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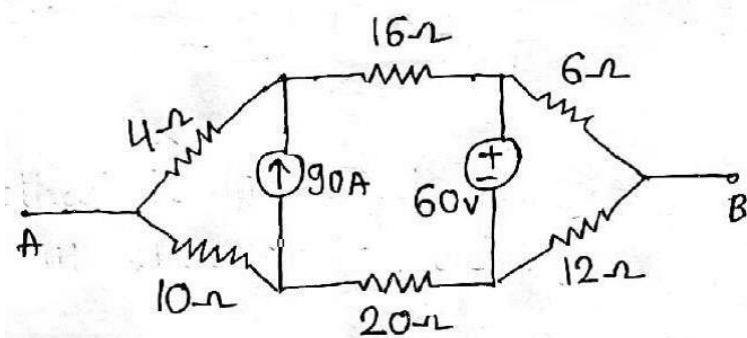
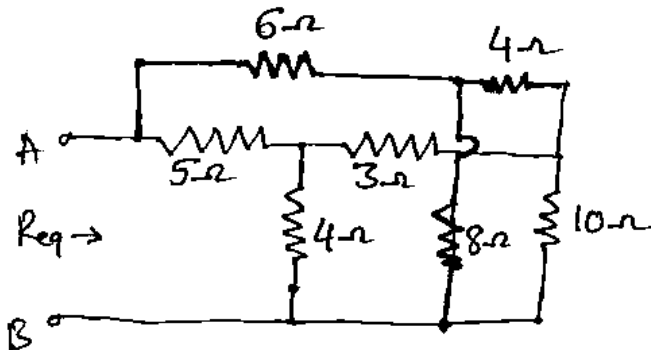
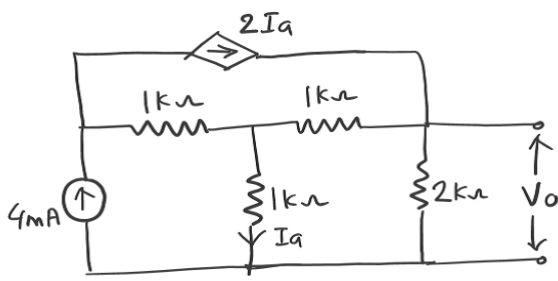
Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination

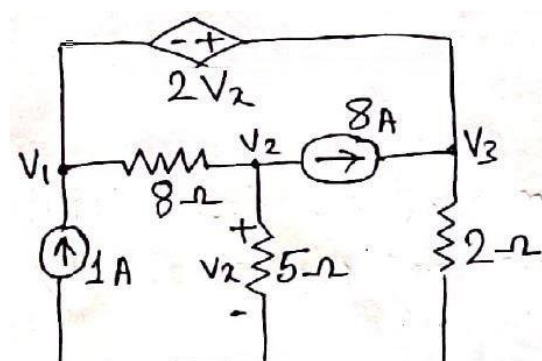
Network Analysis

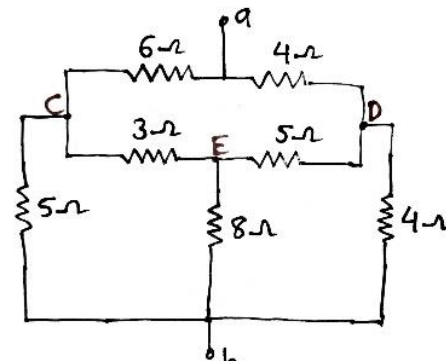
TIME: 03 Hours

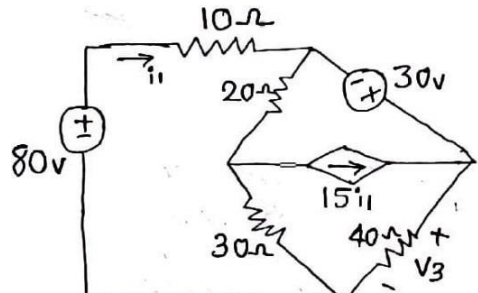
Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing at least ONE question from each MODULE

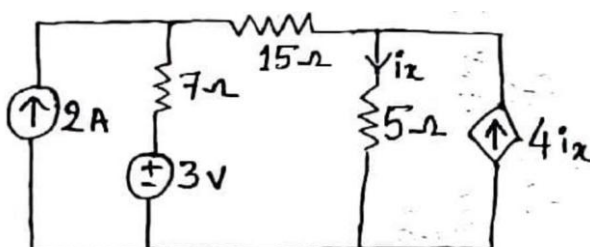
Module -1			*Bloom's Taxonomy Level	Marks
Q.01	a	<p>Reduce the Network shown in Fig. 1(a), to a single voltage source in series with a resistance using source shifting and source transformation.</p>  <p>Fig. Q1(a)</p>	L3	7
	b	<p>Find equivalent resistance between A and B using star delta transformation for the network shown in Fig. 1(b).</p>  <p>Fig. Q1(b)</p>	L2	7
	c	<p>Determine V_o using mesh analysis for the network shown in Fig. 1(c) below.</p>  <p>Fig. Q1(c)</p>	L3	6
OR				

Q.02	a	<p>Find V_x in the network shown in Fig. 2(a) using Node analysis.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. Q2(a)</p>	L3	7
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	b	<p>Find the equivalent resistance between a and b using star delta transformation for the circuit shown in Fig. 2(b)</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. Q2(b)</p>	L2	7
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	c	<p>Determine Voltage V_3 in the circuit shown in Fig. 2(c) using mesh analysis.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. Q2(c)</p>	L3	6
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Module-2

Q. 03	a	<p>Find current I_x, in the circuit shown in Fig. 3(a) using superposition theorem.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. Q3(a)</p>	L3	10
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b Find Thevenin's equivalent at terminals A and B for the circuit shown in Fig. 3(b).

L3

10

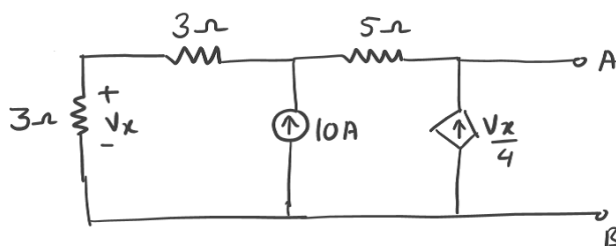


Fig. Q3(b)

OR

Q.04 a Determine the current through the load resistance in the circuit shown in Fig. 4(a) using Norton's theorem

L2

8

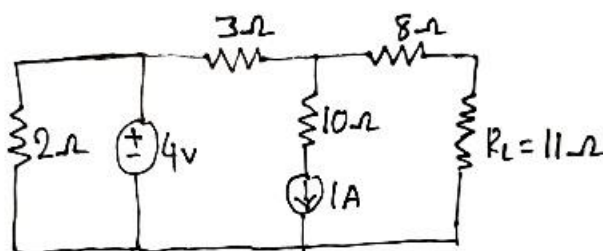


Fig. Q4(a)

b Find the value of Z_L for which maximum power transfer occurs in the network shown in Fig. 4(b).

L3

8

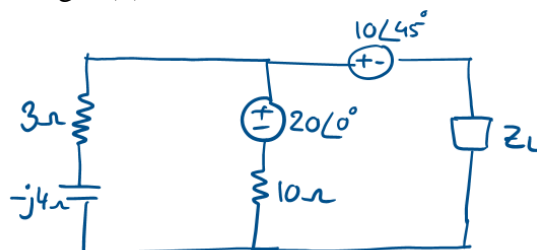


Fig. Q4(b)

c State Millman's Theorem

L1

4

Module-3

Q.05 a In the network shown in Fig. 5(a), a steady state is reached with the switch k open. At time $t=0+$, the switch is closed. Determine the value of $V_a(0-)$ and $V_a(0+)$.

L3

10

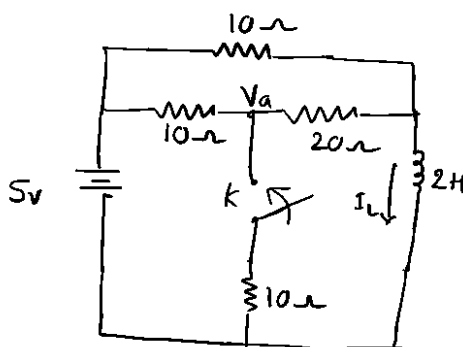
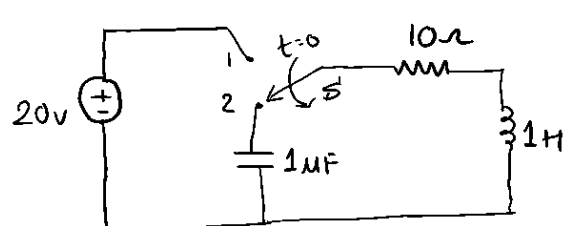
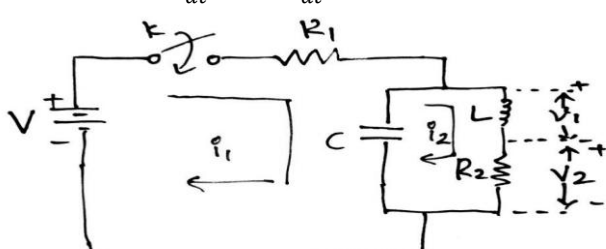
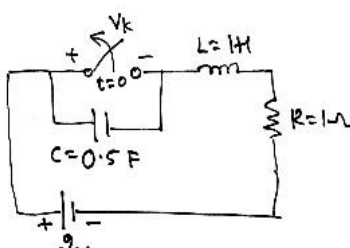


Fig. Q5(a)

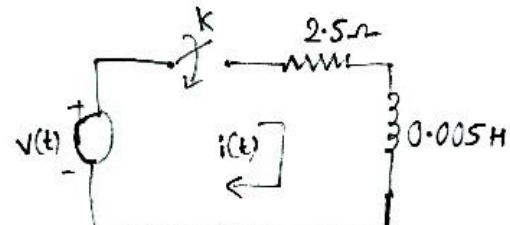
	<p>b For the circuit shown in Fig. 5(b), the switch 'S' is changed from position 1 to 2 at $t = 0$, the steady state is reached at position 1. Find the value of i, $\frac{di}{dt}$, $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$ at $t = 0^+$. Assume that the capacitor is initially uncharged.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. Q5(b)</p>	L3	10
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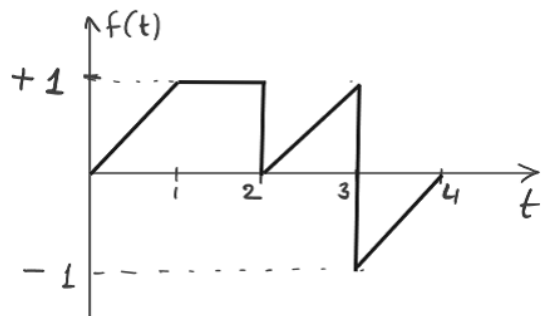
OR

Q. 06	<p>a For the circuit shown in Fig. 6(a), has zero capacitor voltage and zero inductor current when the switch k is open. At $t=0$, the switch k is closed. Solve for i) v_1 and v_2 at $t = 0^+$ ii) $\frac{dv_1}{dt}$ and $\frac{dv_2}{dt}$ at $t = 0^+$</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. Q6(a)</p>	L3	10
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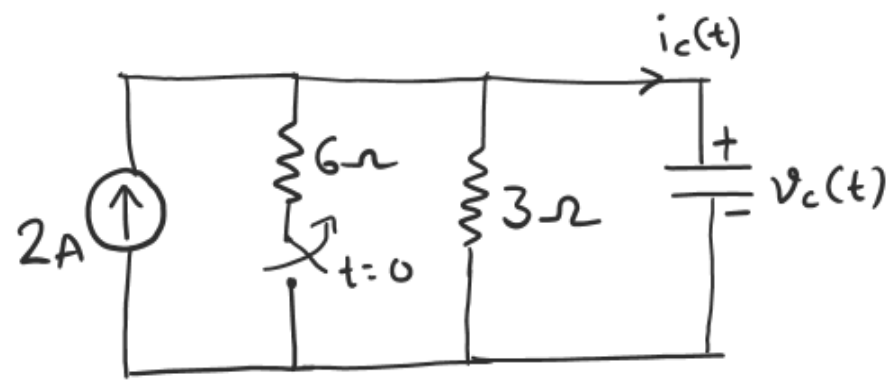
	<p>b For the network shown in Fig. 6(b), the network is steady state with switch k closed. At $t = 0$, switch is opened. Determine voltage across switch V_k, $\frac{dV_k}{dt}$, at $t = 0^+$.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. Q6(b)</p>	L3	10
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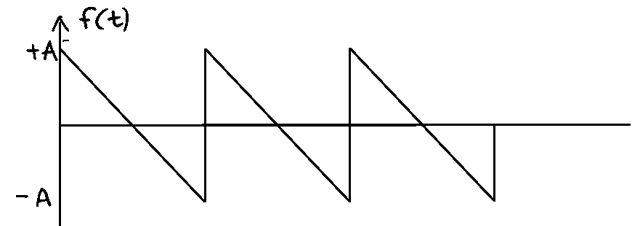
Module-4

Q. 07	<p>a In the circuit shown in Fig. 7(a), the source voltage is $V(t)=50\sin 250t$ V. Using Laplace Transform determine current when switch k is closed at $t=0$.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. Q7(a)</p>	L3	10
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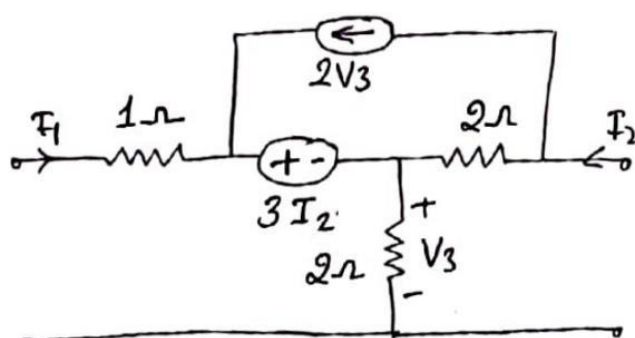
	<p>b Determine the Laplace transform of the waveform shown in Fig. 7(b).</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. Q7(b)</p>	L3	10
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OR

Q. 08	<p>a Determine $v_c(t)$ and the current $i_c(t)$ for $t \geq 0$ for the circuit shown in Fig. 8(a).</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. Q8(a)</p>	L3	10
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	<p>b Determine the Laplace transform of periodic saw tooth waveform for the circuit shown in Fig. 8(b).</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. Q8(b)</p>	L3	10
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Module-5

Q. 09	<p>a Find Z and T parameters for the circuit shown in Fig. 9(a).</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Fig. Q9(a)</p>	L3	7
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	b	Obtain the impedance parameters in terms of Hybrid parameters.	L2	6
	c	A coil of $20\ \Omega$ resistance has inductance of 0.2H and is connected in parallel with capacitance of $100\ \mu\text{F}$. Find the resonant frequency at which circuit will act as non-inductive resistance. Also find dynamic resistance	L2	7
OR				
Q. 10	a	Determine Transmission parameters for the circuit shown in Fig. 10(a).	L2	7
		<p style="text-align: center;">Fig. Q10(a)</p>		
	b	Express Z parameters in terms of Transmission (ABCD) parameters	L2	6
	c	A 400Hz AC source is connected in series with a capacitor and a coil whose resistance and inductance are $20\text{m}\Omega$ and 6mH respectively. If the circuit is in resonance at 200Hz , Find <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i Value of Capacitor ii Voltage across capacitor. iii Maximum energy stored. iv Half power frequencies 	L2	7