Scheme of Teaching and Examination and Syllabus M.Tech POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS)

Eligibility: Bachelor's degree in Engineering or Technology in (a)Electrical and Electronics (b) AMIE in appropriate branch (c) GATE: EE (Effective from Academic year 2016-17)

SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION - 2016-17

M.Tech POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

(Total number of credits prescribed for the programme - 85)

I SEMESTER

				Teaching Hours /Week		Examination			
Sl. No	Subject Code	Title	Theory	Practical/ Field work/ Assignment	Duration in hours	I.A. Marks	Theory/ Practical Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	16EEE11	Applied Mathematics	04		03	20	80	100	4
2	16EPS12	Modelling and Analysis of Electrical Machines	04		03	20	80	100	4
3	16EPS13	Power system Dynamics (Stability and Control)	04		03	20	80	100	4
4	16EPS14	Computer Relaying for Power Systems	04		03	20	80	100	4
5	16EPS15X	Elective -1	03		03	20	80	100	3
6	16EPSL16	Power System Laboratory - I	-	3	03	20	80	100	2
7	16EPS17	Seminar	-	3	=	100	=	100	1
		TOTAL	19	06	18	220	480	700	22

Number of credits completed at the end of I semester: 22

-	4 •	4
н.	ective	-1

Courses under Code 16EPS15X	Title
16EPS151	EHV AC Transmission
16EPS152	Power System Harmonics
16EPS153	Linear and Nonlinear Optimization
16EPS154	Power System Voltage Stability

SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION - 2016-17

M.Tech POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

(Total number of credits prescribed for the programme - 85)

II SEMESTER

			Teaching Hours /Week		Examination				
Sl. No	Subject Code	Title	Theory	Practical/ Field work/ Assignment	Duration in hours	I.A. Marks	Theory/ Practical Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	16EPS21	Power Electronic Converters	04		03	20	80	100	4
2	16EPS22	Insulators for Power System	04		03	20	80	100	4
3	16EPS23	Switching in Power Systems	04		03	20	80	100	4
4	16EPS24	FACTS Controllers	04		03	20	80	100	4
5	16EPS25X	Elective - 2	03		03	20	80	100	3
6	16EPSL26	Power System Laboratory - II		3	03	20	80	100	2
7	16EPS27	Seminar	-	3	-	100	-	100	1
	T	OTAL	19	06	18	220	480	700	22

Number of credits completed at the end of II semester: 22+22=44

Elective - 2

Courses under Code 16EPS25X	Title
16EPS251	Restructured Power Systems
16EPS252	Smart Grid
16EPS253	Power Quality Problems and Mitigation
16EPS254	Substation Automation Systems

Note: Project Phase-1: 6-week duration shall be carried out between 2nd and 3rd Semester vacation. Candidates in consultation with the guide shall carry out literature survey/ visit industries to finalize the topic of Project.

SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION - 2016-17

M.Tech POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

(Total number of credits prescribed for the programme - 85)

III SEMESTER

		Teaching Hours / Week Examination							
Sl. No	Subject Code	Title	Theory	Practical/ Field work/ Assignment	Duration in hours	I.A. Marks	Theory/ Practical Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	16EPS31	Seminar / Presentation on Internship. (After 8 weeks from the date of commencement)				25		25	20
2	16EPS32	Report on Internship				25		25	
3	16EPS33	Evaluation and Viva-Voce of Internship					50	50	
4	16EPS34	Evaluation of Project phase -1				50		50	1
	•	TOTAL				100	50	150	21

Number of credits completed at the end of III semester: 22+22+21=65

Note:

Internship of 16 weeks shall be carried out during III semester.

Major part of the Project work shall also be carried out during the III semester in consultation with the Guide/s.

SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION - 2016-17

M.Tech POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

(Total number of credits prescribed for the programme - 85)

IV SEMESTER

			Teaching	Hours /Week		Exan	nination		
Sl. No	Subject Code	Title	Theory	Practical/ Field work/ Assignment	Duration in hours	I.A. Marks	Theory/ Practical Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	16EPS41	HVDC Power Transmission	04		03	20	80	100	4
2	16EPS42X	Elective - 3	03		03	20	80	100	3
3	16EPS43	Evaluation of Project phase - 2			1	50	-	50	3
4	16EPS44	Evaluation of Project and Viva-Voce			1	1	100 + 100	200	10
		TOTAL	07		06	90	360	450	20

Number of credits completed at the end of IV semester: 22+22+21+20=85

Elective - 3

Courses under Code 16EPS42X	Title
16EPS421	Power System Reliability
16EPS422	Wide Area Measurements and their Applications
16EPS423	Multi-Terminal DC Grids
16EPS424	Integration of Renewable Energy

Note: 1. Project Phase-1: 6-week duration shall be carried out between 2nd and 3rd Semester vacation. Candidates in consultation with the guide shall carry out literature survey/ visit industries to finalize the topic of Project.

- **2. Project Phase-2:** 16-week duration during 4th semester. Evaluation shall be done by the committee comprising of HoD as Chairman, Guide and Senior faculty of the department.
- 3. Project Evaluation: Evaluation shall be taken up at the end of 4th semester. Project work evaluation and Viva-Voce examination shall conducted
- 4. Project evaluation:
 - a. Internal Examiner shall carry out the evaluation for 100 marks.
 - b. External Examiner shall carry out the evaluation for 100 marks.
 - c .The average of marks allotted by the internal and external examiner shall be the final marks of the project evaluation.
 - d. Viva-Voce examination of Project work shall be conducted jointly by Internal and External examiner for 100 marks.

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) **CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) SEMESTER - I APPLIED MATHAMATICS (Core Course)** Course Code 16EEE11 IA Marks 20 Number of Lecture Hours/Week 04 Exam Hours 03 Total Number of Lecture Hours 50 Exam Marks 80 Credits - 04

Course objectives:

• The objectives of this course is to acquaint the students with principles of advanced mathematics through linear algebra, transform methods for differential equations, calculus of variations and linear and non-linear programming, that serve as an essential tool for applications of electrical engineering sciences.

Module-1		Teaching	
		Hours	
	ls: Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations- iterative methods based on ation – Muller method(no derivation), Chebyshev method. Fixed point iteration	10	
• •	r), acceleration of convergence- Δ^2 - Aitken's method. System of non-linear		
equations – Newton-Raphson method. Complex roots by Bairstow's method.			
-			
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying		
Module-2			
parabolic equations method. Hyperbolic	of Partial Differential Equations: Classification of second order equations, -solution of one dimensional heat equation, explicit method, Crank-Nicolson equations- solution of one dimensional wave equation and two-dimensional wexplicit method.	10	
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_3 – Applying		
Module-3			
properties, example Linear Transform	ations : Definition, properties, range and null space, rank and nullity, algebra of ns-invertible, singular and non-singular transformations, representation of	10	
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding		
Module-4			
method, SOR methor vectors of real symmetric s	Igebraic equations and Eigen value problems: Iterative methods - Gauss-Seidal od, Eigen value problems – Gerschgorian circle theorem, Eigen values and Eigen metric matrices -Jacobi method. mite interpolation, spline interpolation, numerical solution of differential ov method. ■	10	
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_3 – Applying		
Module-5			
problem, simplex m	ear programming- formulation of the problem, general linear programming nethod, artificial variable technique, Big M-method. asic terminologies, types of graphs, sub graphs, graphs isomorphism, connected	10	
graphs-walks, paths	, circuits, connected and disconnected graphs, operations on graphs, Eulerian paths conian paths and circuits, applications to electrical circuits.		

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) 16EEE11 APPLIED MATHAMATICS (Core Course) (continued) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Employ numerical techniques in order to achieve more accurate values in the computation of roots of algebraic and non-linear equations.
- 2. Utilize analytical and numerical schemes to solve partial differential equations applicable to engineering problems.
- 3. Understand vector spaces, basis, linear transformations and the process of obtaining matrix of linear transformations arising in magnification and rotation of images.
- 4. Apply standard iterative methods to compute Eigen values and solve ordinary differential equations.
- 5. Employ linear and non-linear programming techniques in simulation of network systems and optimization of electrical circuits. ■

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Critical Thinking Problem Solving, Research Skill, Usage of Modern Tools.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module. ■

Text/Reference Books

1	Linear Algebra and its Applications	David C.Lay et al	Pearson	5th Edition,2015
2	Numerical methods in Engineering and Science (with C, C++ & MATLAB)	B.S.Grewal	Khanna Publishers	2014
3	Graph Theory with Applications to Engineering and Computer Science	Narsingh Deo	PHI	2012
4	Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation	M. K. Jain et al	New Age International	9 th Edition, 2014
5	Higher Engineering Mathematics	B.S. Grewal	Khanna Publishers	43 rd Edition,2015
6	Linear Algebra	K.Hoffman et al	PHI	2011

- Web links: 1. http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineId=111
 - 2. http://www.class-central.com/Course/math(MOOCs)
 - 3.www.wolfram.com

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) **CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)**

SEMESTER - I

MODELLING AND ANALYSIS OF ELECTRICAL MACHINES (Core Course)						
Subject Code	16EPS12	IA Marks	20			
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Hours	03			
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Marks	80			
Credits - 04						

- To provide basic concepts of modelling of dc and ac machines.
- To provide knowledge of theory of transformation of three phase variable to two phase variable.
- To analyze the steady state and dynamic state operation of three-phase induction machines using transformation theory based mathematical modelling.
- To provide modeling concepts of single phase and three phase transformers.
- To analyze the steady state and dynamic state operation of three-phase synchronous machines using transformation theory based mathematical modelling.

transforma	tion theory based mathematical modelling. ■	
Module-1		Teaching Hours
phase synchronous primitive machine-v DC Machine Moo transient state analy	Modelling: Basic two pole machine representation of commutator machines, 3-machine with and without damper bar and 3-phase induction machine, Kron's voltage, current and torque equations. Idelling: Mathematical model of separately excited DC motor-steady state and rsis, sudden application of inertia load, transfer function of separately excited DC all model of dc series motor, shunt motor, linearization techniques for small	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level Module-2	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.	
Reference Frame obtain constant mat Dynamic Modellin electromagnetic tor model, rotor referen	Theory: Real time model of a two phase induction machine, transformation to rices, three phase to two phase transformation, power equivalence. In a go of Three Phase Induction Machine: Generalized model in arbitrary frame, que, deviation of commonly used induction motor models-stator reference frames ce frames model, synchronously rotating reference frames model, equations in flux odel, dynamic simulation. ■	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.	
machine, space pha motor. Transformer Mod connections, per pha change of base, per	tions of the Induction Machine: Derivation of small signal equations of induction sor model, DQ flux linkages model derivation, control principle of the induction lelling: Introduction, single phase transformer model, three phase transformer are analysis, normal systems, per unit normalization, per unit three phase quantities, unit analysis of normal system, regulating transformers for voltage and phase angle primers, transmission line and transformers.	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing, L_5 – Evaluating.	
Module-4		
machine variables, equations, torque e	chronous Machines: Introduction, voltage equations and torque equation in stator voltage equations in arbitrary and rotor reference frame variables, Park's quations in substitute variables, rotor angle and angle between rotors, per unit steady state operation. ■	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.	

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) 16EPS12 MODELLING AND ANALYSIS OF ELECTRICAL MACHINES (Core Course) (continued) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

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Module-5	Module-5	
Dynamic Analysis of Synchronous Machines: Dynamic performance during sudden change in input torque and during a 3-phase fault at the machine terminals, approximate transient torque versus rotor angle characteristics, comparison of actual and approximate transient torque-angle characteristics during a sudden change in input torque; first swing transient stability limit, comparison of actual and approximate transient torque-angle characteristics during a 3-phase fault at the machine terminals, critical clearing time, equal area criterion, computer simulation. ■		10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.	

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain the basic concepts of modeling.
- Develop mathematical models for DC motors for transient state analysis.
- Use reference frame theory to transform three phase to two phase.
- Develop dynamic model for three phase induction motor in stator ad rotor reference frames.
- Develop mathematical model of single phase transformers.
- Model synchronous machine using Park's transformation for the analysis of steady state operation.
- Model synchronous machine to perform dynamic analysis under different conditions.

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Design / development of solutions, Conduct investigations of complex Problems, Modern Tool Usage, Ethics,

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text/Reference Books

1	Generalized Theory of Electrical Machines	P.S.Bimbra	Khanna Publications	5th Edition,1995
2	Electric Motor Drives - Modelling, Analysis & Control	R. Krishnan	PHI Learning Private Ltd	Indian Edition, 2009
3	Analysis of Electrical Machinery and Drive Systems	P.C.Krause, et al	Wiley	2nd Edition,2010
4	Power System Analysis	Arthur R Bergen and Vijay Vittal	Pearson	2 nd Edition,2009
5	Power System Stability and Control	Prabha Kundur	Mc Graw Hill	1st Edition,1994
6	Dynamic Simulation of Electric Machinery using Matlab / Simulink	Chee-Mun Ong	Prentice Hall	1998

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

SEMESTER - I

POWER SYSTEM DYNAMICS (STABILITY AND CONTROL) (Core Course)				
Subject Code	16EPS13	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Hours	03	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Marks	80	
~ **: **				

Credits - 04

- To impart knowledge on dynamic modeling of a synchronous machine excitation and prime mover controllers.
- To describe the modeling of transmission lines, SVC and loads.
- To explain the dynamics of single machine connected to infinite bus.
- To describe the analysis of single and multi-machine systems and evaluation of transient stability.

Module-1		Teaching Hours
System Security, Sy Analysis of system Stability and Transi Modelling of Sync	Power System: Introduction, Power System Stability, States of Operation and ystem Dynamic Problems. stability: System Model, Mathematical Preliminaries, Analysis of Steady State ent Stability, Excitation Control. hronous Machine: Introduction, Synchronous Machine, Park's Transformation, State Performance, Per Unit Quantities. L₁ − Remembering, L₂ − Understanding, L₃ − Applying, L₄ − Analysing.	10
Module-2		-II
Determination of Pa Models, Transient A Control. Excitation and Pri	hronous Machine (continued): Equivalent Circuits of Synchronous Machine, arameters of Equivalent Circuits, Measurements for obtaining Data, Saturation Analysis of a Synchronous Machine, Power System Dynamics - Stability and me Mover Controllers: Excitation System, Excitation System Modelling, - Standard Block Diagram, System Representation by State Equations, Primetem.	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.	
Module-3		1
beta Variables), Sta Dynamics of a Syn Machine Model, A _I	es, SVC and Loads: Transmission Lines, D-Q Transformation using alpha and tic Var compensators, Loads. Inchronous Generator Connected to Infinite Bus: System Model, Synchronous opplication of Model 1.1, Calculation of Initial Conditions, System Simulation, ther Machine Models. Inclusion of SVC Model.	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing. L_5 – Evaluating, L_6 – Creating.	
Module-4		
Characteristic Equa Torques Analysis, S Application of Pov Control Signals, Str	Machine System: Small Signal Analysis with Block Diagram Representation, tion and Application of Routh-Hurwitz Criterion, Synchronizing and Damping Small Signal Model: State Equations, Nonlinear Oscillations - Hopf Bifurcation. ver System Stabilizers: Introduction, Basic concepts in applying PSS, ructure and tuning of PSS, Field implementation and operating experience, besign and Application. ■	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.	

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) 16EPS13 POWER SYSTEM DYNAMICS (STABILITY AND CONTROL) (Core Course) (continued) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

Module-5		Teaching Hours
II, Inclusion of Load Simulation for Tra Formulation of Syst	nachine System: A Simplified System Model, Detailed Models: Case I and Case d and SVC Dynamics, Modal Analysis of Large Power Systems, Case Studies. Insient Stability Evaluation: Mathematical Formulation, Solution Methods, tem Equations, Solution of System Equations, Simultaneous Solution, Case Equivalents and Model Reduction. ■	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.	

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain states of operation, system security and dynamic problems
- Use model of power system to assess system stability
- Model synchronous machine transmission line and loads.
- Model excitation and prime movers systems and static var systems.
- Use model to study the dynamics of a synchronous generator connected to infinite bus.
- Use models to analyze the single machine system connected to infinite bus.
- Discuss the use of power system stabilizers
- Use models of the multi machine system for the transient stability analysis.

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Design / development of solutions, Conduct investigations of complex Problems, Modern Tool Usage.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text/Reference Books

1	Power System Dynamics Stability and Control	K.R. Padiyar	B.S. Publications	2nd Edition,2008
2	Power system control and stability	P.M. Anderson et al	B.S. Publications	2 nd Edition,2003
3	Power System Dynamics and Stability	Peter W. Sauer et al	РНІ	1 st Edition, 1998

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) SEMESTER - I				
COMPUTER RE	COMPUTER RELAYING FOR POWER SYSTEMS (Core Course)			
Subject Code	Subject Code 16EPS14 IA Marks 20			
Number of Lecture Hours/Week 04 Exam Hours 03			03	
Total Number of Lecture Hours 50 Exam Marks 80				
Credits - 04				

- To explain the importance of computer relaying in power systems and different relaying practices.
- Provide mathematical basis for protective relaying algorithm and digital filters.
- To explain protection algorithm for transformers transmission lines.
- To explain relying applications of travelling waves in single and three phase lines. ■

Module-1		Teachin Hours
expected benefits of anti-aliasing filters, Relaying practices	mputer relaying: Development of computer relaying, historical background, computer relaying, computer relay architecture, analog to digital converters, substation computer hierarchy. Introduction to protection systems, functions of a protection system, protection s, transformer, reactor and generator protection, bus protection, performance of transformers. ■	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying.	
Module-2		
orthogonal expansion introduction to prob Digital filters: Intro	s for protective relaying algorithms: Introduction, Fourier series, other ons, Fourier transforms, use of Fourier transforms, discrete Fourier transform, ability and random process, random processes, Kalman filtering. oduction, discrete time systems, discrete time systems, Z Transforms, digital windowing, linear phase, Approximation – filter synthesis, wavelets, elements of e.	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying.	
Module-3		Ī
parameter estimatio of series compensat Protection of trans	relaying: Introduction, sources of error, relaying as parameter estimation, beyond n, symmetrical component distance relay, newer analytic techniques, protection ed. formers, machines and buses: Introduction, power transformer algorithms, n, motor protection, digital bus protection.	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying.	
Module-4		
relaying, the substate EMI, supplementary System relaying are synchronization, ap	ation in integrated systems: The nature of hardware issues, computers for ion environment, industry environmental standards, countermeasures against y equipment, redundancy and backup, servicing, training and maintenance. Introduction, measurement of frequency and phase, sampling clock plication of phasor measurements to state estimation, phasor measurements in ation, monitoring, control applications.	10
Revised Bloom's	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying.	

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) 16EPS14 COMPUTER RELAYING FOR POWER SYSTEMS (Core Course) (continued) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

	CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)	
Module-5		Teaching
		Hours
traveling waves on differential relaying developments. Wide area measur	ons of traveling waves: Introduction, traveling waves on single-phase lines, three-phase lines, directional wave relay, traveling wave distance relay, with phasors, traveling wave differential relays, fault location, other recent ement applications: Adaptive relaying, examples of adaptive relaying, wide area ins (WAMS), WAMS architecture, WAMS based protection concepts.	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying.	

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain advantages of computer relaying, its architecture and relaying practices used in power system.
- Provide mathematical basis for protective relaying algorithms.
- Explain digital filters used in computer relaying.
- Discuss transmission line relaying.
- Explain protection transformers, machines and buses.
- Explain hardware organization for computer relaying, system relaying.
- Explain relaying applications for travelling waves.
- Explain adaptive relaying and WAMS based protection. ■

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Design / development of solutions, Ethics,

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. ■

Text Book

1	Computer Relaying for Power Systems	Arun G. Phadke, James S. Thorp	Wiley	2 nd Edition,2009

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)				
	SEMESTER	- I		
EHV AC TRANSMISSION (Elective Course)				
Subject Code	16EPS151	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week 03 Exam Hours 03			03	
Total Number of Lecture Hours 40 Exam Marks 80				
	Credits - 03	3		

- To introduce recent trends in electrical power transmission and to evaluate line parameters.
- To explain the voltage gradients on conductor, corona and its effects.
- To explain the theory of travelling and standing waves on the power transmission lines.
- To explain protection of transmission lines from lightning and switching over voltages.
- To explain power frequency voltage control and design of EHV lines. ■

Module-1		Teaching
		Hours
Transmission Volta Loss, Examples of C Equipment, Mechan Calculation of Lin Conductors and Cu Line Configurations	e Trends and Preliminaries: Role of EHV AC Transmission, Standard ges, Average Values of Line Parameters, Power-Handling Capacity and Line Giant Power Pools and Number of Lines, Costs of Transmission Lines and nical Considerations in Line Performance. e and Ground Parameters: Resistance of Conductors, Temperature Rise of rrent-Carrying Capacity, Properties of Bundled Conductors, Inductance of EHV s, Line Capacitance Calculation, Sequence Inductances and Capacitances, Line les of Propagation, Resistance and Inductance of Ground Return.	08
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing, L_5 – Evaluating.	
Module-2		
Voltage Gradients of Conductors: Electrostatics, Field of Sphere Gap, Field of Line Charges and Their Properties, Charge-Potential Relations for Multi-Conductor lines, Surface Voltage Gradient on Conductors, Examples of Conductors and Maximum Gradients on Actual Lines, Gradient Factors and Their Use, Distribution of Voltage Gradient on Sub-conductors of Bundle, Design of Cylindrical Cages for Corona Experiments, Voltage Gradients on Conductors in the Presence of Ground Wires on Towers. ■		
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing, L_5 – Evaluating.	
Module-3		
Corona: I²R Loss and Corona Loss, Corona-Loss formulae, Attenuation of Travelling Waves due to Corona Loss, Audible Noise: Generation and Characteristics, Limits for Audible Noise. Generation of Corona Pulses and their Properties, Properties of Pulse Trains and Filter Response, Limits for Radio Interference Fields. Theory of Travelling Waves and Standing Waves: Travelling Waves and Standing Waves at Power Frequency, Differential Equations and Solutions for General Case, Standing Waves and Natural Frequencies, Open-Ended Line: Double-Exponential Response, Open-Ended Line: Response to Sinusoidal Excitation, Line Energization with Trapped-Charge Voltage, Corona Loss and Effective Shunt Conductance, The Method of Fourier Transforms, Reflection and Refraction of Travelling Waves, Transient Response of Systems with Series and Shunt Lumped Parameters and Distributed Lines, Principles of Travelling-Wave Protection of EHV Lines. ■		
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	$\begin{array}{c} L_1-Remembering,L_2-Understanding,L_3-Applying,L_4-Analysing,\\ L_5-Evaluating. \end{array}$	

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS)	
16EPS151 EHV AC TRANSMISSION (Elective Course) (continued)	
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)	
Module-4	Teaching Hours
Lightning and Lightning Protection: Lightning Strokes to Lines, Lightning-Stroke Mechanism, General Principles of the Lightning-Protection Problem, Tower-Footing Resistance, Insulator Flashover and Withstand Voltage, Probability of Occurrence of Lightning-Stroke Currents, Lightn Arresters and Protective Characteristics, Dynamic Voltage Rise and Arrester Rating, Operating Characteristics of Lightning Arresters, Insulation Coordination Based on Lightning. Over voltages in EHV Systems Caused by Switching Operations: Origin of Overvoltages and Their Types, Short-Circuit Current and the Circuit Breaker, Recovery Voltage and the Circuit Breaker, Overvoltages Caused by Interruption of Low Inductive Current, Interruption of Capacitiv Currents, Ferro-Resonance Overvoltages, Calculation of Switching Surges—Single Phase Equivalents, Distributed-Parameter Line Energized by Source, Generalized Equations for Single-Phase Representation, Generalized Equations for Three-Phase Systems, Inverse Fourier Transform for the General Case, Reduction of Switching Surges on EHV Systems, Experimental and Calculate Results of Switching-Surge Studies. ■	e
Revised Bloom's L_1 - Remembering, L_2 - Understanding, L_3 - Applying, L_4 - Analysing, L_5 - Evaluating.	
Module-5	
Power-Frequency Voltage Control and Over voltages: Problems at Power Frequency, Generalize Constants, No-Load Voltage Conditions and Charging Current, The Power Circle Diagram and Its Use, Voltage Control Using Synchronous Condensers, Cascade Connection of Components—Shur and Series Compensation, Sub-Synchronous Resonance in Series-Capacitor Compensated Lines, Static Reactive Compensating Systems (Static VAR), High Phase Order Transmission. Design of EHV Lines Based upon Steady-State Limits and Transient Overvoltages: Introduction, Design Factors Under Steady State, Design Examples: Steady-State Limits, Design Examples I to IV, Line Insulation Design Based Upon Transient Overvoltages. Revised Bloom's L₁ − Remembering, L₂ − Understanding, L₃ − Applying, L₄ − Analysing, L₅ − Evaluating.	

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain power transmission at extra high voltages.
- Calculate Line and Ground Parameters of transmission lines.
- Estimate the voltage gradients on conductor.
- Explain corona phenomenon on transmission line.
- Explain the propagation of travelling waves and formation of standing waves on transmission lines.
- Explain protection methods for lightening and switching surges on transmission lines.
- Explain power frequency voltage control over voltage on transmission line.
- Design of EHV Lines Based upon Steady-State Limits and Transient Overvoltages.

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge Problem Analysis, Design / development of solutions, Environment and sustainability, Ethics, Individual and Team work.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Boo	ok	

1	Extra High Voltage AC	Rakosh Das Begamudre	New Age International	4 th Edition,2011
	Transmission Engineering		Publishers.	
	Transmission Engineering		Publishers.	

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) SEMESTER - I					
POWER SYSTEM HARMONICS (Elective Course)					
Subject Code	16EPS152	IA Marks	20		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week 03 Exam Hours 03					
Total Number of Lecture Hours 40 Exam Marks 80					
Credits - 03					

Credits - 03

- To explain about different sources of harmonics in power system.
- To explain effects of harmonics and mitigation of harmonics.
- To explain modeling of power system components for harmonic studies.
- Introducing different methods of harmonic studies.

Module-1		Teaching Hours
harmonics in power calculation of passi banks and power fa Harmonics in Pow	Harmonics: Introduction, Examples of harmonic waveforms, characteristics of a systems, measurement of harmonic distortion, power in passive elements, we elements, resonance, capacitor banks and reactive power supply, capacitor actor correction, bus voltage rise and resonance, harmonics in transformers. Therefore, the system: Introduction, sources of harmonics, transformers, rotating machines, tatic var compensators, cycloconverters. Single phase controlled rectifiers, three	08
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	
Module-2		
environment, harme machines, protection	Distortion on Power System: Introduction, thermal losses in a harmonic onic effects on power system equipment, capacitor banks, transformers, rotating on, communication and electronic equipment. er system Harmonics: Introduction, harmonic filters, power converters,	08
	ng machines, capacitor banks, harmonic filter design, active filters.	
		_
transformers, rotati Revised Bloom's	ng machines, capacitor banks, harmonic filter design, active filters. ■	
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level Module-3 Limits of Harmon distortion limits. Harmonic studies of harmonics, skin shunt capacitor ban Transformer Mod admittance matrice	ng machines, capacitor banks, harmonic filter design, active filters. ■	08

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS)
16EPS152 POWER SYSTEM HARMONICS (Elective Course) (continued)
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

10	DEPS152 POWER SYSTEM HARMONICS (Elective Course) (continued)	
	CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)	
Module-4		Teaching Hours
series impedance, to capacitance, surge capacitance – single conversion betwee equivalent, the equivalent of the conversion between the c		08
Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.	
Module-5		
harmonic analysis	rmonic Studies: Introduction, harmonic analysis using a computer program, using spread sheet, harmonic distortion limits, harmonic filter rating, and practical rmonic study of simple system, 300 -22 kV power system and low voltage system. L ₁ – Remembering, L ₂ – Understanding, L ₃ – Applying, L ₄ – Analysing.	08
Taxonomy Level		

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain the fundamental of harmonics.
- Discuss the sources of harmonics in the power system.
- Explain the effects of harmonic distortion on power system.
- Explain the mitigation of harmonics in power system and the limits of harmonic distortion.
- Model generator and transformers for harmonic studies.
- Model transmission system; transmission lines and cables for harmonic studies. ■

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Design / development of solutions, Modern Tool Usage, Ethics.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text/Reference Books

2 Power System Harmonic Analysis Jos Arrillaga et al Wiley Reprint, 2014 3 Power System Harmonic J. Arrillaga, N.R. Watson Wiley 2nd Edition, 2003 4 Harmonics and Power Systems Francisco C. DE LA Rosa CRC Press Rosa 1st Edition, 2006	1	Power System Harmonics	George J Wakileh	Springer	Reprint, 2014
4 Harmonics and Power Systems Francisco C. DE LA CRC Press 1st Edition, 2006	2	Power System Harmonic Analysis	Jos Arrillaga et al	Wiley	Reprint, 2014
	3	Power System Harmonic	J. Arrillaga, N.R. Watson	Wiley	2 nd Edition, 2003
	4	Harmonics and Power Systems		CRC Press	1 st Edition, 2006

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS)						
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)						
	SEMESTER	- I				
LINEAR AND NONLINEAR OPTIMIZATION (Elective Course)						
Subject Code 16EPS153 IA Marks 20						
Number of Lecture Hours/Week 03 Exam Hours 03						
Total Number of Lecture Hours 40 Exam Marks 80						
Credits - 03						

- Provide introduction to optimization.
- Explanation to classification of optimization problems.
- Explanation for linear programming and solution of LPP problem.
- Explanation for nonlinear programming and solution of nonlinear programming problem by one dimensional minimization method. ■

Module-1		Teachir Hours
statement of an opti function, objective constraints, nature of involved, nonlinear	roduction, historical development, engineering applications of optimization, imization problem, design vector, design constraints, constraint surface, objective function surfaces, classification of optimization problems based on existence of of the design variables, physical structure of the problem, nature of the equations and linear programming problem(NLP and LPP), permissible values of the design histic nature of the functions, number of objective functions, optimization	08
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.	
Module-2		
optimization with n equality constraints method of Lagrange conditions, constrai	Optimization Problems: Introduction, single variable optimization, multivariable to constraints, semi-definite case, saddle point, multivariable—optimization with solution by direct substitution, by the method of constrained variation and by the multipliers, multivariable optimization with inequality constraints, Kuhn-Tucker nt qualification, Convex programming problem. ■	08
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.	
Module-3		
	ing-I: Introduction, applications of linear programming, standard form of a LPP,	08
pivotal reduction of algorithm, identifying	definitions and theorems, solution of a system of linear simultaneous equations, of a general system of equations, motivation of the simplex method, simplex ng an optimal point, improving a non-optimal basic feasible solution, two phases hod.	
pivotal reduction of algorithm, identifying of the simplex methal	of a general system of equations, motivation of the simplex method, simplex ng an optimal point, improving a non-optimal basic feasible solution, two phases	
pivotal reduction of algorithm, identifying of the simplex methal Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	of a general system of equations, motivation of the simplex method, simplex ng an optimal point, improving a non-optimal basic feasible solution, two phases hod.	
pivotal reduction of algorithm, identifying of the simplex metal Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level Module-4 Linear Programming primal-dual relation dual simplex methoright-hand-side constraint coefficients.	of a general system of equations, motivation of the simplex method, simplex ng an optimal point, improving a non-optimal basic feasible solution, two phases hod.	08

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) 16EPS153 LINEAR AND NONLINEAR OPTIMIZATION (Elective Course) (continued) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

	CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)	
Module-5		Teaching
		Hours
function, Unrestrict dichotomous search of elimination metl	amming - One Dimensional Minimization Methods: Introduction, Unimodal ted search with fixed step size and accelerated step size, exhaustive search, interval halving method, Fibonacci method, golden section method, comparison mods, interpolation methods, quadratic and cubic, direct root methods, Newton, Secant methods, practical considerations.	08
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.	

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Understand engineering applications of optimization
- State the optimization problem, constraints, and objective function.
- Classify optimization problem.
- Solve an optimization problem by direct substitution, by the method of constrained variation and by the method of Lagrange multipliers.
- Use Kuhn-Tucker conditions to solve multivariable optimization problem with inequality constraints.
- Use simplex method for the solving optimization problem represented by linear set of equations.
- Solve linear transportation problem.
- Explain Non-Linear Programming One Dimensional Minimization Methods of solving optimization problems. ■

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem analysis.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text/Reference Books

1	Engineering Optimization	Singiresu S Rao (S S Rao)	Wiley	1996
2	Applied Nonlinear Programming	David Mautner Himmelblau	Mc Graw Hill	1972

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) **CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) SEMESTER - I POWER SYSTEM VOLTAGE STABILITY (Elective Course)** Subject Code 16EPS154 IA Marks 20 Number of Lecture Hours/Week Exam Hours 03 03 Total Number of Lecture Hours 40 Exam Marks 80 Credits - 03

- Explain the importance of reactive power transmission, voltage stability in power system and reactive power compensation and control.
- To explain static and dynamic characteristics of loads and generation characteristics.
- To explain voltage stability improvement of large power systems by different methods.
- To explain voltage stability of systems with HVDC links and setting different operating guidelines for generation and transmission systems. ■

Module-1		Teaching Hours		
Electric Power Sv	stems: Introduction to Power System Analysis and Operation, Active and	08		
	ansmission, Difficulties with Reactive Power Transmission, Short Circuit	00		
	cuit Ratio, and Voltage, Regulation.			
	Voltage Stability, Voltage Collapse, and Voltage Security, Time Frames for			
	, Mechanisms, Relation of Voltage Stability to Rotor Angle Stability, Voltage			
	re Power Systems, P-V and V – Q Curves, Graphical Explanation of Longer-Term			
Voltage Stability.				
	ompensation and Control: Transmission System Characteristics, Series			
	Capacitor Banks and Shunt Reactors, Static Var Systems, Comparisons between			
	ompensation, Synchronous Condensers, Transmission Network LTC			
Transformers. ■	r			
Revised Bloom's	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.			
Taxonomy Level	E ₁ remembering, E ₂ chaerstanding.			
Module-2		•		
Power System Los	ads: Overview of Subtransmission and Distribution Networks, Static and Dynamic	08		
Characteristics of Load Components, Reactive Compensation of Loads, LTC Transformers and				
Distribution Voltag	ge Regulators.			
Revised Bloom's				
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.			
Taxonomy Level Module-3		08		
Module-3 Generation Chara	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	08		
Module-3 Generation Chara	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	08		
Taxonomy Level Module-3 Generation Chara Protection, System Control (AGC). ■	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding. **Acteristics: Generator Reactive Power Capability, Generator Control and Response to Power Impacts, Power Plant Response, Automatic Generation	08		
Module-3 Generation Chara Protection, System Control (AGC). ■ Revised Bloom's	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	08		
Taxonomy Level Module-3 Generation Chara Protection, System Control (AGC). ■	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding. **Acteristics: Generator Reactive Power Capability, Generator Control and Response to Power Impacts, Power Plant Response, Automatic Generation	08		
Module-3 Generation Chara Protection, System Control (AGC). ■ Revised Bloom's	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding. **Acteristics: Generator Reactive Power Capability, Generator Control and Response to Power Impacts, Power Plant Response, Automatic Generation	08		
Taxonomy Level Module-3 Generation Chara Protection, System Control (AGC). ■ Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level Module-4	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding. **Acteristics: Generator Reactive Power Capability, Generator Control and Response to Power Impacts, Power Plant Response, Automatic Generation	08		
Module-3 Generation Chara Protection, System Control (AGC). Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level Module-4 Voltage Stability	$L_1 - \text{Remembering, } L_2 - \text{Understanding.}$ $\textbf{acteristics:} \text{ Generator Reactive Power Capability, Generator Control and }$ $\textbf{Response to Power Impacts, Power Plant Response, Automatic Generation}$ $L_1 - \text{Remembering, } L_2 - \text{Understanding.}$			
Module-3 Generation Chara Protection, System Control (AGC). Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level Module-4 Voltage Stability Flow Analysis, 7.4	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding. **Reteristics: Generator Reactive Power Capability, Generator Control and Response to Power Impacts, Power Plant Response, Automatic Generation L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding. **Of a Large System: System Description, Load Modelling and Testing, Power			
Module-3 Generation Chara Protection, System Control (AGC). Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level Module-4 Voltage Stability Flow Analysis, 7.4	$L_1 - \text{Remembering, } L_2 - \text{Understanding.}$ $\textbf{acteristics:} \text{ Generator Reactive Power Capability, Generator Control and Response to Power Impacts, Power Plant Response, Automatic Generation}$ $L_1 - \text{Remembering, } L_2 - \text{Understanding.}$ $\textbf{of a Large System:} \text{ System Description, Load Modelling and Testing, Power Dynamic Performance Including Undervoltage Load Shedding, Automatic}$			

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) 16EPS154 POWER SYSTEM VOLTAGE STABILITY (Elective Course) (continued) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CRCS)

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)	,
Module-5	Teaching Hours
Voltage Stability with HVDC Links: Basic Equations for HVDC, HVDC Operation, Voltage Collapse, Voltage Stability Concepts Based on Short Circuit Ratio, Power System Dynamic Performance, Power System Planning and Operating Guidelines: Solutions: Generation System, Solutions: Transmission System, Distribution and Load Systems, Power System Operation, Voltage Stability Challenge. ■	08

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain in detail the voltage stability problem.
- Explain reactive power compensation and control to minimize the voltage stability problem.
- Explain the dynamic characteristics of load components and generators in the systems.
- Suggest suitable method for voltage stability improvement of large power system.
- Provide a solution for the voltage stability problem of system with HVDC links.
- Explain operating guidelines for transmission and generation system. ■

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem analysis.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text/Reference Books

1	Power System Voltage Stability	Carson W. Taylor	McGraw-Hill	1994
2	Voltage Stability of Electric Power Systems	Van Cutsem, Thierry et al	Springer	1998
3	Power System Stability and Control	P.Kundur	McGraw-Hill	1994

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)					
	SEMESTER	k - I			
POWER SYSTEMS LABORATORY-I					
Subject Code	16EPSL16	IA Marks	20		
Number of Practical Hours/Week	03	Exam Hours	03		
Total Number of Practical Hours 40 Exam Marks 80					
Credits - 02					

- Conduct of experiment for operator request power flow analysis, contingency analysis and ranking for a interconnected power system.
- Conduct of experiment for ATC computation, open access feasibility study, reactive power optimization and loss minimization studies.
- Conduct of experiments for economic dispatch problem, observability analysis, state estimation and bad data detection.
- Conduction of experiments for relay coordination and harmonic analysis.

Sl. NO	Experiments				
1	Operator request load flow using voltage and frequency dependent load modelling and generator droop characteristic.				
2	Contingency analysis and Ranking for a given inter connected power system having minimum ten buses and ten series elements.				
3	Obtaining of PV & PQ curve for a given power system with load buses and Voltage instability analysis.				
4	ATC computation and open access feasibility studies for the given power system network.				
5	Reactive power optimization and loss minimization studies for a given power system.				
6	Economic dispatch problem taking into account the network loading constraints and computation of bus incremental cost.				
7	Observability analysis, state estimation and bad data detection for a given power system using measurement data.				
8	Sequence impedance diagram development and distribution of earth fault current computation in a practical power system having auto transformers with tertiary delta winding, star-delta and delta-star configurations.				
9	Over current relay co-ordination with and without instantaneous setting for a given network with NI relay characteristic curves.				
10	Harmonic analysis and voltage and current harmonic distortion computation for a given power system. Tuned filter design to eliminate the harmonic currents.				
	ded Bloom's L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing, L_5 – Evaluating.				

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Apply the knowledge of electrical engineering in conducting different experiment in the laboratory.
- Use suitable simulation software package for the conduction of experiments and analyze the results. ■

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Conduct investigations of complex Problems, Modern Tool Usage, Individual and Team work, Communication.

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) **CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)**

SEMESTER - I

SEMINAR				
Course Code	16EPS17	IA Marks	100	
No. of Lecture Hours/Week		Exam Hours		
Number of contact Hours/week	03	Number of Tutorial Hours/week		
Total No. of contact Hours		Exam Marks		

Credits - 01

The objective of the seminar is to inculcate self-learning, face audience confidently, enhance communication skill, involve in group discussion and present and exchange ideas.

Each student, under the guidance of a Faculty, is required to

- Choose, preferably, a recent topic of his/her interest relevant to the Course of Specialization.
- Carryout literature survey, organize the Course topics in a systematic order.
- Prepare the report with own sentences.
- Type the matter to acquaint with the use of Micro-soft equation and drawing tools or any such facilities.
- Present the seminar topic orally and/or through power point slides.
- Answer the queries and involve in debate/discussion.
- Submit two copies of the typed report with a list of references.

The participants shall take part in discussion to foster friendly and stimulating environment in which the students are motivated to reach high standards and become self-confident.

The Internal Assessment marks for the seminar shall be awarded (based on the relevance of the topic, presentation skill, participation in the question and answer session and quality of report) by the committee constituted for the purpose by the Head of the Department. The committee shall consist of three faculties from the department with the senior most acting as the Chairman.

Marks distribution for internal assessment of the course 16EPS17 seminar:

Seminar Report: 30 marks Presentation skill:50 marks Ouestion and Answer:20 marks

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Design / development of solutions, Conduct investigations of complex Problems, Modern Tool Usage, Engineers and society, Environment and sustainability, Ethics, Individual and Team work, Communication.

SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION - 2016-17

M.Tech POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

(Total number of credits prescribed for the programme - 85)

II SEMESTER

			Teaching	Hours /Week	Examination				
Sl. No	Subject Code	Title	Theory	Practical/ Field work/ Assignment	Duration in hours	I.A. Marks	Theory/ Practical Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	16EPS21	Power Electronic Converters	04		03	20	80	100	4
2	16EPS22	Insulators for Power System	04		03	20	80	100	4
3	16EPS23	Switching in Power Systems	04		03	20	80	100	4
4	16EPS24	FACTS Controllers	04		03	20	80	100	4
5	16EPS25X	Elective - 2	03		03	20	80	100	3
6	16EPSL26	Power System Laboratory - II	-	3	03	20	80	100	2
7	16EPS 27	Seminar	-	3	-	100	-	100	1
	T	OTAL	19	06	18	220	480	700	22

Number of credits completed at the end of II semester: 22+22=44

Elective - 2

Courses under Code 16EPS25X	Title
16EPS251	Restructured Power Systems
16EPS252	Smart Grid
16EPS253	Power Quality Problems and Mitigation
16EPS254	Substation Automation Systems

Note: Project Phase-1: 6-week duration shall be carried out between 2nd and 3rd Semester vacation. Candidates in consultation with the guide shall carry out literature survey/ visit industries to finalize the topic of Project.

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) SEMESTER - II					
POWER EI	POWER ELECTRONIC CONVERTERS (Core Course)				
Course Code	16EPS21	IA Marks	20		
Number of Lecture Hours/Week 04 Exam Hours 03			03		
Total Number of Lecture Hours 50 Exam Marks 80					
Credits - 04					

- To impart knowledge of PWM techniques in controlling the converter operation.
- To impart knowledge of designing and analyzing DC DC PWM converters and control modules.
- To impart knowledge of designing and analyzing DC AC and AC DC converters.
- To impart knowledge of analyzing different types of resonant converters and their control.
- To impart knowledge of AC –AC converters and multilevel controllers. ■

Module-1		Teaching Hours
Galvanically Isolate of the Output Volta Discontinuous Mod Discontinuous Mod Pull (Symmetric) C Characteristics, Sele	werters: Forward Converters - Analysis of the Basic Circuit, and Forward Converter, Boost Converter - Analysis of the Basic Scheme, Variation ge, Boundary Between the Continuous and the Discontinuous Mode, e Power Losses, Indirect Converter - Boundary Between the Continuous and the ge, Discontinuous Mode, Indirect Converter with Galvanic Separation, Push — converters - Analysis of Idealized Circuit in Continuous Mode, Output section of Components, DC Premagnetization of the Core, Half-Bridge Converter, Hamilton Circuit, Ćuk Converters - Elimination of the Current Ripple, Ćuk Ivanic Isolation.	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.	
Module-2		
Simple PWM, Volta Modules - Control I DC/AC Converter Pulse-Width Modul Asynchronous PWN Application of Space Influence.	Basic Principles and Characteristics of PWM Control Modules - Circuit Analysis, age-Controlled PWM, Current-Controlled PWM- Compensated PWM, IC Control Module TL494, Control Module SG1524/2524/3524, Control Module TDA 1060. s – Inverters: Single-Phase Voltage Inverters - Pulse-Controlled Output Voltage, ated Inverters - Unipolar PWM, Three-Phase Inverters-Overmodulation (m _a > 1), M, Space Vector Modulation - Space Vector Modulation: Basic Principles, the Vector Modulation Technique, Direct and Inverse Sequencing, Real Drive	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.	
Module-3		
Commutation of Cu Rectifiers, Phase Co Bridge Rectifiers, T Active Rectifier - A Control Techniques	s – Rectifiers: Half-Wave Single-Phase Rectifiers, Full-Wave Rectifiers - arrent, Output Filters - Capacitive Filter, L Filter, Voltage Doublers, Three-Phase ontrolled Rectifiers - Full-Wave Thyristor Rectifiers, Three-Phase Thyristor welve-Pulse Rectifiers, Rectifiers with Circuit for Power Factor Correction, active Rectifier with Hysteresis Current Controller, PWM Rectifiers - Advanced of PWM Rectifiers , PWM Rectifier with Current Output, PWM Rectifiers in the Topologies of PWM Rectifiers, Applications of PWM Rectifiers.	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing, L_5 – Evaluating.	

16EF	M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) PS21 POWER ELECTRONIC CONVERTERS (Core Course) (continued) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)	
Module-4	, ,	Teaching Hours
Converters, Parallel Converters Based on Resonant Switches - Converters, ZVS Re Shift Bridge Conver	rs: Resonant Circuits - Resonant Converters of Class D, Series Resonant Resonant Converters, Series – Parallel Resonant Converter, Series Resonant a GTO Thyristors, Class E Resonant Converters, DC/DC Converters Based on ZCS Quasi-resonant Converters, ZVS Quasi-resonant Converters, Multiresonant sonant DC/AC Converters, Soft Switching PWM DC/DC Converters -Phase ters, Resonant Transitions PWM Converters, Control Circuits of Resonant and Circuit Family UCx861-8, Integrated Circuits for Control of Soft, Switching	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.	
Module-5		
Three-Phase Conver AC/AC Matrix Conver Current Commutation Introduction to Mu Interval: nT < t < nT Cascaded H-Bridge Inverter, Other Multi	: Single-Phase AC/AC Voltage Converters - Time Proportional Control ters, Frequency Converters, Direct Frequency Converters, Introduction to verters - Basic Characteristics, Bidirectional Switches, Realization of Input Filter, In, Protection of Matrix Converter, Application of Matrix Converter. Itilevel Converters: Basic Characteristics - Multilevel DC/DC Converters, Time $I + DT$, $I = 0$, I	10

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain the basic topology and analysis of PWM DC/ DC in both Continuous (CCM) and Discontinuous Current Mode (DCM).
- Discuss on loss mechanisms in the PWM DC/ DC converters.
- Describes circuits used to control power electronic systems, and their application.
- Explain analysis and control techniques of single-phase and three phase bridge DC/AC Converters.
- Explain the operation, analysis and control techniques of uncontrolled, phase controlled and high power factor PWM AC/DC Converters.
- Describes single-phase and three-phase AC/AC voltage converters, direct and indirect frequency converters and matrix converters and their applications.
- Describes different topologies of Resonant Converters and some control circuits used in resonant converters.
- Explain basic topologies of DC/DC and DC/AC multilevel converters and control techniques used. ■

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem analysis.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. ■

Text/	Text/Reference Books				
1	Power Electronics Converters and Regulators	Branko L. Doki ć Branko Blanu š a	Springer (International Publishing, Switzerland)	3 rd Edition, 2015	
2	Power Electronics Converters, Applications, and Design	Ned Mohan at el	Wiley	3 rd Edition,2014	

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) SEMESTER - II				
INSULATORS FOR POWER SYSTEM (Core Course)				
Course Code	16EPS22	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Hours	03	
Total Number of Lecture Hours 50 Exam Marks 80				
Credits - 04				

- To define insulator and its terminology and to explain the construction, classification and stresses on insulators.
- To explain design, manufacturing and testing standards of different types of insulators.
- To explain selection of insulators and physics of contamination and pollution flashover.
- To explain terminology of ice, its electrical characteristics, flashover process and icing test methods.
- To explain different tests on insulators and to derive conclusion from the test results.

Module-1		Teaching Hours
	ion, Insulators for Transmission System, Elements of an Insulator. Terminology	10
for Insulators: Class	sification of Insulators, Insulator Construction, Electrical Stresses on Insulators,	
Environmental Stre	sses on Insulators, Mechanical Stresses. ■ (Refer to chapter 01 of JST Looms and	
chapter 02 of Maso	ud Farzaneh)	
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	
Module-2		
Insulators.	for Insulators: Need for Standards, Standards Producing Organizations,	10
philosophy of vario Porcelain/Glass Ins	, Classification of Porcelain /Glass Insulator Tests, Brief Description and us Tests for /Cap and Pin Porcelain/Glass Insulators, Summary of Standards for ulators, Standards for Nonceramic (Composite) Insulators, Classification of Tests, ef Description, Summary of Standards for Non-ceramic Insulators. ■ (Refer to of Ravi S Gorur)	
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	
Module-3		
Basic Lightning Im Silicone Rubber Ins Insulators, Mainten Physics of contam processes, Equilibri Physics of Pollutio	tors: Introduction, Cost and Weight, National Electricity Safety Code (NESC), pulse Insulation Level (BIL), Contaminating Performance, Experience with sulators in Salt Areas of Florida, Compaction, Grading Rings for Nonceramic ance Inspections. Ination: Electrically significant deposits, Contaminating processes, Purging um deposit, Assessment of required insulation: Severity measurement. In flashover: Flash paradox, Stages of the flashover process, Models and of complete flashover. ■ (Refer to chapters 04 of Ravi S Gorur, chapters 10 and	10
11 01 351 Looms)		
Revised Bloom's	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	_
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level Module-4 Icing Flashovers: Flashover Experien	L ₁ – Remembering, L ₂ – Understanding. Ferminology for Ice, Ice Morphology, Electrical Characteristics of Ice, Ice ce, Ice Flashover Processes, Icing Test Methods, Ice Flashover Test Results. of Masoud Farzaneh)	10

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS)	
16EPS22 INSULATORS FOR POWER SYSTEM (Core Course) (continued)	
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)	
Module-5	Teachin
	g Hours
Testing of Insulators: Classes of test, Natural pollution testing: Background, Artificial pollution	10
testing, Comparison of artificial-pollution tests, Source impedance: Effect on test results, Principles of	
mechanical testing.	
Conclusions from pollution test on insulators: Scope of chapter, Deterioration: test results, validity	
of testing of insulators.	

Insulator of the future: Indicators from known facts, Extrapolation from current practices. ■ (Refer to chapters 12, 13 and 17 of JST Looms)

Revised Bloom's **Taxonomy Level** L₁ - Remembering, L₂ - Understanding, L₃ - Applying, L₄ - Analysing

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Define insulator and its terminology.
- Explain the classification and stresses on insulators.
- Explain designing, manufacturing and testing standards of insulators.
- Suggest an insulator for a particular voltage.
- Explain physics of contamination and pollution flashover.
- Explain terminology of ice, its electrical characteristics, flashover process and icing test methods.
- Conduct tests on insulators. ■

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Design / development of solutions, Conduct investigations of complex Problems, Engineers and society, Environment and sustainability, Ethics. ■

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Books

1	Insulators for High Voltages	J.S.T. Looms	Institution of Engineering and Technology	2006
2	Outdoor Insulators	Ravi S Gorur	Ravi S Gorur, Inc. 16215 S. 36 th Street, Phoenix, Arizona 85044	1999
3	Insulators for Icing and Polluted Environments	Masoud Farzaneh et al	Wiley	2009

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)				
SEMESTER - II SWITCHING IN POWER SYSTEMS (Core Course)				
Course Code				
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Hours	03	
Total Number of Lecture Hours 50 Exam Marks 80				
Credits - 04				

- To explain the practical aspects of switching, to describe the phenomena governing the switching process, the switching arc and the transient recovery voltage (TRV).
- To discuss faults in power systems, the switching of fault currents, correctly termed the making and breaking operations, resulting from various types of faults in power systems.
- To explain switching of loads: overhead lines, capacitor banks and shunt reactors operated under normal condition.
- To explain the calculation of the switching transients the switching processes in gaseous media.
- To discuss different circuit-breakers and to describes the switching in vacuum circuit breaker.
- To explain special switching situations and the appropriate devices used and the switching over voltages in systems and their mitigation. ■

in systems	and their mitigation. ■	
Module-1		Teaching Hours
Purpose of Switchin Classification of Ci- Faults in Power Sy System and Compo Fault-Current Bre	r Systems: Introduction, Organization of this Book, Power-System Analysis, ag, The Switching Arc, Transient Recovery Voltage (TRV), Switching Devices, reuit-Breakers. restems: Introduction, Asymmetrical Current, Short-Circuit Current Impact on nents, Fault Statistics. raking and Making: Introduction, Fault-Current Interruption, Terminal Faults, and Faults, Reactor-Limited Faults.	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	
Module-2		
Switching, Fault-Cu	aking and Making (continued): Faults on Overhead Lines, Out-of-Phase arrent Making. Tormal-Load Switching, Capacitive-Load Switching, Inductive-Load Switching.	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	
Module-3		•
Current Interrupt	tching Transients: Analytical Calculation, Numerical Simulation of Transients. ion in Gaseous Media: Introduction, Air as an Interrupting Medium, Oil as an an Analytical (SF6) as an Interrupting Medium, SF6 − N2 Mixtures. ■	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	
Module-4		<u>I</u>
Current Interrupt Arcs. Vacuum Circuit-B Switchgear, Reliabi Capacity, Dielectric Switchgear for HV	•	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS)	
16EPS23 SWITCHING IN POWER SYSTEMS (Core Course) (continued)	
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)	
Module-5	Teaching
	Hours
Special Switching Situations: Generator-Current Breaking, Delayed Current Zero in Transmission	10
Systems, Disconnector Switching, Earthing, Switching Related to Series Capacitor Banks,	
Switching Leading to Ferro resonance, Fault-Current Interruption Near Shunt Capacitor Banks,	
Switching in Ultra-High-Voltage (UHV) Systems, High-Voltage AC Cable System Characteristics,	
Switching in DC Systems, Distributed Generation and Switching Transients, Switching with Non-	
Mechanical Devices.	
Switching Overvoltages and Their Mitigation: Overvoltages, Switching Overvoltages,	
Switching-Voltage Mitigation, Mitigation by Controlled Switching. ■	

Course outcomes:

Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain switching, the phenomena governing the switching process, the switching arc and the transient recovery voltage (TRV).
- Discuss faults in power systems and the switching of fault currents.

 L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.

- Explain switching of loads, overhead lines, capacitor banks and shunt reactors operated under normal condition
- Calculate the switching transients.
- Explain the switching processes in gaseous media.
- Discuss different circuit-breakers.
- Discuss the switching in vacuum circuit breaker.
- Explain special switching situations, the appropriate devices used and the switching over voltages in systems and their mitigation. ■

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Engineers and society, Environment and sustainability, Ethics.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. ■

Text Book

1	Switching in Electrical Transmission and Distribution Systems	Ren'e Smeets et al	Wiley	2015

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)				
SEMESTER - II				
FACTS CONTROLLERS (Core Course)				
Course Code	16EPS24	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Hours	03	
Total Number of Lecture Hours 50 Exam Marks 80				
	Credits - 04			

- To discuss the growth of complex electrical power networks and to introduce the lack of controllability of the active- and reactive-power flows in energized networks.
- To describe the conventional controlled systems and introduce the basic operating principles of new FACTS devices
- To describe the various components of a general SVC, its control system, an overview of the voltage-control characteristics of SVC and the principles of design of the SVC voltage regulator.
- To explain the concepts of SVC control in such applications as stability enhancement, damping subsynchronous oscillations, improvement of HVDC link performance and the basic issues relating to the design of SVC controllers in different applications.
- To explain the concepts of series compensation, TCSC controller and its operation, characteristics, modeling and applications.

To introduce voltage source converter based facts devices.

Module-1		Teaching Hours
Conventional Control Transmission Network Reactive-Power Co Uncompensated Tra Principles of Conve Condensers, The Sat Controlled Transform	ontrol in Electrical Power Transmission Systems: Reactive Power, Insmission Lines, Passive Compensation. entional Reactive-Power Compensators: Introduction, Synchronous Eurated Reactor (SR), The Thyristor-Controlled Reactor (TCR), The Thyristor-	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	
Module-2		I.
Thyristor-Controlled Controlled Reactor (Capacitor-Thyristor	entional Reactive-Power Compensators (continued): The Fixed Capacitor—I Reactor (FC–TCR), The Mechanically Switched Capacitor—Thyristor—MSC–TCR), The Thyristor-Switched Capacitor (TSC), The Thyristor-Switched -Controlled Reactor (TSC–TCR), A Comparison of Different SVCs.	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	
Module-3		
2nd Harmonic Intera Compensated ac Sys Revised Bloom's	rol (continued): Effect of Network Resonances on the Controller Response, The action between the SVC and ac Network, Application of the SVC to Seriesstems, 3rd Harmonic Distortion, Voltage-Controller Design Studies. \blacksquare L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	10
Taxonomy Level		
Module-4		
Transient Stability, A	Introduction, Increase in Steady-State Power-Transfer Capacity, Enhancement of Augmentation of Power-System Damping - Principle of the SVC Auxiliary attributions of SVC Controllers, Effect of the Power System, Effect of the SVC, Subsynchronous Resonance (SSR) - Principle of SVC Control, Configuration and	10

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) 16EPS24 FACTS CONTROLLERS (Core Course) (continued)			
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)	Tanahina		
Module-4 (continued)	Teaching Hours		
The Thyristor-Controlled Series Capacitor (TCSC): Series Compensation, The TCSC Controlled			
Operation of the TCSC, The TSSC, Analysis of the TCSC, Capability Characteristics, Harmonic			
Performance, Losses, Response of the TCSC, Modelling of the TCSC. ■			
Revised Bloom's L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.			
Module-5			
TCSC Applications: Introduction, Open-Loop Control, Closed-Loop Control, Improvement of the System-Stability Limit, Enhancement of System Damping, Subsynchronous Resonance (SSR) Mitigation, Voltage-Collapse Prevention. VSC based FACTS Controllers: Introduction, The STATCOM, The SSSC, The UPFC, Comparative Evaluation of Different FACTS Controllers. ■	10		

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Discuss the growth of complex electrical power networks, the lack of controllability of the active- and reactive-power flows in energized networks.
- Describe the conventional controlled systems and the basic operating principles of FACTS.
- Describe the various components of a general SVC, its control system, control characteristics and the design of the SVC voltage regulator.
- Explain the use of SVC in stability enhancement, damping subsynchronous oscillations, improvement of HVDC link performance.
- Explain the concepts of series compensation, TCSC controller and its operation, characteristics, modeling and applications.
- Explain the operation of voltage source converter based FACTS.

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Lifelong Learning.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. ■

Text/Reference Books				
1	Thyristor-Based FACTs Controllers for Electrical Transmission Systems	R. Mohan Mathur Rajiv K. Varma	Wiley	2002
2	Understanding FACTS : concepts and technology of flexible AC Transmission systems	Narain G. Hingorani Laszlo Gyugyi.	Wiley	2000
3	Facts Controllers in Power Transmission and Distribution	K. R. Padiyar	New Age Internation	2007

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) SEMESTER - II				
RESTRUCTURED POWER SYSTEMS (Elective Course)				
Course Code	16EPS251	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	Exam Hours	03	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Marks	80	
Credits - 03				

- To discuss the factors behind deregulation of the power sector and the after-effects of the same.
- To discuss established models of operational planning activities such as economic load dispatch, unit commitment and optimal power flow.
- To analyze different market models, and the operational planning issues specific to these, from the perspective of, both, the independent generator and the system operator.
- To explain transmission management issues such as pricing, security and congestion management and mechanisms by which these issues are addressed in the various forms of deregulated structures.
- To explain ancillary service management, their categorization, and pricing mechanisms as practiced in different electricity markets and Reactive power management an Ancillary Service.
- To explain basics of reliability analysis of power systems and deregulation.

To explain basics of fenantity analysis of power systems and delegatation.			
Module-1	Teaching Hours		
Deregulation of the Electricity Supply Industry: Introduction, Meaning of Deregulation	08		
Background to Deregulation and the Current Situation around the World, Benefits from a Competitive			
Electricity Market, After Effects of Deregulation.			
Power System Economic Operation Overview: Introduction, Economical Load Dispatch, Optimal	ı		
Power Flow as a Basic Tool, Unit Commitment, Formation of Power Pools. ■			
Revised Bloom's L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.			
Taxonomy Level			
Module-2			
Power System Operation in Competitive Environment: Introduction, Role of Independent System	08		
Operator (ISO), Operational Planning Activities of ISO, Operational Planning Activities of a Genco.			
Revised Bloom's L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.			
Taxonomy Level			
Module-3			
Transmission Open Access and Pricing Issues: Introduction, Power Wheeling, Transmission Open	08		
Access, Cost Components in Transmission, Pricing of Power Transactions, Transmission Open			
Access and Pricing Mechanisms in Various Countries, Developments in International Transmission			
Pricing in Europe, Security Management in Deregulated Environment, Congestion Management in Deregulation. ■			
Revised Bloom's L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.			
Taxonomy Level			
Module-4			
Ancillary Services Management: Ancillary Services and Management in Various Countries, Reactive Power as an Ancillary Service. ■			
Module-5			
Reliability and Deregulation: Terminology, Reliability Analysis, Network Model, Reliability Costs	08		
Hierarchical Levels, Reliability and Deregulation, Performance Indicators. ■			

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) 16EPS251 RESTRUCTURED POWER SYSTEMS (Elective Course) (continued) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain the factors behind deregulation of the power sector and the after-effects of the same.
- Discuss established models of operational planning activities; economic load dispatch, unit commitment and optimal power flow.
- Analyze different market models, and their operational planning issues.
- Explain transmission management issues; pricing, security and congestion management and their mechanisms.
- Explain ancillary service management, their categorization, and pricing mechanisms as practiced in different electricity markets.
- Explain Reactive power management an Ancillary Service.
- Explain basics of reliability analysis of power systems and deregulation.

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Conduct investigations of complex Problems, Engineers and society, Environment and sustainability, Ethics.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Book 1 Operation of Restructured Power Systems Kankar Bhattacharya et al Kluwer Academic 2001

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)				
SEMESTER - II				
SMART GRID (Elective Course)				
Course Code	16EPS252	IA Marks	20	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	Exam Hours	03	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Marks	80	
	Credits - 03		•	

- To give an overview of smart grid and to explain the technologies required for it, the data communication architectures, switching techniques communication channels and technologies for smart grids.,
- To explain need of information security for smart grid and cyber security standards, smart metering, communication infrastructure and protocols for smart metering.
- To explain the automation equipment for distribution in smart grid, management system, faults that can occur in smart grid and voltage regulation
- To explain transmission system operation in smart grids and the power electronic converters used in smart grid.
- To introduce the power electronic equipment used for the control of bulk power flow and the energy storage technologies. ■

Module-1	chnologies. ■	Teachi
		Hours
The Smart Grid: Introduction, Smart Grid and Early initiatives, Overview of the technologies required for the Smart Grid. Data communication: Introduction, Dedicated and shared communication channels, Switching techniques, Communication channels, Layered architecture and protocols. Communication technologies for the Smart Grid: Introduction, Communication technologies, Standards for information exchange. ■		08
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level Module-2	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	
		08
Information security for the Smart Grid: Introduction, Encryption and decryption, Authentication, Digital signatures, Cyber security standards. Smart metering and demand-side integration: Introduction, Smart metering, Smart meters: An overview of the hardware used, Communications infrastructure and protocols for smart metering, Demand-side integration. ■		
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	
Module-3		
distribution system Distribution mana	nation equipment: Introduction, Substation automation equipment, Faults in the , Voltage regulation. ngement systems: Introduction, Data sources and associated external systems, lysis tools, Applications. ■	08
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	
Module-4		
Transmission system operation: Introduction, Data sources, Energy management systems, Wide area applications, Visualisation techniques. Power electronic converters: Introduction, Current source converters, Voltage source converters. Power electronics in the Smart Grid: Introduction, Renewable energy generation, Fault current limiting, Shunt compensation, Series compensation. ■		
area applications, V Power electronic of Power electronics	converters: Introduction, Current source converters, Voltage source converters. in the Smart Grid: Introduction, Renewable energy generation, Fault current	

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) 16EPS252 SMART GRID (Elective Course) (continued) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)		
Module-5		Teaching Hours
Energy storage: En	for bulk power flows: Introduction, FACTS, HVDC. nergy storage technologies, Case study 1: Energy storage for wind power, Case ad control of electrical vehicle battery charging. ■	08
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain smart grid, the technologies required for it, the data communication architectures.
- Explain switching techniques, communication channels and technologies for smart grids.
- Explain need of information security for smart grid and cyber security standards.
- Discuss smart metering, and protocols for smart metering.
- Explain the automation equipment for distribution in smart grid, management system, faults that can occur in smart grid and voltage regulation.
- Explain transmission system operation in smart grids and the power electronic converters used in smart grid.
- Discuss about the power electronic equipment used for the control of bulk power flow and the energy storage technologies.

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Modern Tool Usage, Engineers and society, Environment and sustainability, Ethics, Lifelong Learning.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Book 1 Smart Grid Technology and Applications Janaka Ekanayake et al Wiley 2012

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)						
	SEMESTER -	II				
POWER QUALITY PROBLEMS AND MITIGATION (Elective Course)						
Course Code 16EPS253 IA Marks 20						
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	Exam Hours	03				
Total Number of Lecture Hours 40 Exam Marks 80						
	Credits - 03					

- To give an introduction on power quality (PQ), causes and effects of PQ problems, requirement of PQ improvements, and mitigation aspects of PQ problems.
- To give PQ definitions, terminologies, standards, benchmarks, monitoring requirements through numerical problems.
- To explain passive shunt and series compensation using lossless passive LC components, active shunt compensation using DSTATCOM (distribution static compensators), active series compensation using DVR (dynamic voltage restorer), and combined compensation using UPQC (unified power quality compensator) for mitigation of current-based PQ problems.
- To explain classification, modeling and analysis of various nonlinear loads which cause the power quality problems. ■

quality pro	oblems. ■					
Module-1		Teaching Hours				
Problems, Causes of Classification of M	troduction, State of the Art on Power Quality, Classification of Power Quality of Power Quality Problems, Effects of Power Quality Problems on Users, Citigation Techniques for Power Quality Problems. Andards and Monitoring: Introduction, State of the Art on Power Quality	08				
Standards and Mor Standards, Power (Passive Shunt and Compensators, Cla Passive Shunt and	Art on Fower Quality Terminologies, Power Quality Definitions, Power Quality Quality Monitoring, Numerical Examples. I Series Compensation: Introduction, State of the Art on Passive Shunt and Series sification of Passive Shunt and Series Compensators, Principle of Operation of Series Compensators, Analysis and Design of Passive Shunt Compensators, tion, and Performance of Passive Shunt and Series Compensators, Numerical					
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	$L_1-Remembering,L_2-Understanding,L_3-Applying,L_4-Analysing.$					
Module-2						
Active Shunt Compensation: Introduction, State of the Art on DSTATCOMs, Classification of DSTATCOMs, Principle of Operation and Control of DSTATCOMs, Analysis and Design of DSTATCOMs, Modelling, Simulation, and Performance of DSTATCOMs, Numerical Examples. ■ Revised Bloom's						
Taxonomy Level						
Module-3						
Classification of A Compensators, Ana	apensation: Introduction, State of the Art on Active Series Compensators, ctive Series Compensators, Principle of Operation and Control of Active Series alysis and Design of Active Series Compensators, Modelling, Simulation, and tive Series Compensators, Numerical Examples. ■	08				
Revised Bloom's L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.						
Module-4						
Compensators, Cla Control of Unified	ality Compensators: Introduction, State of the Art on Unified Power Quality ssification of Unified Power Quality Compensators, Principle of Operation and Power Quality Compensators, Analysis and Design of Unified Power Quality delling, Simulation, and Performance of UPQCs, Numerical Examples (from 6.01	08				
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	$L_1-Remembering,L_2-Understanding,L_3-Applying,L_4-Analysing.$					

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) 16EPS253 POWER QUALITY PROBLEMS AND MITIGATION (Elective Course) (continued) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

	CHOICE BASED CREDIT STSTEM (CBCS)			
Module-5		Teaching		
		Hours		
Unified Power Qua	ality Compensators (continued): Numerical Examples (from 6.11to 20).	08		
Loads That Cause	Power Quality Problems: Introduction, State of the Art on Nonlinear Loads,			
Classification of Nonlinear Loads, Power Quality Problems Caused by Nonlinear Loads, Analysis of				
Nonlinear Loads, Modelling, Simulation, and Performance of Nonlinear Loads, Numerical				
Examples. ■				
Revised Bloom's	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.	1		
Taxonomy Level				

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain causes, effects of PQ problems and classification of mitigation techniques for PQ problems.
- Explain PQ standards, terminology and monitoring requirements through numerical problems.
- Explain passive shunt and series compensation using lossless passive components.
- Explain the design, operation and modeling of active shunt compensation equipment.
- Explain the design, operation and modeling of active series compensation equipment.
- Explain the design operation and modeling of unified power quality compensators.
- Discuss mitigation of power quality problems due to nonlinear loads. ■

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Design / development of solutions, Modern Tool Usage, Engineers and society, Ethics, Individual and Team work, Communication, Lifelong Learning.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. ■

Text Book

	1	Power Quality Problems and Mitigation Techniques	Bhim Singh, Ambrish Chandra, Kamal Al-Haddad	Wiley	2015
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M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) SEMESTER - II						
SUBSTATION AUTOMATION SYSTEMS (Elective Course)						
Course Code 16EPS254 IA Marks 20						
Number of Lecture Hours/Week 03 Exam Hours 03						
Total Number of Lecture Hours 40 Exam Marks 80						
	Credits - 03	<u> </u>				

- To provide a brief review evolution of Substation Automation System, explain its purpose as an essential part of the substation, the effects of Standard IEC 61850 on different stages of SAS projects
- To explain constructive and functional features of equipment that makes up the primary power circuit.
- To explain the characteristics of Intelligent Electronic Devices used for control and monitoring and to describe briefly certain phenomenon which affect the physical/functional integrity of such devices.
- To provide an overview of how the features and functions of devices installed into the main control house are used for controlling and monitoring the substation as a whole
- To explain different SAS functionalities including switching commands and constraints like interlocking and blocking conditions.
- To explain the set of signals coming from different substation components that need to be managed by the SAS, and the engineering of SAS.
- To explain the communication process with remote control center and to describe the network topology, quality requirements and cyber-security considerations, tests to carry out of SAS and commissioning process.
- To explain the scope and sequence of training programs addressed to utilities personnel, how to deal with SAS projects, tips for quality management, resources to be used and methodology to be followed for the engineering process according to Standard IEC 61850, and future technological trends. ■

Prerequisites of Networking Technology: Computer Network, Network Topology, Network Structure, Communication Protocols, Geographical Scale of Network, Internetwork, Network Structure, Communication System, Object-Oriented Programming, Programming Tool or Software Development Tool. (Please refer to appendix C of the prescribed textbook before you start with Module-1)

	resembed textbook before you start with wholding 1)			
Module-1		Teaching		
		Hours		
Evolution of Subst	ation Automation Systems (SASs): Emerging Communication Technologies,	08		
Intelligent Electron	ic Devices (IEDs), Networking Media, Communication Standards.	I		
Main Functions of	Substation Automation Systems: Control Function, Monitoring Function,	İ		
Alarming Function,	Measurement Function, Setting and Monitoring of Protective Relays, Control	İ		
and Monitoring of t	he Auxiliary Power System, Voltage Regulation.	İ		
Impact of the IEC	61850 Standard on SAS Projects: Impact on System Implementation	İ		
	on User Specification, Impact on the Overall Procurement Process, Impact on the	İ		
	s, Impact on Project Execution, Impact on Utility Global Strategies, The	İ		
	ndard, Dealing with the Standard.	İ		
	Equipment and Interfaces: Primary Equipment, Medium and Low Voltage	I		
	ical Connections between Primary Equipment, Substation Physical Layout,	I		
Control Requirements at Switchyard Level. ■				
Revised Bloom's L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.				
Taxonomy Level		I		
Module-2				
Bay Level: Compo	nents and Incident Factors: Environmental and Operational Factors, Insulation	08		
	ne Secondary System, Switchyard Control Rooms, Attributes of Control Cubicles,			
	(BC), Other Bay Level Components, Process Bus.	I		
	ilities and Functions: Main Control House, Station Controller, Human Machine	İ		
Interface HMI, Exte	ernal Alarming, Time Synchronization Facility, Protocol Conversion Task, Station	İ		
Bus, Station LAN.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	İ		
Revised Bloom's	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	İ		
Taxonomy Level				

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) 16EPS254 SUBSTATION AUTOMATION SYSTEMS (Elective Course) (continu	noq)
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)	neu)
Module-3	Teaching Hours
System Functionalities: Control Function, Monitoring Function, Protection Function, Measurin Function, Metering Function, Report Generation Function, Device Parameterization Function. System Inputs and Outputs: Signals Associated with Primary Equipment, Signals Associated with Auxiliary Power System, Signals Associated with Collateral Systems. System Engineering: Overall System Engineering, Bay Level Engineering, Station Level Engineering, Functionalities Engineering, Auxiliary Power System Engineering, Project Drawing List, The SAS Engineering Process from the Standard IEC 61850 Perspective. ■	ith
Module-4	
Communication with the Remote Control Center: Communication Pathway, Brief on Digital Communication, Overview of the Distributed Network Protocol (DNP3). System Attributes: System Concept, Network Topology, Redundancy Options, Quality Attribute Provisions for Extendibility in Future, Cyber-Security Considerations, SAS Performance requirements. Tests on SAS Components: Type Tests, Acceptance Tests, Tests for Checking the Compliance with the Standard IEC 61850. Factory Acceptance Tests (FATs): Test Arrangement, System Simulator, Hardware Descriptio Software Identification, Test Instruments, Documentation to be Available, Checking System Features, Planned Testing Program for FAT, Nonstructured FATs, After FATs. Commissioning Process: Hardware Description, Software Identification, Test Instruments, Required Documentation, Engineering Tools, Spare Parts, Planned Commissioning Tests, Nonstructured Commissioning Tests, List of Pending Points, Re-Commissioning. ■	
Module-5	
Training Strategies for Power Utilities: Project-Related Training, Corporate Training. Planning and Development of SAS Projects: System Specification, Contracting Process, Defini of the Definitive Solution, Design and Engineering, System Integration, Factory Acceptance Tests Site Installation, Commissioning Process, Project Management, Security Issues, Documentation and Change Control. Quality Management for SAS Projects: Looking for Quality- in Component Capabilities and Manufacturing, during the Engineering Stage, in the Cubicle Assembly Stage, during FAT, during Installation and Commissioning, Use of Appropriate Device Documentation. SAS Engineering Process According to Standard IEC 61850: SCL Files, Engineering Tools, Engineering Process. Future Technological Trends: Toward the Full Digital Substation, Looking for New Testing Strategies on SAS Schemes, Wide Area Control and Monitoring Based on the IEC/TR 61850–90 Integration of IEC 61850 Principles into Innovative Smart Grid Solutions. ■	s, n

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain evolution of Substation Automation System, its purpose as an essential part of the substation.
- Explain constructive and functional features of equipment that make up the primary power circuit.
- Explain the characteristics of Intelligent Electronic Devices (IEDs) used for control and monitoring.
- Explain SAS functionalities including switching commands and constraints like interlocking and blocking conditions.

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) 16EPS254 SUBSTATION AUTOMATION SYSTEMS (Elective Course) (continued) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

Course outcomes (continued):

- Explain the set of signals coming from different substation components that need to be managed by the SAS, and the engineering of SAS.
- Explain the communication network topology in a substation and its working.
- Explain tests to carry out of SAS and commissioning process.
- Explain the scope and sequence of training programs addressed to utilities personnel to deal with SAS projects.

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Design / development of solutions, Conduct investigations of complex Problems, Modern Tool Usage, Engineers and society, Environment and sustainability, Ethics, Individual and Team work.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text	Text Book					
1	Substation Automation Systems	Evelio Padilla	Wiley	2016		
	Design and implementation		-			

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) SEMESTER - II						
POWER SYSTEM LABORATORY-II						
Course Code 16EPSL26 IA Marks 20						
Number of Practical Hours/Week 03 Exam Hours 03						
Total Number of Practical Hours 40 Exam Marks 80						
	Credits - 0	2				

- To model a power system and perform transient stability and small signal stability studies.
- To model automatic voltage regulator and governor to study their effect on stability
- To study dynamic var compensation, capacitor bank switching studies, voltage control and inrush current.
- To model the transmission line, lighting impulse and surge arrestor, CT and CVT using EMTP for transient analysis.
- To model the circuit breaker and study the current chopping and suppression of over voltage using surge arrestor and RC network. ■

Sl.		Experiments			
1 1	determine (i	Transient stability studies for a given system having minimum 10 buses, machines and an infinite grid to determine (i) Critical clearing time (ii) Natural frequency of oscillations of electro-mechanical system considering classical representation of the machine and detailed modelling (sub-transient model) of the machine.			
2	The AVR an	d Governor modelling and their effect on system stability.			
3	Eigen value computation and small signal stability studies for a given power system with at least 3 machines and 10 buses using IEEE-Type 1 AVR and turbine-governor models.				
4	Dynamic VAR compensation and voltage control using shunt SVC.				
5	Frequency as	nd voltage dependency model of the load and under frequency load shedding.			
6	Capacitor ba	nk switching studies and control of over voltage and inrush current.			
7	Electromagnetic transient analysis during charging of a 400 kV, 300 km long line (i) without pre-insertion resistance (ii) With pre-insertion resistance (iii) With shunt reactor at the receiving end of the line.				
8	Vacuum circuit breaker current chopping phenomenon and suppression of over voltage using (i) Surge arrestor (ii) R-C network.				
9	Lightning impulse model and surge arrestor modelling studies using electromagnetic transient analysis for				
	a given transmission line.				
10	CT and CVT	transients modelling using electromagnetic transient analysis.			
	ed Bloom's nomy Level	L_1 - Remembering, L_2 - Understanding, L_3 - Applying, L_4 - Analysing, L_5 - Evaluating, L_6 - Creating.			

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Model a power system to perform transient stability and small signal stability studies.
- Model automatic voltage regulator and governor to study their effect on stability.
- Explain dynamic var compensation, capacitor bank switching studies, voltage control and inrush current.
- Model the transmission line, lighting impulse and surge arrestor, CT and CVT using EMTP for transient analysis.
- Model the circuit breaker to study the current chopping and suppression of over voltage using surge arrestor and RC network.

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Conduct investigations of complex Problems, Modern Tool Usage, Individual and Team work, Communication.

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) SEMESTER - II					
SEMINAR					
Course Code 16EPS27 IA Marks 100					
No. of Lecture Hours/Week Exam Hours					
Number of contact Hours/week	03	Number of Tutorial Hours/week			
Total No. of contact Hours Exam Marks					
	Credits - ()1			

The objective of the seminar is to inculcate self-learning, face audience confidently, enhance communication skill, involve in group discussion and present and exchange ideas.

Each student, under the guidance of a Faculty, is required to

- Choose, preferably, a recent topic of his/her interest relevant to the Course of Specialization.
- Carryout literature survey, organize the Course topics in a systematic order.
- Prepare the report with own sentences.
- Type the matter to acquaint with the use of Micro-soft equation and drawing tools or any such facilities.
- Present the seminar topic orally and/or through power point slides.
- Answer the queries and involve in debate/discussion.
- Submit two copies of the typed report with a list of references.

The participants shall take part in discussion to foster friendly and stimulating environment in which the students are motivated to reach high standards and become self-confident.

The Internal Assessment marks for the seminar shall be awarded (based on the relevance of the topic, presentation skill, participation in the question and answer session and quality of report) by the committee constituted for the purpose by the Head of the Department. The committee shall consist of three faculties from the department with the senior most acting as the Chairman.

Marks distribution for internal assessment of the course 16EPS27 seminar:

Seminar Report: 30 marks Presentation skill:50 marks Question and Answer:20 marks

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Design / development of solutions, Conduct investigations of complex Problems, Modern Tool Usage, Engineers and society, Environment and sustainability, Ethics, Individual and Team work, Communication.

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI

SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION - 2016-17

M.Tech POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

(Total number of credits prescribed for the programme - 85)

III SEMESTER

				Teaching Hours /Week		Examination			
Sl. No	Subject Code	Title	Theory	Practical/ Field work/ Assignment	Duration in hours	I.A. Marks	Theory/ Practical Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	16EPS31	Seminar / Presentation on Internship. (After 8 weeks from the date of commencement)				25		25	20
2	16EPS32	Report on Internship				25		25	-
3	16EPS33	Evaluation and Viva-Voce of Internship					50	50	
4	16EPS34	Evaluation of Project phase -1				50		50	1
		TOTAL				100	50	150	21

Number of credits completed at the end of III semester: 22+22+21=65

Note:

Internship of 16 weeks shall be carried out during III semester.

Major part of the Project work shall also be carried out during the III semester in consultation with the Guide/s.

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI

SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION - 2016-17

M.Tech POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

(Total number of credits prescribed for the programme - 85)

IV SEMESTER

			Teaching	Hours /Week					
Sl. No	Subject Code	Title	Theory	Practical/ Field work/ Assignment	Duration in hours	I.A. Marks	Theory/ Practical Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1	16EPS41	HVDC Power Transmission	04		03	20	80	100	4
2	16EPS42X	Elective - 3	03		03	20	80	100	3
3	16EPS43	Evaluation of Project phase - 2			1	50	-	50	3
4	16EPS44	Evaluation of Project and Viva-Voce					100 + 100	200	10
		TOTAL	07		06	90	360	450	20

Number of credits completed at the end of IV semester: 22+22+21+20=85

Elective - 3

Courses under Code 16EPS42X	Title
16EPS421	Power System Reliability
16EPS422	Wide Area Measurements and their Applications
16EPS423	Multi-Terminal DC Grids
16EPS424	Integration of Renewable Energy

Note: 1. Project Phase-1: 6-week duration shall be carried out between 2nd and 3rd Semester vacation. Candidates in consultation with the guide shall carry out literature survey/ visit industries to finalize the topic of Project.

- **2. Project Phase-2:** 16-week duration during 4th semester. Evaluation shall be done by the committee comprising of HoD as Chairman, Guide and Senior faculty of the department.
- 3. Project Evaluation: Evaluation shall be taken up at the end of 4th semester. Project work evaluation and Viva-Voce examination shall conducted
- 4. Project evaluation:
 - a. Internal Examiner shall carry out the evaluation for 100 marks.
 - b. External Examiner shall carry out the evaluation for 100 marks.
 - c .The average of marks allotted by the internal and external examiner shall be the final marks of the project evaluation.
 - d. Viva-Voce examination of Project work shall be conducted jointly by Internal and External examiner for 100 marks.

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) SEMESTER - IV						
HVDC POWER TRANSMISSION (Core Course)						
Course Code						
Number of Lecture Hours/Week 04 Exam Hours 03						
Total Number of Lecture Hours 50 Exam Marks 80						
	Credits - 04					

- To give an introduction to DC power transmission and describe the basic components of a converter, and describe the methods for compensating the reactive power demanded by the converter and the methods for simulation of HVDC systems
- To describe the types of filters for removing harmonics and the characteristics of the system impedance resulting from AC filter designs and different methods of control of HVDC converter and system.
- To explain the design techniques for the main components of an HVDC system.
- To explain the protection of HVDC system and other converter configurations used for the HVDC transmission and the recent trends for HVDC applications. ■

transmissio	on and the recent trends for HVDC applications. ■	
Module-1		Teaching Hours
HVDC Technology: Introduction, Advantages of HVDC Systems, HVDC System Costs, Overview and Organization of HVDC Systems, Review of the HVDC System Reliability, HVDC Characteristics and Economic Aspects. Power Conversion: Thyristor, 3-Phase Converter, 3-Phase Full Bridge Converter, 12-Pulse Converter. ■		
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	
Module-2		
Impedance, Active	Converter and System: Converter Control for an HVDC System, Commutation	10
Module-3	<u> </u>	
Control of HVDC and Voltage Stabilit Interactions between	Converter and System (continued): HVDC Control Functions, Reactive Power ty. een AC and DC Systems: Definition of Short Circuit Ratio and Effective Short action between HVDC and AC Power System. ■	10
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	
Module-4		
HVDC Overhead L	gn: Converter Circuit and Components, Converter Transformer, Cooling System, ine, HVDC Earth Electrodes, HVDC Cable, HVDC Telecommunications Current ise and Vibration. ■ L ₁ − Remembering, L ₂ − Understanding.	10
Module-5		
Fault Behaviour at of an HVDC Syster Other Converter (Converter (VSC), C Trends for HVDC	nd Protection of HVDC System: Valve Protection Functions, Protective Action m, Protection by Control Actions, Fault Analysis. Configurations for HVDC Transmission: Introduction, Voltage Source CCC and CSCC HVDC System, 10.4 Multi-Terminal DC Transmission. Applications: Wind Farm Technology, Modern Voltage Source Converter tems, 800 kV HVDC System. ■ L₁ − Remembering, L₂ − Understanding.	10

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) 16EPS41 HVDC POWER TRANSMISSION (Core Course) (continued) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain importance of DC power transmission.
- Describe the basic components of a converter, the methods for compensating the reactive power demanded by the converter
- Explain the methods for simulation of HVDC systems and its control.
- Describe filters for eliminating harmonics and the characteristics of the system impedance resulting from AC filter designs
- Explain the design techniques for the main components of an HVDC system.
- Explain the protection of HVDC system and other converter configurations used for the HVDC transmission.
- Explain the recent trends for HVDC applications. ■

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Lifelong Learning.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text/Reference Books

1	HVDC Transmission: Power Conversion Applications in Power Systems	Chan-Ki Kim et al	Wiley	2009
2	Direct Current Transmission	E.W. Kimbark	Wiley	1971
3	High Voltage Direct Current Transmission	Arrilaga	IET	2 nd Edition, 1998
4	HVDC Transmission	S. Kamakshaiah et al	Mc Graw Hill	2011
5	HVDC and FACTs Controllers; Applications of Static Converters in Power Systems	Vijay K Sood	BSP Books	2013
6	HVDC Power Transmission Systems	K. R. Padiyar	New Age International	2012

planning, o	Hours/Week	SEMESTER 6 SYSTEM RELIABIL 16EPS421	TTY (Elective Course)	
Number of Lecture Fotal Number of Lecture Course objective To give the planning, of		16EPS421		
Course objective To give the planning, of			IA Marks	20
Course objective To give the planning, c	ecture Hours	03)3
To give the planning, containing, con				30
To give the planning, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, containing, con		Credits - 0	3	
distribution Module-1			ility analysis as a tool for decision supp ic power systems in particular electrical	_
vioutic 1				Hours
adequacy and secur Generating capaci Loss of load indices outages, Evaluation	ity, System analysis tybasic probabil s, Equivalent force methods on period f energy indices, Pr	ity methods: Introduct d outage rate, Capacity	ion, The generation system model, expansion analysis, Scheduled ncertainty, Forced outage rate Problems.	
Interconnected sys Equivalent assisting assistance available reserve, Reliability	unit approach to tw through the interco evaluation in three tion approach, Prob	, Probability array met vo interconnected syste nnections, Variable resinterconnected systems lems.	hod in two interconnected systems, ms, Factors affecting the emergency serve versus maximum peak load s, Multi-connected systems,	
Γaxonomy Level	L ₁ - Kemembering	,, L ₂ - Onderstanding, I	23 - Apprynig, L4 – Anarysnig.	
Module-3				T = =
nethod, Postponabl Problems. C omposite genera t probability approac	tion and transmissinh, Network configuration systems, Data	function approach, Reson systems: Introductions, State selection, requirements for compositions	ns to PJM method, Modified PJM ponse risk, Interconnected systems, on, Radial configurations, Conditional System and load point indices, osite system reliability evaluation,	08
Revised Bloom's Faxonomy Level	L ₁ - Remembering	I_1 , L_2 - Understanding, I_2	-3 - Applying, L ₄ – Analysing.	
Module-4				
Additional interrupt Effect of disconnec- distributions of relianation system and significant of the system of the	tion indices, Applicates, Effect of protection indices, Probection indices, Probectionsparallel and modules, Inclusion of	ation to radial systems, on failures, Effect of tr lems. eshed networks: Intro scheduled maintenance mode failures, Commo	s: Introduction, Evaluation techniques, Effect of lateral distributor protection, ansferring loads, Probability duction, Basic evaluation techniques, e, Temporary and transient failures, in mode failures and weather effects,	08
Revised Bloom's	L ₁ - Remembering	. Lo - Understanding I	23 - Applying, L ₄ – Analysing.	

	M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS)	
161	EPS421 POWER SYSTEM RELIABILITY (Elective Course) (continued)	
	CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)	
Module-5		Teaching Hours
Cubatations and an	witching stations. Introduction Effect of short singuity and breaker apprecian	
	vitching stations: Introduction, Effect of short circuits and breaker operation,	08
Operating and failur	re states of system components, Open and short circuit failures, Active and	
passive failures, Ma	alfunction of normally closed breakers, Numerical analysis of typical substation,	
Malfunction of alter	mative supplies, Problems.	
Plant and station a	vailability: Generating plant availability, Derated states and auxiliary systems,	
Allocation and effec	ct of spares, Protection systems, HVDC systems, Problems.	
Revised Bloom's	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding, L_3 – Applying, L_4 – Analysing.	

Course outcomes:

Taxonomy Level

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Define terminology of reliability.
- Explain probability concepts for generating capacity reliability evaluation.
- Explain various concepts and evaluation techniques that can be used to assess operational risk
- Evaluate composite system reliability.
- Evaluate the reliability of complex distribution systems.
- Perform power system analysis including different aspects such as need, availability, adequacy.

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Design / development of solutions, Conduct investigations of complex Problems, Engineers and society, Environment and sustainability, Ethics.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. ■

Text Book 1 Reliability Evaluation of Power Systems Roy Billinton et al Elsevier 2nd Edition, 2015

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)							
	SEMESTER - IV						
WIDE AREA MEASUREMENTS AND THEIR APPLICATIONS (Elective Course)							
Course Code	16EPS422	IA Marks	20				
Number of Lecture Hours/Week 03 Exam Hours 03							
Total Number of Lecture Hours 40 Exam Marks 80							
	Credits - 03	3					

- To define a phasor, and explain the method of representing a phasor using Fourier series and Fourier transforms, sampling the data and discrete Fourier transform and estimation of nominal frequency inputs.
- To explain phasor estimation at off nominal frequency inputs in power systems and post processing for estimates.
- To explain the changes in power system frequency due to responses to load generation imbalances and when the power system is in a quasi-steady state and is operating with a frequency which may be different from its nominal value.
- To explain certain practical implementation aspects of the PMUs and the architecture of the data collection and management system necessary for efficient utilization of the data provided by the PMUs.
- To explain the investigation of the nature of PMU response to various power system transients.
- To explain the history of state estimation, various methods for state estimation with phasor measurements and the control of power system devices with phasor feedback.
- To explain improved line protection using phasor measurements from the remote ends of the line and propagation of electromechanical wave and its effect on protection system. ■

Module-1		
MIOUUIE-I		Teachin Hours
sinusoids, Fourier s transform (DFT), L Phasor Estimation Formulas for updati	ent Techniques: Introduction, Historical overview, Phasor representation of eries and Fourier transform, Sampled data and aliasing, Discrete Fourier eakage phenomena. of Nominal Frequency Inputs: Phasors of nominal frequency signals, and phasors, Effect of signal noise and window length, Phasor estimation with a window, Quality of phasor estimate and transient monitor, DC offset in input estimators.	08
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 - Remembering, L_2 - Understanding, L_3 - Applying.	
Module-2		
power systems, DF processing for off-n Estimates of unbala type phasor estimate Frequency Estima	tion: Overview of frequency measurement, Frequency estimates from balanced	08
. .	Frequency estimates from unbalanced inputs, Nonlinear frequency estimators, r frequency measurements. ■	
Other techniques fo Revised Bloom's		_
Other techniques fo Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level Module-3	r frequency measurements. \blacksquare $L_1 - \text{Remembering, } L_2 - \text{Understanding, } L_3 - \text{Applying.}$	
Other techniques fo Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level Module-3 Phasor Measurement global positioning s PMUs, Functional r Transient Respons systems, Transient in	r frequency measurements. ■	08

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) 16EPS422 WIDE AREA MEASUREMENTS AND THEIR APPLICATIONS (Elective Course) (continued)

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

Module-4		Teaching Hours
Bad data detection, Control with Phase	History-Operator's load flow, Weighted least square, Static state estimation, State estimation with Phasors measurements, Calibration, Dynamic estimators. or Feedback: Introduction, Linear optimal control, Linear optimal control mear problem, Coordinated control of oscillations, Discrete event control.	08
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 - Remembering, L_2 - Understanding, L_3 - Applying.	
Module-5		
Distance Relaying of performance, Intellice Electromechanical	s with Phasor Inputs: Introduction, Differential protection of transmission lines, of multiterminal transmission lines, Adaptive protection, Control of backup relay gent islanding, Supervisory load shedding. Wave Propagation: Introduction, The Model, Electromechanical telegrapher's m voltage magnitude, Effects on protection systems, Dispersion, Parameter	08
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 - Remembering, L_2 - Understanding, L_3 - Applying.	

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain the method of representing a phasor using Fourier series and Fourier transforms, sampling the data and discrete Fourier transform.
- Explain phasor estimation at nominal and off nominal frequency inputs in power systems and post processing for estimates.
- Explain the changes in power system frequency due to responses to load generation imbalances in power system.
- Explain implementation aspects of the PMUs, the architecture of the data collection.
- Explain management system necessary for efficient utilization of the data provided by the PMUs.
- Explain state estimation, methods for state estimation with phasor measurements and the control of power system devices with phasor feedback.
- Explain line protection using phasor measurements.

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Lifelong Learning.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Text Book

1	Synchronized Phasor Measurements and Their Applications	A.G. Phadke J.S. Thorp	Springer	2008

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) SEMESTER - IV						
MULTI-TERMINAL DC GRIDS (Elective Course)						
Course Code	16EPS423	IA Marks	20			
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	Number of Lecture Hours/Week 03 Exam Hours 03					
Total Number of Lecture Hours 40 Exam Marks 80						
	Credits - 03	3				

- To provide the fundamentals of MTDC grids, their network architectures, components and control modes and basics of voltage sourced converters.
- To explain modeling, simulation and analysis of AC- MTDC grids
- To explain the concept of power sharing in MTDC grid, load flow solution and post contingency operation
- To explain protection issues of MTDC grids, including the DC circuit breakers and fault blocking VSC systems and protection strategies.

Module-1		Teachin
		Hours
Grids, Enabling Te Challenges for MT MTDC Grids.	croduction, Rationale behind MTDC Grids, Network Architectures of MTDC chnologies and Components of MTDC Grids, Control Modes in MTDC Grid, DC Grids, Configurations of MTDC Converter Stations, Research Initiatives on Converter (VSC): Introduction, Ideal Voltage-Sourced Converter, Practical onverter. ■	08
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 - Remembering, L_2 - Understanding, L_3 - Applying.	
Module-2		1
Modelling, Analys	Converter (continued): Control, Simulation. is, and Simulation of AC−MTDC Grids: Introduction, MTDC Grid Model. ■	08
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 - Remembering, L_2 - Understanding, L_3 - Applying, L_4 - Analysing.	
Module-3		
Modelling, Analys	is, and Simulation of AC-MTDC Grids (continued): AC Grid Model, AC-	08
MTDC Load flow a signal Stability Ana Revised Bloom's	Analysis, AC–MTDC Grid Model for Nonlinear Dynamic Simulation, Small- alysis of AC–MTDC Grid, Transient Stability Analysis of AC–MTDC Grid. ■ L ₁ - Remembering, L ₂ - Understanding, L ₃ - Applying, L ₄ - Analysing.	<u> </u> -
MTDC Load flow a signal Stability Ana Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	alysis of AC–MTDC Grid, Transient Stability Analysis of AC–MTDC Grid. ■	-
MTDC Load flow a signal Stability And Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level Module-4	alysis of AC–MTDC Grid, Transient Stability Analysis of AC–MTDC Grid. \blacksquare $L_1 - \text{Remembering}, L_2 - \text{Understanding}, L_3 - \text{Applying}, L_4 - \text{Analysing}.$	-
MTDC Load flow a signal Stability And Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level Module-4 Modelling, Analyst Sea Benchmark Sy Study 3: MTDC Grant Autonomous Power Power Sharing, Pow	alysis of AC–MTDC Grid, Transient Stability Analysis of AC–MTDC Grid. ■	08
MTDC Load flow a signal Stability And Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level Module-4 Modelling, Analys Sea Benchmark Sy Study 3: MTDC Grautonomous Power Sharing,	alysis of AC–MTDC Grid, Transient Stability Analysis of AC–MTDC Grid. ■ L ₁ - Remembering, L ₂ - Understanding, L ₃ - Applying, L ₄ - Analysing. is, and Simulation of AC–MTDC Grids (continued): Case Study 1: The North stem, Case Study 2: MTDC Grid Connected to Equivalent AC Systems, Case id Connected to Multi-machine AC System. er Sharing: Introduction, Steady-state Operating Characteristics, Concept of wer Sharing in MTDC Grid, AC–MTDC Grid Load flow Solution, Post-	08
MTDC Load flow a signal Stability And Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level Module-4 Modelling, Analyst Sea Benchmark Sy Study 3: MTDC Grant Autonomous Power Power Sharing, Pow	alysis of AC–MTDC Grid, Transient Stability Analysis of AC–MTDC Grid. ■ L ₁ - Remembering, L ₂ - Understanding, L ₃ - Applying, L ₄ - Analysing. is, and Simulation of AC–MTDC Grids (continued): Case Study 1: The North stem, Case Study 2: MTDC Grid Connected to Equivalent AC Systems, Case id Connected to Multi-machine AC System. er Sharing: Introduction, Steady-state Operating Characteristics, Concept of wer Sharing in MTDC Grid, AC–MTDC Grid Load flow Solution, Postton, Linear Model, Case Study. ■	08
MTDC Load flow a signal Stability And Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level Module-4 Modelling, Analys Sea Benchmark Sy Study 3: MTDC Grautonomous Power Sharing, Power Sharing, Power Sharing of Contingency Operation Level Module-5 Frequency Support Modified Droop Coron, Case Struction of MTI	Alysis of AC–MTDC Grid, Transient Stability Analysis of AC–MTDC Grid. ■ L ₁ - Remembering, L ₂ - Understanding, L ₃ - Applying, L ₄ - Analysing. Lis, and Simulation of AC–MTDC Grids (continued): Case Study 1: The North Stem, Case Study 2: MTDC Grid Connected to Equivalent AC Systems, Case and Connected to Multi-machine AC System. Let Sharing: Introduction, Steady-state Operating Characteristics, Concept of Sharing in MTDC Grid, AC–MTDC Grid Load flow Solution, Posttion, Linear Model, Case Study. ■ L ₁ - Remembering, L ₂ - Understanding, L ₃ - Applying, L ₄ - Analysing. L ₁ - Remembering, Wind Farms in Secondary Frequency Control (AGC), Sontrol for Frequency Support, AC–MTDC Load Flow Solution, Post-Contingency	08

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) 16EPS423 MULTI-TERMINAL DC GRIDS (Elective Course) (continued) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain the fundamentals of MTDC grids, their network architectures, components.
- Explain control modes and basics of voltage sourced converters.
- Simulate AC- MTDC grids for their analysis
- Explain the concept of power sharing in MTDC grid, load flow solution and post contingency operation.
- Explain protection issues of MTDC grids, including the DC circuit breakers and fault blocking VSC systems and protection strategies.

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Modern Tool Usage, Lifelong Learning.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. ■

Text Book 1 Multi-Terminal Direct-Current Grids Modelling, Analysis, and Control et al 2014 2014

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) SEMESTER - IV					
INTEGRATION OF RENEWABLE ENERGY (Elective Course)					
Course Code 16EPS424 IA Marks 20					
Number of Lecture Hours/Week 03 Exam Hours 03					
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Marks	80		
Credits - 03					

- To explain the two fundamental architectures, namely DC architecture and AC architecture for integration of smart grid distributed generation and the inverter control voltage and current in distributed generation systems;
- To discuss parallel operation of inverters in distributed generation systems and power converter topology for distributed generation systems
- To explain voltage and current control of a three-phase four wire distributed generation in island mode.
- To explain the power flow control of a single distributed generating unit.
- To explain robust stability analysis of voltage and current control for distributed generation systems and PWM rectifier control for three-phase distributed generation system. ■

Module-1		Teaching Hours
MVA PV Station, P' Operating as Part of Inverter is also a The Split DC Bus UPS – Inverters, The Invert Inverter Control V	Nuted Generation Systems: Introduction, DC Architecture for Design of a 2 V Modules, Architecture for design of a 2 MVA PV Station, DG System Utility Power System Power System Reactive Power (VAR) Control, An ree Terminal Device, The Smart Grid PV −UPS DG System, The Smart Grid PV DG System, The Island Mode of Operation, The Parallel Operation of the Operating as steam Unit, The Problem of Power Quality. **Introl System Development** Step-By-Step Control Flow Explanations. ■	08
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	
Module-2		
Energy System Desc Control System Desc Power Converter T Generation Systems,	of Inverters in Distributed Generation Systems: Introduction, Distributed cription, DGS Control Requirements, Distributed Generation System Modelling, ign, Proposed Load Sharing Control Algorithm, Simulation Results. Copologies for Distributed Generation Systems: Introduction, Distributed, Voltage and Current Control of Individual Inverters in Island Mode, The Jewton−Raphson Method. ■	08
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	=
Module-3		
in Island Mode: Th Stationary Reference the Discrete-Time S Controller, Limit the	nt Control of three-Phase Four-Wire Distributed Generation (DG) Inverter the Plant Modelling, The Basic Mathematical Model, Transform the Model into the Prame, Convert to Per-Unit System, Control System Development, Design of liding Mode Current Controller, Design of the Robust Servomechanism Voltage to Current Command, A Modified Space Vector PWM, Performances and the Pomain Analysis.	08
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	
Module-4		•
	nt Control of three-Phase Four-Wire Distributed Generation (DG) Inverter ntinued): Experimental Results—The Experimental Setup, The Robust Stability:	08

M.TECH POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING (EPS) 16EPS424 INTEGRATION OF RENEWABLE ENERGY (Elective Course) (continued) CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)			
Module-4 (contin	, ,	Teaching Hours	
Voltage and Curren Control, The Stabili	ol of a Single Distributed Generation Unit: Introduction, Control System, t Control, Real and Reactive Power Control Problems, The Conventional Integral ty Problem, Newton−Raphson Parameter Estimation and Feedforward Control arameter Identification, Harmonic Power Control, Simulation Results, ts. ■		
Module-5			
Introduction, The State Tuning the Controll PWM Rectifier Co	nalysis of Voltage and Current Control for Distributed Generation Systems: tability Problem, Robust Stability Analysis using Structured Singular Value μ, er Performance. ntrol for Three-Phase Distributed Generation System: Introduction, System rol Strategy, Simulation Results, Experimental Results.	08	
Revised Bloom's Taxonomy Level	L_1 – Remembering, L_2 – Understanding.	1	

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Explain the architectures for integration of smart grid distributed generation.
- Explain the control voltage and current in distributed generation systems.
- Discuss parallel operation of inverters in distributed generation systems and power converter topology for distributed generation systems.
- Explain voltage and current control of a three-phase four wire distributed generation in island mode.
- Explain the power flow control of a single distributed generating unit.
- Perform robust stability analysis of distributed generation systems.
- Explain PWM rectifier control for three-phase distributed generation system.

Graduate Attributes (As per NBA):

Engineering Knowledge, Problem Analysis, Design / development of solutions, Communication, Lifelong Learning.

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full question is for 16 marks.
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions in one full question) from each module.
- Each full question with sub questions will cover the contents under a module.
- Students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. ■

Text	Book	

1	Integration of Green and Renewable Energy in Electric Power Systems	Ali Keyhani	Wiley	2010
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