

# CBCS SCHEME

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18EI/BM44

## Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2022 Control Systems

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

*Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.*

### Module-1

- 1 a. Obtain mathematical model for the following SMD system as shown in Fig.Q1(a) based on force-voltage analogy. Draw the corresponding electrical analogous system.

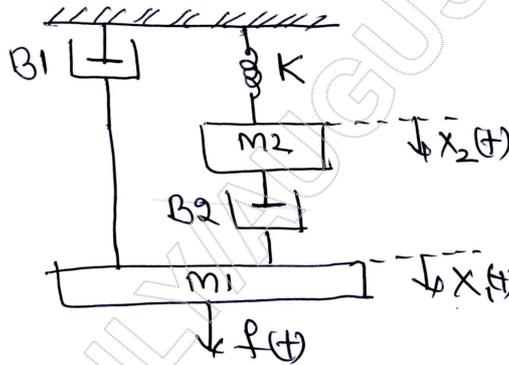


Fig.Q1(a)

(10 Marks)

- b. Reduce the following block diagram as shown in Fig.Q1(b) using block diagram reduction techniques. Hence obtain final system transfer function.

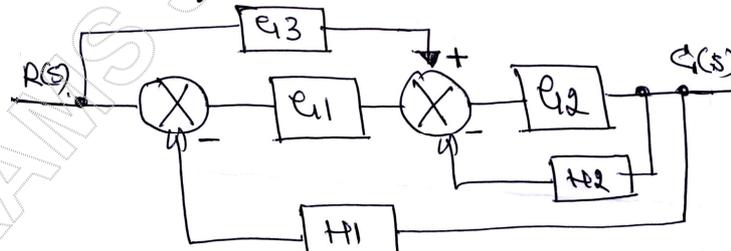


Fig.Q1(b)

(10 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Obtain mathematical model for the following SMD system as shown in Fig.Q2(a) based on force-current analogy. Draw the corresponding electrical analogous system.

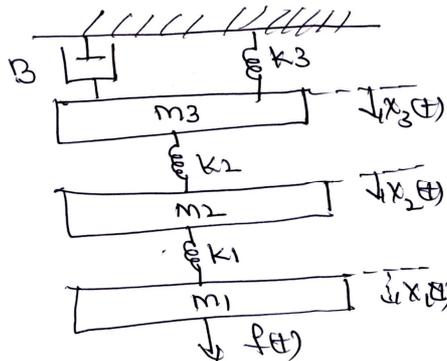


Fig.Q2(a)

(10 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.  
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- b. Reduce the following block diagram shown in Fig.Q2(b) using block diagram reduction techniques. Hence obtain final system transfer function.

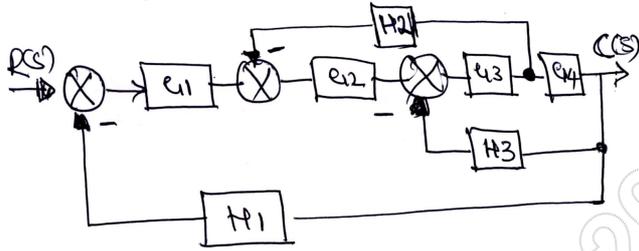


Fig.Q2(b) (10 Marks)

**Module-2**

- 3 a. Define Mason's gain formula. Convert the following block diagram as shown in Fig.Q3(a) into a signal flow graph. Hence obtain final system transfer using Mason's gain formula only.

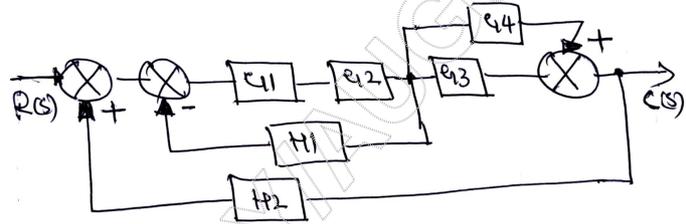


Fig.Q3(a) (10 Marks)

- b. Define all time domain specifications. Draw a neat second-order underdamped system response sketching all time domain specifications. Derive an equation for:  
 (i) Rise time (ii) Maximum peak overshoot (10 Marks)

**OR**

- 4 a. Consider the following signal flow graph as shown in Fig.Q4(a). Obtain final system transfer function using Mason's gain formula.

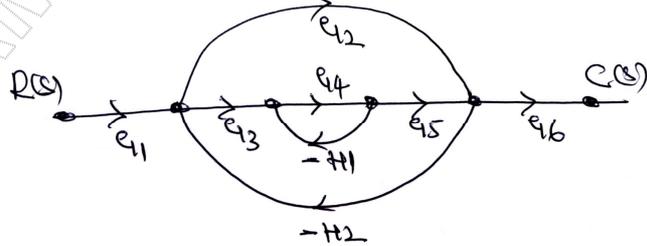


Fig.Q4(a) (10 Marks)

- b. What do you mean by steady state errors? Derive an equation for steady state error ( $e_{ss}$ ) as well as error constants ( $K_p$ ,  $K_v$  and  $K_a$ ) for step, ramp and parabolic inputs. (10 Marks)

**Module-3**

- 5 a. Define R-H criterion. Explain concept of stability. Determine whether the following characteristic equation represents a stable system using RH criterion.  
 $F(s) = s^8 + 5s^6 + 2s^4 + 3s^2 + 1 = 0$  (07 Marks)
- b. Find range of values of  $K$  so that system with following characteristic equation will be stable  
 $F(s) = s(s^2 + s + 1)(s + 4) + K = 0$  (07 Marks)
- c. Consider the following characteristic equation:  
 $F(s) = s^4 + 22s^3 + 10s^2 + s + K = 0$   
 Find out marginal value of  $K$  ( $K_{mar}$ ) and frequency of oscillations 'W' at  $K_{mar}$ . (06 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Consider the following unity feedback system transfer function given by

$$G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+2)(s+1)}$$

Sketch the root locus. Draw all salient points on the root locus. Comment on stability for the given transfer function. **(10 Marks)**

- b. For the following unity feedback system given by

$$G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+2)(s^2+2s+2)}$$

Sketch the root locus. Draw all salient points on the root locus. Comment on stability for the given transfer functions. **(10 Marks)**

**Module-4**

- 7 a. What is need of frequency domain analysis and what are its advantages? Enlist and explain all frequency domain specifications. **(10 Marks)**  
 b. Derive an equation for correlation between time domain and frequency domain specifications in terms of : (i) Resonant Peak ( $M_r$ ) ; (ii) Bandwidth ( $W_c$ ) **(10 Marks)**

OR

- 8 a. Consider a second order system with unity feedback given by

$$G(s) = \frac{200}{s(s+8)}$$

Find Resonant Peak ( $M_r$ ) and cut-off bandwidth ( $W_c$ ). **(07 Marks)**

- b. What is a polar plot? How would you determine stability using polar plots? **(07 Marks)**  
 c. Draw the polar plot for the transfer function given by

$$G(s) = \frac{5}{s(s+1)}$$

Comment on stability. **(06 Marks)**

**Module-5**

- 9 a. Define state, state variables, state vector and state space. Describe general structure of state model. **(10 Marks)**  
 b. For the circuit as shown in Fig.Q9(b), find state model using physical variables for state variables.

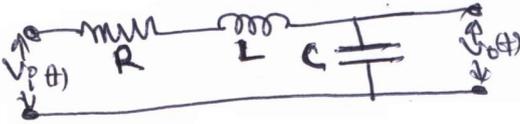


Fig.Q9(b) **(10 Marks)**

OR

- 10 a. Obtain the state model for the system represented by

$$\frac{d^3y}{dt^3} + 6\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 11\frac{dy}{dt} + 10y = 3u(t)$$

Draw the state diagram. **(10 Marks)**

- b. Consider a system having state model

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{X}_1 \\ \dot{X}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -3 \\ 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} U \quad \text{and} \quad Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{with } D = 0, \text{ obtain its transfer function.}$$

**(10 Marks)**