the right multimedia communication models. • Apply QoS to multimedia network applications with efficient routing techniques. • Solve the security threats in the multimedia networks. • Develop the real-time multimedia network applications 			
Question paper pattern:			
The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.			
Text Books:			
1. Fred Halsall, “Multimedia Communications”, Pearson education, 2001.			

2. Raif Steinmetz, Klara Nahrstedt, "Multimedia: Computing, Communications and Applications", Pearson education, 2002.

Reference Books:

1. K. R. Rao, Zoran S. Bojkovic, Dragorad A. Milovanovic, "Multimedia Communication Systems", Pearson education, 2004.
2. John Billamil, Louis Molina, "Multimedia : An Introduction", PHI, 2002.

ETHERNET TECHNOLOGY [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER – I			
Subject Code	16LNI153	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			
Course objectives: This course will enable students to			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define with the basics of Ethernet • Explain concepts of different types of Ethernet • Analyze building an Ethernet system • Acquire knowledge of hubs and repeaters 			
Module 1			Teaching Hours
Introduction: Introduction to Ethernet, The Evolution of Ethernet, The Ethernet System, The Media Access Control Protocol The media Access Control Protocol Full Duplex Ethernet Auto-Negotiation			8 Hours
Module 2			
Ethernet Media Systems: Ethernet Media Fundamentals Twisted-Pair Media System(10Base-T) Fiber Optic Media System(10Base-F) Fast Ethernet Twisted-Pair Media System(100Base-TX)			8 Hours
Module 3			
Fast Ethernet Fiber Optic Media System(100Base-FX) Gigabit Ethernet Twisted-Pair Media System(1000Base-T) Gigabit Ethernet Fiber Optic Media System (1000Base-X)			8 Hours
Module 4			
Multi-Segment Configuration Guidelines Building Your Ethernet System: structured Cabling Twisted-Pair Cables and Connectors Fiber Optic Cables and Connectors			8 Hours
Module 5			
Ethernet Repeater Hubs Ethernet Switching Hubs Performance and troubleshooting: Ethernet Performance Troubleshooting.			8 Hours
Course Outcomes			
The students should be able to:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Classify different types of Ethernet systems • Contrast Ethernet Media systems • Evaluate a complete Ethernet system 			
Question paper pattern:			
The question paper will have ten questions.			
There will be 2 questions from each module.			
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.			
Text Books:			

1. Charles E. Spurgeon: "Ethernet – The Definitive Guide", O'Reilly 2004.

Reference Books:

1. Rich Seifert: "Gigabit Ethernet", Addison-Wesley 1998.

NETWORK MANAGEMENT [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER – I			
Subject Code	16LNI154 / 16SCN23	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 03			
Course objectives: This course will enable students to			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate need for interoperable network management. • Explain the concepts and architecture behind standards based network management. • Illustrate the concepts and terminology associated with SNMP and TMN • Demonstrate network management as a typical distributed application 			
Module 1			Teaching Hours
Introduction: Analogy of Telephone Network Management, Data and Telecommunication Network Distributed computing Environments, TCP/IP-Based Networks: The Internet and Intranets, Communications Protocols and Standards-Communication Architectures, Protocol Layers and Services; Case Histories of Networking and Management – The Importance of topology , Filtering Does Not Reduce Load on Node, Some Common Network Problems; Challenges of Information Technology Managers, Network Management: Goals, Organization, and Functions-Goal of Network Management, Network Provisioning, Network Operations and the NOC, Network Installation and Maintenance; Network and System Management, Network Management System platform, Current Status and Future of Network Management.			8 Hours
Module 2			8 Hours
Basic Foundations: Standards, Models, and Language: Network Management Standards, Network Management Model, Organization Model, Information Model – Management Information Trees, Managed Object Perspectives, Communication Model; ASN.1-Terminology, Symbols, and Conventions, Objects and Data Types, Object Names, An Example of ASN.1 from ISO 8824; Encoding Structure; Macros, Functional Model.			
Module 3			8 Hours
SNMPv1 Network Management: Managed Network: The History of SNMP Management, Internet Organizations and standards, Internet Documents, The SNMP Model, The Organization Model, System Overview. The Information Model – Introduction, The Structure of Management Information, Managed Objects, Management Information Base. The SNMP Communication Model – The SNMP Architecture, Administrative Model, SNMP Specifications, SNMP Operations, SNMP MIB Group, Functional Model SNMP Management – RMON: Remote Monitoring, RMON SMI and MIB, RMONI1- RMON1 Textual Conventions, RMON1 Groups and Functions, Relationship Between Control and Data Tables, RMON1 Common and Ethernet Groups, RMON Token Ring Extension Groups, RMON2 – The RMON2 Management Information Base, RMON2 Conformance Specifications.			
Module 4			8 Hours
Broadband Network Management: Broadband Access Networks and Technologies: Broadband Access Networks, Broadband Access Technology; HFCT Technology: The			

Broadband LAN, The Cable Modem, The Cable Modem Termination System, The HFC Plant, The RF Spectrum for Cable Modem; Data Over Cable, Reference Architecture; HFC Management – Cable Modem and CMTS Management, HFC Link Management, RF Spectrum Management, DSL Technology; Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line Technology – Role of the ADSL Access Network in an Overall Network, ADSL Architecture, ADSL Channeling Schemes, ADSL Encoding Schemes; ADSL Management – ADSL Network Management Elements, ADSL Configuration Management, ADSL Fault Management, ADSL Performance Management, SNMP-Based ADSL Line MIB, MIB Integration with Interfaces Groups in MIB-2, ADSL Configuration Profiles	
Module 5	
Network Management Applications: Configuration Management- Network Provisioning, Inventory Management, Network Topology, Fault Management- Fault Detection, Fault Location and Isolation 24 Techniques, Performance Management – Performance Metrics, Data Monitoring, Problem Isolation, Performance Statistics; Event Correlation Techniques – Rule-Based Reasoning, Model-Based Reasoning, Case Based Reasoning, Codebook correlation Model, State Transition Graph Model, Finite State Machine Model, Security Management – Policies and Procedures, Security Breaches and the Resources Needed to Prevent Them, Firewalls, Cryptography, Authentication and Authorization, Client/Server Authentication Systems, Messages Transfer Security, Protection of Networks from Virus Attacks, Accounting Management, Report Management, Policy- Based Management, Service Level Management.	8 Hours
Course Outcomes	
The students should be able to:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analyze the issues and challenges pertaining to management of emerging network technologies such as wired/wireless networks and high-speed internets. • Apply network management standards to manage practical networks • Formulate possible approaches for managing OSI network model. • Use on SNMP for managing the network • Use RMON for monitoring the behavior of the network • Identify the various components of network and formulate the scheme for the managing them 	
Question paper pattern:	
The question paper will have ten questions. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module. The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Text Books:	
1. Mani Subramanian: Network Management- Principles and Practice, 2nd Pearson Education, 2010.	
Reference Books:	
1. J. Richard Burke: Network management Concepts and Practices: a Hands-On Approach, PHI, 2008.	

INFORMATION NETWORK SECURITY AND NETWORK PROGRAMMING LAB			
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]			
(Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017)			
SEMESTER – I			
Subject Code	16LNI16	IA Marks	20
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01+03	Exam Marks	80
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS – 02			
Course objectives: This course will enable students to			

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate of Cryptography through practical implementation. • To implement standard algorithms used to provide confidentiality, integrity and authenticity. • To implement the various key distribution and management schemes. • How to use cutting edge simulation tools • Design security applications in the field of Information technology
<p>PART – A INFORMATION AND NETWORK SECURITY LABORATORY WORK:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Consider a file with composite data, substitute the content and transpose the ciphers. 2. Apply the RSA algorithm on a text file to produce cipher text file. 3. Develop a mechanism to setup a security channel using Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange between client and server. 4. Implementation of Message Authentication Code using cryptography HMAC function. 5. Implement secure hash algorithm for Data Integrity. Implement MD5 and SHA-1 algorithm, which accepts a string input, and produce a fixed size number - 128 bits for MD5; 160 bits for SHA-1, this number is a hash of the input. Show that a small change in the input results in a substantial change in the output
<p>PART – B NETWORK PROGRAMMING LABORATORY WORK:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Write a C program to implement daytime client/server program using TCP sockets 2. Write a TCP client/server program in which client sends three numbers to the server in a single message. Server returns sum, difference and product as a result single message. Client program should print the results appropriately. 3. Write a C program that prints the IP layer and TCP layer socket options in a separate file
<p>Course Outcomes</p> <p>The students should be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implement various encryption techniques • Generate and test message digest • Perform interprocess communication between two machines in a network.
<p>Conduction of Practical Examination:</p> <p>All laboratory experiments (nos) are to be included for practical examination. Students are allowed to pick one experiment from each part and execute both Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script for breakup of marks PART –A: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 10 + 20 +10 (40) PART –B: Procedure + Conduction + Viva: 10 + 20 +10 (40) Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.</p>

<p>SEMINAR [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2016 -2017) SEMESTER – I</p>			
Subject Code	16SCE17 / 16SCN17 / 16LNI17 / 16SIT17 / 16SSE17 / 16SCS17 / 16SFC17	IA Marks	100
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	----	Exam Marks	-
Total Number of Lecture Hours	----	Exam Hours	-
CREDITS – 01			
Course objectives: This course will enable students to			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Motivate the students to read technical article • Discover recent technology developments 			
Descriptions			
The students should read a recent technical article (try to narrow down the topic as much as possible) from any of the leading reputed and refereed journals like:			

- IEEE Transactions, journals, magazines, etc.
- ACM Transactions, journals, magazines, SIG series, etc.
- Springer
- Elsevier publications etc

In the area of (to name few and not limited to)

- Web Technology
- Cloud Computing
- Artificial Intelligent
- Networking
- Security
- Data mining

Course Outcomes

The students should be able to:

- Conduct survey on recent technologies
- Infer and interpret the information from the survey conducted
- Motivated towards research

Conduction:

The students have to present at least ONE technical seminar on the selected topic and submit a report for internal evaluation.

Marks Distribution: Literature Survey + Presentation (PPT) + Report + Question & Answer + Paper: 20 + 30 + 30 + 20 (100).