



Master of Technology in PRODUCT DESIGN & MANUFACRURING



ವಿಶ್ವೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯ ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ "ಜ್ಞಾನ ಸಂಗಮ", ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ ೫೯೦ ೦೧೮, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ

# Syllabus of I to IV Semesters

(With effect from 2014-2015)

Master of Technology in

# PRODUCT DESIGN & MANUFACTURING



Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum ವಿಶ್ವೇಶ್ವರಯ್ಯ ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ

Web: www.vtu.ac.in

Published by: and Copyright

Registrar

Visvesvaraya Technological University "Jnana Sangama", Belgaum - 590 018 Karnataka, INDIA.

Year of Publication: 2014

: Rs. 60/-

Price

# THE MASTER OF TECHNOLOGY COURSE IN ENGINEERING

(Full Time / Part Time)

- OM 1 TITLE OF THE COURSE
- OM 1.1 The Course shall be called Master of Technology Course, abbreviated as M.Tech. (Subject of Specialization)
- OM 2 DURATION OF THE COURSE
- OM 2.1 There shall be two categories:
  - 1) Full Time Course and
  - 2) Part Time Course
- OM 2.2 Full Time Course:

The course shall extend over a period of four semesters and each semester shall have the following schedule:

First Semester: 23 weeks duration

• 16 weeks course work +7 weeks for (Preparation, Examination and Vacation).

Second Semester: 21 weeks duration

• 16 weeks course work +5 weeks for (Preparation, Examination and Vacation).

Third Semester: 21 weeks duration

- 16 weeks Internship +5 weeks for (Report Submission, Evaluation, Viva-Voce and initiation of Project Phase-II).
- Seminar and Presentation on Internship after 8 weeks from the commencement of III Semester.
- · Report on Internship.
- Project Phase- I: Problem formulation and submission of synopsis within 8 weeks from the commencement of 3rd semester to the HoD with the approval of the Project Guide.
- · Evaluation of Internship report and Viva-Voce, and
- Project Phase- II: Preliminary work on Project Implementation.

Fourth Semester: 24 weeks duration

Course work of 2 subjects +Project Phase-III

- OM 2.3 Part Time Course:
  - (a) The course shall extend over 6 semesters.
  - (b) Each semester shall be of the duration equivalent to that of the semester for full time students, inclusive of teaching, preparation for examination and vacation.
  - (c) First, second, third & fourth semester shall comprise of course work and the fifth shall be entirely devoted to Internship

and sixth semester shall be entirely devoted to dissertation work.

- (d) During the first semester, the candidate shall register for the subjects of first and third semesters. During the second semester, the candidate shall register for the subjects of second and fourth semesters.
- (e) The candidate shall register for a maximum of three subjects per semester.

(f) The candidates shall register for Lab subject in first and second semesters along with the regular three subjects.

- OM 2.4 A Full Time candidate shall be allowed a maximum duration of eight semesters from the first semester of admission to become eligible for the award of Master's Degree, failing which he/she may register once again as a fresh candidate.
- OM. 2.5 A Part Time candidate shall be allowed a maximum of 12 semesters duration from the first semester of admission to become eligible for the award of Master's Degree, failing which he/she may register once again as a fresh candidate.
- OM 2.6 The Calendar of events in respect of the course shall be fixed by the University from time to time.

#### OM 3 ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION

- OM 3.1 Admission to the Master of Technology Course shall be open to all the candidates who have passed B.E. / B. Tech. Examinations (as per the eligibility criteria specified from time to time) of VTU or any other recognized University / Institution. The decision of the Equivalence committee shall be final in establishing the eligibility of candidates for a particular course. For the foreign degrees Equivalence certificate from the Association of Indian Universities is a must. However, the candidates who have completed their prerequisite degree through the distance mode education are not eligible for admission to M.Tech. Courses under any quota i.e. Govt./ Management.
- OM 3.2 AMIE qualification in respective branches shall be equivalent to B.E./ B. Tech. Courses of VTU for admission to M.Tech. However, the candidate seeking admission to M.Tech. courses on the basis of AMIE shall also take the Common Entrance Test.

- OM 3.3 Admission to M.Tech. Course shall be open to the candidates who have passed the prescribed qualifying examination with not less than 50% of the marks in the aggregate of all the years of the degree examination. However, in the case of candidates belonging to SC/ST and Category I, the aggregate percentage of marks in the qualifying examinations shall not be less than 45%. Rounding off of percentage secured in qualifying examination is not permissible.
- OM3.4 There shall be entrance examination for PG Programs from the Karnataka Examination Authority and candidates qualified for the admission through the Entrance examination or qualified for admission under GATE and issued an admission order from KEA are eligible for the admission to M.Tech. Program or through the entrance examination conducted by the University.

# For admissions under Management Quota:

The candidates should have appeared for the Entrance Examination conducted by KEA or Qualified under GATE or appeared and qualified through the entrance examination conducted by the University.

Further, there shall be an Admissions Committee for PG Course in each college for each branch of PG studies consisting of the Principal of the College as the Chairman, Head of the concerned Department, one senior staff member of the concerned Department. The Admissions Committee conducts the interview of the candidates for admissions.

# For admissions under Sponsored Quota:

The candidates should have appeared for the Entrance Examination conducted by KEA or Qualified under GATE or through the entrance examination conducted by the University.

- OM 3.5 The candidates, who have qualified in the GATE Examination for the appropriate branch of engineering, shall be given priority. They shall be exempt from taking Entrance Examination.
- OM 3.6 If sufficient number of GATE qualified candidates are not available, such seats shall be filled from amongst the candidates appeared for Entrance Examination in the order of merit.
- OM 3.7 The maximum number of seats under various categories (regular, sponsored candidates and SC/ST) shall be as sanctioned by the AICTE, State Government and VTU, from time to time.

- OM 3.8 Subject to the provisions of OM 3.1 and OM 3.2, members of the Teaching/Research Staff/Teaching Assistants working in any Engineering College recognized by AICTE either in the State of Karnataka or outside and who have put in a minimum of Three years of teaching experience on full-time basis in Engineering Colleges, Polytechnic institutions / any other institutions imparting Engineering education shall be eligible for admission to PG Courses under sponsored quota, if they are sponsored by the respective Institutions / DTE. Where sufficient number of such candidates is not available, candidates with minimum Three years of teaching experience may be allowed to the course against sponsored quota.
- OM 3.9 Subject to the provisions of OM3.1 and OM3.2, members working in the State Government / Central Government / Quasi Government Organizations / Public Sector Industries / Reputed Private Industries, who have put in a minimum of Three years of working experience and are sponsored by the concerned Organizations shall also be eligible to seek admissions to PG Courses against sponsored quota.
- OM 3.10 The Engineering graduates other than the graduates of any of the Universities of Karnataka State shall have to obtain Eligibility Certificate from the VTU to seek admission to P.G. course in any of the colleges affiliated to VTU.
- OM 3.11 Part time students whose place of working is within radial distance of 40 km from the institution where they seek admission shall take admission for the course under the regulation OM 3.8 or OM3.9.
- OM 3.12 Admission to M.Tech. course shall be open under lateral entry scheme for candidates who have completed one year PG Diploma Course of VTU or equivalent course in that branch in which he / she is seeking admission and satisfies all other eligibility criteria for admission to the regular M.Tech. Course.
- OM 4 ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENT
- OM 4.1 Each course of the semester shall be treated as a separate unit for calculation of the attendance.
- OM 4.2 Each semester is considered as a unit and the candidate has to put in a minimum attendance of 85% in each subject with a provision of condonation of 10% of the attendance by the Vice-Chancellor on the specific recommendation of the Principal of the college where the candidate is studying, showing some

- reasonable cause such as medical grounds, participation in University level sports, cultural activities, seminars, workshops, paper presentation, etc. The necessary documents such as Medical Certificate, letter of participation in University level activities etc., are to be submitted along with recommendations for condonation.
- OM 4.3 A candidate, who does not satisfy the attendance requirement as mentioned above shall not be eligible to appear for the Examination of that semester and shall be required to repeat that semester along with regular students during the subsequent year.
- OM 4.4 If a candidate, for any reason, discontinues the course in the middle, he/she may be permitted to register to continue the course along with subsequent batch, subject to the condition that he/she shall complete the class work, laboratory work and seminar including the submission of dissertation within the maximum stipulated period (double the duration of the course). Such candidate shall not be eligible to be considered for the award of rank.
- OM 4.5 Principals of the concerned colleges shall notify regularly, the list of such candidates who fall short of attendance.
- OM 4.6 The list of the candidates falling short of attendance shall be sent to the University at least one week prior to the commencement of the examination.
- OM 5 INTERNAL ASSESSMENT
- OM 5.1 A candidate shall obtain not less than 50% of the maximum marks prescribed for the Internal Assessment (IA) of each subject/Lab, including seminars.
- OM 5.2 Internal Assessment Marks shall be based on assignments, tests, oral examination and seminar conducted in respective subjects (minimum of two tests are compulsory).
- OM 5.3 Candidates obtaining less than 50% of the Internal Assessment marks in any subject(s)/Lab shall not be eligible to appear for the examination in that subject(s). Only in such cases, the Head of the Department shall arrange for the improvement of Internal Assessment marks in the subject(s)/Lab in subsequent semester.
- OM 5.4 The candidates shall write the Internal Assessment Test in Blue Books which shall be maintained by the Principal / Head of the Department for at least three months after the announcement of University results and available for verification

- as per the directions of the Registrar (Evaluation).
- OM 5.5 Every sheet of the Internal Assessment marks list shall bear the signatures of the concerned Teacher, Head of the Department and the Principal,
- OM 5.6 The Internal Assessment marks list shall be displayed on the Notice Board and corrections, if any, shall be incorporated before sending to the University.
- OM 5.7 The IA marks shall be sent to the university by the Principals well in advance before the commencement of theory examination. No corrections of the Internal Assessment marks shall be entertained after the submission of marks list to the University.
- OM 6 SEMINARS
- OM 6.1 All candidates shall present one seminar each in the first and the second semesters on the topics chosen from the relevant fields.
- OM 6.2 The Head of the Department shall arrange for conducting such seminars through concerned faculty member of the Department.
- OM 6.3 The Internal Assessment marks for the seminar shall be awarded by the concerned faculty member.
- OM 7 PAPER SETTING AND EVALUATION OF THEORY ANSWER PAPERS
- OM 7.1 Question papers in theory subjects shall be set by the Examiners appointed for that purpose by the University.
- OM 7.2 There shall be double valuation of theory papers. The theory Answer booklets shall be valued independently by two examiners appointed by the University.
- OM 7.3 If the difference between the marks awarded by the two Examiners is not more than 15 per cent of the maximum marks, the marks awarded to the candidate shall be the average of two evaluations.
- OM 7.4 If the difference between the marks awarded by the two Examiners is more than 15 per cent of the maximum marks, the answer booklet shall be evaluated by a third Examiner appointed by the university. The average of the marks of nearest two valuations shall be considered as the marks secured by the candidate. However, if one of the three marks falls exactly midway between the other two, then the highest two marks shall be taken for averaging.

- OM 8 INTERNSHIP
- OM 8.1 Internship: The student shall undergo Internship for 16 weeks.
- OM 8.2 Seminar / Presentation on Internship: The student shall make a midterm presentation of the activities undertaken during the first eight weeks of internship to a panel comprising Internship Guide, a senior faculty from the department and Head of the Department of the college.
- OM 8.3 Report on Internship: The College shall facilitate and monitor the student internship program. The internship report of each student shall be submitted to the Head of the Department of the college with the approval of the Guide.
- OM 8.4 Evaluation of Internship To be carried out by the Internal Guide of the college and the respective Head of the Department.
- OM 8.5 Viva-Voce on Internship Report- To be conducted internally by the Internship Guide (from the college) and the External Guide under whose supervision the student has carried out the internship.
- OM 8.6 Failure to undergo Internship: The student will not be eligible to submit the dissertation
- OM 9 DISSERTATION WORK
- OM 9.1 The candidate shall submit a soft copy of the dissertation work in the form of CD which should contain the entire Dissertation in monolithic form as a PDF file (not separate chapters)

  Guide after checking the report for completeness shall upload the Dissertation along with name, address, mobile number of the candidate, etc. as prescribed in form available on online Dissertation evaluation portal. The guide shall also chose and submit a panel of four expert evaluators.

#### OM 9.2 PLAGIARISM CHECK

Once the Guide uploads the dissertation, The dissertation shall be linked for plagiarism check and the plagiarism index <=25%. If the report indicates plagiarism index >25%:

- for the first time the candidate has to resubmit the dissertation along with the penal fees of Rs 2000/- (Two thousand only)
- for the second time the candidate has to resubmit the dissertation along with the penal fees of Rs 4000/- (four thousand only)
- · If the dissertation is rejected again during second

- resubmission, the candidate shall redo the project and submit after a semester's time.
- OM 9.3 The date of submission of the dissertation may be extended up to a maximum of four academic years for full-time students and maximum of six academic years for part-time students, from the date of commencement of the first semester in which the candidate has taken admission to the course.
- OM 9.4 The dissertation shall be sent through email for evaluation to two examiners one internal examiner (guide/co-guide) and one external examiner appointed by the University. The evaluation of the dissertation shall be made independently by each examiner.
- OM 9.5 The examiners shall independently evaluate and submit the marks through the specified link.
- OM 9.6 Average of the marks awarded by the two Examiners shall be the final.
- OM 9.7 Examiners shall evaluate the dissertation normally within a period of not more than three weeks from the date of receipt of dissertation through email. The dissertation shall not be accepted for passing if external examiner finds that the dissertation work and the report is not up to the expected standard and the minimum passing marks cannot be awarded. The external examiner can totally reject the dissertation or ask for its modification. The examiner shall give reasons for rejection of the dissertation or requiring its modification and where modification in the dissertation is required, he / she can make suggestion for improvement of the dissertation for resubmission. In cases where modification is recommended after incorporating suggestions, the dissertation report shall be sent to the same external examiner.
- OM 9.8 If the examiner does not approve the dissertation on its resubmission, it shall be treated as rejected. After the rejection by the first external examiner, it shall be sent to a second examiner appointed by the University. If the second examiner also does not approve the dissertation, the candidate shall have to carry out the dissertation work once again and shall submit the dissertation within the stipulated time. In such cases of Rejection, the candidate shall redo the entire procedure from the submission of Dissertation in soft copy.

- OM 9.9 The candidate may also choose another topic of dissertation under a new guide, if necessary. In such an event, the report shall be submitted within four years in case of full time student and six years in case of part time student respectively from the date of admission to the course.
- OM 9.10 If the dissertation report is approved and evaluated by both the examiners and the candidate secured minimum passing marks in the evaluation, the office of the Registrar (Evaluation) will send the link to both the examiners for the conduct of Viva-Voce Exam and submission of marks.

  Internal examiner as per the direction of the University to arrive at a mutually convenient date for the conduct of viva-voce examination of the concerned candidate with intimation to the Registrar (Evaluation). In case one of the examiners expresses his inability to attend the viva-voce, the Registrar (Evaluation) shall appoint a substitute examiner in his place.
- OM 9.11 The relative weightage for the evaluation of dissertation and the performance at the viva voce shall be as per the scheme of teaching & examination.
- OM 9.12 The marks awarded by both the Examiners at the viva voce Examination shall be sent jointly to the University immediately after the examination.

  Examination fee as fixed from time to time by the University for evaluation of dissertation report and conduct of viva voce shall be remitted through the Head of the Institution as per the instructions sent by the office of Registrar (Evaluation) from time to time.
- OM 9.13 If the dissertation report is approved, as per regulation OM8.11, a viva-voce examination of the candidate shall be conducted by the external examiner and internal examiner / guide. The external examiner, who will be appointed by the University, shall be contacted by the Principal / Head of the Department.

  Internal examiner as per the direction of the University shall have to arrive at a mutually convenient date for the conduct of viva-voce examination of the concerned candidate with an intimation to the Registrar (Evaluation). In case one of the examiners expresses his/her inability to attend the viva-voce, the Registrar (Evaluation) shall appoint a substitute examiner in his/her place.
- OM 9.14 The relative weightage for the evaluation of dissertation and the performance at the viva voce shall be as per the scheme of teaching & examination.
- OM 9.15 The marks awarded by both the Examiners at the viva voce

- Examination shall be sent jointly to the University immediately after the examination.
- OM 9.16 Examination fee as fixed from time to time by the University for evaluation of dissertation report and conduct of viva voce shall be remitted through the Head of the Institution as per the instructions sent by the office of Registrar (Evaluation) from time to time.
- OM 10 ELIGIBILITY FOR PASSING
- OM 10.1 There shall be University examination at the end of each semester.
- OM 10.2 The candidate shall obtain a minimum of 40% of marks in each theory paper in the University examination and a minimum of 50% of marks in each laboratory examination and a minimum of 50% of marks in aggregate including the Internal Assessment marks for pass in each of the theory subject /Lab.

OM 10.3 To pass a candidate shall obtain a minimum of 50% of maximum marks separately both in Seminar and in Dissertation.

OM 10.4 The candidate with a maximum of two backlog subjects of first year shall be eligible for taking admission to second year (III semester).

However for part time course, candidate with one backlog subject shall be eligible for taking admission to odd semester from even semester.

- OM 10.5 The full time candidate has to pass in all the subjects of the first two semesters and Internship and the part time candidate has to pass in all the subjects of first four semester and Internship before the submission of dissertation report.
- OM 10.6 A candidate may at his/her desire reject his/her latest semester results of University examination in respect to all subjects of that semester. However, in the 4th semester the rejection shall not include the Dissertation result. Rejection shall be permitted only once during the entire course. The Internal Assessment marks of the rejected semester shall be retained.

  If the rejection of the University examination results of the

If the rejection of the University examination results of the semester happens to be of an odd semester, the candidate can take admission to the immediate next even semester. However, if the rejection of the University result is of even semester, the candidate cannot take admission to the next odd semester.

OM 10.7 Application for rejection shall be submitted to the Registrar (Evaluation) through the Principal of the college, within thirty days from the date of announcement of results.

- OM 10.8 A candidate, who opts for rejection shall be eligible for the award of class and distinction, but shall not be eligible for the award of rank.
- OM 11 AWARD OF CREDITS: A candidate, who satisfactorily completes a subject/lab/seminar/project/ internship shall be awarded the credits prescribed for the subject/lab/seminar/project/ internship
- OM 12 AWARD OF CLASS AND RANK
- OM 12.1 Candidates who have complied to the academic requirements for the award of the degree of Master of Technology shall be declared to have passed the course.
- OM 12.2 The class shall be awarded at each semester based on the aggregate marks of the semester obtained in the first attempt.
- OM 12.3 A candidate who secures 70% or more marks in the aggregate in the first attempt shall be declared to have passed in First class with Distinction.
- OM 12.4 A candidate who secures 60% or more marks but less than 70% marks in the aggregate in the first attempt shall be declared to have passed in First Class.
- OM 12.5 A candidate who secures 50% or more marks but less than 60% marks in the aggregate in the first attempt shall be declared to have passed in Second Class.
- OM 12.6 The class shall be awarded on the aggregate marks obtained in the first attempt in all semesters.
- OM 12.7 There shall be three ranks in each PG course, provided the minimum full time strength is 10. The ranks shall be declared only for full time students who have passed every semester in the first attempt, on the basis of the aggregate marks of all the semesters taken together.
- OM 12.8 Candidates who have rejected as per the regulation OM9.6 or discontinued the course as per regulation OM4.4 or do not submit the dissertation report within the stipulated period as per OM 2.2 are not eligible for award of ranks.
- **NOTE:** These regulations governing the Degree of Master of Technology of Visvesvaraya Technological University shall be binding on all and may be modified from time to time.

\*\*\*\*

# VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION FOR M.Tech. in Product Design and Manufacturing

		Teaching hours/week			Marks for		DIT BASEL	T
Subject Code	Name of the Subject	Lecture	Practical / Field Work / Assignment/ Tutorials	Duration of Exam in Hours	I.A.	Exam	Total Marks	CREDITS
14MPD11	Product Design & Development	4	2	3	50	100	150	4
14MPD12	Product Life Cycle Management	4	2	3	50	100	150	4
14MPD13	Advanced Materials Technology	4	2	3	50	100	150	4
14MPD14	Finite Element Method	4	. 2	3	50	100	150	4
14MPD15x	Elective-I	4	2	3	50	100	150	4
14MPD16	Lab Component	-1.7	3	3	25	50	75	2
14MPD17	Seminar		3		25		25	1
	Total	20	16	18	300	550	850	23

Elective - I	
14MPD151	Applied Probability and Statistics
14MPD152	Simulation and Modeling of Manufacturing Systems
14MPD153	Computer Applications in Design
14MPD154	Quality by Design
14MPD155	Modern Trends in Management

# VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION FOR M.Tech. in Product Design and Manufacturing

II Semester **CREDIT BASED** Teaching hours/week Marks for Practical / Subject **Duration of** Total Name of the Subject Field Work / CREDITS Code Lecture **Exam** in Hours I.A. Exam Marks Assignment/ Tutorials 14MPD21 Industrial Design & Ergonomics 4 3 50 100 150 4 14MPD22 Product Data Management 4 2 3 50 100 150 4 14MPD23 Design for Manufacturing 4 2 3 50 100 150 4 14MPD24 Rapid Prototyping 4 2 3 50 100 150 4 14MPD25x Elective-II 4 2 3 50 100 150 4 14MPD26 Lab Component 3 3 25 50 75 2 14MPD27 Seminar 3 25 --25 --1 Total 20 16 18 300 550 850 23

Elective - II	King and the first of the second of the seco
14MPD251	Quality and Reliability Engineering
14MPD252	Virtual Design and Manufacturing
14MPD253	Lean Manufacturing Systems
/14MPD254	Non-Traditional Machining Processes
14MPD255	Financial Management

15

14

# VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI

# SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION FOR

M.Tech. in Product Design and Manufacturing

III Semester: INTERNSHIP

CREDIT BASED

Course Code		No. of H	Irs./Week	Duration of the Exam in Hours	Mark	s for	for	
	Subject	Lecture	Practical / Field Work		I.A.	Exam	Total Marks	CREDITS
14MPD31	Seminar / Presentation on Internship (After 8 weeks from the date of commencement of the semester).	•	1001 76	-	25	1 220 1 120 1 120	25	
	Project Phase: I - Problem formulation and submission of synopsis within 8 weeks from the commencement of 3 rd semester.			-		100		
14MPD32	Evaluation of Internship - To be carried out by the Internal Guide of the college and the respective Head of the Department.				50		50	
14MPD33	Viva-Voce on Internship Report - To be conducted internally by the Internship Guide (from the colleg e) and the External Guide under whose supervision the student has carried out the internship.	Te sum Te	yelland Ergansa yanan pana saki	gerkoots	-	75	75	Cital 5
	Project Phase: II - Preliminary work on Project Implementation.	eret us	goor yy yedd aw	greeni <u>s</u> kraager k van 305 jaan 1	-			
	Total		(O) O(C)	Athesizes* 18	75	75	150	20

# VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION FOR M.Tech. in Product Design and Manufacturing

**IV Semester** CREDIT BASED No. of Hrs./Week Marks for Subject Field Work / **Duration of** Total Subject Code **CREDITS** Lecture Assignment / **Exam** in Hours I.A. Exam Marks Tutorials 14MPD41 **Advanced Manufacturing Practices** 4 3 50 100 150 4 14MPD42X Elective-III 4 2 3 50 100 150 4 Interim Evaluation of Project work 14MPD43 (after 10 weeks from the 50 50 2 commencement of 4th Semester). Final Evaluation of Project Work 14MPD44 3 100+100 200 and Viva-voce. 18 Total 8 04 09 150 400 550 28 Grand Total (I to IV Sem.): 2400 Marks; 94 Credits

8 44 4 7	Elective – III
14MPD421	Optimization Techniques for Decision Making
14MPD422	Product Planning and Marketing
14MPD423	Agile Manufacturing
14MPD424	Product Analysis and Cost Optimization
14MPD425	Robust Design

Product Architecture: What is product architecture, implications of the architecture, establishing the architecture, variety and supply chain considerations, platform planning, related system level design issues.

INDUSTRIAL DESIGN: Assessing the need for industrial design, the impact of industrial design, industrial design process, managing the industrial design process, assessing the quality of industrial design.

Design for Manufacturing: Definition, estimation of manufacturing cost, reducing the cost of components, assembly, supporting production, impact of DFM on other factors.

**Prototyping:** Prototyping basics, principles of prototyping, technologies, planning for prototypes.

**Product Development Economics:** Elements of economic analysis, base case financial mode,. Sensitive analysis, project trade-offs, influence of qualitative factors on project success, qualitative analysis.

Managing Projects: Understanding and representing task, baseline project planning, accelerating projects, project execution, postmortem project evaluation.

#### TEXT BOOK:

 Product Design and Development - Karl.T.Ulrich, Steven D Eppinger -Irwin McGrawHill - 2000.

#### Reference Books:

- 1. Product Design and Manufacturing A C Chitale and R C Gupta, PH1, 3rd Edition, 2003:
- New Product Development Timjones. Butterworth Heinmann -Oxford. UCI -1997
- 3. Product Design for Manufacture and Assembly Geoffery Boothroyd, Peter Dewhurst and Winston Knight 2002

#### PRODUCT LIFE CYCLE MANAGEMENT

Subject Code : 14MPD12 IA Marks : 50 No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04 Exam Hours : 03 Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52 Exam Marks : 100

Product life cycle management – Need for PLM, Components of PLM, Product Data and Product workflow, Drivers for Change,

The PLM Strategy, Developing a PLM Strategy, A Five-step Process

Strategy Identification and Selection, Strategy Elements, Implications of Strategy Elements, Policies, Strategy Analysis, Communicating the Strategy

Change Management for PLM, Configuration management, cost of design changes, schemes for concurrent engineering,

Design for manufacturing and assembly, robust design, failure mode and effect-analysis

Modeling, Current concepts, part design, sketching, use of datum's construction features, free ovulation, pattering, copying, and modifying features, reference standards for datum specification, Standards for Engineering data exchange

Tolerance mass property calculations, rapid prototyping and tooling, finite modeling and analysis, general procedure, analysis techniques,

Finite element modeling. Applicability of FEM, Static analysis, thermal analysis, dynamic analysis.

- Product Lifecycle Management Paradigm for century Product Realization
   John Stark, Springer-Verlag, 21st, London, 3rd printing -2006. 441 pp., ISBN: 1-85233-810-5.
- 2. CAD/CAM Theory and Practice Zeid, Mc Graw Hill.- 1991.
- 3. Computer Integrated Design and Manufacturing, Mark Henderson & Philip Wolfe, Bedworth Mc Graw hill inc.- 1991.
- 4. Part modeling Users Guide, Engineer 1998.

# ADVANCED MATERIALS TECHNOLOGY

Subject Code : 14MPD13 IA Marks : 50
No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04 Exam Hours : 03
Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52 Exam Marks : 100

#### Introduction to composite materials

Definition, Classification, Types of matrices & reinforcements, characteristics & selection, Fiber composites, laminated composites, particulate composites, prepregs, sandwich construction.

#### Micro mechanical analysis of a lamina

Introduction, Evaluation of the four elastic moduli – Rule of mixture, ultimate strengths of unidirectional lamina.

#### Macro mechanics of a lamina:

Hooke's law for different types of materials, number of elastic constants, Two – dimensional relationship of compliance & stiffness matrix. Hooke's law for two dimensional angle lamina, engineering constants – angle lamina, Invariants, Theories of failure.

## Macro Mechanical analysis of laminate:

Introduction, code, Kirchoff hypothesis – CLT, A, B, & D matrices, Engineering constants, Special cases of laminates, Failure criterion.

# Manufacturing:

Layup and curing – open and closed mould processing – Hand lay –up techniques – Bag moulding and filament winding. Pultrusion, pulforming, Thermoforming, Injection moulding, Cutting, Machining and joining, tooling, Quality assurance – Introduction, material qualification, types of defects, NDT methods.

Application developments - aircrafts, missiles, space hardware, automobile, electrical and electronics, marine, recreational and sports equipment-future potential of composites.

Metal matrix composites: Reinforcement materials, types, Characteristics & selection, base metals- selection, applications.

#### Text Books:

- Composite Materials handbook Mein Schwartz Mc Graw Hill Book Company - 1984.
- Mechanics of composite materials Autar K. Kaw CRC Press New York. - 1st edition, 1997.

#### **Reference Books:**

- Mechanics of composite materials Rober M. Joness McGraw Hill Kogakusha, Ltd. - 2008.
- Stress analysis of fiber Reinforced composite materials Michael W Hyer
   McGraw Hill International -1999.
- 3. Composite material science and Engineering Krishan K Chawla Springer 1999.
- Fibre reinforced composites P.C. Mallik Marcel Decker- 2nd edition, New York -1993.



Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering -Thugathi R.- Chandrasatla

Ashok D Belegundu - Frentice Hall India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi - 3vi

#### FINITE ELEMENT METHODS

Subject Code : 14MPD14 IA Marks : 50
No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04 Exam Hours : 03
Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52 Exam Marks : 100

Introduction: Equations of equilibrium, stress-strain relations for 2-D and 3-D, Potential energy and equilibrium, Boundary conditions, Von Misses Stresses

FEM for 1-D Problems: General procedure for FEA, Raleigh Ritz method, Galerkin Approach, shape functions, stiffness matrix, load vectors, temperature effects, Applications of boundary conditions using elimination, penalty and multi-constraint approaches, Application problems – 1-D bar element. Trusses and beams

FEM for 2-D Problems: Shape functions, stiffness matrix, strain matrix, load vectors for CST Elements and application problems

FEM for Axisymmetric Problems: Axisymmetric formulation, triangular elements, PE approach, Body force term, application problems

FEM for Scalar Field Problems: 1-D Steady state heat transfer, torsion, potential flow and fluid flow in ducts and application problems

Dynamic Analysis: Equations of motion for dynamic problems --consistent and lumped mass matrices --formulation of element mass matrices free vibration and forced vibration problems formulation.

- Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering –Tirupathi R.- Chandrupatla Ashok D Belegundu - Prentice Hall India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi – 3rd Edition, 2003
- Concepts and Applications of finite Element Analysis Cook R.D -Malkus D.S & Plesha M.E - John Wiley & Sons - 1989.
- 3. Applied Finite Element Analysis -Segerlind L.J John Wiley & Sons Edition- 1984.

- The Finite Element Method in Engineering, Rao SS Pergomon Press Oxford 2nd Edition, 1984.
- 5. Finite Element Procedures in Engineering Analysis Bathe K .J Prentice Hall NewJersey 1982.
- 6. Energy and Finite Element Methods in Structural mechanics Shames III & Dym C L Wiley eastern ltd 1995.

# APPLIED PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS

Subject Code : 14MPD151 IA Marks : 50
No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04 Exam Hours : 03
Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52 Exam Marks : 100

Introduction to statistics: Statistical Thinking, Collecting data, Statistical Modeling Frame work, measure of central tendency and variance, Importance of Data summary and Display, Tabular and Graphical display.

Discrete Random Variables and Probability distribution: Discrete Random variables, Probability distributions and Probability mass functions, Cumulative distribution functions, Mean and Variance of a discrete random variable, discrete uniform distribution, Binominal distribution, Hyper Geometric distribution, Poisson distribution, Applications.

Continuous Random Variables and Probability Distributions: Continuous random variables, Probability distributions and probability density functions, cumulative distribution functions, Mean and Variance of a continuous random variable, uniform distribution, Normal distribution, Normal approximation to Binominal and Poisson distribution, Exponential distribution.

Testing of Hypothesis: Estimation theory, Hypothesis testing, Inference on the mean of a population (variance known and unknown), Inference on the variance of a normal population, Inference on a population proportion, Testing for Goodness of Fit, Inference for a difference in Means, Variances known, Inference for a difference in means of two normal distributions, Variances unknown, Inference on the Variances of two normal populations, Inference on two population proportions.

Simple Linear Regressions and Correlation: Simple Linear Regression, Properties of Least square Estimators and Estimation of variances, Transformations to a straight line, Correlation.

Multiple linear regressions model, least square estimation of parameters, Matrix approach to multiple linear regression, properties of least square estimators and estimation of variance.

Introduction to DOE: Completely Randomised Block Design (CBD) and Randomised Block Design(RBD)

- Applied statistics and Probability for Engineers Douglas C Montgomery
   George C Runger John Wiley and Sons 2nd Edn, ISBN-0-471-17027 5. 2000.
- 2 Statistics for Management Richard I Levin David S Rubin Prentice Hall India - 6th Edn, ISBN-81-203-0893-X.- 1979.
- 3 Probability and Statistics in Engineering William W Hines Douglas C Montgomery - John Wiley and Sons - 2nd Edn, ISBN: 0471240877.
- 4 Business Statistics for Management and Economics Daniel, Terrell Houghton Mifflin Company 6th Edn, ISBN-0-395-62835-0.
- 5 Probability and Statistics Walpole & Mayer MacMillan Publishing Company -1989.

## SIMULATION AND MODELING OF MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS

Subject Code : 14MPD152 IA Marks : 50 No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04 Exam Hours : 03 Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52 Exam Marks : 100

**Principles of Computer Modelling And Simulation:** Monte Carlo simulation. Nature of computer-modeling and simulation. Limitations of simulation, areas of applications.

System and Environment: Components of a system -discrete and continuous systems, Models of a system -a variety of modeling approaches.

Discrete Event Simulation: Concepts in discrete event simulation, manual simulation using event scheduling, single channel queue, two server queue, simulation of inventory problem.

Statistical Models in Simulation: Discrete distributions, continuous distributions.

Random Number Generation: Techniques for generating random numbers-Mid square method -the mod product method -Constant multiplier technique -Additive congruential method -Linear congruential method -Tests for random numbers -The Kolmogorov-Smirnov test -the Chi-square test.

Random Variable Generation: Inversion transforms technique-exponential distribution, uniform distribution, weibul distribution, continuous distribution, generating approximate normal variates-Erlang distribution.

Empirical Discrete Distribution: Discrete uniform -distribution poisson distribution -geometric distribution -acceptance -rejection technique for Poisson distribution gamma distribution.

Design and Evaluation Of Simulation Experiments: variance reduction techniques -antithetic variables, variables-verification and validation of simulation models.

Simulation Software: Selection of simulation software, simulation packages.

- Discrete Event System Simulation Jerry Banks & .John S Carson II -Prentice Hall Inc.-1984.
- 2. Systems Simulation Gordan. G Prentice Hall India Ltd -1991.
- 3. System Simulation With Digital Computer Nusing Deo Prentice Hall of India 1979.
- 4. Computer Simulation and Modeling Francis Neelamkovil John Wilely & Sons -1987.
- Simulation Modeling with Pascal Rath M.Davis & Robert M O Keefe -Prentice Hall Inc. -1989.

# COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN DESIGN

Subject Code : 14MPD153 IA Marks : 50
No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04 Exam Hours : 03
Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52 Exam Marks : 100

Introduction to CAD/CAM/CAE Systems: Overview, Definitions of CAD. CAM and CAE, Integrating the Design and Manufacturing Processes through a Common Database-A Scenario, Using CAD/CAM/CAE Systems for Product Development-A Practical Example.

Components of CAD/CAM/CAE Systems: Hardware Components, Vector-Refresh (Stroke- Refresh) Graphics Devices, Raster Graphics Devices, Hardware configuration, Software Components, Windows-Based CAD Systems.

Basic Concepts of Graphics Programming: Graphics Libraries, Coordinate Systems, Window and Viewport, Output Primitives - Line, Polygon, Marker Text, Graphics Input, Display List, Transformation Matrix, Translation, Rotation, Mapping, Other Transformation Matrices, Hidden-Line and Hidden-Surface Removal, Back-Face Removal Algorithm, Depth-Sorting, or Painter.s, Algorithm, Hidden-Line Removal Algorithm, z-Buffer Method, Rendering, Shading, Ray Tracing, Graphical User Interface, X Window System.

Geometric Modeling Systems: Wireframe Modeling Systems, Surface Modeling Systems, Solid Modeling Systems, Modeling Functions, Data Structure, Euler Operators, Boolean Operations, Calculation of Volumetric Properties, Nonmanifold Modeling Systems, Assembly Modeling Capabilities, Basic Functions of Assembly Modeling, Browsing an Assembly, Features of Concurrent Design, Use of Assembly models, Simplification of Assemblies, Web-Based Modeling.

Representation and Manipulation of Curves: Types of Curve Equations, Conic Sections, Circle or Circular Arc, Ellipse or Elliptic Arc, Hyperbola, Parabola, Hermite Curves, Bezier Curve, Differentiation of a Bezier Curve Equation, Evaluation of a Bezier Curve, B-Spline Curve, Evaluation of a B-Spline Curve, Composition of B-Spline Curves, Differentiation of a B-Spline Curve, Nonuniform Rational B-Spline (NURBS) Curve, Evaluation of a NURBS Curve, Differentiation of a NURBS Curve, Interpolation

Using a Hermite Curve, Interpolation Using a B-Spline Curve, Intersection of Curves.

Representation and Manipulation of Surfaces: Types of Surface Equations, Bilinear Surface, Coon's Patch, Bicubic Patch, Bezier Surface, Evaluation of a Bezier Surface, Differentiation of a Bezier Surface, B-Spline Surface, Evaluation of a-B-Spline Surface, Differentiation of a B-Spline Surface, NURBS Surface, Interpolation Surface, Intersection of Surfaces.

CAD and CAM Integration: Overview of the Discrete Part Production Cycle. Process Planning, Manual Approach, Variant Approach, Generative Approach, Computer-Aided Process Planning Systems, CAM-I CAPP, MIPLAN and Multi CAPP, Met CAPP, ICEM-PART, Group Technology, Classification and Coding, Existing Coding Systems, Product Data Management (PDM) Systems.

Standards for Communicating Between Systems: Exchange Methods of Product Definition Data, Initial Graphics Exchange Specification, Drawing Interchange Format, Standard for the Exchange of Product Data.

Tutorials, Computational exercises involving Geometric Modeling of components and their assemblies

#### Text Book:

- 1 Principles of CAD/CAM/CAE systems Kunwoo Lee Addison Wesley -1999
- 2. CAD/CAM/CIM Radhakrishnan P. et al. New Age International 2008

- 1. CAD/CAM Theory & Practice Ibrahim Zeid McGraw Hill 1998
- Computer Integrated Design and Manufacturing Bedworth, Mark Henderson & Philip Wolfe - McGraw hill inc. - 1991.
- 3. Part modeling Users Guide Pro-Engineer 1998

#### QUALITY BY DESIGN

Subject Code	: 14MPD154		IA Marks	:	50
No. of Lecture Hours/V	Veek: 04	mari D	Exam Hours	:	03
Total No. of Lecture Ho	urs: 52		Exam Marks	:	100

Define customer needs - Quality Function Deployment, Concept generation as System Technique (FAST), Use brain storming and selection processes, Six Phases: Accept reduction phase. Review functional requirements, product specifications, concepts, Select candidate. Concept evaluation phase, Pugh method, and technical risks, output, Conclusions and recommendations. Reliability design, Critical parameter management; Value engineering, Failure-analysis (FMEA). Prototype building and testing, Pre-production model and testing, Taguchi method, Statistical process control, product development cycle.

#### TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Quality Through design McGraw hill -1993.
- Engineering Quality by Design Marcel Dekker Inc- New York. ISBN 0-8247-8246-1

#### Reference Books:

- Velocity Function Deployment Marcel Dekker Inc-New York. First Indian Edition 2005.
- 2. Techniques for value analysis and Engineering, 1972.
- 3. Management for quality improvement, productivity press.
- 4. Design, addition -Wesley, wokingham, 1991.
- 5. Designing For Quality Matar chapman & hall. New York 1990.
- 6. Indolence through quality and reliability, applied 1989.
- 7. Design for excellence McGraw -Hill Inc, New York 1996.

#### MODERN TRENDS IN MANAGEMENT

Sub Code	: 14 MPM 155	IA Marks : 50
No. of Lecture Hrs/week	: 04	Exam Hours : 03
Total Lecture Hrs	: 52	Exam Marks : 100

Just in Time Ideas: Introduction of JIT Concepts, Difference between Conventional Material Control technique and IIT, Steps in implementing JIT, J.I.T. as a management Kaizen concept, Feasibility of JIT concepts to Indian Industries.

Implementing a Program for continuous Improvement: Japanese concept of continuous Improvement. (KAIZEN mean continuous Improvement), Innovation concept of Improvement, Need for continuous improvement, Steps in implementing continuous improvement.

Quality Circles: Definition of quality circles, Quality circles as a tool for problem solving, Q.C. as a group oriented KAIZEN.

Kanban System: Definition of KANBAN, Difference between PULL & PUSH Systems of Material Control, KANBAN as a Push System, KANBAN as JIT concept.

Concurrent Engineering: Definition of Concurrent Engineering. Design for Manufacturing and Assembly (DFMA), Concurrent Engineering, Team, Advantages of concurrent Engineering.

- 1. Just in Time Manufacturing Amaldo Hernandez PH International.
- 2. Just in Time Productivity Process David Hutchins Jaco Publications.

# Laboratory Exercises 14 MPD 16

- 1. Static (Structural) Analysis of 1-D problems
- 2. Static (Structural) Analysis of plane stress and Plane Strain problems
- 3. Structural Analysis of Trusses
- 4. Static Analysis of Axisymmetric problems
- 5. Transient Heat Transfer Analysis of 1D problems
- 6. Transient Heat Transfer Analysis of 2D problems
- 7. Heat Transfer Analysis of Axisymmetric Problems
- 8. Dynamic Analysis of 1D problems Free vibration Analysis
- 9. Non-linear Static Analysis Typical problems in geometric and material non-linear Analysis
- 10. Buckling Analysis of Shell Structures

# II SEMESTER INDUSTRIAL DESIGN AND ERGONOMICS

Subject Code : 14 MPD21 IA Marks : 50
No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04
Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52
Exam Marks : 100

Introduction: An approach to industrial design -elements of design structure for industrial design in engineering application in modern manufacturing systems.

Ergonomics and Industrial Design: Introduction -general approach to the man-machine relationship-workstation design-working position.

Control and Displays: Shapes and sizes of various controls and displaysmultiple, displays and control situations -design of major controls in automobiles, machine tools etc., design of furniture -redesign of instruments.

Ergonomics and Production: ergonomics and product design -ergonomics in automated systems- expert systems for ergonomic design. Anthropometric data and its applications in ergonomic, design- limitations of anthropometric data- use of computerized database. Case study.

Visual Effects of Line and Form: The mechanics of seeing- psychology of seeing general influences of line and form.

Colour: Colour and light -colour and objects- colour and the eye -colour consistency- colour terms- reactions to colour and colour continuation -colour on engineering equipments.

Aesthetic Concepts: Concept of unity- concept of order with variety -concept of purpose style and environment-Aesthetic expressions. Style-components of style- house style, observation style in capital goods, case study.

Industrial Design in Practice: General design -specifying design equipmentsrating the importance of industrial design -industrial design in the design process.

#### Reference Books:

- Industrial Design for Engineers Mayall W.H. London Hiffee books Ltd. -1988.
- Applied Ergonomics Hand Book Brain Shakel (Edited) Butterworth scientific. London -1988.
- 3. Introduction to Ergonomics R. C. Bridger McGraw Hill Publications 1995.
- 4. Human Factor Engineering Sanders & McCormick McGraw Hill Publications 6th edition, 2002.

#### PRODUCT DATA MANAGEMENT

Subject Code : 14MPD22 IA Marks : 50 No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04 Exam Hours : 03 Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52 Exam Marks : 100

Centralized systems: Client Server Systems, Parallel Systems, Distributed Systems, Network Types, Parallel Database, Distributed Database, Security and Integrity, Standardization views

**Product Data Management :** Product life cycle, Complexity in Product Development, General Description of PDM

Basic functionality of PDM: Information architecture, PDM System architecture, Applications used in PDM systems. Trends in PDM

Document Management Systems: Document management and PDM, The Content Management, Document management and related technologies, Document management resources on the Internet

Workflow Management in PDM: Structure Management, Engineering Change Management, Release Management, Version Management, Configuration Management

Creating Product Structures: Part contric approach, CAD centric approach, Product Structure configuration, Managing Product Structures

PDM Tools: Matrix One, TeamCenter, Windchill.Enovia, PDM resources on the Internet

PDM Implementation Case Studies: Sun Microsystems, Inc., Mentor Graphics Corporation, Ericsson Radio Systems AB, Ericsson Mobile Communications AB, ABB Automation Technology Products, SaabTech Electronics AB

#### Reference Books:

 Implementing and Integrating Product Data Management and Software Configuration Management - 3 - Ivica Cmkovic Ulf Asklund - Annita Persson Dahlqvist - Archtech House Publishers.

- Product Data Management Rodger Burden Publisher: Resource Publishing- ISBN-10: 0970035225, ISBN-13: 978-0970035226 - 2003.
- The AutoCAD Database Book Accessing and Managing CAD Drawing Information - Galgotia Publications - Third Edition.

#### DESIGN FOR MANUFACTURE

Subject Code : 14MPD23 IA Marks : 50 No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04 Exam Hours : 03 Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52 Exam Marks : 100

Material and process selection – Introduction, Advantages of applying DFMA, General requirements of early materials and process selection, Selection of Manufacturing processes, Process capabilities, Selection of materials, Primary process/ materials selection, Systematic selection of processes and materials.

Engineering Design features. – Dimensioning, Tolerances, General Tolerance, Geometric Tolerances, Assembly limits, achieving larger machining tolerances. Screw threads, Ground surfaces, holes. Examples

Datum features - Functional datum, Machining sequence, manufacturing datum, changing the datum. Examples

Component design – Machining Considerations – Drills, Milling cutters, Drilling, Keyways, Dowels, Screws, Reduction in marhining areas, Simplication by separation and amalgamation, work piece holding, surface grinding, Examples

Component design - Casting Considerations - Pattern, Mould, parting line, cast holes, machined holes, identifying parting line, special sand cores, designing to obviate sand cores. Examples

Design for Injection molding and Sheet metal working – Injection molding materials, Molding cycle, Systems, molds, machine size, cycle time, Cost estimation, Insert molding, Design guidelines, Introduction to sheet metalworking, Dedicated Dies and Press working, Press selections; Design Rules.

Design for Die casting and Powder metal processing – Die casting alloys, cycle, machines, dies, finishing, Assembly techniques, Design principles, Powder metallurgy processing, stages, compaction characteristics, Tooling, Sintering, Design guidelines.

Geometric Tolerance - Symbols, Three datum concept of dimensioning, Straightness, concentricity, Run-out, Location Tolerance, Assembly of parts

having concentric cylinders, Control of feature location by true position, Body of revolution, Roundness, Profile dimensioning, Tapers, Shaft of two diameters. Examples.

#### TEXT BOOKS:

- Product Design for Manufacture and Assembly Geoffrey Boothroyd Peter Dewhurst - Winston Knight – Marcel Dekker, Inc. – Newyork -Second Revison, ISBN 0-8247-0584-X.
- 2. Designing for Manufacturing Harry Peck Pitman Publications 1983.
- Dimensioning and Tolerancing for Quantity Production Merhyle F Spotts –Inc. Englewood Cliffs - New Jersey - Prentice Hall, 5th edition.

#### RAPID PROTOTYPING

Subject Code : 14MPD24 IA Marks : 50
No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04 Exam Hours : 03
Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52 Exam Marks : 100

**Introduction:** Need for the compression in product development, history of RP systems, Survey of applications, Growth of RP industry, and classification of RP systems.

Stereo Lithography Systems: Principle, Process parameter, Process details, Data preparation, data files and machine details, Application.

Selective Laser Sintering and Fusion Deposition Modeling: Type of machine, Principle of operation, process parameters, Data preparation for SLS, Applications, Principle of Fusion deposition modeling, Process parameter, Path generation, Applications

Solid Ground Curing: Principle of operation, Machine details, Applications.

Laminated Object Manufacturing: Principle of operation, LOM materials. Process details, application.

Concepts Modelers: Principle, Thermal jet printer, Sander's model market, 3-D printer. Genisys Xs printer HP system 5, object Quadra systems.

Rapid Tooling: Indirect Rapid tooling -Silicone rubber tooling -Aluminum filled epoxy tooling Spray metal tooling, Cast kirksite, 3Q keltool, etc >Direct Rapid Tooling Direct. AIM, Quick cast process, Copper polyamide, Rapid Tool, DMILS, Prometal, Sand casting tooling, Laminate tooling soft Tooling vs. hard tooling.

RP Process Optimization: factors influencing accuracy. Data preparation errors, Part building errors, Error in finishing, influence of build orientation.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

 Stereo lithography and other RP & M Technologies - Paul F. Jacobs -SME, NY 1996. 2. Rapid Manufacturing - Flham D.T & Dinjoy S.S - Verlog London 2001.

Ruted No. of Lecture House: 52 -

3. Rapid automated - Lament wood - Indus press New York

#### Reference Books:

1. Wohler's Report 2000 - Terry Wohlers - Wohler's Association -2000.

Applications, Praciple of Fusion deposition modeling, Process parameter

Rapid Tooling Direct. Albe, Orick cast process, Copper polyamide, Rapid

# QUALITY AND RELIABILITY ENGINEERING

Subject Code : 14 MPD251 IA Marks : 50
No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04 Exam Hours : 03
Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52 Exam Marks : 100

Basic Concepts: Definitions of quality and Reliability, Parameters and Characteristics, Quality control, statistical Quality Control, Reliability concepts.

Concepts in Probability and Statistics: Events, Sample Space, Probability rules, Conditional probability, Dependent and Independent Events, Application of Probability concepts in Quality Control, Problems

Introduction to Probability Distributions: Normal, Poisson and Binomial distribution.

Control Charts: Variable Chart - X Bar chart, R-chart and Sigma chart. Attribute Chart: P - Chart, nP Chart, C-Chart and U - Chart.

Acceptance Sampling: Fundamentals of acceptance sampling, types of acceptance sampling, O.C Curve, AQL, LTPD, AOQL.

Failure Data Analysis: Introduction, Failure Data, Quantitative measures, MTTF, MTBF, Bathtub Curve, Mean Life, Life Testing, Problems, Introduction to Failure Mode and Effect Analysis.

System Reliability: Series, parallel and mixed configuration; Block diagram concept, r- out-of-n structure solving problems using mathematical models.

Reliability Improvement and Allocation: Difficulty in achieving reliability, Methods for improving reliability during design, Different techniques available to improve reliability, Optimization, Reliability-Cost trade off, Prediction and Analysis, Problems.

Maintainability and Availability: Introduction, Formulas, Techniques available to improve maintainability and availability trade-off among reliability, maintainability and availability, Simple problems

#### Reference Books:

- Quality Planning and Analysis Tata McGraw Juran, J.M and Gryna, F.M. - Hill publishing Coimpany Ltd., New Delhi, India – 1982.
- Maintainability and Reliability Handbook of Reliability Engineering and Management - Editors - Ireson. W.G. and Cooms - C.F. McGraw - Hill Book Company Inc. - 1988.
- 3. Concepts in Reliability Engineering- Srinath L S Affiliated East-West Press Private Limited, New Delhi, India. 1985.
- An Introduction to Reliability and Maintainability Engineering TMH Charles Ebeling - Tata Mcgraw Hill - 2000.
- 5. Reliability Engineering A K Govil Prentice Hall 1981.

#### VIRTUAL DESIGN AND MANUFACTURING

Subject Code	: 14MPD252	IA Marks	:	50
No. of Lecture Hour	s/Week: 04	Exam Hours	:	03
Total No. of Lecture	Hours: 52	Exam Marks	:	100

Review of Computer Graphics: Review of computer graphics, 2D graphics.2D primitives and transformations. Algorithm to digitize the graphic entities, rasterization, 3D graphics. 3D primitives and transformations, projections and viewing, algorithms for hidden line removals, lighting. Shading and ray tracing.

VR Devices: Input devices-track balls, 3D Mouse, data gloves, Virtual hand and trackers, output devices graph terminal, stereo glasses, head mounting devices, vision dome, caves.

Applications: Virtual prototyping, behavior simulation, digital mockup, walk through/flythrough. Virtual training/simulation, micro electro mechanical systems and nanotechnology.

Virtual Modeling language: History, Concepts, syntax, basic nodes-group, transform switch, LOD etc, geometry nodes-indexed face set, indexed line set, coordinate, coordinatex, textures etc. sensor nodes-time sensor touch sensor, sphere sensor, cylinder sensor and proximity sensor, scriping-VRML Script and JAVA Script.

Tutorials and samples: VRML authoring tools-3D studio MAX, cosmo World, VRML Pad (editor) VRML Viewing tools-cosmo player, auto Vue, SGI's open inventor, virtual collaborative tools-V collab.

#### Practical Lab: V Collab.

#### TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Computer Graphics-Principles and practice Janes D, Foley et al., Second edition. in C, Addision Wesley 1997.
- 2. The VRML- 2.0 Hand book Jed Hartman and Josie wernecke Addision-Wesley -1997.
- The Annocated VRML 2.0 hand book Addision R Carey and G Bell -Wesley 1997.

#### LEAN MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS

Subject Code : 14MPD253 IA Marks : 50 No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04 Exam Hours : 03 Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52 Exam Marks : 100

Just in time production system. JIT Logic -Pull system Japanese approach to production elimination of waste - JIT implementation requirements JIT application for job shops, Case studies

Kanban system:- Kanban rules supplier Kanban and sequence schedule used by supplier. Monthly information & daily information. Later replenish system by Kanban sequenced withdrawal P system by sequence schedule table - problems & counter measures in applying Kanban system to subcontractors -Supplier Kanban circulation in the paternal manufacturer -structure of supplier Kanban sorting office.

The rise & fall of Mass Production Mass production, work force, organization, tools, product -logical limits of mass production, Sloan as a necessary compliment to Ford. Case study:- Rouge Production Plant.

The rise of lean production: - Birth place, concrete example, company as community, Final assembly plant, product development and engineering. Changing customer demand, dealing with the customer, future of lean production.

Shortening of production lead times: reduction of setup times, practical procedures for reducing setup time.

Standardization of operations: Machine layout, multi function workers and job rotation. Improvement activities to reduce work force and increase worker morale -foundation for improvements.

Elements of lean production viz G M Framingharn: Toyota Takaoka Mass Production V /s lean production, diffusing lean production.

Managing lean enterprise:- Finance, Career ladders, geographic spread and advantages of global enterprise.

Prospects for catching up. Simplicity in the natural state: institutional

factors -life time employment -educational commodities -quality & productivity in full circle.

An action plan: Getting started - Creating an organization to channel your streams. Install business system to encourage lean thinking. The inevitable results of 5 year commitment.

- Productions and Operations Management Chasel Aquilino Dreamtech latest edition.
- Toyoto Production System -An integrated approach to Just in Time -Yasuhiro Monden - Engineering aild Management Press -Institute of Industrial Engineers Norcross Georgia - 1983.
- The Machine that changed the World. The Story of Lean Production -James P Womack - Daniel T Jones - and Daniel Roos -Harper Perennial - edition published 1991.
- 4. Lean Thinking James Womack ISBN 0743249275 2003.
- 5. Japanese Manufacturing Techniques. The Nine Hidden Lessons by simplicity Richard Schourberger ASQC Press 1991.
- 6. Quality Function Development James Bossert ASQC Press 1991.

#### NON-TRADITIONAL MACHINING PROCESS

Sub Code	: 14 MPD 254	IA Marks : 50
No. of Lecture Hrs/week	: 04	Exam Hours : 03
Total Lecture Hrs	: 52	Exam Marks: 100

Introduction: Need for non-traditional machining processes. Processes selection classification on – comparative study of different processes.

Mechanical Process: Ultrasonic Machining-Definition-Mechanism of metal elements of the process- Tool feed mechanism. theories of mechanics of causing effect of parameter applications.

Abrasive Jet Machining: Principles - parameters of the process applications-advantages and advantages.

Thermal Metal Removal Process: Electric discharge machining Principle of operation – mechanism of meta removal basic EDM circuitry-spark erosion get Analysis of relaxation type of circuit material removal rate in relaxation circuits- critical resistance parameters in Ro Circuit-Die electric fluids-Electrodes for sparl surface finish. Applications.

Electro chemical and chemical processes: Electro chemical machining (ECM) Classification ECM process-principle of ECM ¬Chemistry of the ECM parameters of the processes-determination of the metal removal rate -dynamics of ECM process-Hydrodynamics of ECM process-polarization-.Tool Design-advantages and disadvantages - applications. Electro Chemical Grinding-Electro Chemical holding Electrochemical deburring.

Chemical Machining: Introduction-fundamental principle types of chemical machining Maskants- Etchenes- Advantages and disadvantages-applications.

Plasma arc Machining: Introduction-Plasma-Generation of Plasma and equipment Mechanism of metals removal, PAN parameters-process characteristics - type of torches applications.

Electron Beam Machining (EBM): Introduction-Equipment for production of Electron beam - Theory of electron beam machining ¬Thermal & Non thermal types characteristics - applications.

Laser Beam Machining (LBM): Introduction-principle of generation of lasers Equipment and Machining procedure-Types of Lasers-Process characteristics-advantages and limitations-applications

Ion Beam Machining: Introduction-Mechanism of metal removal and associated equipment-process characteristics applications

High Velocity forming process: introduction - development of specific process selection-comparison of conventional and high velocity forming methods - Types of high velocity forming methods- explosion forming process-elector hydraulics forming magnetic pulse forming.

- 1. New technology Institution of Engineers Bhattacharya India
- 2. Production Technology HMT Tata Mc Graw Hill ISBN-10; 0070964432
- 3. Modern Machining Process P.C Pandy & H.S. Shan Tata McGraw Hill ISBN: 0070965536 Publishing Date: Feb-80
- 4. Metals Hand Book ASM Vol-3.
- 5. High Velocity Forming of Metals F.M Wilson ASTME Pretice Hall.
- 6. Modern Manufacturing Method Adithan New Age International (p) Limited ISBN: 8122408176, 2007.
- 7. Modern Machining Processes P.K. Mishra Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi 1997.

## FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Sub Code	: 14 MPD 255	IA Marks	: 50
No. of Lecture Hrs/week	: 04	Exam Hours	: 03
Total Lecture Hrs	: 52	Exam Marks	: 100

Introduction to Financial Management: Objectives, functions & scope, evolution interface of Financial Management with other functional areas, environment of corporate finance.

Indian Financial System: Financial Markets – money market, capital market, Govt., Securities market, All India Financial Institutions DBI, IFCI, ICICI, IRBI, EXIM Bank, SFCs, SIDCs Investment Institutions – LID, GIC, VTI, mutual funds Commercial banks: NBFCs.

Time Value of money: Future value of a single cost flow, multiple flows and annuity, present value of a single cash flow.

Risk & Return: Risk & Return concepts, risk in a portfolio, context, relationship between risk & return.

Valuation of Securities: Concept of valuation, equity valuation Dividend: Dividend capitalization approach & ratio approach.

Financial Statement Analysis: Ratio analysis, time series analysis, Du pont analysis, funds flow analysis.

<u>Leverage</u>: Concept of leverage, opening leverage, financial leverage, total leverage.

Sources of long term finance: Equity capital & preference capital, Debenture capital, term loan & deferred credit, Govt Subsidies, Sales Tax Deferments & Exception, leasing and hire purchase.

Cost of Capital and Capital Structure: Cost of debentures, Term loans, Equity capital & retained earning, Weighted average cost of capital, Systems of weighing. Introduction to capital structures, factors affecting capital structure, feature of an optimal capital structure, capital structures, Capital Structure theories, tradition position, MM Positionand its critique imperfections.

**Dividend Policy:** Traditional position, water model, golden model, Miller and Modugliani position, rational expectations model.

Estimation of working capital – Objectives of working capital (Conservative Vs Aggressive policies) static Vs Dynamic view of W.C. Factors affecting the composition of W.C., interdependence among Components of W.C., operating cycle approach to W.C.

- Fundamentals of Financial Management James C. Van Home ISBN 8177587862.
- Financial Management I.M. Panday Vikas Publishing House Pvt -2009.
- 3. Management Accounting & Financial Management M.Y. Khan & P.K. Jain Mcgraw Hill Tata ISBN: 0471477613.

# Laboratory Exercises 14 MPD26

## **General Guidelines:**

- 1. Students need to generate the Solid Model and Draft the required views.
- 2. The orthographic views and solution shall be drawn.
- 3. If required, various manufacturing sequences shall be shown in the model and drawing.
- 4. Any 3D Modeling and Drafting CAD tools are permitted.
- 5. Dimensions that are not defined may be assumed.
- 6. Results, including the calculations shall be shown along with the drawing.

No	<b>Description</b>	Suggested Books and references
1	The shaft assembly of the intermediate transmission unit shown in Fig. 1.42 is required to have an axial freedom of maximum 0.18 mm and minimum 0.06 mm when assembled in working condition. Using the nominal sizes specified for the miter bevel gear, shaft, housing, bearing bushes and spur gear, shown in Fig. 1.43, draw only the relevant components and state only the appropriate limits to achieve the required axial freedom.	Fig.1.42 and Fig.1.43 from the book "DESIGN FOR MANUFACTUR E" by Harry Peck.
	The partial assembly of an oil pump is shown in Fig.1.45. A four lobe inner rotor is mounted off the body bore in which a five lobe outer rotor rotates, driven by the inner rotor.  Both the specified clearances are to be measured by a feeler gauge when the parts are assembled. Taking this procedure into account, and also the fact that the outer rotor can "float" radially, state the appropriate limits for the relevant dimensions which will ensure that the specified clearance limits are not exceeded.  Assume zero clearance between inner rotor stem and body bore (20 mm diameter). Nominal sizes are s hown in Fig.1.46.	Fig.1.45 and Fig.1.46 from the book "DESIGN FOR MANUFACTUR E" by Harry Peck.
3	The shaft is to be manufactured from 0.4 % carbon steel to the sizes shown in Fig. 2.31. The 30 mm and the 25 mm diameter are to be ground. Prepare a p roduction detail drawing for the shaft.	Fig.2.31 from the book "DESIGN FOR MANUFACTUR E" by Harry Peck.

4	The slide block shown in Fig.3.42 is to be manufactured in batches of 100.  1. Describe a method of manufacture intended to reduce machining time to a minimum.  2. Redraw the block showing the appropriate manufacturing dimensions.	Fig.3.42 from the book "DESIGN FOR MANUFACTUR E" by Harry Peck.
5	In the fulcrum block shown in Fig.4.39, a lever, mounted on a hinge pin, oscillates 30° each side of the vertical centre line; this lever is shown, chain dotted, in the two extremes of the position. Comment on the machining involved and show design modifications to facilitate the machining.	Fig.4.39 from the book "DESIGN FOR MANUFACTUR E" by Harry Peck.
6	Suggest a suitable operation sequence for the stub carrier shown in Fig.4.40 and redraw the component incorporating features to facilitate manufacture. The carrier is to be produced from a steel casting and the symbol 'G' indicates a ground surface for the 30 mm diameter f8 limits.	Fig.4.40 from the book "DESIGN FOR MANUFACTUR E" by Harry Peck.
7	Indicate the parting line for the steel forked lever casting seen in Fig.5.27, and also the necessary sand cores.  Maintaining as nearly as possible, the existing weight of the casting, offer a design modification that will alleviate the sand core requirements.	Fig.5.27 from the book "DESIGN FOR MANUFACTUR E" by Harry Peck.
8	For the pedestal shown in Fig. 5.28 indicate the probable parting line and any unnecessary sand cores, accepting that the probable parting line is the one involving the minimum sand cores. Show a design modification to reduce or eliminate the need for sand cores; maintain approximately same weight of casting in the modified design.	Fig.5.28 from the book "DESIGN FOR MANUFACTUR E" by Harry Peck.

# IV SEMESTER ADVANCED MANUFACTURING PRACTICES

Subject Code : 14MPD41 IA Marks : 50 No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04 Exam Hours : 03 Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52 Exam Marks : 100

JIT – Introduction – The spread of JIT Movement, some definitions of JIT, core Japanese practices of JIT, Creating continuous Flow Manufacture, Enabling JIT to occur, Basic elements of JIT, Benefits of JIT.

Just in Time Production – Primary purpose, profit through cost reduction, Elimination of over production, Quality control, Quality Assurance, Respect for Humanity, Flexible work Force, JIT Production Adapting to changing production Quantities, process layout for shortened lead Times, Standardization of operation, Automation.

Sequence and scheduling used by suppliers: Monthly and daily Information. Sequenced withdrawal system by sequenced schedule table, problems and counter measures in applying the Kanban system to sub contractors.

Toyota Production System-The philosophy of TPS, Basic Frame work of TPS, Kanban, Determining the Number of Kanban in Toyota Production System.

- · Kanban Number under Constant Quantity Withdrawal System.
- Constant Cycle, Non-constant Quantity Withdrawal System.Supplier Kanban and the Sequence Schedule for Use by Suppliers.
- · Later Replenishment System by Kanban.
- · Sequenced Withdrawal System.
- · Circulation of the Supplier Kanban within Toyota.

Production Smoothing in TPS, Production Planning, Production Smoothing Adaptability to Demand Fluctuations, Sequencing Method for the Mixed Model Assembly Line to Realize Smoothed Production of Goal.

Just-in-Time Production with Total Quality Control just in time concept, cutting lot sizes, cutting set-up times, cutting purchase order costs, the JIT cause-Effect chain, Scrap/Quality Improvements, Motivational effects, Responsibility effects, small Group improvement Activities, withdrawal of Buffer Inventory, the total Quality Control Concept.

Total Quality Control-Introduction-Total Quality Control concepts, responsibility, learning from the west, TQC concepts categorized, Goals, Habit of improvement, perfection, Basics, process control, Easy to see Quality control as facilitator, small lot sizes, Housekeeping, Less than full capacity scheduling, Daily machine checking, Techniques and Aids, Exposure of problems, Fool proof Devices, Tools of Analysis, QC Circles, TQC in Japanese-owned US Electronics plant, TQC in Japanese-owned Automotive plants.

Plant Configurations: Introduction-ultimate plant configuration, job shop Fabrication, Frame Welding, Forming Frame parts from Tubing, Dedicated production lines, overlapped production, the daily schedule, Forward Linkage by means of Kanban, physical merger of processes, Adjacency, mixed Models, Automated production Lines, Pseudo Robots, Robots, CAD and Manufacturing, Conveyors and stacker Cranes, Automatic Quality Monitoring.

- Toyota Production system" An integrated approach to just in time by Yasuhiro Monden - Hardcover - 1993.
- 2. Lean Thinking By James Womack.- ISBN: 0-7432-4927-5.
- The machine that changed the World The story of Lean production by James P. Womack, Daniel T Jones, and Daniel Roos – Harper Perennial edition published 1991.
- 4. Just in time manufacturing (manual) Kargoanker.

# Elective - III OPTIMISATION TECHNIQUES FOR DECISION MAKING

Subject Code : 14MPD421	IA Marks : 50
No. of Lecture Hours/Week: 04	Exam Hours : 03
Total No. of Lecture Hours: 52	Exam Marks: 100

Introduction: Engineering application of optimization, multivariable optimization Statement of a optimization problem. Design Vector, Design constraints, objective function, classification of optimization problems.

Classical Optimization Technique: Single variable optimization, with equality Constraints solution by direct substitution, solution by the method of constrained Variation. Solution by the method of Lagrange multipliers, multivariable optimization with inequality constraints Kuhn – Tucker condition.

Non-linear Programming: (One Dimensional minimization method) Numerical method, Unimodal function, Unrestricted search, Exhaustive search. Dichotomous search, Fibonacci and Golden section method.

Interpolation Method: Quadratic and Cubic Nonlinear programming (Unrestricted Optimization Technique) Random search methods, Univariate method, powels method, Simplex method.

Descent Methods: Steepest descent, conjugate gradient, variable metric method.

Non Linear Programming: (Constrained Optimization problem) Characteristic of a constrained problem.

**Direct Methods:** The complex method, cutting plane method, methods of Feasible directions.

Indirect Methods: Transformation technique, change variables and elimination of variables, penalty function methods- interior and exterior penalty function.

#### TEXT BOOKS:

1. Optimization, "Theory and Application" - S.S. Rao - Willey Eastern - 1984

- Optimization methods for Engg. Design R.L Fox Addison Wesley -ISBN 0201020785 -1971
- Optimisation Theory and Practice GSG Beveridge and R.S. Schechter -McGraw Hill, New York - 1970.
- Optimisation and Probability in System Engg.- Ram Van Nostrand 1974.

# PRODUCT PLANNING AND MARKETING

Subject Code : 14MPD422 IA Marks : 50
No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04 Exam Hours : 03
Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52 Exam Marks : 100

Product strategy and planning product - market evolution, successful product development process, characteristics of successful product development

New Product Strategy: Strategic response, reactive verses proactive strategies, marketing verses Research and Development, Comprehensive strategy.

Proactive new product development process - Sequential decision process, reasons for product failure and strategies to avoid failures, cost, time, risk and expected benefit in new product development.

Opportunity Identification - Market definition and entry strategy, desirable characteristics of markets, market profile analysis, methods for market definition, target group selection through market segmentation, market selection, idea generation - idea sources, method of generating ideas, idea management.

Consumer measurement and Perceptual mapping – Consumer measurement process, research methods, sampling, measuring instruments, attitude scaling, Consumers perceptions of new and existing products: Perceptual positioning, Perceptual maps, Analytic Methods used to produce Perceptual maps, Managerial review of maps.

Product positioning – Preference analysis and benefits, segmentation- Role of preference in product positioning, proactive product positioning, Analytic preference models and estimation methods, Benefit segmentation, managerial use of preference models.

Forecasting sales potential – Role of purchase potential in design process, models of purchase potential, models of sales formation, managerial use of purchase models.

Launching the products and Strategy for Testing new products – Planning and tracking launch of durable and industrial products, advertising testing and product quality testing

#### TEXT BOOKS:

- Glen L. Urban. John R. Hauser, "Design and Marketing of New products" A Prentice Hall, Englewood cliffs, New Jersey, 1993
- 2. William L. Moore & Edgar, "Product Planning and Management", A. Pessemier

#### AGILE MANUFACTURING

Subject Code : 14MPD423 IA Marks : 50 No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04 Exam Hours : 03 Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52 Exam Marks : 100

**Introduction:** what is agile Manufacturing? -Competitive environment of the future- the business case for agile manufacturing conceptual framework for agile manufacturing.

Four Core Concepts: strategy driven approach- integrating organization, people technology interdisciplinary design methodology.

Agile Manufacturing and Change Management: The change implications, post failures in advanced manufacturing, changes on the way, traditional management accounting, paradigm, investment appraisal, product costing performance, Measurement and control systems.

Control technological and Design paradigms - traditional problems in workplace- organizational issues -role of technology.

Agile Manufacturing Enterprise Design: Agile manufacturing —enterprise design -system concepts as the basic manufacturing theory-joint technical & organizational design as a model for the design of agile manufacturing enterprise, enterprise design process -insights into design processes, what is interdisciplinary design, Main issues -simple design example.

Skill & Knowledge Enhancing Technologies For Agile Manufacturing: Skill and Knowledge enhancing Technologies -scheduling -technology design strategic-

**Design Concepts.** Design & Skill of Knowledge enhancing Technologies for machine tool systems- Historical Overview, Lessons, Problems and Future Development.

#### Reference Books:

 Agile Manufacturing -Forging new Frontiers - Paul T. Kidd - Addison Wesley- Publication- 1994.

- Agile Manufacturing -Proceeding of International Conference on Agile Manufacturing Dr. M.P Chowdiah (Editor), TATA Mc Graw Hill Publications 1996.
- 3. Concurrent Engg Paul T Kidd Addison Wesley Publication -1994
- 4. World Class manufacturing Paul T Kidd Addition Wesley Pub 1994

## PRODUCT ANALYSIS AND COST OPTIMIZATION

Subject Code : 14MPD424 IA Marks : 50
No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04 Exam Hours : 03
Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52 Exam Marks : 100

**Introduction:** New products, new product strategy -market definition Idea generation introduction to the design process -forecasting sales potential - product engineering and markets-monopoly competitive.

Manufacturing Planning: Selection of optimum process, standardization. Break even analysis- application and area of use -problems -multi - product analysis.

Value Analysis: Steps in selection, analysis and implementation, Selection of cutting speed for optimum cost -problems.

Cost Accounting: Cost estimation -difference -types -steps involved in cost estimation.

Types of Cost: Cost Centres, Direct –indirect, material cost -direct indirect material cost Overhead cost, Elements in overheads: Preparation of cost sheet, machine hour rate, apportioning methods

Variance Analysis – Labour variance, Material variance and Overhead variance, Activity based costing - Introduction to target costing.

Cost Calculation: Cost calculation for machined components, welding, casting and forged components illustrations -calculation of sales cost.

Cost Optimization Techniques: Analytical, Graphical and incremental methods Learning curves.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Design and Marketing of New Products Glen L Urban John R Hauser-Prentice Hall. New Jersey, 1980.
- 2. Production and Costing Narang CBS & Kumar V Khanna Publishers-2001.

- Cost management in the New Manufacturing Age -Yasuhiro Monden, ProductivityPress-1992.
- Technique for Value Analysis And Engineering Miles Lewrence.D -McGraw Hill, New york-1972.

#### ROBUST DESIGN

Subject Code : 14MPD425 IA Marks : 50 No. of Lecture Hours/Week : 04 Exam Hours : 03 Total No. of Lecture Hours : 52 Exam Marks : 100

Quality by Experimental Design: Quality, western and Taguchi quality philosophy, Elements of cost, Noise factors causes of variation, Quadratic loss function and variation of quadratic loss functions. Robust Design: Steps in robust design: parameter design and tolerance design, reliability improvement through experiments, illustration through numerical examples.

Experimental Design: Classical experiments: factorial experiments, terminology, factors. Levels, Interactions, Treatment combination, randomization, 2-level experimental design for two factors and three factors. 3-level experiment deigns for two factors and three factors, factor effects, factor interactions, Fractional factorial design, Saturated design, Central composite designs, Illustration through numerical examples.

Measures of Variability: Measures of variability, Concept of confidence level, Statistical distributions: normal, log normal and Weibull distributions. Hipothesis testing, Probability plots, choice of sample size illustration through numerical examples.

Analysis and interpretation of experimental data: Measures of variability, Ranking method, column effect method and ploting method, Analysis of variance (ANOVA), in factorial experiments: YATE's algorithm for ANOVA, Regression analysis, Mathematical models from experimental data, illustration through numerical examples.

Taguchi's Orthogonal Arrays: Types orthogonal arrays, Selection of standard orthogonal arrays, Linear graphs and interaction assignment, dummy level technique, Compound factor method, modification of linear graphs, Column merging method, Branching design, Strategies for constructing orthogonal arrays.

Signal to Noise ratio (S-N Ratios): Evaluation of sensitivity to noise, Signal to noise ratios for static problems, Smaller – the – better types, Nominal – the – better – type, larger – the- better – type. Signal to noise ratios for dynamic problems, Illustrations through numerical examples.

Parameter Design and Tolerance Design: Parameter and tolerance design concepts, Taguchi's inner and outer arrays, Parameter design strategy, Tolerance design strategy, Illustrations through numerical examples.

Reliability Improvement Through Robust Design: Role of S-N ratios in reliability improvement; Case study; Illustrating the reliability improvement of routing process of a printed wiring boards using robust design concepts.

#### TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Quality Engineering using Robust Design Madhav S. Phadake: Prentice Hall, Englewood Clifts, New Jersey 07632, 1989.
- Design and analysis of experiments Douglas Montgomery: Willey India Pvt. Ltd., V Ed., 2007.
- Techniques for Quality Engineering Phillip J. Ross: Taguchi 2nd edition. McGraw Hill Int. Ed., 1996.

- Quality by Experimental Design Thomas B. Barker Marcel Dekker Inc ASQC Quality Press, 1985
- 2. Experiments planning, analysis and parameter design optimization C.F. Jeff Wu, Michael Hamada John Willey Ed., 2002.
- Reliability improvement by Experiments W.L. Condra, Marcel Dekker Inc ASQC Quality Press, 1985

